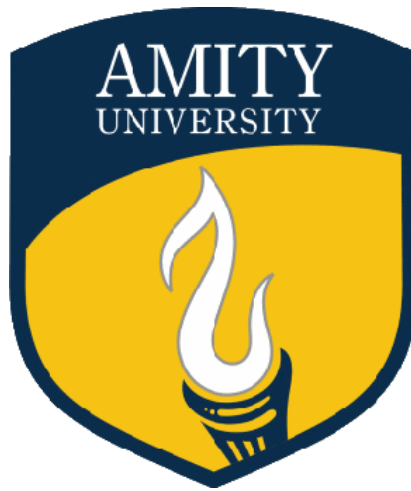


**AMITY INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**  
**PRACTICAL FILE**  
**Of**  
**CORE JAVA**



**AMITY UNIVERSITY, NOIDA**

**SUBMITTED TO:**  
**PROF. RAJESH KUMAR**

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**ENROLMENT NO. A010145023046**  
**MCA – 1 (A)**

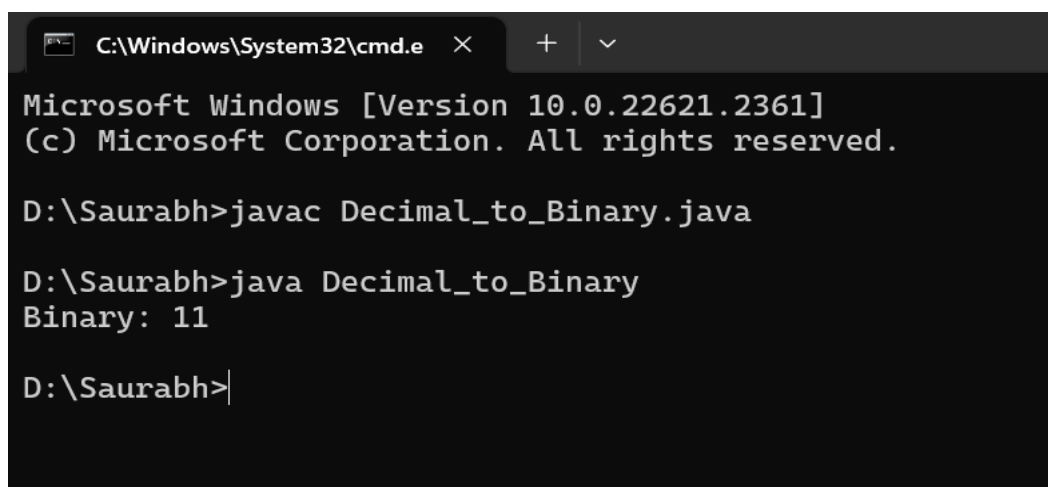
S.No	Name of the Program	Page No.	Date	Signature	Remarks
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2	WAP to check whether a number is Armstrong or not	4	23-08-2023		
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18	WAP to make 5 different coloured boxes & display them diagonally.	25 to 26	26-09-2023		
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## 1.WAP from Decimal to Binary

```
public class Decimal_to_Binary {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int decimalNumber = 3;  
        // Create an array to store binary digits  
        int[] binaryArray = new int[32];  
        int index = 0  
        // Convert decimal to binary  
        while (decimalNumber > 0) {  
            binaryArray[index++] = decimalNumber % 2;  
            decimalNumber = decimalNumber / 2;  
        }  
        // Print binary representation in reverse order  
        System.out.print("Binary: ");  
        for (int i = index - 1; i >= 0; i--) {  
            System.out.print(binaryArray[i]);  
        }  
        System.out.println(); // Print a newline  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT :



```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.e  X  +  v  
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22621.2361]  
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.  
  
D:\Saurabh>javac Decimal_to_Binary.java  
  
D:\Saurabh>java Decimal_to_Binary  
Binary: 11  
  
D:\Saurabh>
```

## 2.WAP to cheak Whether a Number is Armstrong or Not

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Armstrong {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
        int number = scanner.nextInt();
        scanner.close();

        if (isArmstrong(number)) {
            System.out.println(number + " is an Armstrong number.");
        } else {
            System.out.println(number + " is not an Armstrong number.");
        }
    }

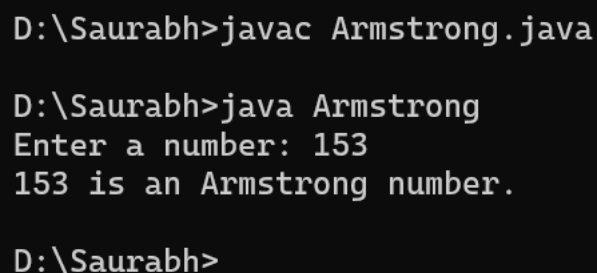
    public static boolean isArmstrong(int number) {
        int originalNumber = number;
        int numberOfDigits = countDigits(number);
        int sum = 0;

        while (number > 0) {
            int digit = number % 10;
            sum += Math.pow(digit, numberOfDigits);
            number /= 10;
        }

        return sum == originalNumber;
    }

    public static int countDigits(int number) {
        int count = 0;
        while (number != 0) {
            number /= 10;
            count++;
        }
        return count;
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:



```
D:\Saurabh>javac Armstrong.java

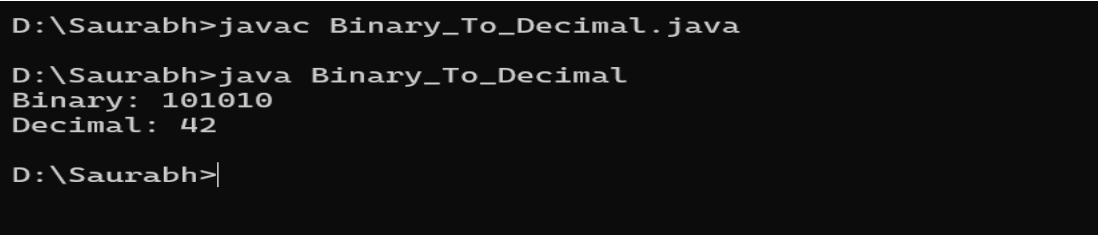
D:\Saurabh>java Armstrong
Enter a number: 153
153 is an Armstrong number.

