

## Core Java Practical 1

**1.A : Write a program to create a class and implement a default, overloaded and copy Constructor.**

```
class MyClass
{
    private int a;
    public MyClass()
    {
        System.out.println("Default Constructor");
    }
    public MyClass(int value)
    {
        a=value;
        System.out.println("Parameterized Construsctor and value is: "+a);
    }
    public MyClass(MyClass other)
    {
        a = other.a;
        System.out.println("Copy Constructor and value is: "+a);
    }
}

public class Pr
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        MyClass obj1 = new MyClass();
        MyClass obj2 = new MyClass(7);
        MyClass obj3 = new MyClass(obj2);
    }
}
```

**Output:**

```
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>java Pr
Default Constructor
Parameterized Construsctor and value is: 7
Copy Constructor and value is: 7
```

**1.B: Write a program to create a class and implement the concepts of method Overloading.**

```
class OperOver
{
public int add(int a, int b)
{
return a + b;
}

public int add(int a, int b, int c)
{
return a + b + c;
}
}

public class Pr1b
{
public static void main(String[] args)
{
OperOver obj = new OperOver();

int sum1 = obj.add(5,10);
int sum2 = obj.add(5,10,15);

System.out.println("Sum of two integers: " +sum1);
System.out.println("Sum of three integers: " +sum2);
}
}
```

**Output:**

```
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>javac Pr1b.java
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>java Pr1b
Sum of two integers: 15
Sum of three integers: 30
```

**1.C: Write a program to create a class and implement the concepts of Static methods.**

```
class DemoStaticMethods
{
    public static int add(int a, int b)
    {
        return a + b;
    }
    public static int subtract(int a, int b)
    {
        return a - b;
    }
}

public class Pr1c
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int sum = DemoStaticMethods.add(8,4);
        int difference = DemoStaticMethods.subtract(7,6);
        System.out.println("Sum: " + sum);
        System.out.println("Difference: " + difference);
    }
}
```

**Output:**

```
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>javac Pr1c.java
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>java Pr1c
Sum: 12
Difference: 1
```

## Core Java Practical 2

**2.A: Write a program to implement the concepts of Inheritance and method overriding.**

```
class A
{
void show()
{
System.out.println("Base Class");
}
}

class B extends A
{
void show()
{
System.out.println("Derieved Class");
}
}

class Pr2a
{
public static void main(String args[])
{
B s=new B();
s.show();
}
}
```

**Output:**

```
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>javac Pr2a.java

C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>java Pr2a
Derieved Class
```

**2.B: Write a program to implement the concepts of Abstract classes and methods.**

```
abstract class Shape
{
    public abstract double area();
}

class Circle extends Shape
{
    private double radius;

    public Circle(double radius)
    {
        this.radius = radius;
    }

    @Override
    public double area()
    {
        return Math.PI*radius*radius;
    }
}

public class Pr2b
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Circle circle = new Circle(10.0);
        System.out.println("Circle Area: "+circle.area());
    }
}
```

**Output:**

```
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>javac Pr2b.java
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>java Pr2b
Circle Area: 314.1592653589793
```

## 2.C: Write a program to implement the concept of interfaces.

Interface Shape

```
{  
double area();  
double perimeter();  
}
```

class Circle implements Shape

```
{  
private double radius;  
public Circle(double radius)  
{  
this.radius = radius;  
}  
  
@Override  
public double area()  
{  
return Math.PI*radius* radius;  
}  
  
@Override  
public double perimeter()  
{  
return 2 *Math.PI* radius;  
}  
}
```

public class Pr2c

```
{  
public static void main(String[] args)  
{  
Circle circle = new Circle(10.0);  
System.out.println("Circle Area: " + circle.area());  
System.out.println("Circle Perimeter:" + circle.perimeter());  
}
```

```
}
```

**Output:**

```
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>javac Pr2c.java  
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>java Pr2c  
Circle Area: 314.1592653589793  
Circle Perimeter:62.83185307179586
```

### Core java Practical 3

**3.A: Write a program to raise built-in exceptions and raise them as per the requirements.**

```
public class Pr3a
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        try
        {
            int result = divide(10,0);
            System.out.println("Result: " + result);
        }
        catch (ArithmeticException e)
        {
            System.err.println("Error: Division by zero.");
        }
    }

    public static int divide(int a, int b)
    {
        return a / b;
    }
}
```

**Output:**

```
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>javac Pr3a.java
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>java Pr3a
Error: Division by zero.
```



**3.B: Write a program to define user defined exceptions and raise them as per the requirements.**

```
class CustomException extends Exception
{
    public CustomException(String message)
    {
        super(message);
    }
}

public class Pr3b
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        try
        {
            int age = -20;
            if (age < 0)
            {
                throw new CustomException("Age cannot be negative.");
            }
            System.out.println("Age: " + age);
        }
        catch (CustomException e)
        {
            System.err.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}
```

