

Automation shell scripting

What is Shell ?

- Basically Shell is an interpreter, which is used to run your commands.

Scripting vs. Programming

I think it's a pretty esoteric discussion, but you'll hear people say that BASH Scripting isn't programming.

However, I have a book, Sams Teach Yourself Shell Programming in 24 Hours, and I'm sure the author, or publisher, or both disagrees.

Scripting

BASH uses programs to accomplish tasks. Many of the constructs used to call the programs and accomplish tasks are programming constructs.

Loops, variables, case statements, flow control, and arrays, are all programming constructs available in BASH.

BASH is great for relatively quick, small tasks where speed of processing isn't much of an issue.

However, some types of work require more speed, or flexibility, or types of programming constructs, than are available in BASH.

Creating a Web Server, or Web Browser would not be pretty or efficient, or maybe even possible using BASH.

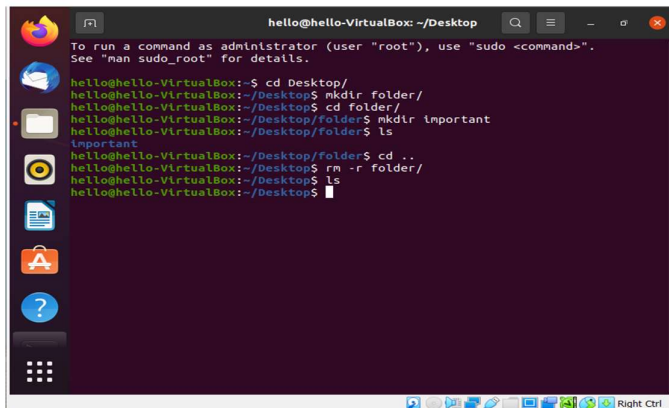
Other languages are better suited to many applications.

Programming

Full programming languages have functionality and efficiency when used for things they are good at that BASH can't do as easily or as quickly, or again in some cases even at all.

Object oriented programming lets you modularize and re-use code. You can call a script from another script, but this isn't the same as instantiating an object in an object oriented programming language.

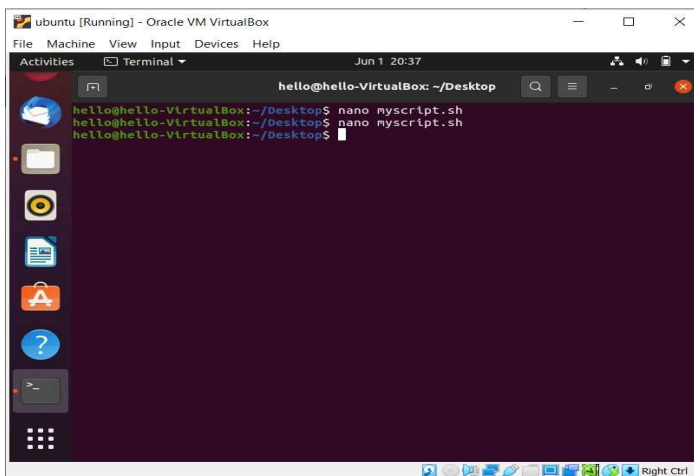
→ create directory and remove directory



```
hello@hello-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.

hello@hello-VirtualBox:~$ cd Desktop/
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ mkdir folder/
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ cd folder/
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/folder$ mkdir important
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/folder$ ls
important
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/folder$ cd ..
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ rm -r folder/
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
```

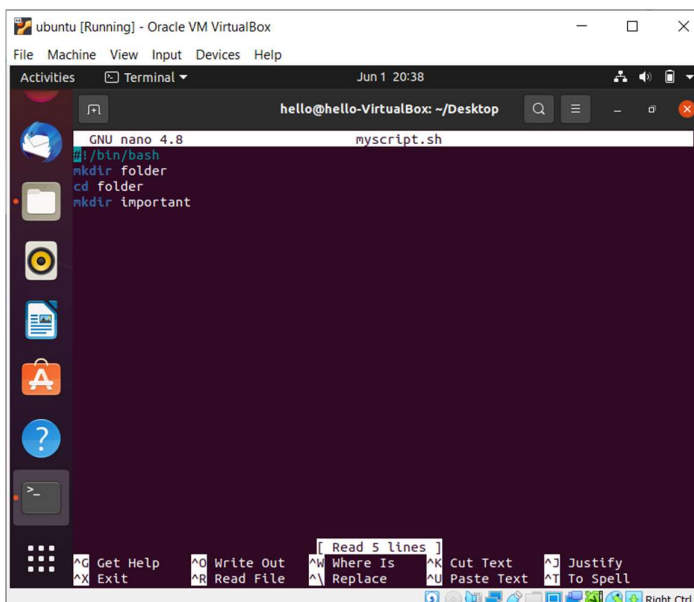
→ created myscript.sh file, this is a script file here I write our script what we plan to make



```
ubuntu [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
Activities Terminal Jun 1 20:37

hello@hello-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ nano myscript.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ nano myscript.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
```

