CUSTOMER BEHAVIOR PREDICTION

A PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

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Univ Roll- 202401100300218

Branch-CSEAI

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree

of

Bachelor of Technology



KIET GROUP OF INSTITUTION

Introduction:

Understanding customer purchasing behavior is crucial for businesses aiming to tailor marketing strategies, improve customer engagement, and boost sales. In this project, we aim to classify customers as either "Bargain Hunters" or "Premium Buyers" using their purchase history. These labels reflect different shopping behaviors:

- Bargain Hunters typically look for discounts, offers, and make smaller, more frequent purchases.
- Premium Buyers prefer quality over cost, usually making larger purchases less frequently.

By analyzing features such as total amount spent, average purchase value, and visits per month, we can build a predictive model that helps companies categorize their customers efficiently. This classification can enhance targeted promotions, product recommendations, and personalized experiences.

Methodology:

To solve the problem of classifying customer behavior, we followed these steps:

1. Data Collection:

- We used a dataset containing customer purchase history including:
 - total_spent
 - avg_purchase_value
 - visits_per_month
 - buyer_type (target: Bargain Hunter or Premium Buyer)

2. Data Preprocessing:

- Encoded the categorical target variable using LabelEncoder.
- Standardized the numerical features using
 StandardScaler for optimal model performance.

3. Model Selection and Training:

- Chose Logistic Regression as the baseline model for binary classification.
- Trained the model on 80% of the data and tested it on the remaining 20%.

4. Evaluation:

- Evaluated the model using a Confusion Matrix, and calculated:
 - Accuracy
 - Precision
 - Recall
- Displayed a heatmap of the confusion matrix for visual assessment of predictions.

5. Tools Used:

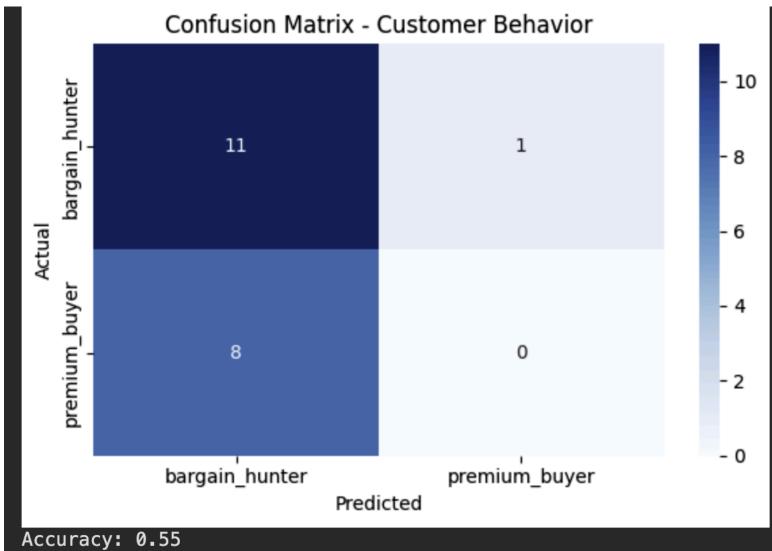
- Python (Pandas, Scikit-learn, Seaborn, Matplotlib)
- Google Colab for coding
- o GitHub for version control and file submission

Code:

```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler,
LabelEncoder
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, accuracy score,
precision score, recall score
# Load data
df = pd.read csv("customer behavior.csv")
# Encode the target variable
le = LabelEncoder()
df['buyer type encoded'] = le.fit transform(df['buyer type'])
# Define features and target
X = df[['total spent', 'avg purchase value', 'visits per month']]
y = df['buyer type encoded']
# Scale the features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X scaled = scaler.fit transform(X)
# Split into train and test sets
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X scaled, y,
test size=0.2, random state=42)
# Train logistic regression model
```

```
model = LogisticRegression()
     model.fit(X train, y train)
     # Predict on test set
     y pred = model.predict(X test)
     # Compute confusion matrix and metrics
     conf matrix = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
     acc = accuracy score(y test, y pred)
     prec = precision score(y test, y pred, zero division=0)
     rec = recall_score(y_test, y_pred, zero_division=0)
     # Plot heatmap
     plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
sns.heatmap(conf matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
      xticklabels=le.classes , yticklabels=le.classes )
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.title('Confusion Matrix - Customer Behavior')
plt.tight layout()
plt.show()
     # Print metrics
     print(f"Accuracy: {acc:.2f}")
     print(f"Precision: {prec:.2f}")
     print(f"Recall: {rec:.2f}")
```

Output:



Accuracy: 0.55 Precision: 0.00 Recall: 0.00

References:

Dataset: customer behavior prediction.csv

Website on google

https://www.fullstory.com/blog/predicting-custom er-behavior/