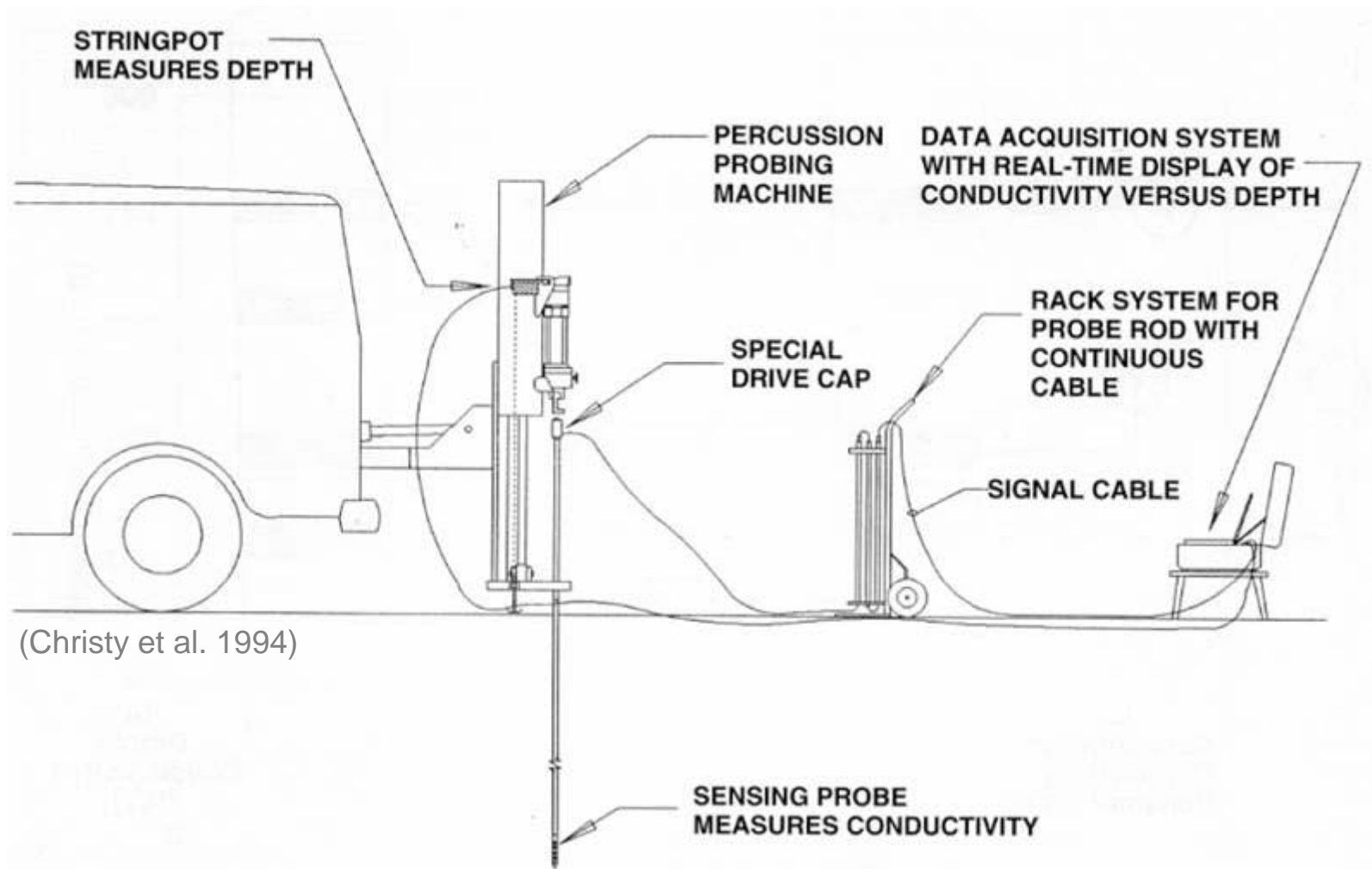
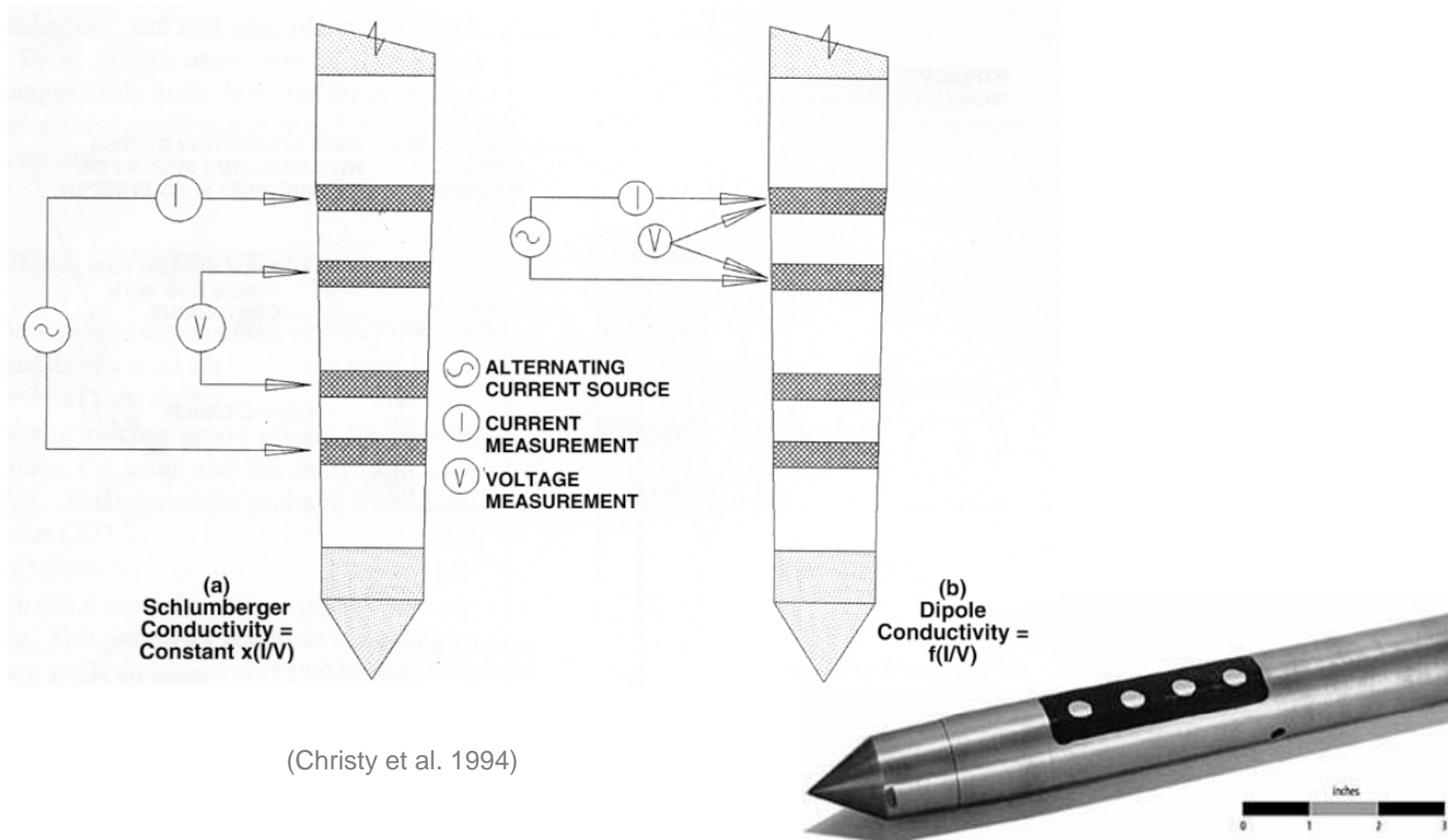