→ After write a scrip we save this file

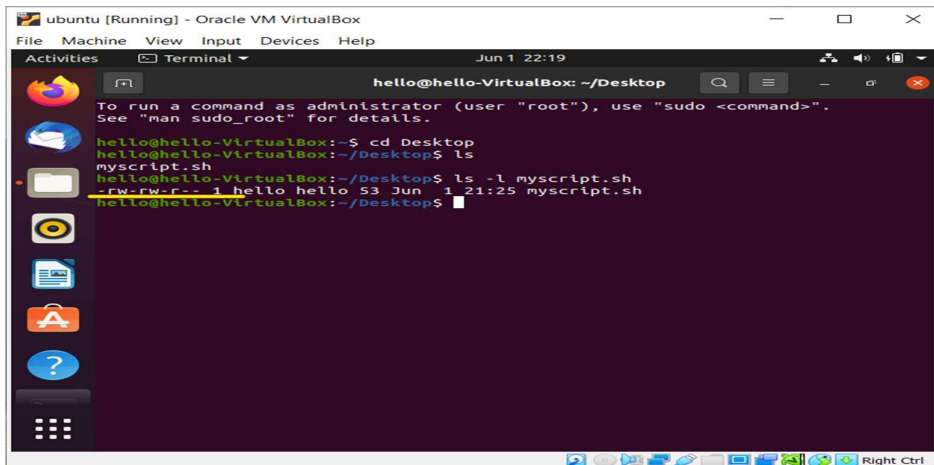


```
ubuntu [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
Activities Terminal Jun 1 20:38

hello@hello-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop
GNU nano 4.8 myscript.sh
#!/bin/bash
mkdir folder
cd folder
mkdir important

[ Read 5 lines ]
^G Get Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut Text ^J Justify
^X Exit ^R Read File ^A Replace ^U Paste Text ^T To Spell
```

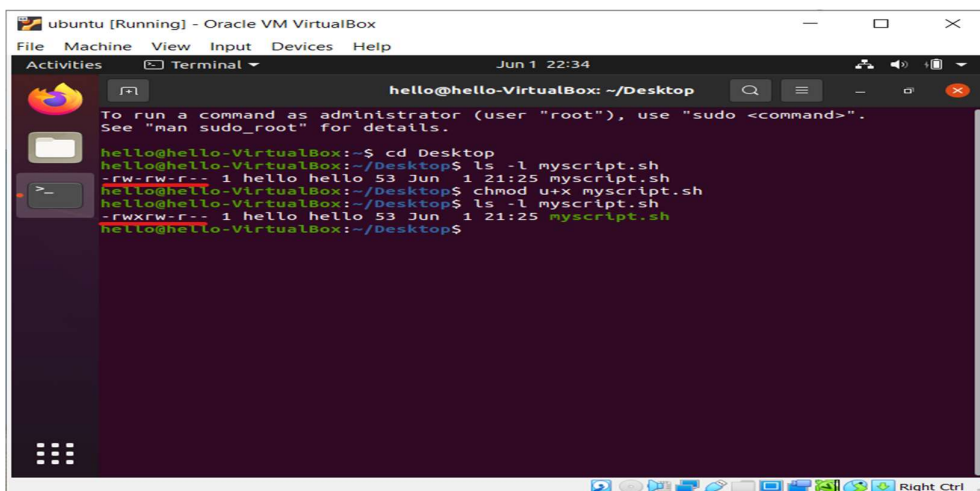
→ We have not a permission to execute our file



A terminal window titled 'hello@hello-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop'. The user has navigated to the Desktop directory and run 'ls -l myscript.sh'. The output shows the file permissions as '-rw-rw-r-- 1 hello hello 53 Jun 1 21:25 myscript.sh'. The first character is a hyphen, indicating the file is not executable.

```
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ cd Desktop
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ ls
myscript.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ ls -l myscript.sh
-rw-rw-r-- 1 hello hello 53 Jun 1 21:25 myscript.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
```