**Output:**

```
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>javac Pr3b.java

C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>java Pr3b
Error: Age cannot be negative.
```

## Core java Practical 4

**4. Write the java application to demonstrate multiple bouncing balls of different colours using thread.**

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;

class Bouncing_Balls extends Frame implements MouseListener {

    // initializing co-ordinates
    int x = 40, y = 40, t1 = 1, t2 = 1;
    int x1 = 200, y1 = 40, t12 = 1, t22 = 1;
    int x2 = 100, y2 = 100, t13 = 1, t23 = 1;
    Thread th;

    Bouncing_Balls() {
        setSize(700, 800);
        setVisible(true);
        th = new Thread(new Thread() {
            public void run() {
                while (true) {
                    x = x + t1;
                    y = y + t2;
                    x1 = x1 + t12;
                    y1 = y1 + t22;
                    x2 = x2 - t13;
                    y2 = y2 - t23;

                    // specifying some condition to make balls move in a particular
                    if (x < 0 || x > 680)
                        t1 = t1 * (-1);
                    if (y < 20 || y > 780)
                        t2 = t2 * (-1);
                    if (x1 < 0 || x1 > 680)
                        t12 = t12 * (-1);
                    if (y1 < 20 || y1 > 780)
                        t22 = t22 * (-1);
```

```
        if (x2 < 0 || x2 > 680)
            t13 = t13 * (-1);
        if (y2 < 20 || y2 > 780)
            t23 = t23 * (-1);
        try {
            this.sleep(5);
        } catch (Exception E) {
        }
        repaint();}}}
    );
    addMouseListener(this);}
```

```
public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent M) {
    th.start();
}
```

```
public void mousePressed(MouseEvent M) {
}
```

```
public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent M) {
}
```

```
public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent M) {
}
```

```
public void mouseExited(MouseEvent M) {
}
```

```
public void paint(Graphics g) {
    g.setColor(Color.pink);
    g.fillOval(x, y, 40, 40);
    g.setColor(Color.pink);
}
```

```
g.fillOval(x1, y1, 40, 40);  
g.setColor(Color.pink);  
g.fillOval(x2, y2, 40, 40);  
}  
  
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Bouncing_Balls B = new Bouncing_Balls();  
}  
}
```

**Output:**



## Core java Practical 5

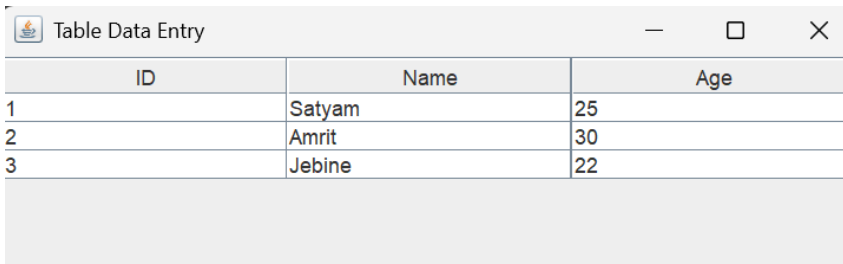
**5.A: Write a JDBC program that displays the data of a given table in a GUI Table.**

```
import java.sql.*;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
import javax.swing.JScrollPane;
import javax.swing.JTable;
import javax.swing.table.DefaultTableModel;

public class JDBCGUIExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame("Database Table Display");
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/syit";
        String username = "root";
        String password = "root";
        String tableName = "students";
        DefaultTableModel tableModel = new DefaultTableModel();
        tableModel.addColumn("ID");
        tableModel.addColumn("Name");
        tableModel.addColumn("Age");
        JTable jTable = new JTable(tableModel);
        JScrollPane jScrollPane = new JScrollPane(jTable);
        frame.getContentPane().add(jScrollPane);
        try {
            Connection connection = DriverManager.getConnection(url,
            username, password);
            Statement statement= connection.createStatement();
            String query = "SELECT * FROM " + tableName;
            ResultSet resultSet = statement.executeQuery(query);
            while (resultSet.next()) {
                Object[] row = new Object[3];
                row[0] = resultSet.getObject(1);
                row[1] = resultSet.getObject(2);
```

```
row[2] = resultSet.getObject(3);
tableModel.addRow(row);
}
resultSet.close();
statement.close();
connection.close();
} catch (Exception e) {
e.printStackTrace();
}
frame.setSize(400, 300);
frame.setLocationRelativeTo(null);
frame.setVisible(true);
}
}
```

**Output:**



ID	Name	Age
1	Satyam	25
2	Amrit	30
3	Jebine	22

**5.B: Write a JDBC program to Show the details of a specified product from a given table selected using Combobox.**