D:\Saurabh>
```

### 3.WAP from Binary to Decimal

```
public class Binary_To_Decimal {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String binaryString = "101010";  
        int decimalNumber = binaryToDecimal(binaryString);  
        System.out.println("Binary: " + binaryString);  
        System.out.println("Decimal: " + decimalNumber);  
    }  
    public static int binaryToDecimal(String binaryString) {  
        int decimalNumber = 0;  
        int power = 0;  
        for (int i = binaryString.length() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {  
            char digitChar = binaryString.charAt(i);  
            if (digitChar == '0') {  
                decimalNumber += 0;  
            } else if (digitChar == '1') {  
                decimalNumber += Math.pow(2, power);  
            } else {  
                System.err.println("Invalid binary character: " + digitChar);  
                return -1; // Return an error value  
            }  
            power++;  
        }  
        return decimalNumber;  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT :



```
D:\Saurabh>javac Binary_To_Decimal.java  
D:\Saurabh>java Binary_To_Decimal  
Binary: 101010  
Decimal: 42  
D:\Saurabh>
```

#### 4.WAP to Sort an array using Bubble sort

```
public class bubblesort {

    public static void printArray(int arr[]) {
        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
            System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int arr[] = { 88, 87, 86, 85, 84 };

        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length - 1; i++) {
            System.out.println("Pass Number: " + " " + i + "----->");

            for (int j = 0; j < arr.length - 1; j++) {
                if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {

                    int temp = arr[j];
                    arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
                    arr[j + 1] = temp;
                    printArray(arr);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
D:\Saurabh>javac bubbleShort.java
```

```
D:\Saurabh>java bubbleShort
```

```
Pass Number:  0----->
```

```
87 88 86 85 84
```

```
87 86 88 85 84
```

```
87 86 85 88 84
```

```
87 86 85 84 88
```

```
Pass Number:  1----->
```

```
86 87 85 84 88
```

```
86 85 87 84 88
```

```
86 85 84 87 88
```

```
Pass Number:  2----->
```

```
85 86 84 87 88
```

```
85 84 86 87 88
```

```
Pass Number:  3----->
```

```
84 85 86 87 88
```

## 5.WAP to sort an array using Heap Sort

```
public class heapSort {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[] arr = {64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90};  
        System.out.println("Original Array:");  
        printArray(arr);  
        heapSort(arr);  
        System.out.println("Sorted Array (Ascending Order):");  
        printArray(arr);  
    }  
    public static void heapSort(int[] arr) {  
        int n = arr.length;  
        for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--) {  
            heapify(arr, n, i);  
        }  
        for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {  
            int temp = arr[0];  
            arr[0] = arr[i];  
            arr[i] = temp;  
            heapify(arr, i, 0);  
        }  
    }  
    public static void heapify(int[] arr, int n, int i) {  
        int largest = i;  
        int leftChild = 2 * i + 1;  
        int rightChild = 2 * i + 2;  
        if (leftChild < n && arr[leftChild] > arr[largest]) {  
            largest = leftChild;  
        }  
        if (rightChild < n && arr[rightChild] > arr[largest]) {  
            largest = rightChild;  
        }  
    }  
}
```



```

    }
    if (largest != i) {
        int swap = arr[i];
        arr[i] = arr[largest];
        arr[largest] = swap;
        heapify(arr, n, largest);
    }
}

public static void printArray(int[] arr) {
    for (int value : arr) {
        System.out.print(value + " ");
    }
    System.out.println();
}
}

```

OUTPUT :

```

D:\Saurabh>javac heapShort.java

D:\Saurabh>java heapShort
Original Array:
64 34 25 12 22 11 90
Sorted Array (Ascending Order):
11 12 22 25 34 64 90

D:\Saurabh>

```

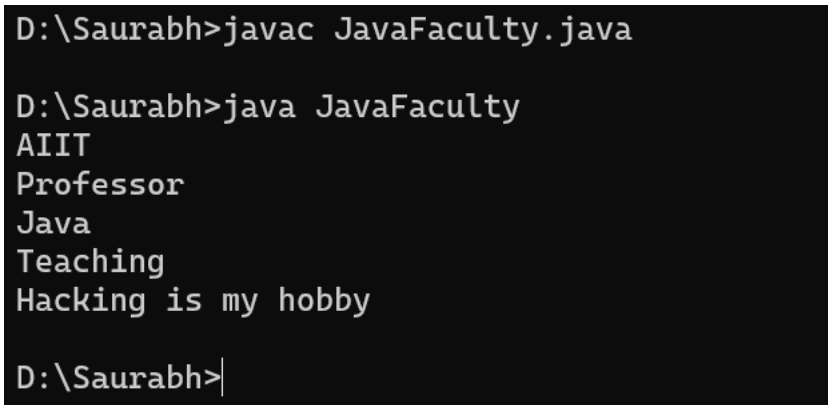
## 6.WAP To Show Inheritance

```
class Faculty{
    String designation = "Professor";
    String CollegeName = "AIIT";
    void does()
    {
        System.out.println("Teaching");
    }
}

class JavaFaculty extends Faculty{
    String mainSubject = "Java";
    void hacking()
    {
        System.out.println("Hacking is my hobby");
    }
}

public static void main ( String []args){
    JavaFaculty obj = new JavaFaculty();
    System.out.println(obj.CollegeName);
    System.out.println(obj.designation);
    System.out.println(obj.mainSubject);
    obj.does();
    obj.hacking();
}
```