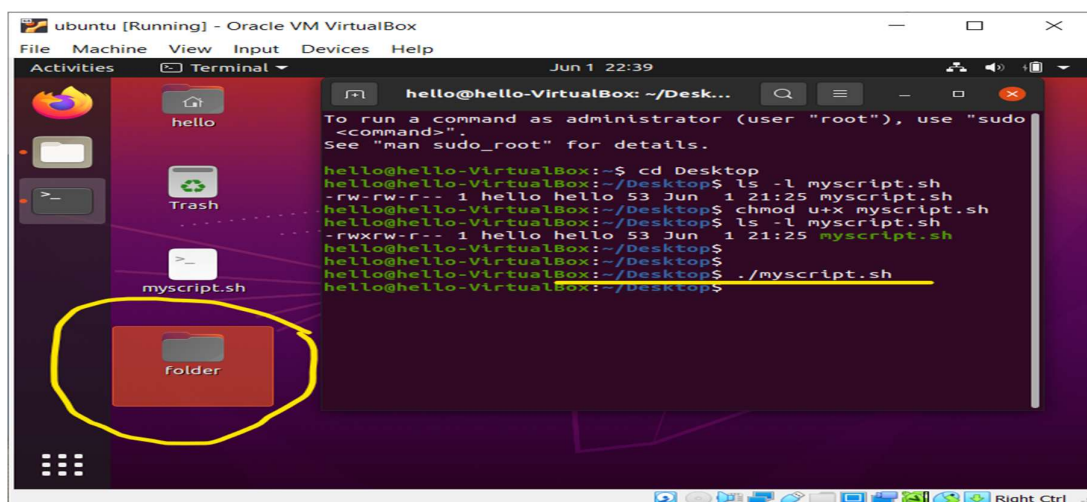
→ Now we have a permission to execute our file



A terminal window titled 'hello@hello-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop'. The user has run 'ls -l myscript.sh' and then 'chmod u+x myscript.sh'. The output of the second command shows the permissions as '-rwxrwxr-- 1 hello hello 53 Jun 1 21:25 myscript.sh', where the first character is now 'x', indicating the file is executable.

```
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ cd Desktop
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ ls -l myscript.sh
-rw-rw-r-- 1 hello hello 53 Jun 1 21:25 myscript.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ chmod u+x myscript.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ ls -l myscript.sh
-rwxrwxr-- 1 hello hello 53 Jun 1 21:25 myscript.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
```

→ We use this command to create an empty directory, our empty directory name is folder & in folder we have one more folder name is (Important).

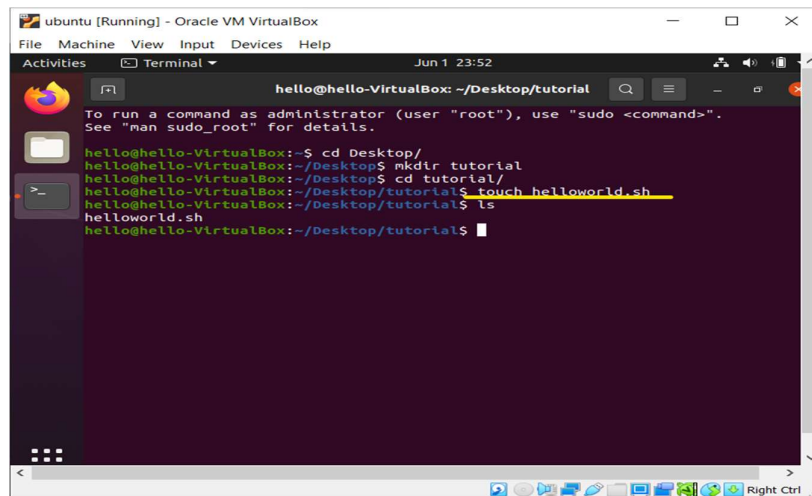


A terminal window titled 'hello@hello-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop'. The user has run 'cd Desktop', 'ls -l myscript.sh', 'chmod u+x myscript.sh', and then './myscript.sh'. The output of the last command shows the file permissions as '-rwxrwxr-- 1 hello hello 53 Jun 1 21:25 myscript.sh'. The file 'myscript.sh' is highlighted in the terminal output.

```
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ cd Desktop
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ ls -l myscript.sh
-rw-rw-r-- 1 hello hello 53 Jun 1 21:25 myscript.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ chmod u+x myscript.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ ls -l myscript.sh
-rwxrwxr-- 1 hello hello 53 Jun 1 21:25 myscript.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ ./myscript.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
```

