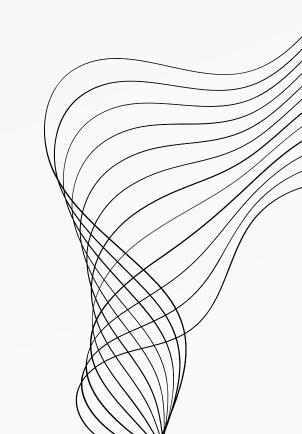


# SQL PROJECT SALES MANAGEMENT SYSYTEM

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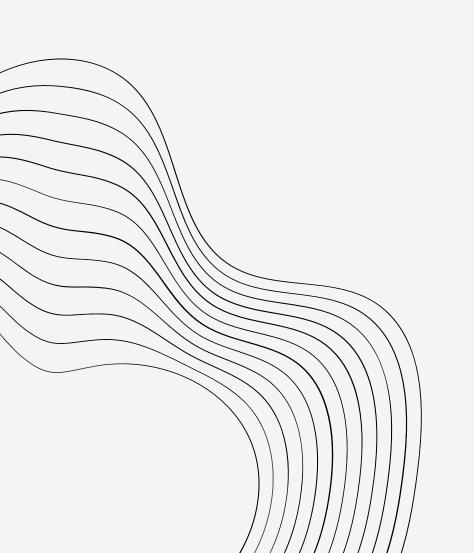
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## ABOUT

The Sales Management System will help a company track its sales performance, manage orders, monitor inventory, and generate sales reports

## FEATURES

Product Management

Order Management Customer Management

Inventory Management Salesperson Management

Sales Reports

## CREATE DATABASE

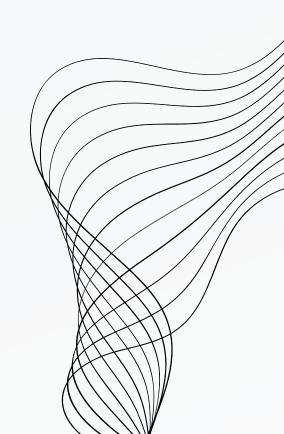
1 · CREATE DATABASE SALES;

#### CREATING TABLES & INSERTING VALUES

TABLE 1: Products

```
• © CREATE TABLE Products (
    product_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
    product_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    category VARCHAR(100),
    price DECIMAL(10 , 2 ) NOT NULL,
    stock_quantity INT NOT NULL
);
```

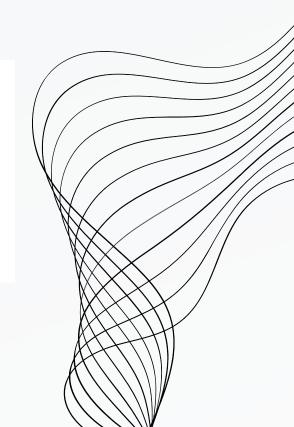
```
INSERT INTO Products (product_name, category, price, stock_quantity) VALUES
('Laptop', 'Electronics', 800.00, 50),
('Smartphone', 'Electronics', 500.00, 100),
('Headphones', 'Accessories', 100.00, 150),
('Desk Chair', 'Furniture', 150.00, 30),
('Mouse', 'Accessories', 25.00, 200);
```



#### TABLE 2 : Customers

```
customer_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
first_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
last_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
phone_number VARCHAR(20),
address VARCHAR(255)
);
```

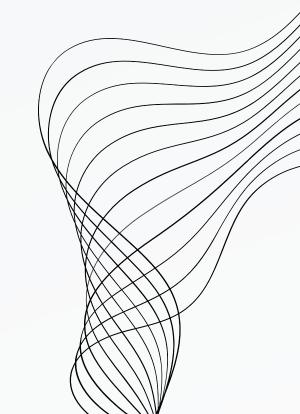
```
INSERT INTO Customers (first_name, last_name, email, phone_number, address) VALUES
('Alice', 'Johnson', 'alice.johnson@email.com', '555-1234', '123 Maple St'),
('Bob', 'Smith', 'bob.smith@email.com', '555-5678', '456 Oak St'),
('Charlie', 'Brown', 'charlie.brown@email.com', '555-9876', '789 Pine St');
```



#### TABLE 3 : Salespersons

```
• ○ CREATE TABLE Salespersons (
salesperson_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
first_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
last_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
commission_rate DECIMAL(5, 2) NOT NULL -- Commission rate as a percentage
);
```

```
    INSERT INTO Salespersons (first_name, last_name, commission_rate) VALUES
        ('John', 'Doe', 5.00),
        ('Jane', 'Smith', 6.00),
        ('Bob', 'Brown', 4.00);
```