OUTPUT :



```
D:\Saurabh>javac JavaFaculty.java

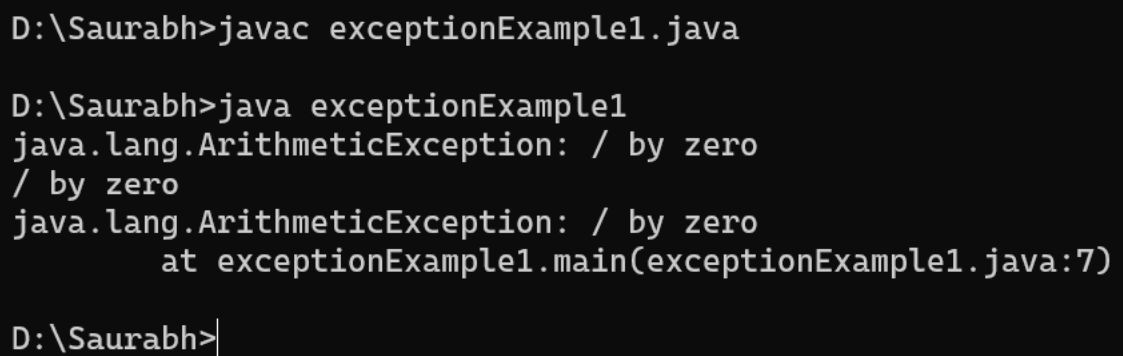
D:\Saurabh>java JavaFaculty
AIIT
Professor
Java
Teaching
Hacking is my hobby

D:\Saurabh>
```

## 7.WAP of ExceptionExample1(Handle an Exception)

```
class exceptionExample1
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        try
        {
            System.out.println(9/0);
        }
        catch(ArithmeticException jay)
        {
            System.out.println(jay);
            System.out.println(jay.getMessage());
            jay.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :



```
D:\Saurabh>javac exceptionExample1.java

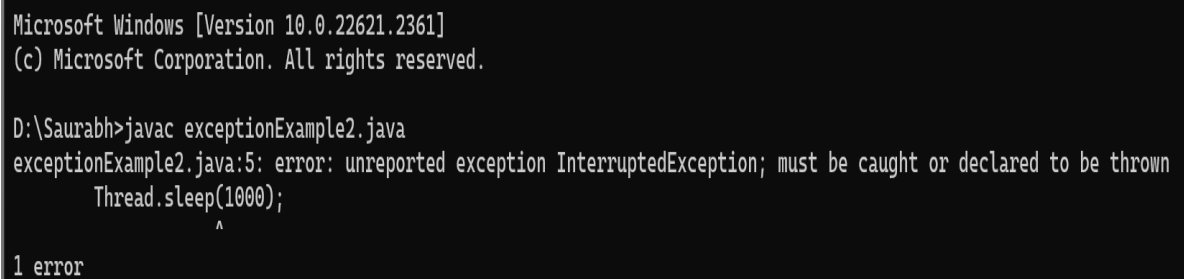
D:\Saurabh>java exceptionExample1
java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
/ by zero
java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
    at exceptionExample1.main(exceptionExample1.java:7)

D:\Saurabh>
```

## 8. WAP of ExceptionExample 2(Interruption)

```
class exceptionExample2
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Thread.sleep(1000);
        {
            System.out.println(9/2);
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :



```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22621.2361]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

D:\Saurabh>javac exceptionExample2.java
exceptionExample2.java:5: error: unreported exception InterruptedException; must be caught or declared to be thrown
    Thread.sleep(1000);
        ^
1 error
```


### 9. WAP to ExceptionExample 3 (Arithmetic)

```
import java.util.Random;

public class ExceptionExample3 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int a = 0, b = 0, c = 0;
        Random r = new Random();

        for (int i = 0; i < 3200; i++) {
            try {
                b = r.nextInt();
                c = r.nextInt();
                a = 12345 / (b / c);
            } catch (ArithmeticException e) { // Corrected "Catch" to "catch" and "newint" to "nextInt"
                System.out.println("Division by Zero");
                a = 0; // Set 'a' to zero and continue
            }
            System.out.println("a: " + a);
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :



```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.e  X  +  v
D:\Saurabh>javac ExceptionExample3.java
D:\Saurabh>java ExceptionExample3
a: 4115
a: 12345
a: 12345
a: -4115
a: -12345
a: -12345
Division by Zero
a: 0
a: 12345
a: -12345
a: 6172
a: -4115
a: 1763
a: 4115
Division by Zero
a: 0
a: 12345
a: -12345
a: -3086
Division by Zero
a: 0
Division by Zero
a: 0
Division by Zero
a: 0
a: 12345
Division by Zero
a: 0
a: 4115
a: 881
Division by Zero
a: 0
a: 6172
```

## 10. WAP to Handle an Exception and use its methods. (Example 4)

```
class ExceptionExample4 {  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        try {  
            System.out.println(9/0); //abnormally terminate  
        }  
        catch (Exception e) {  
            // TODO: handle exception  
            System.out.println(e);  
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());  
            e.printStackTrace(); //always try to use this only , it will get full details.  
        }  
  
        System.out.println("Hello World");  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
D:\Saurabh>javac ExceptionExample4.java  
  
D:\Saurabh>java ExceptionExample4  
java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero  
/ by zero  
java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero  
        at ExceptionExample4.main(ExceptionExample4.java:4)  
Hello World  
  
D:\Saurabh>
```

## 11. WAP of Exception using MultipleCatches

```
class Exception4MultipleCatches {  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
        try {  
            int a = args.length;  
            System.out.println("a= " + a);  
            int b = 42 / a;  
            int c[] = { 1 };  
            c[42] = 99;  
        } catch (ArithmeticException e) {  
            System.out.println("Divide by 0: " + e);  
        } catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {  
            System.out.println("Array index out of bounds: " + e);  
        }  
        System.out.println("After try/catch block.");  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
D:\Saurabh>javac Exception4MultipleCatches.java  
  
D:\Saurabh>java Exception4MultipleCatches  
a= 0  
Divide by 0: java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero  
After try/catch block.  
  