3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → EC-profiling



3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → EC-profiling



(Christy et al. 1994)

3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → EC-profiling examples

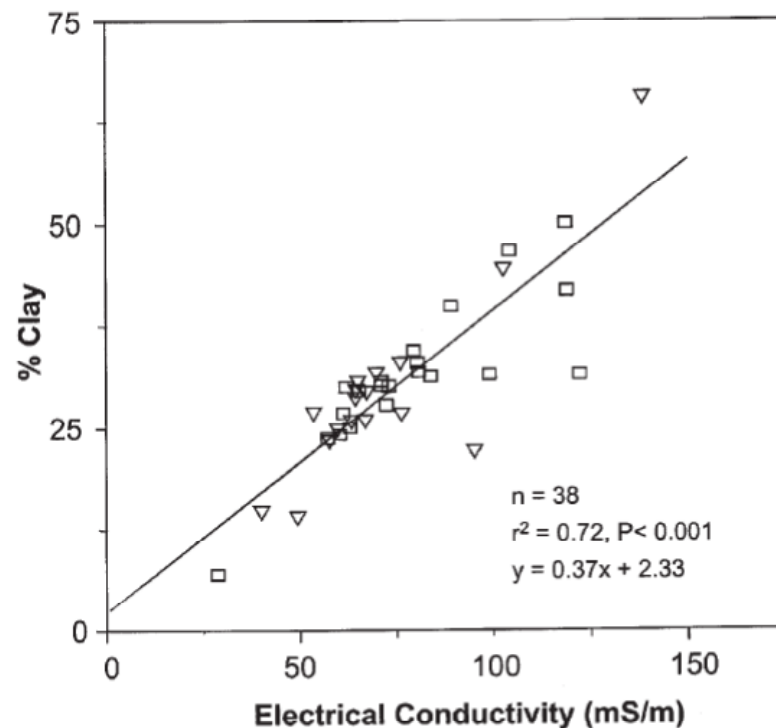


Figure 8. Percent clay and average EC values for samples from Core 1 (squares) and Core 2 (inverted triangles). Because EC data from the upper and lower 3 cm of sample interval reflect the transition between intervals, only those samples >6 cm in thickness were included in the regression. Similarly, EC data from the upper and lower 3 cm of a sample interval were not used to compute the average EC value for that interval.

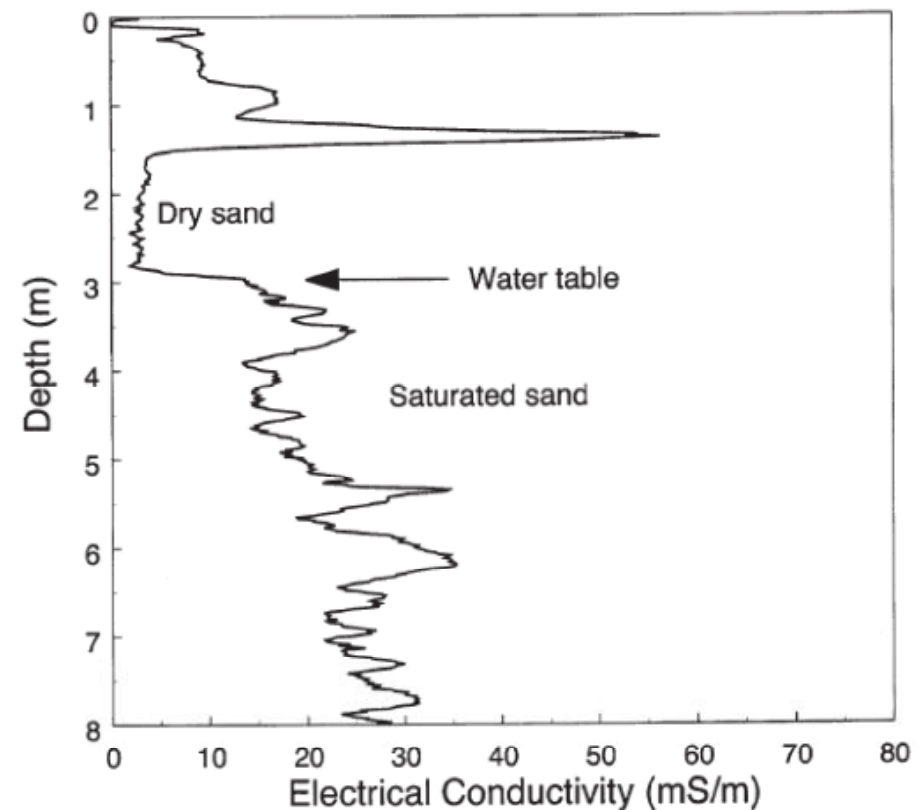
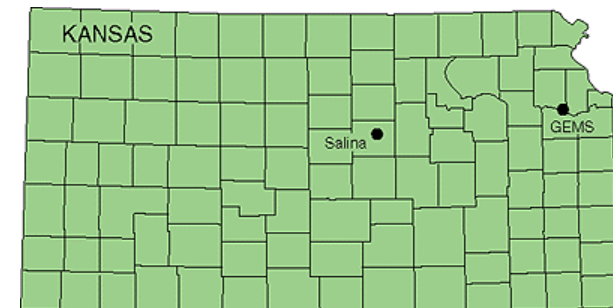
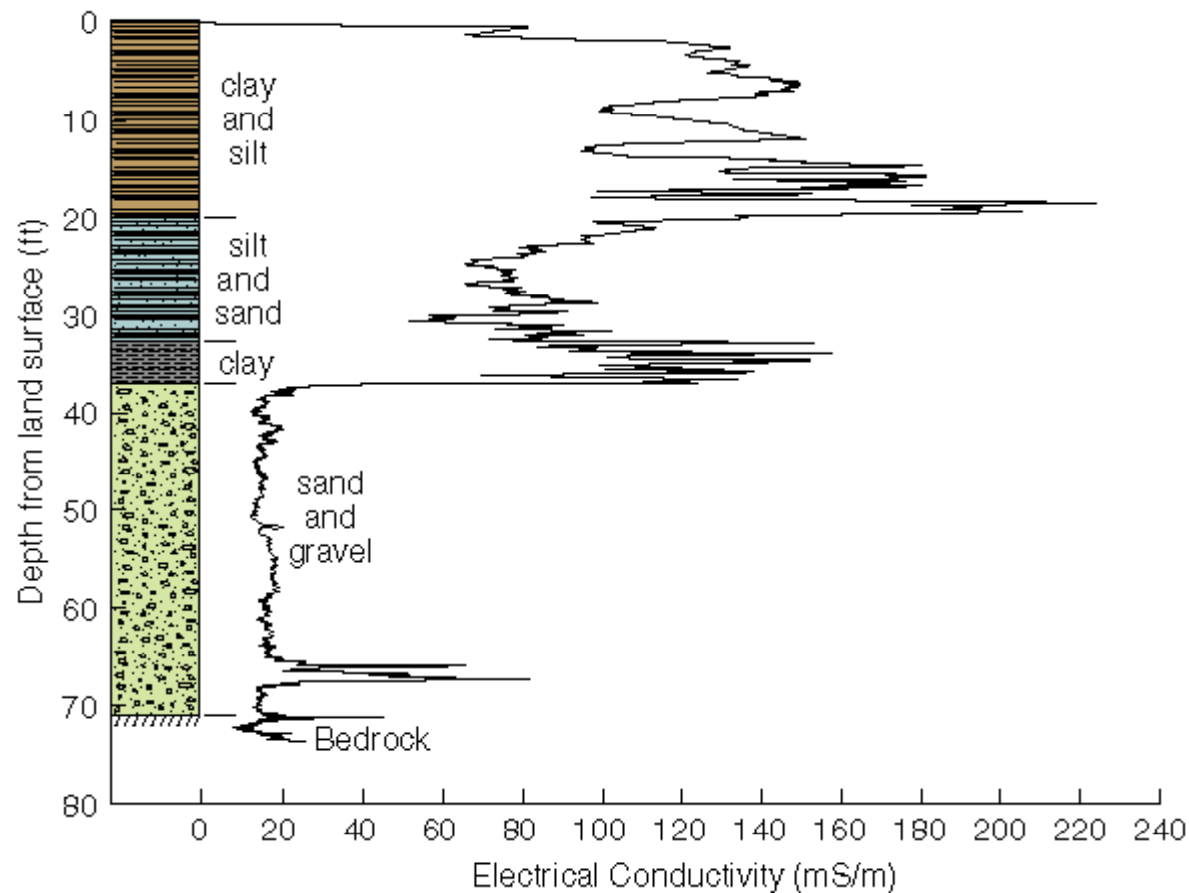


