



PRÁCTICA FINAL

Grado en Ingeniería de Robótica Software

Partes Implementadas

- Detección pelota 2D y proyección
 3D
- Detección pelota 3D y proyección 2D
- Proyección líneas 2D y 3D
- (Extra) Proyección pelota 2D a 3D con el radio calculado en 2D y centro corregido

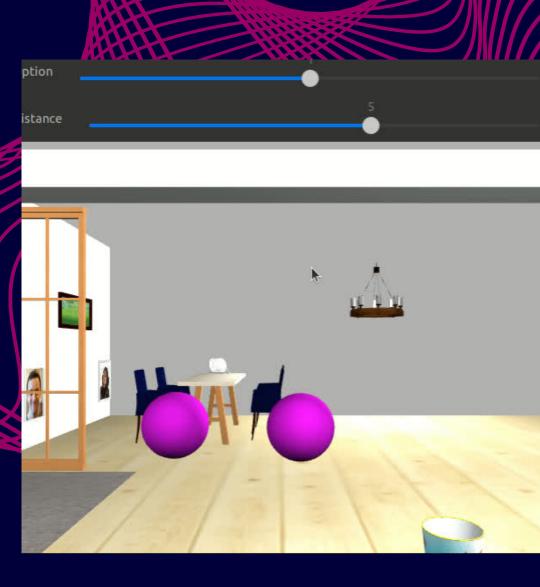
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Detección de una persona en la escena

```
// Load the network
net = cv::dnn::readNetFromDarknet(MODEL_CONFIG_PATH, MODEL_WEIGHTS_PATH
net.setPreferableBackend(cv::dnn::DNN TARGET CPU);
// Create a 4D blob from a frame.
cv::dnn::blobFromImage(
    image, blob, 1 / 255.0, cv::Size(INP_WIDTH, INP_HEIGHT), cv::Scalar
      0), true, false);
//Sets the input to the network
net.setInput(blob);
// Runs the forward pass to get output of the output layers
net.forward(outs, getOutputsNames(net));
// Get the output layers
std::vector<int> outLayers = net.getUnconnectedOutLayers();
std::vector<std::string> layerNames = net.getLayerNames();
std::vector<cv::Rect> detections;
std::vector<int> classIds;
std::vector<float> confidences;
std::vector<cv::Rect> boxes;
// Check if any person is detected
for (int i = 0; i < (int)boxes.size(); ++i)
    int classId = classIds[i];
    float confidence = confidences[i];
    if (classId == 0 && confidence > CONF THREESHOLD)
        detections.push back(boxes[i]);
        human detected = true;
        return;
human detected = false;
```







PERSONA NO DETECTADA Extra: proyección pelota 2D a 3D teniendo en cuenta el radio en 2D y centro

```
void filter pink balls(const cv::Mat image)
 cv::Mat pink mask, gray, output image = image.clone();
 cv::Vec3i c:
 cv::Point center;
 std::vector<cv::Vec3f> circles;
 size t i;
 int radius;
 // Apply mask to isolate pink color (hsv image for a better filter)
 pink mask = filter pink(image);
 // Blur image for a better circle detection
 cv::medianBlur(pink mask, gray, BLUR APERTURE SIZE);
 // Find circles
 cv::HoughCircles(gray, circles, cv::HOUGH GRADIENT, INVERSE RATIO ACCUM,
                   gray.rows/16, PINK_BALL_LOWER_THEESHOLD, PINK_BALL_UPPER_THREESHOLD,
                  MIN CIRCLE RADIUS, MAX CIRCLE RADIUS);
 // Store circles info
 detected balls2d = circles.size();
 for (i = 0; i < circles.size(); i++ ) {
     c = circles[i];
      center = cv::Point(c[0], c[1]);
      radius = c[2];
     balls2D list[i].x = center.x;
     balls2D list[i].y = center.y;
     balls2D list[i].radius = radius;
```

CVNODE PCLNODE

Demostración del funcionamiento