```
import javax.swing.*.*;
import java.awt.*.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
import java.sql.*;

public class UserDetails extends JFrame{
    private JComboBox<String> userComboBox;
    private JTextField idTextField;
    private JTextField nameTextField;
    public UserDetails(){
        setTitle("Students");
        setSize(400,150);
        setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        setLayout(new FlowLayout());
        userComboBox= new JComboBox<>();
        idTextField = new JTextField(20);
        nameTextField= new JTextField(10);
        add(new JLabel("Select ID"));
        add(userComboBox);
        add(new JLabel("Id:"));
        add(idTextField);
        add(new JLabel("Name"));
        add(nameTextField);
        try{
            Connection connection =
            DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/syit","root","root");
            String query ="SELECT id FROM students";
            PreparedStatement preparedStatement= connection.prepareStatement(query);
            ResultSet resultSet=preparedStatement.executeQuery();
            while (resultSet.next())
            {
```

```

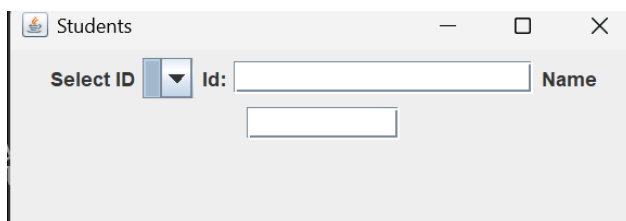
int id=resultSet.getInt("id");
userComboBox.addItem(Integer.toString(id));
}
resultSet.close();
preparedStatement.close();
connection.close();
}
catch (SQLException e){
e.printStackTrace();
}
userComboBox.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
@Override
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
String selectedId = (String) userComboBox.getSelectedItem();
if(selectedId!=null)
{
try{
Connection
connection=DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/syit","root","root");
String query ="SELECT id,name FROM students WHERE id=?";
PreparedStatement preparedStatement=connection.prepareStatement(query);
preparedStatement.setString(1,selectedId);
ResultSet resultSet=preparedStatement.executeQuery();
if (resultSet.next()){
int id = resultSet.getInt("id");
String name = resultSet.getString("name");
idTextField.setText(Integer.toString(id));
nameTextField.setText(name);
}
resultSet.close();
preparedStatement.close();
connection.close();
}catch (SQLException ex){

```



```
ex.printStackTrace();  
}  
}}}; }  
  
public static void main(String[] args){  
SwingUtilities.invokeLater(()->{  
UserDetails user = new UserDetails();  
user.setVisible(true);  
});}}
```

**Output:**



The screenshot shows a Java Swing window titled "Students". Inside the window, there is a label "Select ID" followed by a dropdown menu. To the right of the dropdown menu is a label "Id:" followed by a text input field. Further to the right is a label "Name" followed by another text input field. The window has standard Windows-style window controls (minimize, maximize, close) in the top right corner.

**5.C: Write a GUI application to Navigate forward and reverse result set data.**

```
import javax.swing.*.*;
import java.awt.*.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
import java.sql.*.*;

public class ForwardBackward extends JFrame{
    private JButton previousButton;
    private JButton nextButton;
    private JTextField dataField;
    private ResultSet resultSet;
    public ForwardBackward() {
        setTitle("Students");
        setSize(400, 100);
        setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        setLayout(new FlowLayout());
        previousButton = new JButton("Previous");
        nextButton = new JButton("next");
        dataField = new JTextField(20);
        add(previousButton);
        add(dataField);
        add(nextButton);
        try {
            Connection connection = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/syit", "root",
            "root");

            Statement statement = connection.createStatement(ResultSet.TYPE_SCROLL_INSENSITIVE,
            ResultSet.CONCUR_READ_ONLY);

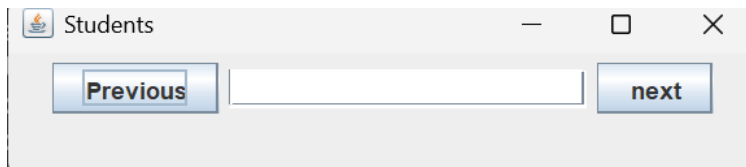
            String query = "SELECT * FROM students";
            resultSet = statement.executeQuery(query);

            displayData();
        } catch (SQLException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

```
previousButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {  
    @Override  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {  
        try {  
            if (resultSet.previous()){  
                displayData();  
            }  
        }  
        catch (SQLException ex){  
            ex.printStackTrace();  
        }  
    }  
});  
nextButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {  
    @Override  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {  
        try {  
            if (resultSet.next()){  
                displayData();  
            }  
        }  
        catch (SQLException ex){  
            ex.printStackTrace();  
        }  
    }  
});  
private void displayData(){  
    try {  
        dataField.setText(resultSet.getString("name"));  
    }  
    catch (SQLException e){
```

```
e.printStackTrace();  
}  
}  
public static void main(String[] args){  
    SwingUtilities.invokeLater(()->{  
        ForwardBackward app = new ForwardBackward();  
        app.setVisible(true);  
    });  
}  
}
```

