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let, var, const

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Outline

01 Objec

02 Redeclare

03 Reassign

04 Hoisting

Along with examples

Scope

var → function scope

let, const → block scope

var

```
function test() {  
  if (true) {  
    var y = 20;  
    // declared in block  
  }  
  console.log(y);  
  // 20  
}  
  
test();
```

let

```
function test() {  
  if (true) {  
    let x = 10; // declared block  
  }  
  console.log(x);  
  // ✗ Reference Error  
}  
  
test();
```

const

```
function test() {  
  if (true) {  
    const y = 20;  
    // declared inside block  
  }  
  console.log(y);  
  // ✗ ReferenceError  
  // (not accessible)  
}  
  
test();
```

Redeclare

var → can be redeclared

let, const → cannot be redeclared

var

We can do following

`var x =10`

`var x = 20`

let

`let x= 10`

`x=20`

const

`const x=10,`

`x=20; // not allowed to
change the contents here.`

Reassign

var, let → can be reassigned

const → cannot be reassigned

var

```
var x=10  
x=20
```

let

```
let x = 10  
x=20
```

const

```
const x=10  
x=20 // not at all
```

Hoisted

var	let	const
var is hoisted and initialized with undefined , so you can access it before declaration (but value is undefined).	let is hoisted but not initialized , so you can't use it before declaration → this period is called TDZ (Temporal Dead Zone) .	Same as let, but stricter → const must be initialized at the moment of declaration.
console.log(a); // undefined var a = 10; console.log(a); // ↗ 10	console.log(b); // ✗ ReferenceError (Temporal Dead Zone) let b = 20; console.log(b); // ↗ 20	console.log(c); // ✗ ReferenceError (TDZ) const c = 30; console.log(c); // ↗ 30
var a; // declaration hoisted to the top console.log(a); // undefined a = 10; // initialization happens here console.log(a); // 10	// JS knows 'b' exists (hoisted), but puts it in a "Temporal Dead Zone" let b; // not initialized yet console.log(b); // ✗ Error: Cannot access before initialization b = 20; // initialized here console.log(b); // 20	// JS hoists 'c' but keeps it in TDZ until initialized const c; // must be initialized immediately console.log(c); // ✗ Error c = 30; // initialization (but const requires declaration + initialization together) console.log(c); // 30

Conclusion

- var is unsafe to use.
- Before ES6 → var was widely used.
- ES7 onwards → only let & const are used.





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