D:\Saurabh>
```

## 12.WAP to do Demo Join(Thread Runnable)

```
class NewThread implements Runnable {  
    String name; // name of Thread  
    Thread t;  
  
    NewThread(String threadName) {  
        name = threadName;  
        t = new Thread(this, name);  
        System.out.println("New thread: " + t);  
        t.start(); // Start the thread  
    }  
    // This is the entry point for the thread.  
    public void run() {  
        try {  
            for (int i = 5; i > 0; i--) {  
                System.out.println(name + ": " + i);  
                Thread.sleep(1000);  
            }  
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {  
            System.out.println(name + " exiting.");  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
class DemoJoin {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        NewThread ob1 = new NewThread("One");  
        NewThread ob2 = new NewThread("Two");  
        NewThread ob3 = new NewThread("Three");  
    }  
}
```



```

System.out.println("Thread One is alive: " + ob1.t.isAlive());
System.out.println("Thread Two is alive: " + ob2.t.isAlive());
System.out.println("Thread Three is alive: " + ob3.t.isAlive());
// Wait for threads to finish
try {
    System.out.println("Waiting for threads to finish");
    ob1.t.join();
    ob2.t.join();
    ob3.t.join();
} catch (InterruptedException e) {
    System.out.println("Main thread interrupted.");
}

System.out.println("Thread One is alive: " + ob1.t.isAlive());
System.out.println("Thread Two is alive: " + ob2.t.isAlive());
System.out.println("Thread Three is alive: " + ob3.t.isAlive());
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

D:\Saurabh>java DemoJoin
New thread: Thread[One,5,main]
New thread: Thread[Two,5,main]
One: 5
New thread: Thread[Three,5,main]
Two: 5
Thread One is alive: true
Three: 5
Thread Two is alive: true
Thread Three is alive: true
Waiting for threads to finish
Three: 4
One: 4
Two: 4
One: 3
Three: 3
Two: 3
Three: 2
Two: 2
One: 2
Three: 1
One: 1
Two: 1
Thread One is alive: false
Thread Two is alive: false
Thread Three is alive: false
D:\Saurabh>

```

### 13.WAP of Handle Exception Using NestedTry

```
public class ExceptionNextTry {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        try {  
            int a = args.length;  
            int b = 42 / a;  
            System.out.println("a = " + a);  
  
            try { // nested try block  
                if (a == 1) {  
                    a = a / (a - a); // This will cause a divide by zero exception  
                }  
  
                /* If two command line args are used, then generate an  
                ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException.  
                */  
                if (a == 2) {  
                    int c[] = {1};  
                    c[42] = 99; // This will generate an ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException.  
                }  
            } catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {  
                System.out.println("Array index out of bounds: " + e);  
            } catch (ArithmeticException e) {  
                System.out.println("Divide by zero: " + e);  
            }  
        } catch (ArithmeticException e) {  
            System.out.println("Outer divide by zero: " + e);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
D:\Saurabh>javac ExceptionNextTry.java
```

```
D:\Saurabh>java ExceptionNextTry
```

```
Outer divide by zero: java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
```

```
D:\Saurabh>|
```

#### 14 .WAP of use multiple thread for multiple tasks.

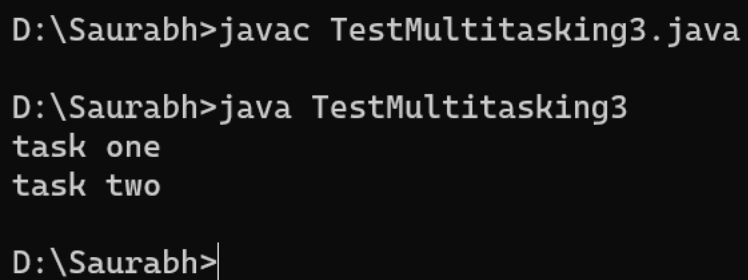
```
// multiple task multiple thread
class Simple1 extends Thread{
    public void run(){
        System.out.println("task one");
    }
}

class Simple2 extends Thread{
    public void run(){
        System.out.println("task two");
    }
}

class TestMultitasking3{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Simple1 t1=new Simple1();
        Simple2 t2=new Simple2();

        t1.start();
        t2.start();
    } }
```

OUTPUT:



```
D:\Saurabh>javac TestMultitasking3.java
D:\Saurabh>java TestMultitasking3
task one
task two
D:\Saurabh>
```

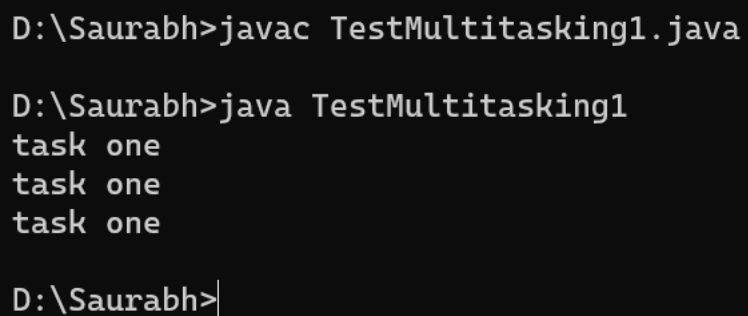
### 15. WAP of Create MultipleThread for Singletask .

// single task multiple thread