#### TABLE 4 : Orders

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (
    order_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
    customer_id INT,
    salesperson id INT,
    order_date TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    total_amount DECIMAL(10, 2) NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (customer id) REFERENCES Customers(customer id),
    FOREIGN KEY (salesperson_id) REFERENCES Salespersons(salesperson_id)
);
 INSERT INTO Orders (customer_id, salesperson_id, total_amount) VALUES
 (1, 2, 1300.00),
 (2, 1, 600.00),
 (3, 3, 275.00);
```

#### TABLE 5 : Order\_Details

```
OCREATE TABLE Order_Details (
    order_detail_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
    order_id INT,
    product_id INT,
    quantity INT NOT NULL,
    price DECIMAL(10, 2) NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (order_id) REFERENCES Orders(order_id),
    FOREIGN KEY (product_id) REFERENCES Products(product_id)
);
```

```
• INSERT INTO Order_Details (order_id, product_id, quantity, price) VALUES
(1, 1, 1, 800.00),
(1, 3, 2, 100.00),
(2, 2, 1, 500.00),
(3, 4, 1, 150.00),
(3, 5, 5, 25.00);
```

#### TABLE 5 : Inventory\_Transactions

```
INSERT INTO Inventory_Transactions (product_id, transaction_type, quantity) VALUES
(1, 'Sale', 1),
(3, 'Sale', 2),
(2, 'Sale', 1),
(4, 'Sale', 1),
(5, 'Sale', 5);
```

## SQL QUERIES

01: View total sales by salesperson

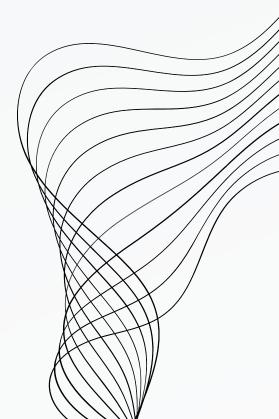
```
SELECT
S.first_name,
S.last_name,
SUM(0.total_amount) AS total_sales
FROM
Orders 0
JOIN
Salespersons S ON 0.salesperson_id = S.salesperson_id
GROUP BY S.salesperson_id;
```

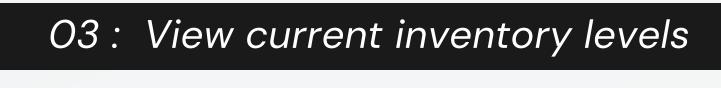
|   | 10.0       |           |             |
|---|------------|-----------|-------------|
|   | first_name | last_name | total_sales |
| • | Jane       | Smith     | 1300.00     |
|   | John       | Doe       | 600.00      |
|   | Bob        | Brown     | 275.00      |

#### 02: View product sales performance

SELECT P.product\_name, SUM(OD.quantity) AS total\_sold, SUM(OD.quantity \* OD.price) AS total\_sales
 FROM Order\_Details OD
 JOIN Products P ON OD.product\_id = P.product\_id
 GROUP BY P.product\_id;

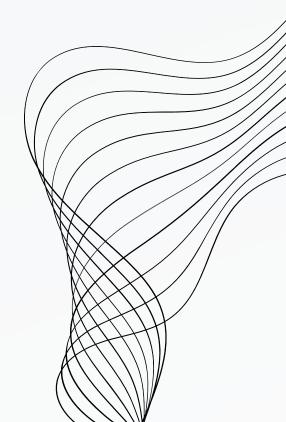
|   | product_name | total_sold | total_sales |
|---|--------------|------------|-------------|
| • | Laptop       | 1          | 800.00      |
|   | Headphones   | 2          | 200.00      |
|   | Smartphone   | 1          | 500.00      |
|   | Desk Chair   | 1          | 150.00      |
|   | Mouse        | 5          | 125.00      |





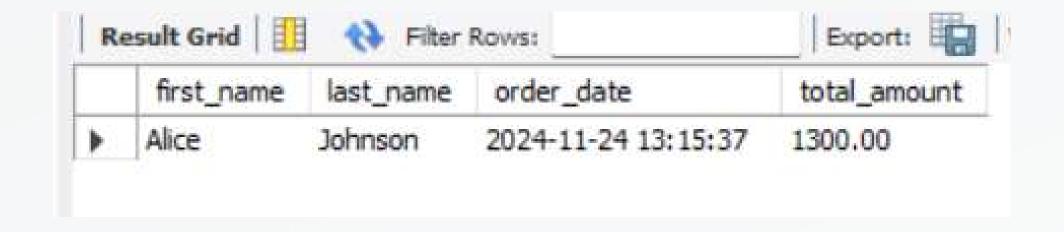
SELECT P.product\_name, P.stock\_quantity FROM Products P;

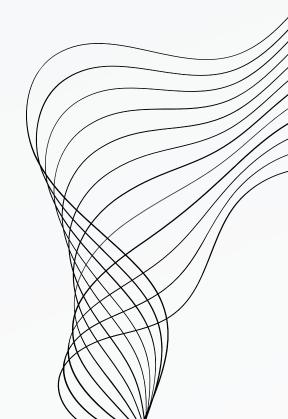
|   | product_name | stock_quantity |
|---|--------------|----------------|
| > | Laptop       | 50             |
|   | Smartphone   | 100            |
|   | Headphones   | 150            |
|   | Desk Chair   | 30             |
|   | Mouse        | 200            |



### 04: View customer purchase history

SELECT C.first\_name, C.last\_name, O.order\_date, O.total\_amount FROM Orders O JOIN Customers C ON O.customer\_id = C.customer\_id WHERE C.customer\_id = 1;

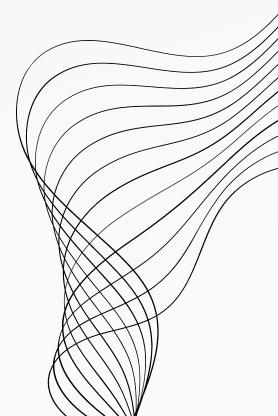




#### 05: Calculate salesperson commission

SELECT S.first\_name, S.last\_name, SUM(O.total\_amount) \* (S.commission\_rate / 100) AS commission
FROM Orders O
JOIN Salespersons S ON O.salesperson\_id = S.salesperson\_id
GROUP BY S.salesperson\_id;

|   | first_name | last_name | commission  |
|---|------------|-----------|-------------|
| Þ | Jane       | Smith     | 78.00000000 |
|   | John       | Doe       | 30.00000000 |
|   | Bob        | Brown     | 11.00000000 |



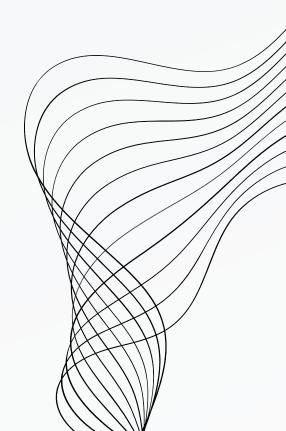
#### 06: Check for low stock products (less than 40)