**Output:**



## Core java practical 6

**6.A: Create a swing application that randomly changes color on button click.**

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
import java.util.Random;

public class ChangeColor extends JFrame
{
    private JPanel colorPanel;
    private JButton changeColorButton;

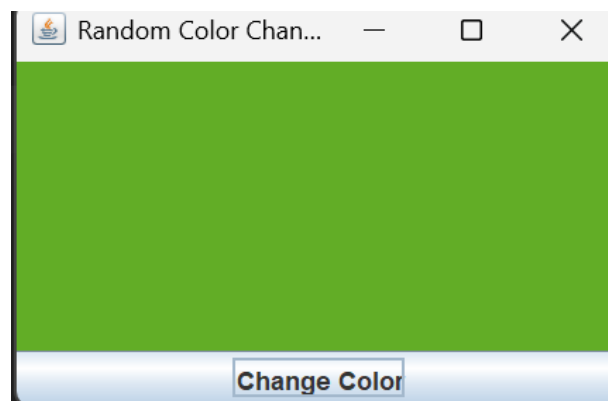
    public ChangeColor()
    {
        setTitle("Random Color Change");
        setSize(300,200);
        setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        setLayout(new BorderLayout());

        colorPanel = new JPanel();
        changeColorButton = new JButton("Change Color");
        add(colorPanel, BorderLayout.CENTER);
        add(changeColorButton, BorderLayout.SOUTH);

        changeColorButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener(){
            @Override
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                changeColor();
            }
        });
    }
}
```

```
private void changeColor() {  
    Random random = new Random();  
    Color randomColor = new Color(random.nextInt(156), random.nextInt(256), random.nextInt(256));  
    colorPanel.setBackground(randomColor);  
}  
  
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    SwingUtilities.invokeLater(() -> {  
        ChangeColor app = new ChangeColor();  
        app.setVisible(true);  
    });  
}
```

**Output:**



**6.B: Create a Swing application to demonstrate use of TextArea using scrollpane to show content of text file in text area selected using file chooser.**

```
import javax.swing.*.*;

import java.awt.*.*;

import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;

import java.awt.event.ActionListener;

import java.io.BufferedReader;

import java.io.FileReader;

import java.io.IOException;

public class ShowFileInTextArea extends JFrame

{

private JTextArea textArea = new JTextArea(20,40);

private JButton openFileButton = new JButton("Open File");

public ShowFileInTextArea()

{

setTitle("File Viewer");

setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

setLayout(new BorderLayout());

JScrollPane scrollPane = new JScrollPane(textArea);

add(scrollPane, BorderLayout.CENTER);

add(openFileButton, BorderLayout.SOUTH);

openFileButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {

@Override

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {

openFile();

}

});

pack();

setLocationRelativeTo(null);

}

private void openFile() {
```

```

JFileChooser fileChooser = new JFileChooser();

int result = fileChooser.showOpenDialog(this);

if (result == JFileChooser.APPROVE_OPTION) {
    try (BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader
        (new FileReader(fileChooser.getSelectedFile()))) {
        StringBuilder Content = new StringBuilder();

        String line;
        while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null); {
            Content.append(line).append("\n");
        }

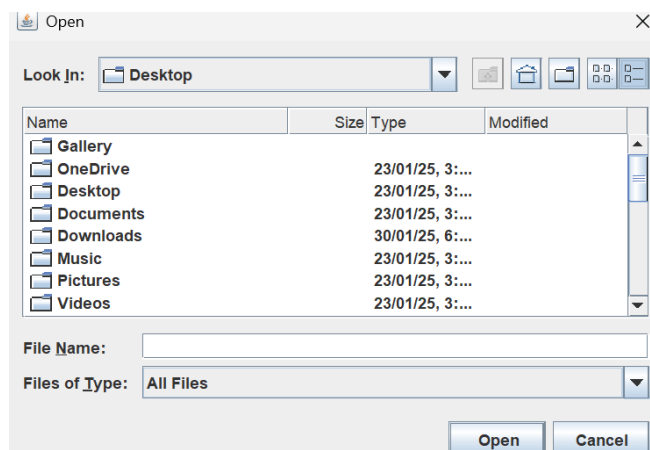
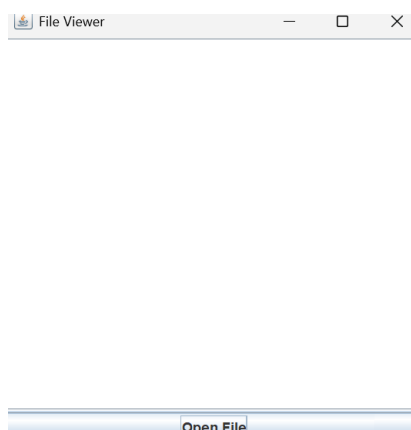
        textArea.setLineWrap(true);
        textArea.setText(Content.toString());
    } catch (IOException e) {