```
class TestMultitasking1 extends Thread{
    public void run()
    {
        System.out.println("task one");
    }
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        TestMultitasking1 t1 =new TestMultitasking1();
        TestMultitasking1 t2 =new TestMultitasking1();
        TestMultitasking1 t3 =new TestMultitasking1();

        t1.start();
        t2.start();
        t3.start();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:



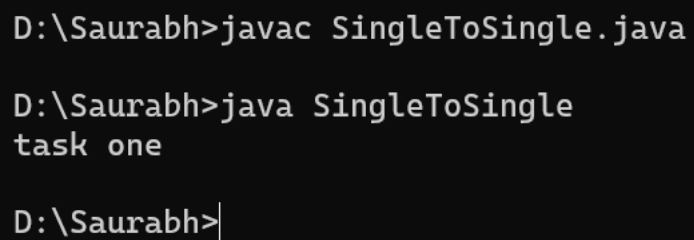
```
D:\Saurabh>javac TestMultitasking1.java
D:\Saurabh>java TestMultitasking1
task one
task one
task one
D:\Saurabh>
```

### 16 .WAP of use single thread for single .

```
class SingleThread extends Thread {  
    public void run() {  
        System.out.println("task one");  
    }  
}
```

```
class SingleToSingle {  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
        SingleThread t1 = new SingleThread();  
        t1.start();  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT:



```
D:\Saurabh>javac SingleToSingle.java  
  
D:\Saurabh>java SingleToSingle  
task one  
  
D:\Saurabh>|
```

**17. WAP to create a Thread and use the setName , getName , activeCount , setPriority & getPriority method.**

```
public class MyThread extends Thread {  
    @Override  
    public void run() {  
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {  
            try {  
                Thread.sleep(1000);  
            } catch (Exception e) {  
                System.out.println(e);  
            }  
            System.out.println(i);  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    MyThread mt = new MyThread();  
    // mt.run();  
    mt.start();  
    mt.setName("Saurabh");    // rename thread  
    System.out.println(mt.getName()); // print name of thread  
    System.out.println(Thread.activeCount()); // count threads  
    mt.setPriority(4);  
    System.out.println(mt.getPriority());  
}  
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
D:\Saurabh>javac MyThread.java
```

```
D:\Saurabh>java MyThread
```

```
Saurabh
```

```
2
```

```
4
```

```
0
```

```
1
```

```
2
```

```
3
```

```
4
```

```
5
```

```
6
```

```
7
```

```
8
```

```
9
```

```
D:\Saurabh>|
```



**18. WAP to make 5 different coloured boxes & display diagonally.**

```
import java.applet.Applet;
import java.awt.*;

public class Fiveboxesdiagonally extends Applet {

    public void paint(Graphics g) {

        g.setColor(Color.red);
        g.fillRect(5, 10, 120, 120);

        g.setColor(Color.blue);
        g.fillRect(125, 130, 120, 120);

        g.setColor(Color.yellow);
        g.fillRect(245, 250, 120, 120);

        g.setColor(Color.green);
        g.fillRect(365, 370, 120, 120);

        g.setColor(Color.orange);
        g.fillRect(480, 490, 120, 120);

    }

}

/*
 * <applet code="Fiveboxesdiagonally.class" width=600 height=600>
 * </applet>
 */
```

OUTPUT:

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.e  X  +  v

3
4
5
6

Applet Viewer: Fiveboxesdiagonally.class  -  □  X
Applet
Accepted if annotation processing is explicitly requested

Applet started.

D:\Saurabh>javac Fiveboxesdiagonally.java
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Fiveboxesdiagonally
I/O exception while reading: D:\Saurabh\Fiveboxesdiagonally (The system cannot find the file specified)
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Fiveboxesdiagonally.java
```

**19. WAP to print multiple hello world diagonally in a java applet.**

```
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class nameDiagonally extends Applet {
    public void paint(Graphics g) {
        for (int i = 10; i <= 557; i = i++) {
            int x = 0, y = 10;
            g.drawString("Saurabh Kumar Mishra", x + i, y + i);
            i = i + 25;
        }
    }
}

/*
 * <applet code="nameDiagonally.class" width="600" height="600">
 * </applet>
 */
```

OUTPUT:

```
D:\Saurabh>javac MyThread
```



```
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Fiveboxesdiagonally.java
```

```
D:\Saurabh>javac nameDiagonally.java
```

```
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer nameDiagonally.java
```

## 20.WAP to display a Octagon (Polygon).

```
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class Polygon extends Applet {

    public void paint(Graphics g) {

        int x[] = { 10, 10, 30, 50, 70, 70, 50, 30 };
        int y[] = { 40, 60, 80, 80, 60, 40, 20, 20 };
        int n = 8;

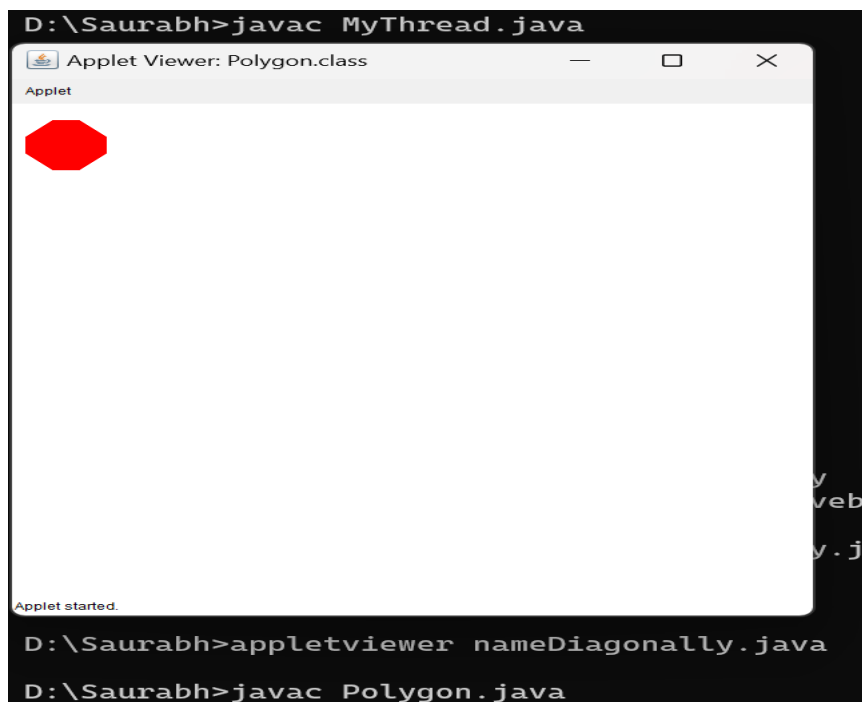
        g.setColor(Color.red);
        g.fillPolygon(x, y, n);
        g.drawPolygon(x, y, n);

    }

}

/* <applet code="Polygon.class" width=600 height=600></applet> */
```

