E-COMMERCE DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

OBJECTIVES

The Prime Objective of our database project is to design a robust E-commerce database by performing operations such as

- ❖ Viewing orders
- ❖ Placing orders
- ❖ Updating database
- ❖ Reviewing products
- ❖ Maintaining data consistency across tables

Using features such as :

- Triggers
- Stored procedures
- Functions
- Transactions

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- ★ A Customer can see the account details and can update if required.
- \star Customer can search the products according to the category.
- \star Customer can add his wishlist to the cart and can see the total amount.
- ★ Customer can update the cart whenever required.
- * Customer can choose the mode of payment.
- ★ Customer can keep track of the order by seeing order status.
- ★ Customer can review the products which have been purchased.
- \star A Seller can see the account details and can update if required.
- ★ Seller can add or delete the products.
- ★ Seller can update the stock of a particular product whether it is available or not.
- ★ Seller can keep track of total sales of his products.
- \star Seller can know the sales on a particular day or month or year.
- ★ Seller can see the customer reviews and can improve the quality of products based on that.

NON FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- \star A Customer cannot access the Seller details and vice-versa.
- \bigstar There should not be any inconsistency in the data.
- \star There should not be any loss of data.

Entities and their Attributes

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ENTITIES	ATTRIBUTES	ATTRIBUTE TYPE	Entity Type
			1110
Customer	Customer_CustomerId	Simple	Strong
	Name	Composite	
	Email	Simple	
	DateOfBirth	Simple	
	Phone	Multivalued	
	Age	Derived	
Order	OrderId	Simple	Strong
	ShippingDate	Simple	
	OrderDate	Simple	
	OrderAmount	Simple	
	Cart_CartID	Simple	
			Weak
OrderItem	Order_OrderId (PK)	Simple	
	Product_ProductId(FK)	Simple	
	MRP	Simple	
	Quantity	Simple	

Product	productId (PK) ProductName(FK) sellerId MRP CategoryID Stock Brand	Simple Simple Simple Simple Simple Simple Simple	Strong
Review	ReviewId(PK) Description Ratings Product_ProductId Customer_CustomerID(FK)	Simple Simple Simple Simple	Strong
Cart	cartId (PK) Customer_customerId (FK) GrandTotal ItemsTotal	Simple Simple Derived Derived	Strong
Category	CategoryID (PK) CategoryName DESCRIPTION	Simple Simple Simple	Strong
seller	sellerId (PK) Name Phone Total_Sales	Simple Simple Multivalued Derived	Strong

Payment	payment_id (PK) Order_OrderId (FK) PaymentMode Customer_CustomerId Date_of_payment	Simple Simple Simple Simple Simple	Strong
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Entities and Relations

Entities	Relation	Cardinality	Type of participation
Customer	Stays At	One To	Total
Address	ocays Ac	One	Partial
Customer	Chong	One To	Partial
Cart	Shops	One	Total
Customer	Places	One To	Partial
Order	Flaces	Many	Total
Customer	Makes	One To	Partial
Payment	Makes	Many	Total
Customer	Write	One To	Partial
Review		Many	Total

Seller Product	Sells	Many To Many	Partial Total
Category	Categorizes	One To	Partial
Product		Many	Total
Cart	Contains	Many To	Partial
Product		Many	Partial
Product	Includes	One To	Partial
OrderItem		Many	Total
Order	Includes	One To	Partial
OrderItem		One	total
Payment	For	One To	Total
Order		One	Total

QUERIES ON THE ABOVE RELATIONAL SCHEMA

- 1.Stored procedure for the details of the customer.
- 2. View for getting sales by category of products.
- 3. Using triggers to update the no. of products as soon as the payment is made.
- 4. Stored procedure for getting order history.
- 5. Processing an order
 - To process an order, one should check whether those items are in stock.
 - If items are in stock, they need to be reserved so that they go in hands of those who have expressed them in wishlist/order.
 - Once ordered the available quantity must be reduced to reflect the correct value in the stock.
 - Any items not in stock cannot be sanctioned;
 this requires confirmation from the seller.

 The customer needs to be informed as to which items are in stock (and can be shipped immediately) and which are cancelled.

6.

- Check whether the specified customer exists
- IF NOT EXISTS add him/her
- COMMIT the info
- Fetch the customer id
- INSERT a row to Order tables
- If unable to do so, ROLLBACK;
- Fetch the new orderid in orders table
- INSERT row to the order table for every
 product ordered
- If adding tuples to orderitems fails <u>ROLL</u>
 <u>BACK</u> all tuples of products added for and the tuple in order row

QUERY 1: Customers to find products with highest ratings for a given category.

QUERY 2: Customers to filter out the products according to their brand and price.

- QUERY 3:Customers to compare the products based on their ratings and reviews.
- QUERY 4: Customers to find the best seller of a particular product.
- QUERY 5:List the products which are delivered at a particular address.
- QUERY 6: List the product whose sale is the highest on a particular day.
- QUERY 7: List the category of product which has been sold the highest on a particular day.
- QUERY 8:List the customers who bought products from a particular seller the most.
- QUERY 9:List the most used payment mode on a particular day.
- QUERY 10:List all addresses of customers whose total amount is greater than 5000.
- QUERY 11:List the seller who has the highest stock of a particular product.