        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(this, "Error reading the file.", "Error",
            JOptionPane.ERROR_MESSAGE);
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    SwingUtilities.invokeLater(() -> {
        new ShowFileInTextArea().setVisible(true);
    });
}
}

```

### Output:





**6.C: Create a Swing application to demonstrate use of scrollpane to change its color selected using colour chooser.**

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;

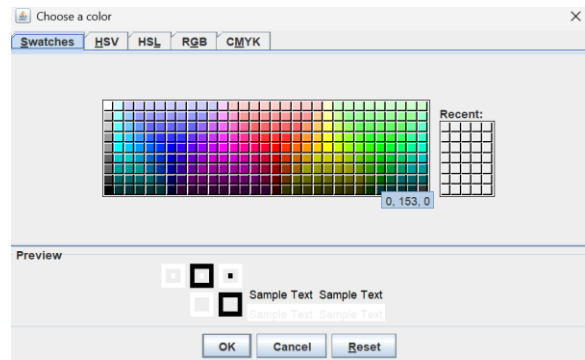
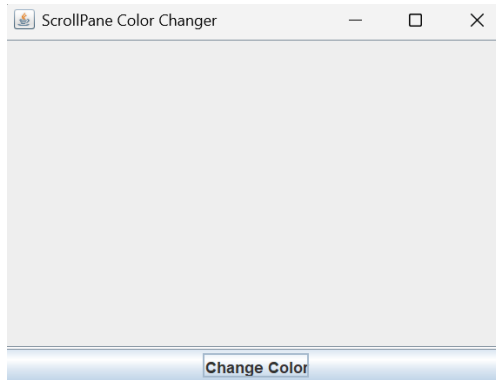
public class ColorChanger extends JFrame
{
    private JScrollPane scrollPane = new JScrollPane();
    private JButton changeColorButton = new JButton("Change Color");

    public ColorChanger() {
        setTitle("ScrollPane Color Changer");
        setSize(400,300);
        setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        setLayout(new BorderLayout());
        add(scrollPane, BorderLayout.CENTER);
        add(changeColorButton, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
        changeColorButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            @Override
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                Color selectedColor = JColorChooser.showDialog
                (null, "Choose a color",scrollPane.getBackground());
                if (selectedColor != null) {
                    scrollPane.getViewport().setBackground(selectedColor);
                }
            }
        });
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SwingUtilities.invokeLater(() -> {
            new ColorChanger().setVisible(true);
        });
    }
}
```

}

## Output:



## Core java practical 7

### 7.A: Write a program on Flow Layout.

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class DemoFlowLayout
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame("FlowLayout Example");
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.setSize(300,100);

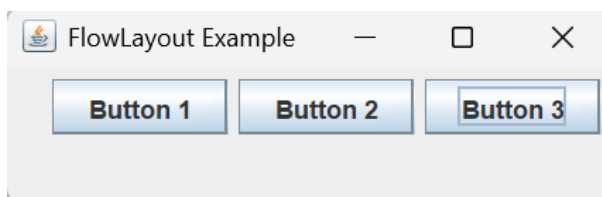
        JPanel panel = new JPanel(new FlowLayout(FlowLayout.RIGHT));

        JButton button1 = new JButton("Button 1");
        JButton button2 = new JButton("Button 2");
        JButton button3 = new JButton("Button 3");

        panel.add(button1);
        panel.add(button2);
        panel.add(button3);

        frame.add(panel);
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

### Output:



### 7.B:Write a program on Gride Layout.

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

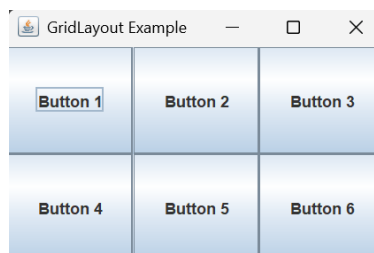
public class DemoGridLayout {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame("GridLayout Example");
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.setSize(300,200);
        JPanel panel = new JPanel(new GridLayout(2,3));