OUTPUT:



## 21. WAP to display a Cylinder, Cube , Square in circle , Circle in Square, Polygon

```
import java.applet.Applet;
import java.awt.*;

public class FiveDrawShapes extends Applet {

    public void init() {
        setBackground(Color.white);
        setForeground(Color.orange);
    }

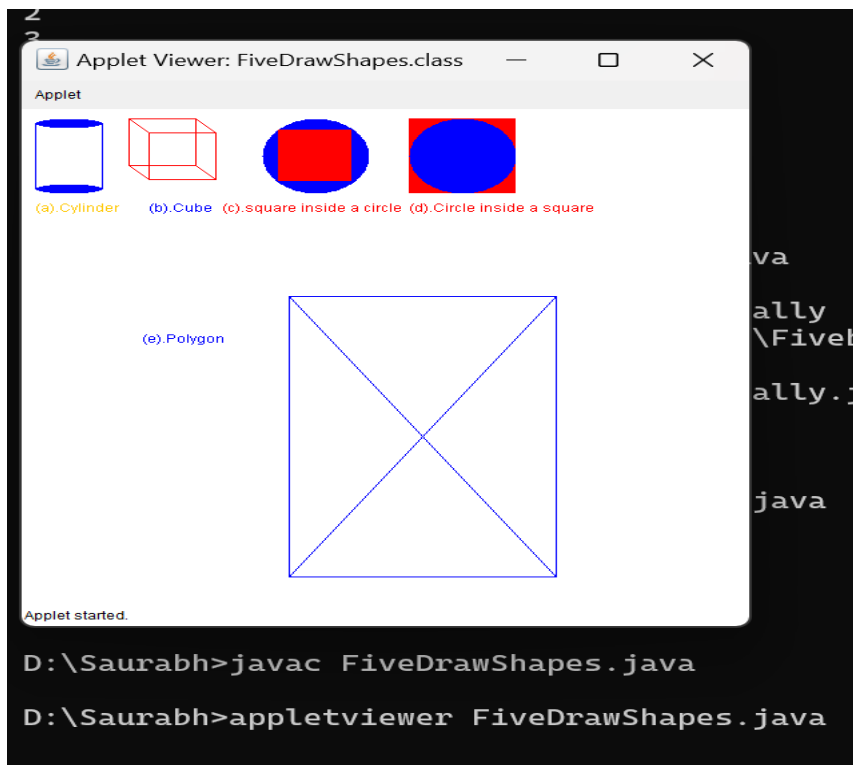
    public void paint(Graphics g) {
        //Drawing Cylinder//
        g.drawString("(a).Cylinder",10,110);
        g.setColor(Color.blue);
        g.fillOval(10,10,50,10);
        g.setColor(Color.blue);
        g.fillOval(10,80,50,10);
        g.drawLine(10,15,10,85);
        g.drawLine(60,15,60,85);
        //Drawing Cube//
        g.drawString("(b).Cube",95,110);
        g.setColor(Color.red);
        g.drawRect(80,10,50,50);
        g.drawRect(95,25,50,50);
        g.drawLine(80,10,95,25);
        g.drawLine(130,10,145,25);
        g.drawLine(80,60,95,75);
        g.drawLine(130,60,145,75);
        //Drawing Square inside a circle.//
        g.drawString("(c).square inside a circle",150,110);
        g.setColor(Color.blue);
```

```

g.fillOval(180,10,80,80);
g.setColor(Color.red);
g.fillRect(192,22,55,55);
//Drawing circle inside a square//
g.drawString("(d).Circle inside a square",290,110);
g.setColor(Color.red);
g.fillRect(290,10,80,80);
g.setColor(Color.blue);
g.fillOval(290,10,80,80);
//Drawing Polygon//
g.drawString("(e).Polygon",90,250);
g.drawLine(200,200,200,500);
g.drawLine(400,200,400,500);
int a[] = {200,400,200,400};
int b[] = {200,500,500,200};
g.drawPolygon(a,b,4);
}
}
/* <applet code = "FiveDrawShapes.class" width = "900" height = "900">
</applet>
*/

```

OUTPUT:





## 22.WAP to use MyMouseEvents

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.event.*;

public class Mymouse_events extends Applet implements MouseListener,
MouseMotionListener {

    int x = 0, y = 0;

    String msg = "";

    public void init() {

        setBackground(Color.magenta);
        addMouseListener(this);
        addMouseMotionListener(this);
    }

    // handle mouse Entered
    public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent me) {

        setBackground(Color.red);
        x = 100;
        y = 100;
        msg = "Mouse Entered ";
        repaint();