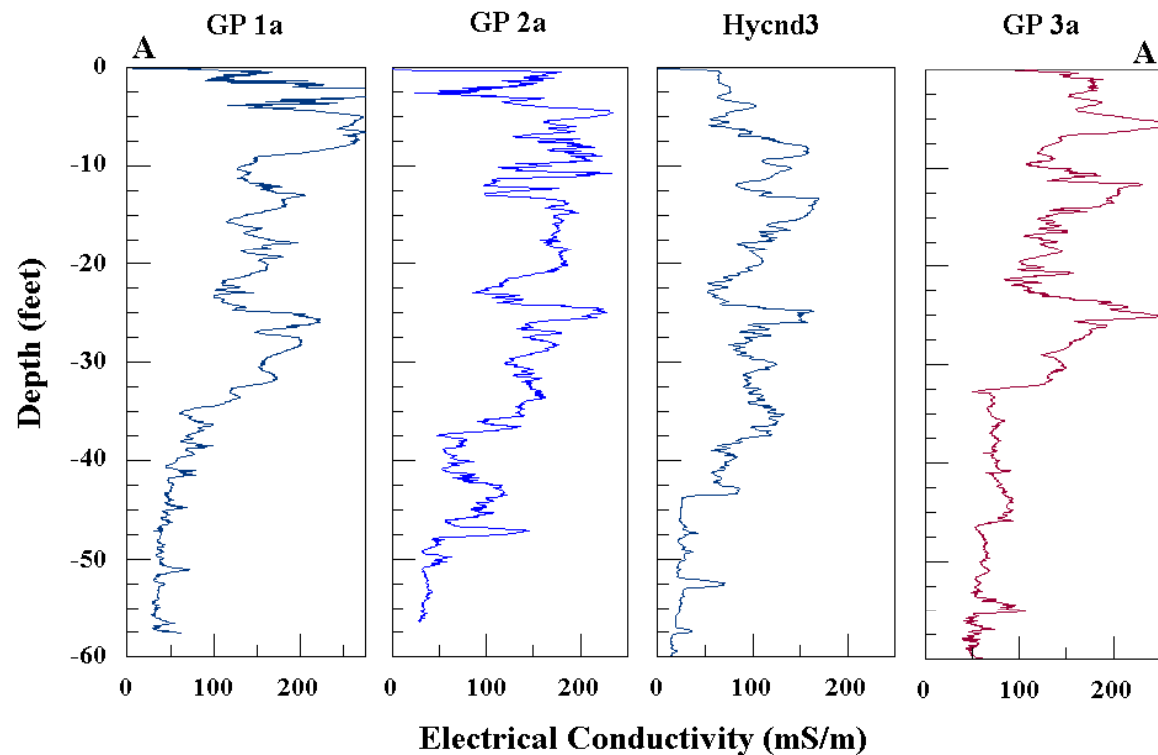
Figure 11. Direct-push EC log from the east bank of the Arkansas River near Kinsley, Kansas.

(Schulmeister et al. 2002)

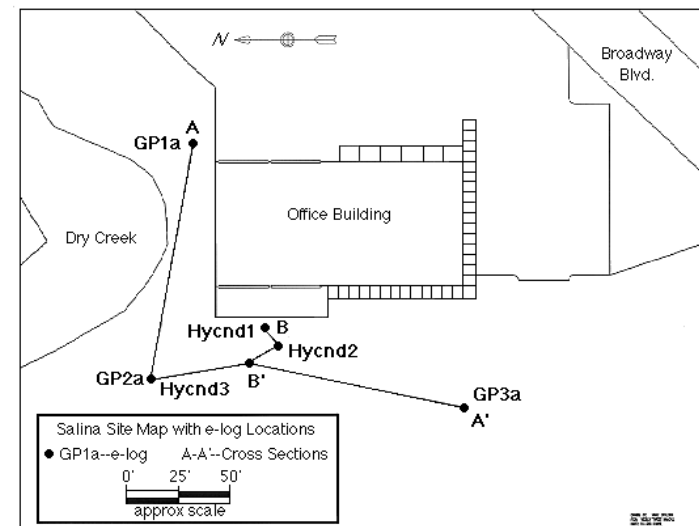
3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → EC-profiling examples