        JButton button1 = new JButton("Button 1");
        JButton button2 = new JButton("Button 2");
        JButton button3 = new JButton("Button 3");
        JButton button4 = new JButton("Button 4");
        JButton button5 = new JButton("Button 5");
        JButton button6 = new JButton("Button 6");

        panel.add(button1);
        panel.add(button2);
        panel.add(button3);
        panel.add(button4);
        panel.add(button5);
        panel.add(button6);

        frame.add(panel);
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

**Output:**



### 7.C: Write a program on Border Layout.

```
import javax.swing.*.*;
import java.awt.*.*;

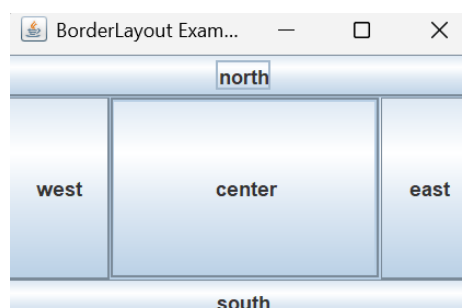
public class DemoBorderLayout
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame("BorderLayout Example");
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.setSize(300,200);

        JButton northButton = new JButton("north");
        JButton southButton = new JButton("south");
        JButton eastButton = new JButton("east");
        JButton westButton = new JButton("west");
        JButton centerButton = new JButton("center");

        Container contentPane = frame.getContentPane();
        contentPane.setLayout(new BorderLayout());

        contentPane.add(northButton, BorderLayout.NORTH);
        contentPane.add(southButton, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
        contentPane.add(eastButton, BorderLayout.EAST);
        contentPane.add(westButton, BorderLayout.WEST);
        contentPane.add(centerButton, BorderLayout.CENTER);
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

**Output:**



## Core java practical 8

### **8.A.1: Write a program to demonstrate the Action Event.**

```
import javax.swing.*;

import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;

import java.awt.event.ActionListener;

public class BtnClkDemo {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        JFrame frame = new JFrame("Button Click Demo");

        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

        JButton button = new JButton("Click Me");

        button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {

            @Override

            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {

                JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(frame,"Button Clicked!");

            }

        });

        frame.getContentPane().add(button);

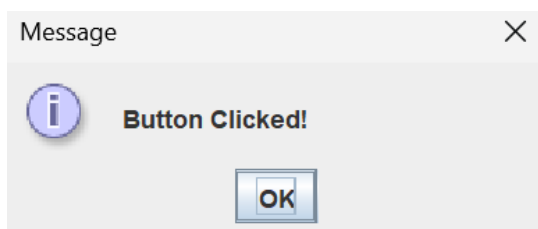
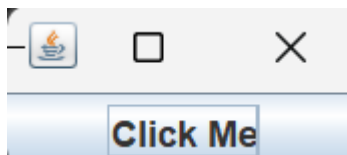
        frame.pack();

        frame.setVisible(true);

    }

}
```

#### **Output:**



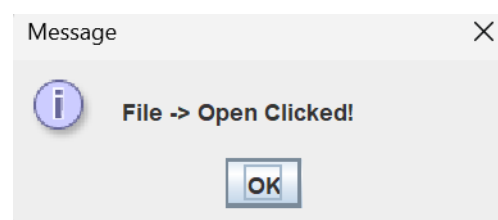
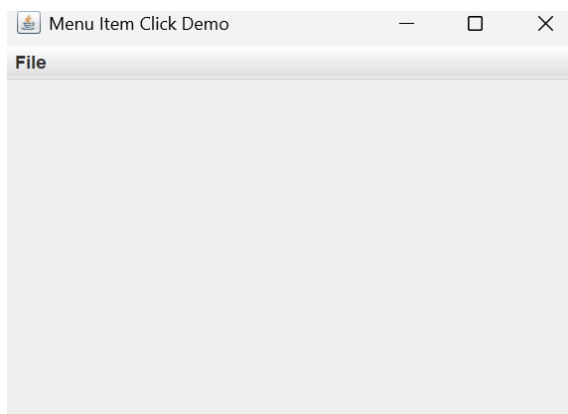
### 8.A.2: Write a program to demonstrate the Action Event with Menu Item.

```
import javax.swing.*.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;

public class MenuItnClk {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame("Menu Item Click Demo");
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

        JMenuBar menuBar = new JMenuBar();
        JMenu fileMenu = new JMenu("File");
        JMenuItem openItem = new JMenuItem("Open");
        openItem.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            @Override
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(frame, "File -> Open Clicked!");
            }
        });
        fileMenu.add(openItem);
        menuBar.add(fileMenu);
        frame.setJMenuBar(menuBar);
        frame.setSize(400,300);
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

#### Output:



### 8.A.3: Write a program to demonstrate the Action Event with Text Field Enter Key Event.

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
import java.awt.event.KeyEvent;
import java.awt.event.KeyListener;