    }

    // handle mouse clicked
    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent me) {

        setBackground(Color.darkGray);
        x = 100;
```

```

        y = 100;
        msg = "Mouse Clicked";
        repaint();
    }

    //handle mouse Exited
    public void mouseExited(MouseEvent me) {
        setBackground(Color.pink);
        x = 100;
        y = 100;
        msg = "Mouse Exited";
        repaint();
    }

    // handle mouse pressed
    public void mousePressed(MouseEvent me) {
        setBackground(Color.cyan);
        x = me.getX();
        y = me.getY();
        msg = "Mouse Pressed";
        repaint();
    }

    // handle mouse released
    public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent me) {
        setBackground(Color.green);
        x = me.getX();
        y = me.getY();
        msg = "Mouse Released";
        repaint();
    }

```

```

    }

    // handle mouse moved
    public void mouseMoved(MouseEvent me) {
        setBackground(Color.orange);
        x = me.getX();
        y = me.getY();
        msg = "Mouse Moved";
        showStatus("Moving mouse at" + x + "," + y);
        repaint();
    }

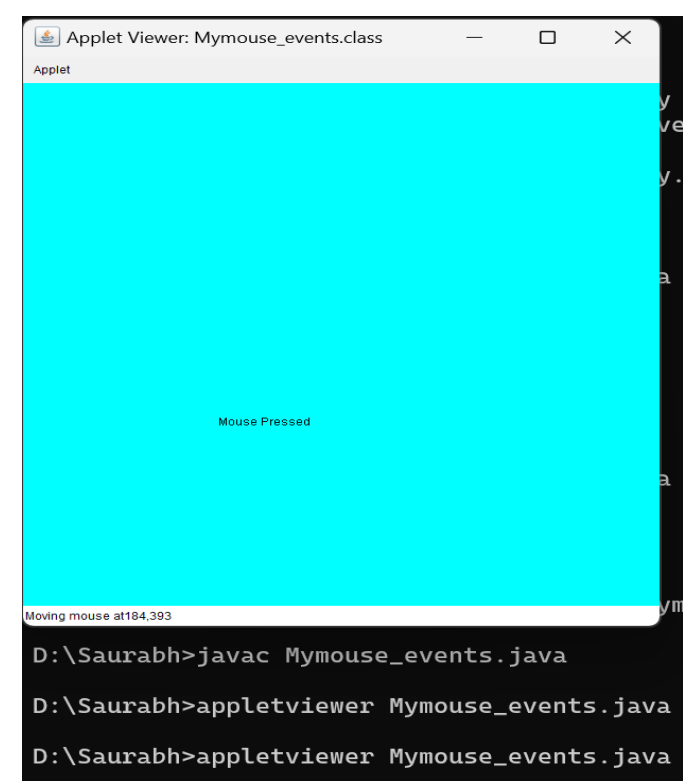
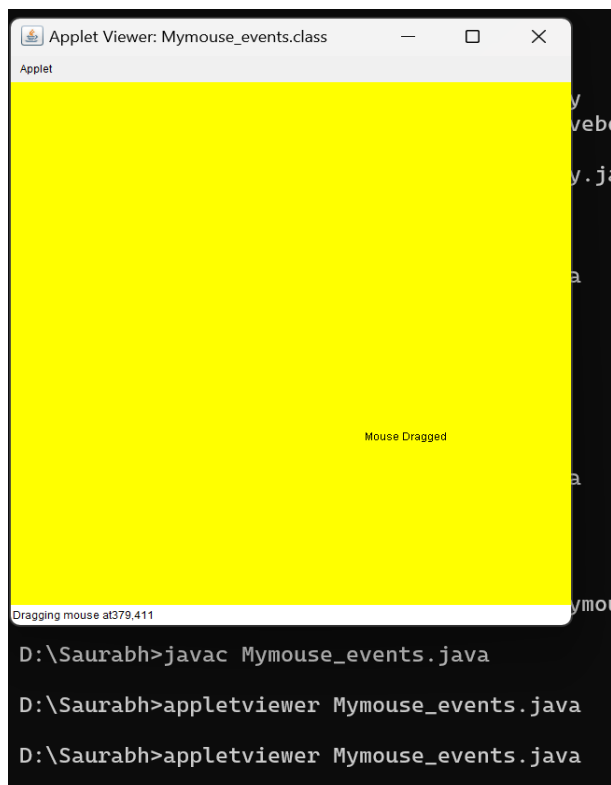
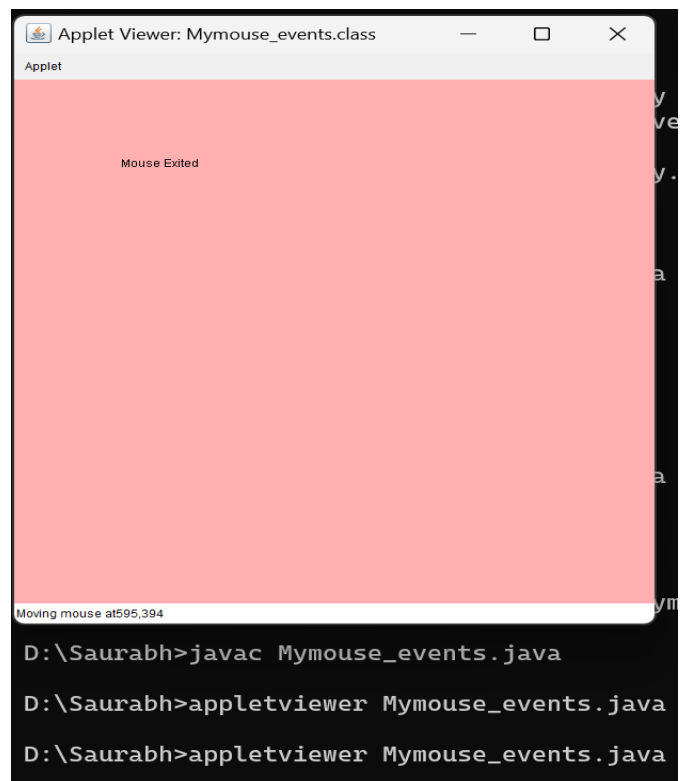
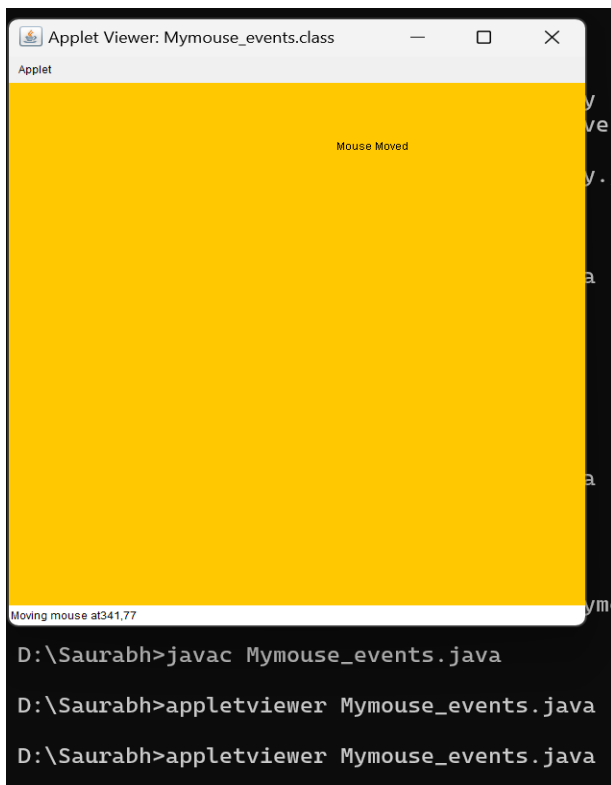
    // handle mouse dragged
    public void mouseDragged(MouseEvent me) {
        setBackground(Color.yellow);
        x = me.getX();
        y = me.getY();
        msg = "Mouse Dragged";
        showStatus("Dragging mouse at" + x + "," + y);
        repaint();
    }