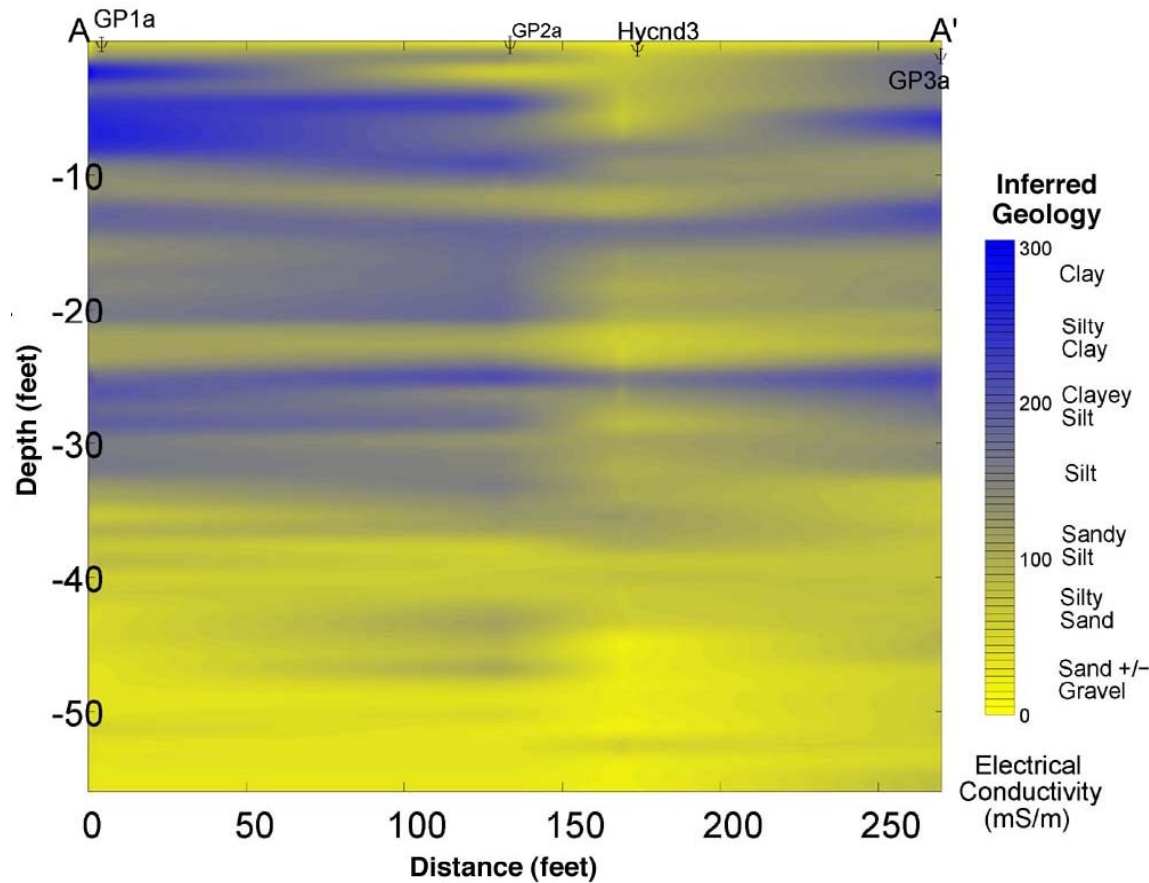
3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → EC-profiling examples



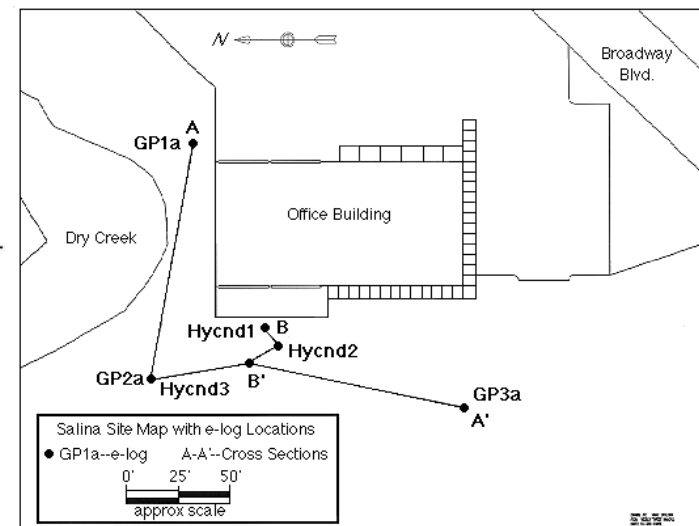
(KGS Open-File Report 99-40)



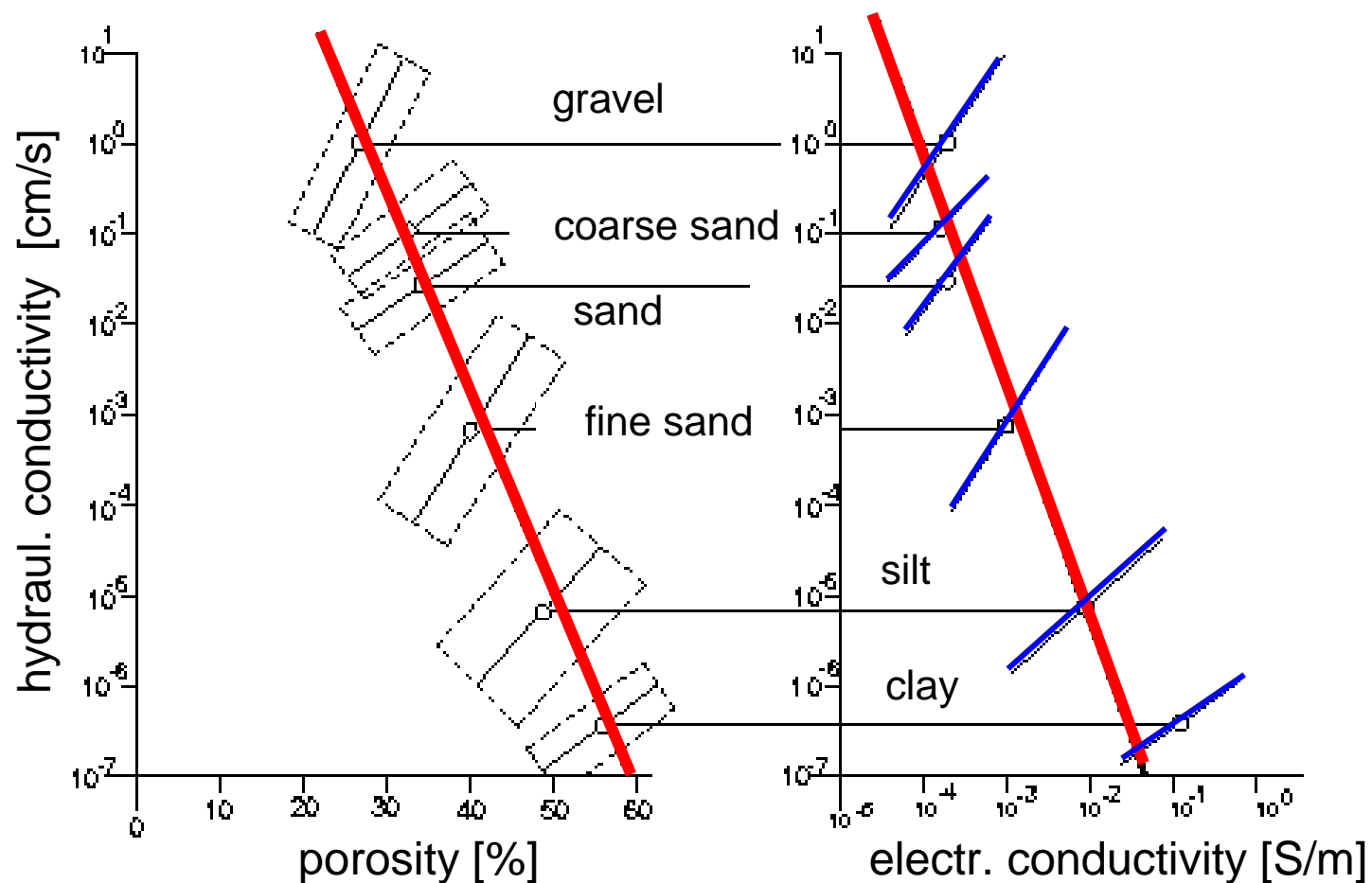
3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → EC-profiling examples



(KGS Open-File Report 99-40)



