

# Assignment 2

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## 1 Print the decremented numerical value of a given number N.

```
#!/bin/bash

echo "Enter Integer Number"
read num

echo "Number entered is $num"

for (( i=num; i!=0;i-- ))
do
    if [ $i -ge 0 ]
    then
        echo -ne "$i\n";
    else
        echo -e "Positive integer (greater or equal to 0) is accepted.\n
                Terminal will close after 5seconds" && sleep 5 && exit 1;
    fi
done
```

## 2 Print the sum of all digit of a given number N.

```
#!/bin/sh

echo "Enter number :"
read num

rem=0
sum=0

while [ $num -gt 0 ]
do
```

```
    rem=$(( $num % 10 ))
    num=$(( $num / 10 ))
    sum=$(( $sum + $rem ))
done
echo "Sum of digits of number $num is $sum"
```

### 3 Find whether entered year is leap year or not.

```
#!/bin/bash

echo "Enter the year"
read year

echo "Year entered is $year"

if [ $((year % 4)) -eq 0 ]
then
    if [ $((year % 100)) -eq 0 ]
    then
        if [ $((year % 400)) -eq 0 ]
        then
            echo "$year is a Leap Year"
        else
            echo "$year is not a Leap Year"
        fi
    else
        echo "$year is not a Leap Year."
    fi
else
    echo "$year is not a leap year"
fi
```

### 4 Convert file names from uppercase to lowercase and vice versa.

#### 4.1 Uppercase to Lowercase

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Converting filename from upper case to lower case."
for f in *;
do mv -- "$f" "$(tr [:upper:] [:lower:] <<< "$f")";
done
```

#### 4.2 Lowercase to Uppercase

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
#find . -type f -name '.*'
#Lower to Upper Filename Conversion
echo "Converting filename from lower case to upper case."
for f in *;
do mv -- "$f" "$(tr [:lower:] [:upper:] <<< "$f")";
done
```

## 5 Calculate the biggest number from the three numbers supplied as command-line arguments.

```
#!/bin/bash

#3 numbers are a,b,c

a=$1
b=$2
c=$2

if [ $# -ne 3 ]
then
    echo "Some arguments are missing."&& exit 1
fi

#Comparing each argument with other.
#-a is used for as an extension for argument
if [ $1 -eq $2 -a $1 -eq $2 ]
then
    echo "All arguments have equal values"
elif [[ $1 -eq $2 && $1 -ge $3 || $2 -eq $3 && $2 -ge $1 ||
$3 -eq $1 && $1 -ge $2 ]]
then
    echo "Greatest Number cannot be figured out."
elif [ $1 -gt $2 -a $1 -gt $3 ]
then
    echo "$1 is the Greatest Number"
elif [ $2 -gt $3 -a $2 -gt $1 ]
then
    echo "$2 is the Greatest number"
else
    echo "$3 is the Greatest number"
fi
```

## 6 Generate basic math calculator (with case and select statements).

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo -ne "Enter two number\n"
read a b

echo -n "Select your choice"
options=("Addition" "Subtraction" "Multiplication" "Division" "Quit")

select opt in "${options[@]}"
do
    case $opt in
        "Addition")
            sum=$(( $a + $b ))
            echo "$sum"
            break
            ;;
        "Subtraction")
            sub=$(( $a - $b ))
            echo "$sub"
            break
            ;;
        "Multiplication")
            mult=$(( $a * $b ))
            echo "$mult"
            break
            ;;
        "Division")
            div=$(( $a / $b ))
            echo "$div"
            if [ $b -eq 0 ]
            then
                echo -e "Division by Zero is not possible.\n
                        Terminal closes in 5s" && sleep 5 && exit 1;
            fi
            break
            ;;
        "Quit")
            break
            ;;
    esac
done
```

7 Generate math calculator for real numbers (with select statements).

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```

echo -ne "Enter two real number\n"
read a b

echo -n "Select your choice"
options=("Addition" "Subtraction" "Multiplication" "Division" "Quit")

select opt in "${options[@]}"
do
    case $opt in
        "Addition")
            echo "scale=4;$a + $b" | bc
            break
            ;;
        "Subtraction")
            echo "scale=4;$a - $b" | bc
            break
            ;;
        "Multiplication")
            echo "scale=4;$a * $b" | bc
            break
            ;;
        "Division")
            if [ $b = 0 ];
            then
                echo -e "Division by Zero is not possible.\n
                Terminal closes in 5s" && sleep 5 && exit 1;
            else
                echo "scale=4; $a / $b" | bc
            fi
        break
        ;;
        "Quit")
            break
            ;;
    esac
done

```

8 Print the last day (name) of the month, given the month and year information, e.g., given 08-2018, it should print “Friday”.

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```

#Calculating last date of month, which is set to 0.
for i in {0..24};

```

```
do
    date -d "-$(date +%d) days +$i month" >> last_date.txt
done
```

## 9 Calculate the factorial of a given number.

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
Factorial()
{
    num=$1
    fact=1
    while [ $num -ge 1 ]
    do
        fact='expr $fact \* $num '
        num='expr $num - 1'
    done
    echo "$fact" | bc
}
```

```
Factorial $1
```

## 10 Print any message in bold, blink effect, and in different colors.

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
#Ref-1. https://misc.flogisoft.com/bash/tip\_colors\_and\_formatting
```

```
read -p "Type your message.." msg
```

```
#Bold effect
```

```
echo -e "\033[1m $msg"
```

```
#echo -e "\033[7m $msg"
```

```
#Red Color
```

```
echo -e "\033[31m$msg"
```

```
#Green Color
```

```
echo -e "\033[32m$msg"
```

```
#Yellow Color
```

```
echo -e "\033[33m$msg"
```

```
#Blink effect
```

```
echo -e "\e[5m$msg"
```

```
#Normal  
echo -e "\033[0m $msg"
```

- 11 Collect system information such as CPU, disks, etc. and store (append) it in a file with date/time information.

```
#!/bin/bash  
  
CPU=$(top -b -n1 >> Log.txt)  
MEM=$(top -b -n1 | grep "KiB Mem" | head -1 >> Memory_log.txt )
```