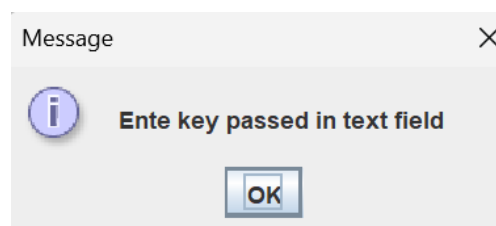
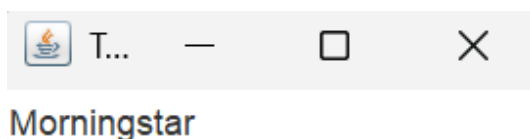
public class TxtEntrKey {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame("Text Field Enter Key Demo");
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

        JTextField textField = new JTextField(20);

        textField.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            @Override
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(frame, "Enter key passed in text field");
            }
        });

        frame.getContentPane().add(textField);
        frame.pack();
        frame.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

**Output:**





### 8.B: Program to demonstrate MouseClick, MouseMotion and MouseEnter/Exit events.

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
import java.awt.event.MouseAdapter;
import java.awt.event.MouseEvent;

public class AllMouseEvents
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        SwingUtilities.invokeLater(() -> {
            JFrame frame = new JFrame("Mouse Click Event Demo");
            frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

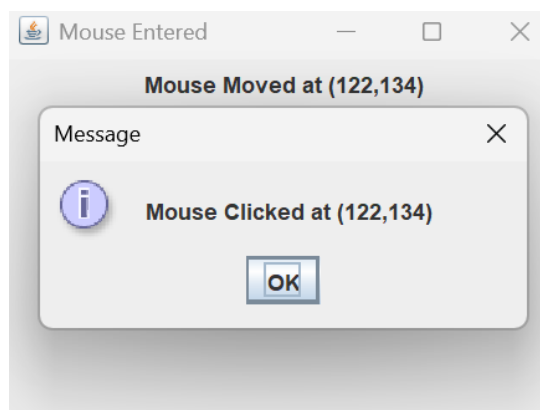
            JPanel panel = new JPanel();
            JLabel jl = new JLabel();
            panel.add(jl);
            panel.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(300,200));

            panel.addMouseListener(new MouseAdapter() {
                @Override
                public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
                    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(frame,"Mouse Clicked at (" + e.getX() + "," + e.getY() + ")");
                }
            });

            panel.addMouseMotionListener(new MouseAdapter() {
                @Override
                public void mouseMoved(MouseEvent e) {
                    jl.setText("Mouse Moved at (" + e.getX() + "," + e.getY() + ")");
                }
            });
        });
    }
}
```

```
}  
});  
  
panel.addMouseListener(new MouseAdapter() {  
    @Override  
    public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent e) {  
        frame.setTitle("Mouse Entered");  
    }  
    @Override  
    public void mouseExited(MouseEvent e) {  
        frame.setTitle("Mouse Exited");  
    }  
});  
frame.add(panel);  
frame.pack();  
frame.setVisible(true);  
});  
}  
}
```

**Output:**



### 8.C: Program to demonstrates how to handle KeyEvents.

```
import javax.swing.*.*;
import java.awt.event.*;

public class AllKeyEvents
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame("All KeyEvents");
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

        JTextField textField = new JTextField(20);
        frame.add(textField);

        textField.addKeyListener(new KeyAdapter() {
            @Override
            public void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) {
                System.out.println("Key Typed: " + e.getKeyChar());
            }

            public void KeyPressed(KeyEvent e)
            {
                System.out.println("Key Pressed: " + KeyEvent.getKeyText(e.getKeyCode()));
            }

            @Override
            public void keyReleased(KeyEvent e)
            {
                System.out.println("Key Released: " + KeyEvent.getKeyText(e.getKeyCode()));
            }
        });

        frame.pack();
    }
}
```

```
frame.setVisible(true);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

**Output:**

```
C:\Study Things\Java Practicals>java AllKeyEvents  
Key Typed: F  
Key Released: F
```



**Code 8.D: Program to demonstrate Selection Event.**

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;

public class SelectionEvents
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        SwingUtilities.invokeLater(() -> {
            JFrame frame = new JFrame("SelectionEvent Demo");
            frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

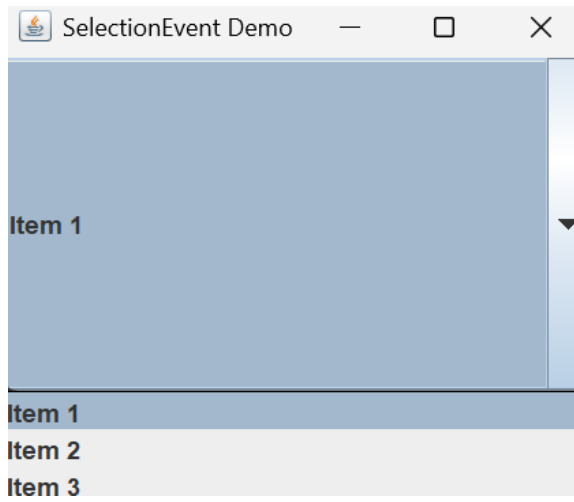
            String[] items = {"Item 1", "Item 2", "Item 3"};