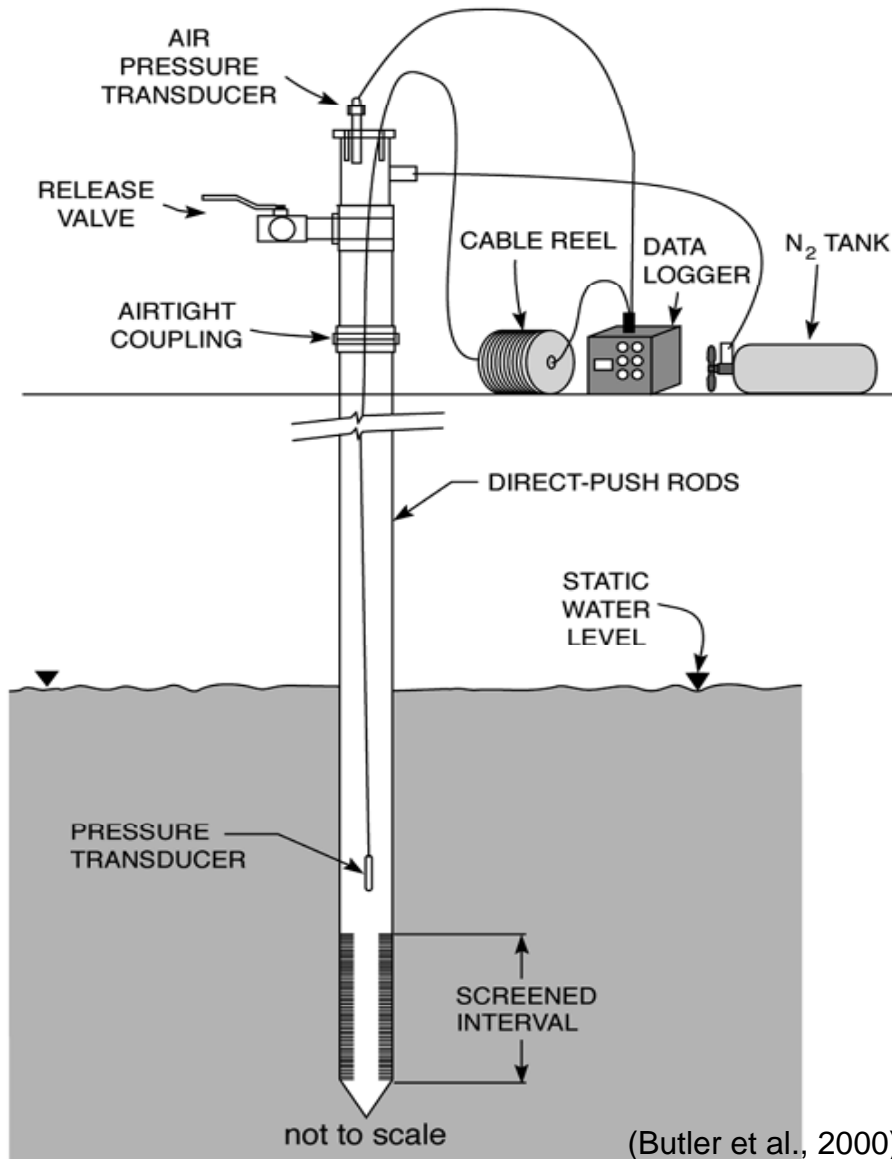
3. Relationship between geophysical and hydrogeological parameters



(Chouker, 1970)

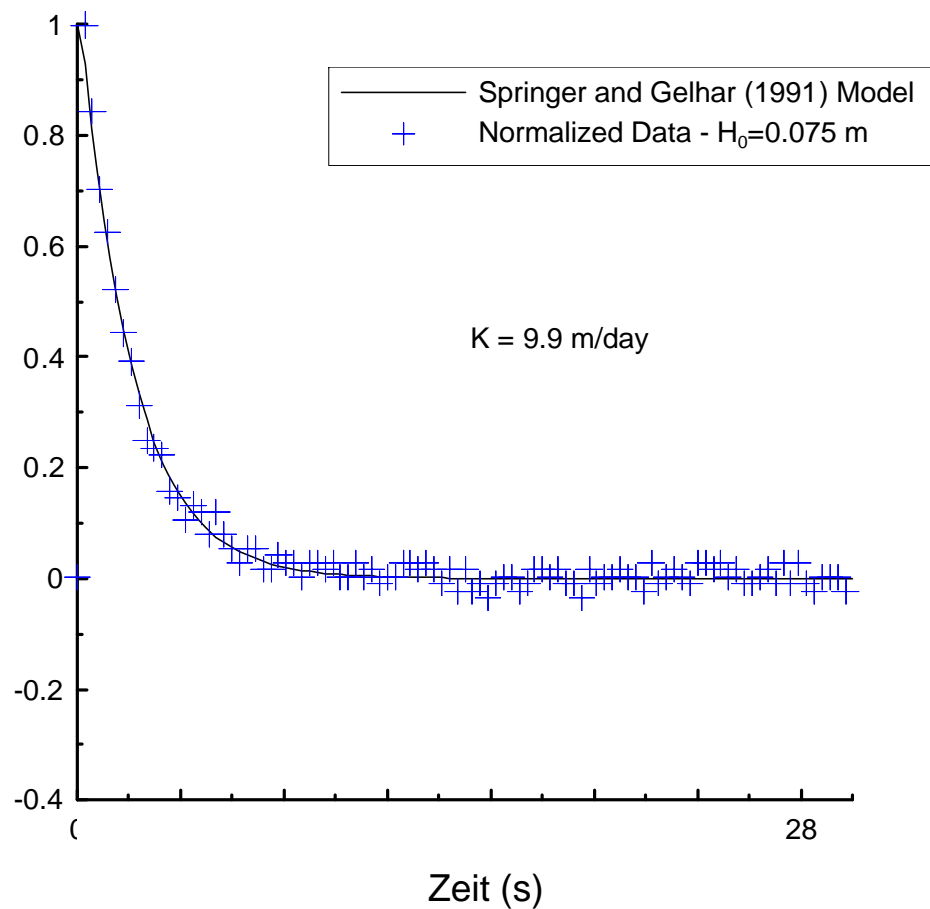
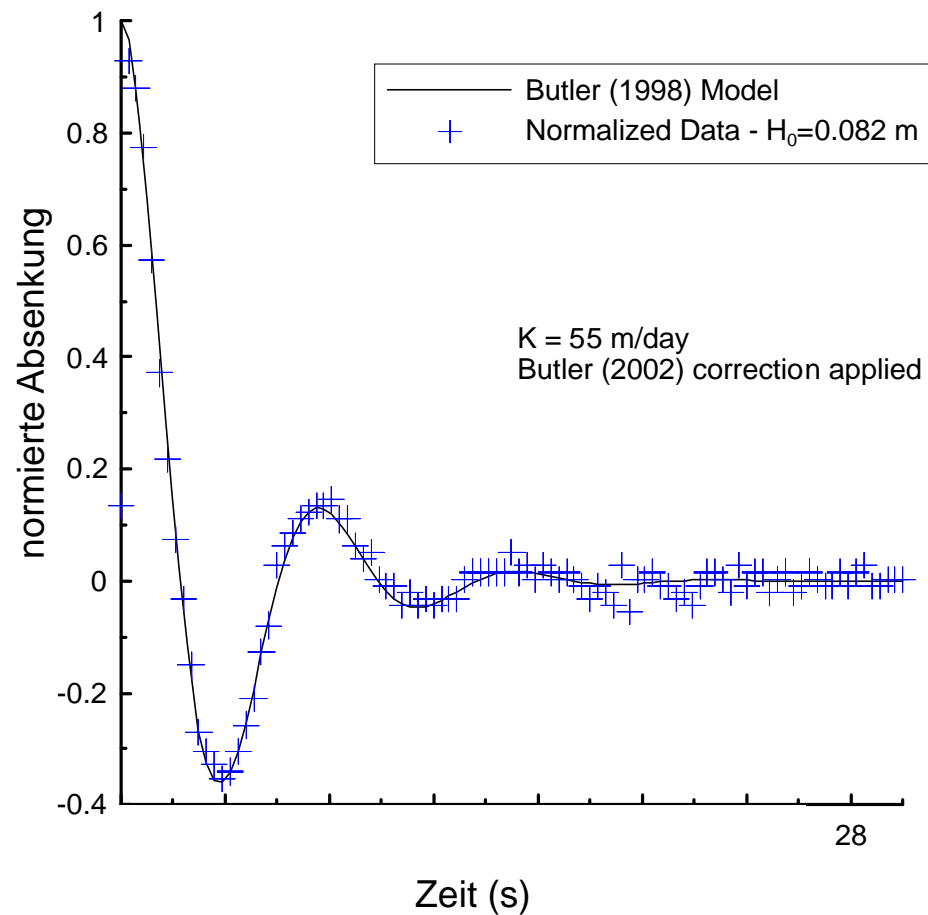
3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → hydraulic methods: Direct Push Slug Test (DPST)