===== new chapter=====

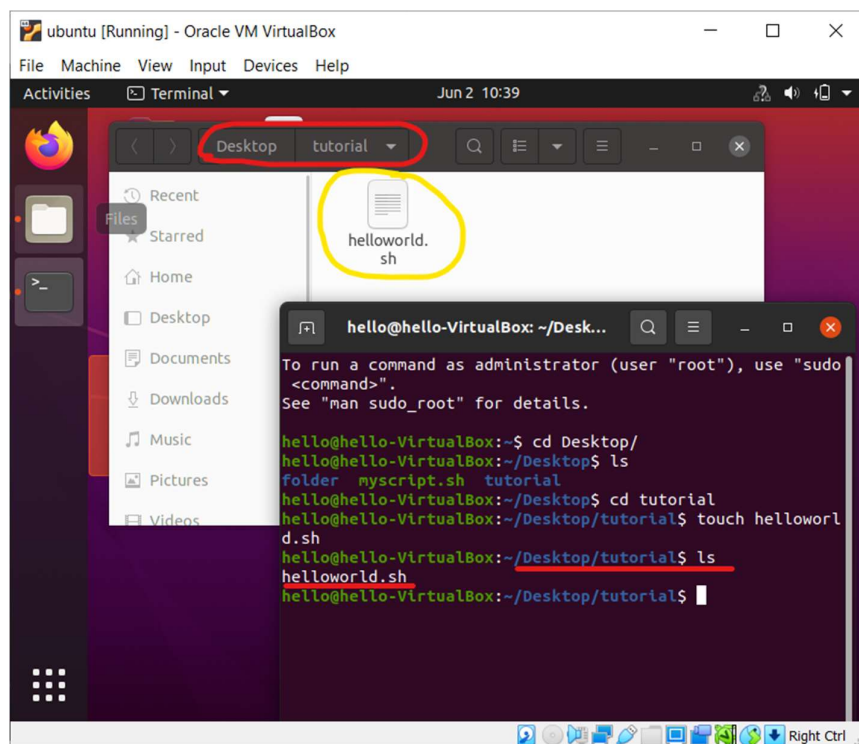
→ Create a helloworld.sh file in directory



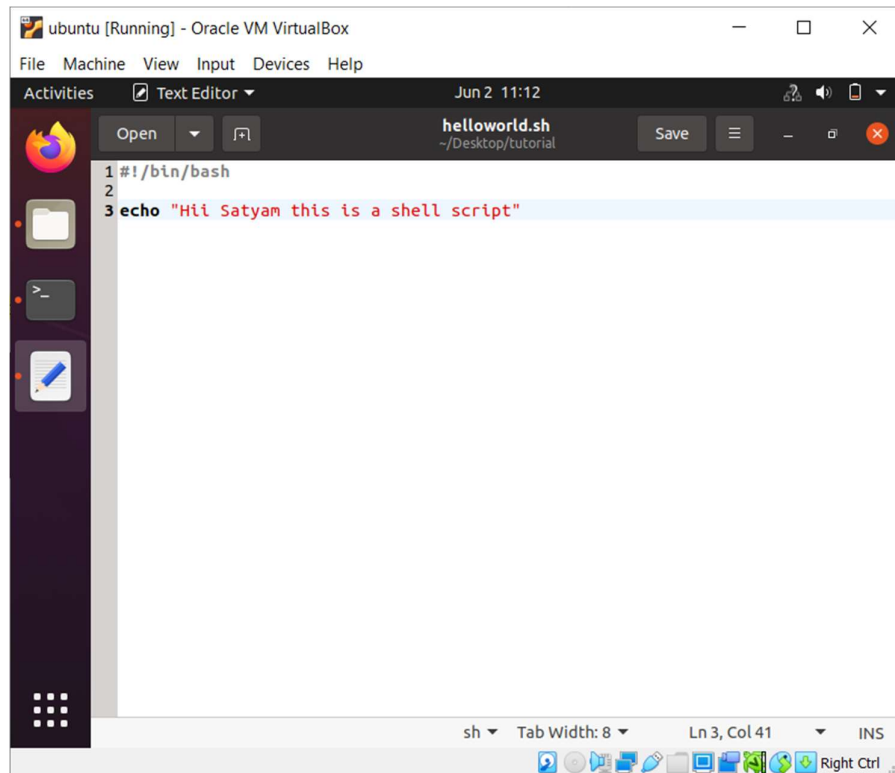
A terminal window titled 'ubuntu [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox' with a menu bar (File, Machine, View, Input, Devices, Help) and a status bar (Jun 1 23:52). The terminal shows the following commands and output:

```
hello@hello-VirtualBox: ~/Desktop/tutorial
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~$ cd Desktop/
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ mkdir tutorial
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ cd tutorial/
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/tutorial$ touch helloworld.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/tutorial$ ls
helloworld.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/tutorial$
```

→ Create a file name is helloworld.sh, & go to file path and open with text editor.



→ Open helloworld.sh file in editor and write script & Save file



→ We have not a permission to execute this file,

```
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/tutorial$ touch helloworld.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/tutorial$ ls
helloworld.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/tutorial$ ls -l
total 4
-rw-rw-r-- 1 hello hello 54 Jun  2 11:06 helloworld.sh
```

→ We have not a permission to execute this file, so firstly we take a permission to execute this file.

→ Now we got x to execute or file.

```
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/tutorial$ chmod u+x helloworld.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/tutorial$ ls -l
ls-l: command not found
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/tutorial$ ls -l
total 4
-rwxrw-r-- 1 hello hello 54 Jun  2 11:06 helloworld.sh
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/tutorial$ ./helloworld.sh
Hii Satyam this is a shell script
hello@hello-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/tutorial$
```