            JComboBox<String> comboBox = new JComboBox<>(items);
            comboBox.addActionListener(new ActionListener()
            {
                @Override
                public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e)
                {
                    String selectedItem = (String) comboBox.getSelectedItem();
                    System.out.println("Selected: " + selectedItem);
                }
            });

            frame.add(comboBox, BorderLayout.CENTER);
            frame.setSize(300,200);
            frame.setVisible(true);
        });
    }
}
```

```
}
```

**Output:**



### 8.E: Program to demonstrates Focus Lost and Focus Gained.

```
import javax.swing.*.*;
import java.awt.*.*;
import java.awt.event.FocusEvent;
import java.awt.event.FocusListener;

public class AllFocusEvents
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        SwingUtilities.invokeLater(() -> {
            JFrame frame = new JFrame("FocusEvent");
            frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

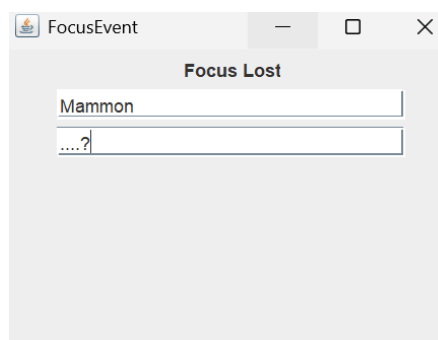
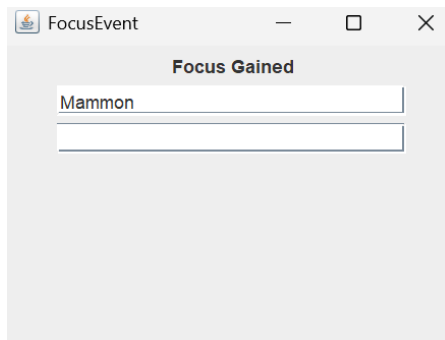
            JPanel panel = new JPanel();
            panel.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(300,200));

            JLabel label = new JLabel();
            JTextField textField1 = new JTextField(25);
            JTextField textField2 = new JTextField(25);

            textField1.addFocusListener(new FocusListener()
            {
                @Override
                public void focusGained(FocusEvent e)
                {
                    label.setText("Focus Gained");
                }
            }
            @Override
            public void focusLost(FocusEvent e)
            {
                label.setText("Focus Lost");
            }
        });
    }
}
```

```
}  
});  
panel.add(label);  
panel.add(textField1);  
panel.add(textField2);  
frame.add(panel);  
frame.pack();  
frame.setVisible(true);  
});  
}  
}
```

### Output:





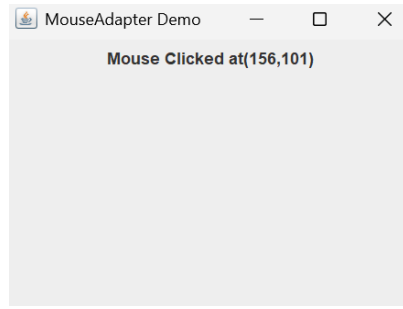
## Core java practical 9

### **9: Demonstrate the use of Adapter Class in Event Handling.**

```
import javax.swing.*.*;
import java.awt.*.*;
import java.awt.event.MouseEvent;
import java.awt.event.MouseAdapter;

public class MyAdapterClass
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        SwingUtilities.invokeLater(() -> {
            JFrame frame = new JFrame("MouseAdapter Demo");
            frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
            JLabel label = new JLabel();
            JPanel panel = new JPanel();
            panel.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(300,200));
            panel.addMouseListener(new MouseAdapter() {
                @Override
                public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
                    label.setText("Mouse Clicked at(" + e.getX() + "," + e.getY() + ")");
                }
            });
            panel.add(label);
            frame.add(panel);
            frame.pack();
            frame.setVisible(true);
        });
    }
}
```

**Output:**



## **Core java practical 10**

**10: Demonstrate the use of Anonymous Inner Class in Event Handling.**

```
import javax.swing.*.*;
import java.awt.*.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;

public class MyAnonymousInner
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        SwingUtilities.invokeLater(() -> {
            JFrame frame = new JFrame("Anonymous Inner Class");
            frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

            JPanel panel = new JPanel();
            panel.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(300,200));

            JButton button = new JButton("Click Here");

            button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
                @Override
                public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(frame, "Button Clicked!");
                }
            });

            panel.add(button);
            frame.add(panel);
            frame.pack();
            frame.setVisible(true);
        });
    }
}
```

```
}
```

**Output:**