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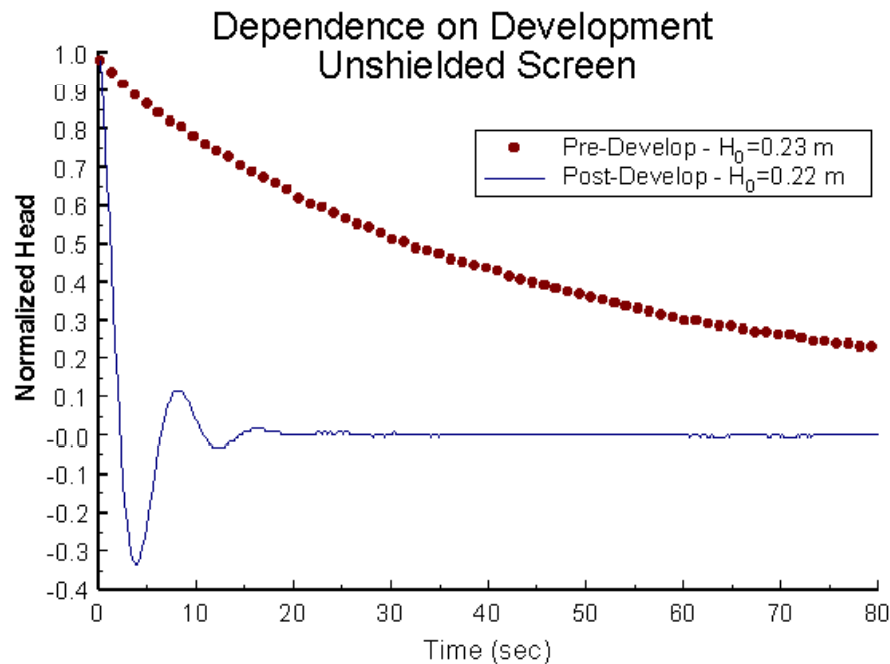


(www.kgs.ku.edu/Hydro/Publications/OFR00_40/index.html)

3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → hydraulic methods: Direct Push Slug Test (DPST)

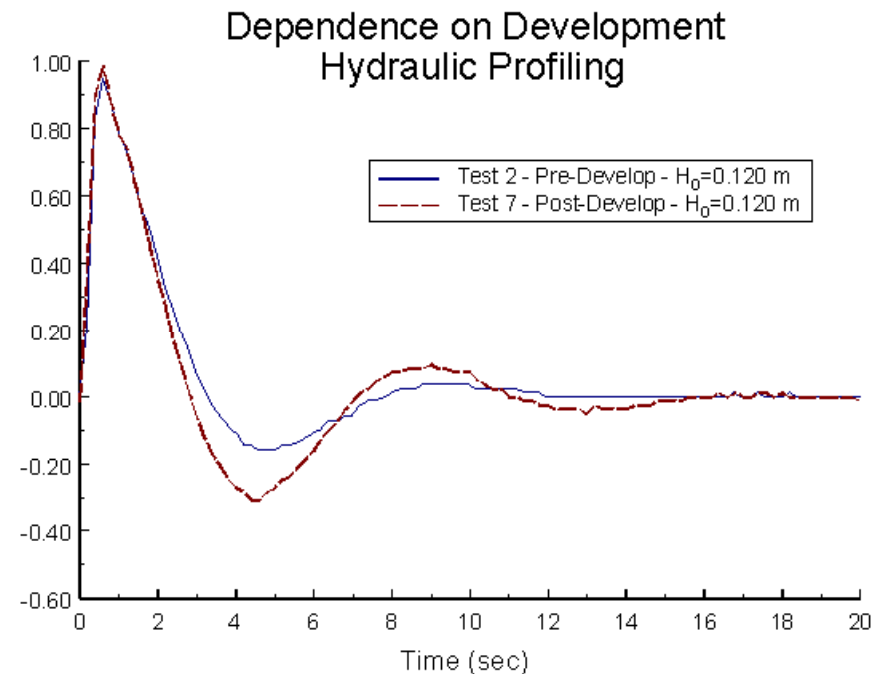


3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → hydraulic methods: Direct Push Slug Test (DPST)



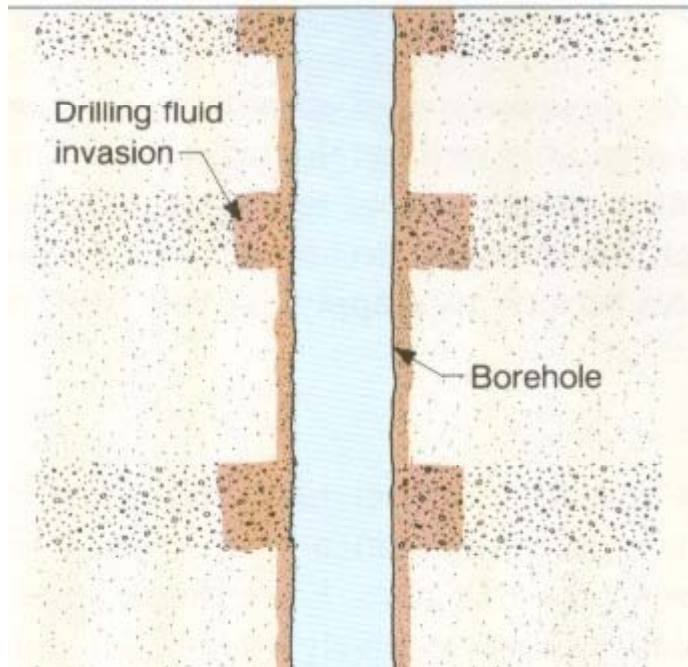
Note: different time scale!

Caution: Well development!

