# 3 - Constructions

## EE1030:Matrix Theory

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### Question:3.3.14

Construct a right triangle in which the sides, (other than the hypotenuse) are of length 6 cm and 8 cm. (10, 2012)

#### **Solution:**

Actual Name	Assigned Variable	Given values
AB	c	6 cm
BC	a	8 cm
∠ABC	∠B	90°

Table 3.3.14.1 0: Variables and its values

Let AB = 6 cm and BC = 8cm.

Consider the right angle at **B**, so that  $\angle B = 90^\circ$ ,  $\cos(\angle B) = 0$ ,  $\sin(\angle B) = 1$ In  $\triangle ABC$ , if **B** is considered as origin then the coordinates are represented by

$$\mathbf{A} = c \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\angle B) \\ \sin(\angle B) \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.1}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ c \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.2}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.3}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.4}$$

Therefore the coordinates of A, B, C are

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.5}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 8\\0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.7}$$

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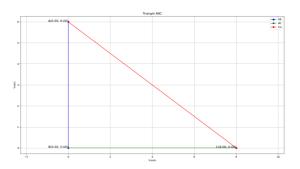


Fig. 0.1: Triangle ABC