```
SELECT P.product_name, P.stock_quantity

FROM Products P

WHERE P.stock_quantity < 40;
```

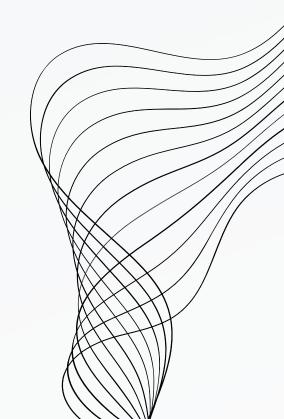




#### 07: View total sales per product category

```
SELECT P.category, SUM(OD.quantity * OD.price) AS total_sales
FROM Order_Details OD
JOIN Products P ON OD.product_id = P.product_id
GROUP BY P.category;
```

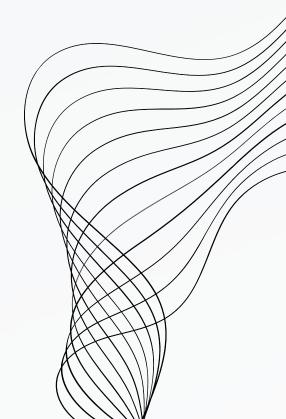
|          | category    | total_sales |
|----------|-------------|-------------|
| <b>•</b> | Electronics | 1300.00     |
|          | Accessories | 325.00      |
|          | Furniture   | 150.00      |



#### 08: View inventory transactions (Sales, Restocks, Returns)

• SELECT P.product\_name, IT.transaction\_type, IT.quantity, IT.transaction\_date FROM Inventory\_Transactions IT JOIN Products P ON IT.product\_id = P.product\_id;

|   | product_name | transaction_type | quantity | transaction_date    |
|---|--------------|------------------|----------|---------------------|
| Þ | Laptop       | Sale             | 1        | 2024-11-24 13:16:19 |
|   | Headphones   | Sale             | 2        | 2024-11-24 13:16:19 |
|   | Smartphone   | Sale             | 1        | 2024-11-24 13:16:19 |
|   | Desk Chair   | Sale             | 1        | 2024-11-24 13:16:19 |
|   | Mouse        | Sale             | 5        | 2024-11-24 13:16:19 |



## CONCLUSION

The Sales Management System (SMS) is a comprehensive **SQL** project that covers key aspects of a sales operation, including product management, customer orders, inventory tracking, and sales performance analysis. It generates valuable insights, such as identifying the most popular products, calculating salesperson commissions, and tracking stock levels. This project is practical and scalable.

## THANK'S FOR WATCHING