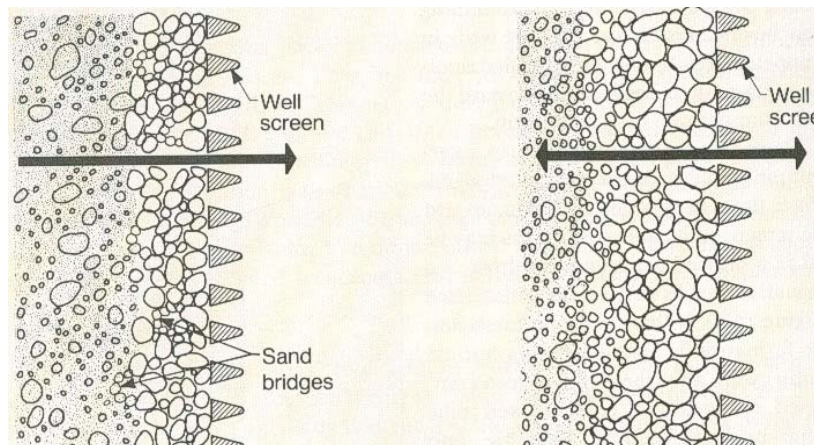
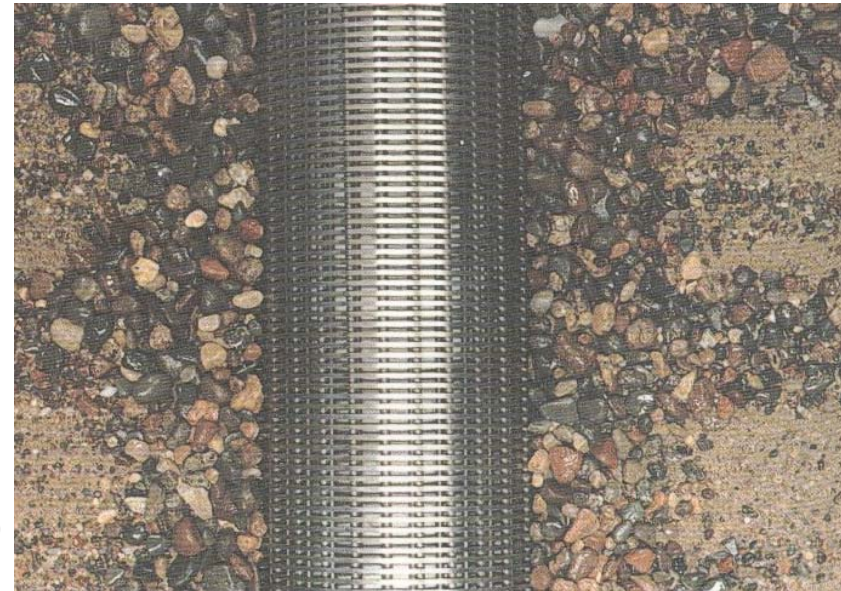


3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → hydraulic methods: Direct Push Slug Test (DPST) Well development

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(Driscoll, 1986)

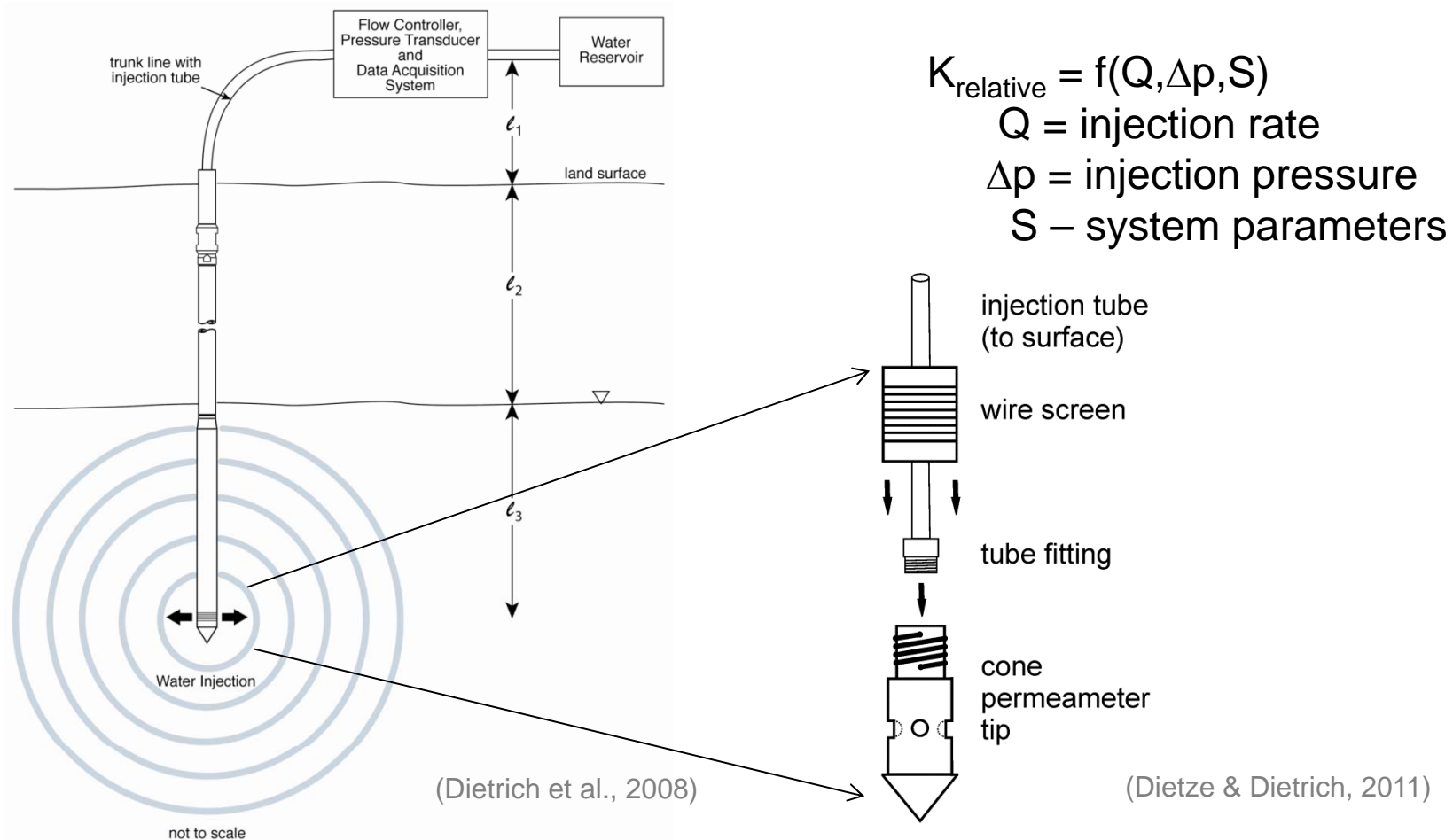


methods:

- over pumping
- purging ("surge block")
- (air) jetting

3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions

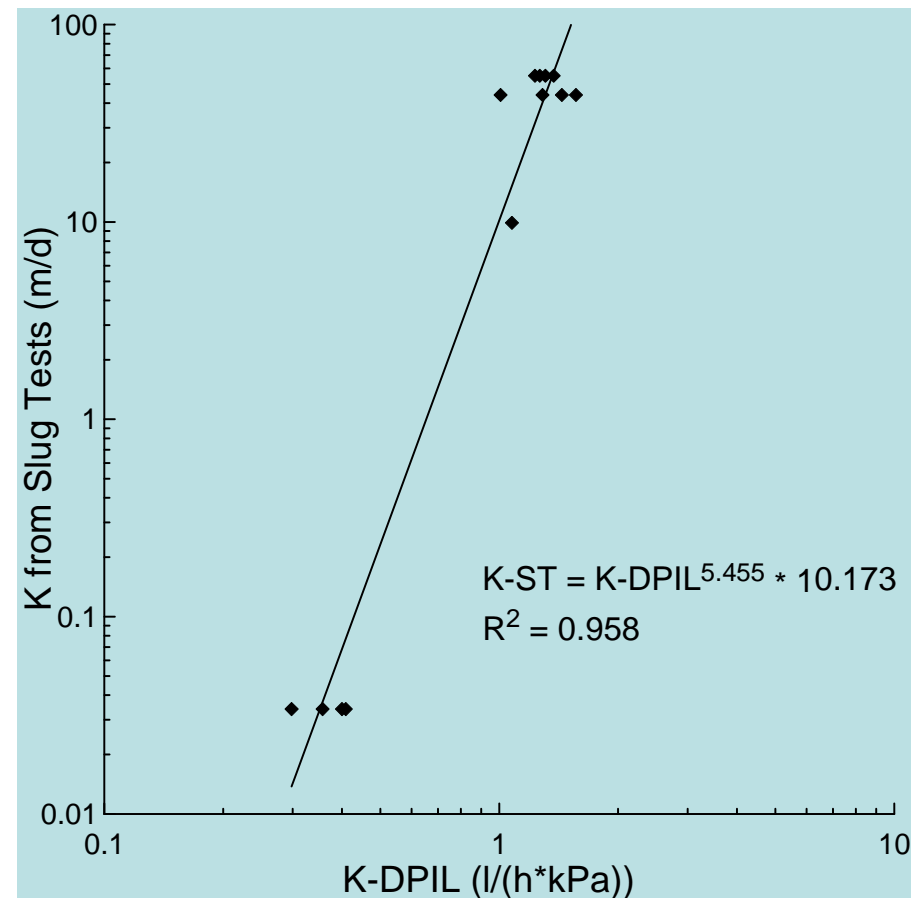
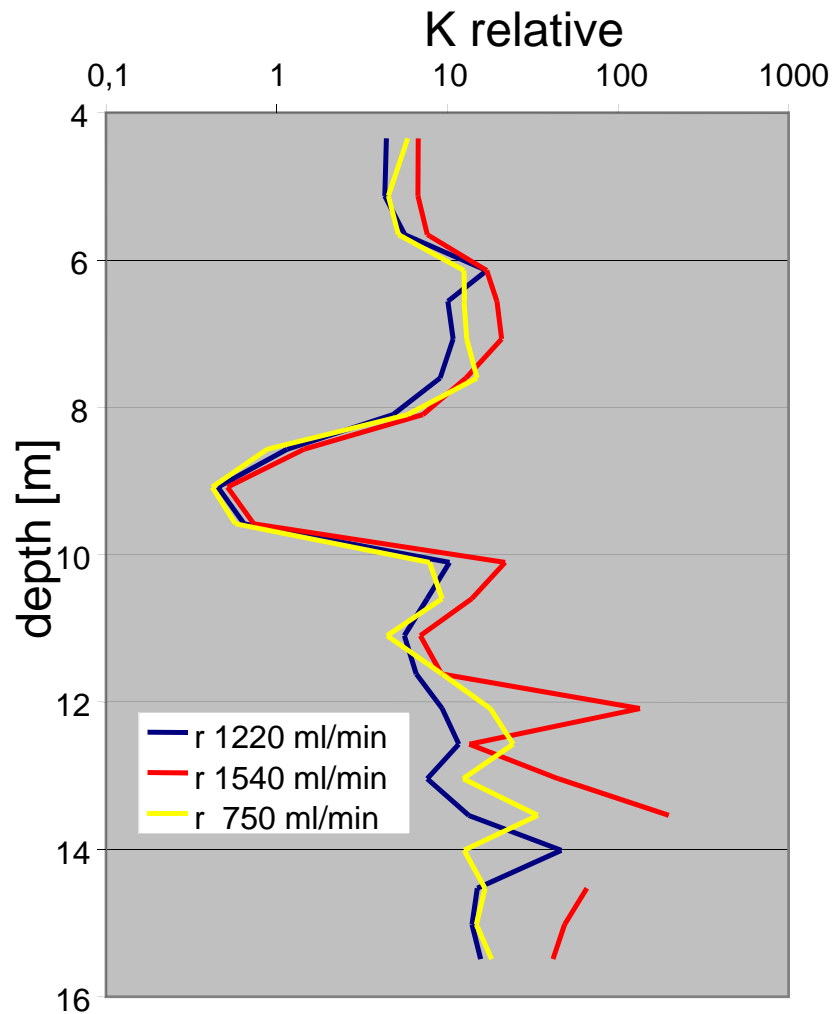
→ Injection logging (DPIL): relative hydraulic conductivity



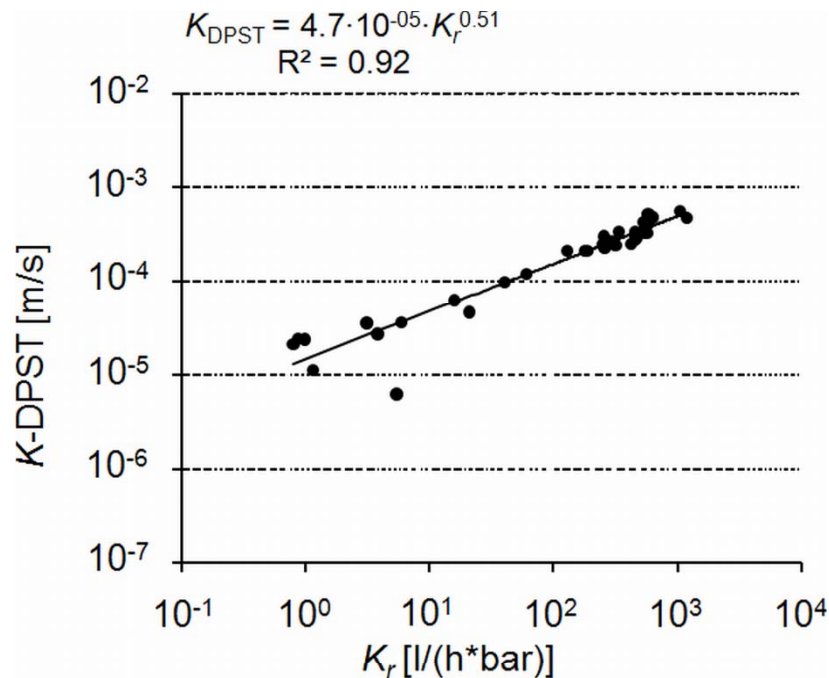
3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → Injection logging (DPIL): relative hydraulic conductivity



3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → Injection logging: results



3. *In situ* measurements of subsurface conditions → Injection logging: results Pirna



Deriving hydraulic conductivity:
calibration of DPIL-K-values with K-Slug Tests

(Dietze & Dietrich, 2011)