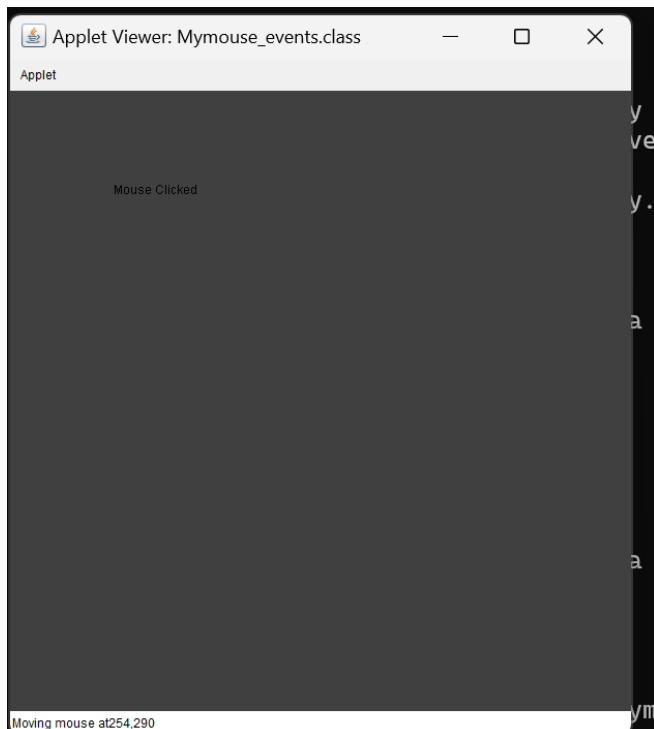
    // display msg in the window
    public void paint(Graphics g) {
        g.drawString(msg, x, y);
    }
}

// <applet code="Mymouse_events.class" height="600" width="600">
// </applet>

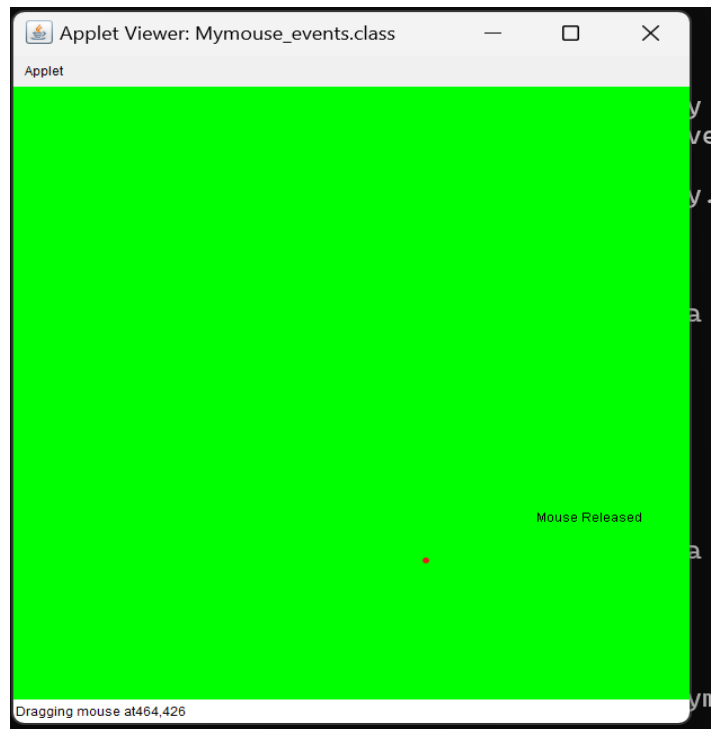
```

OUTPUT:

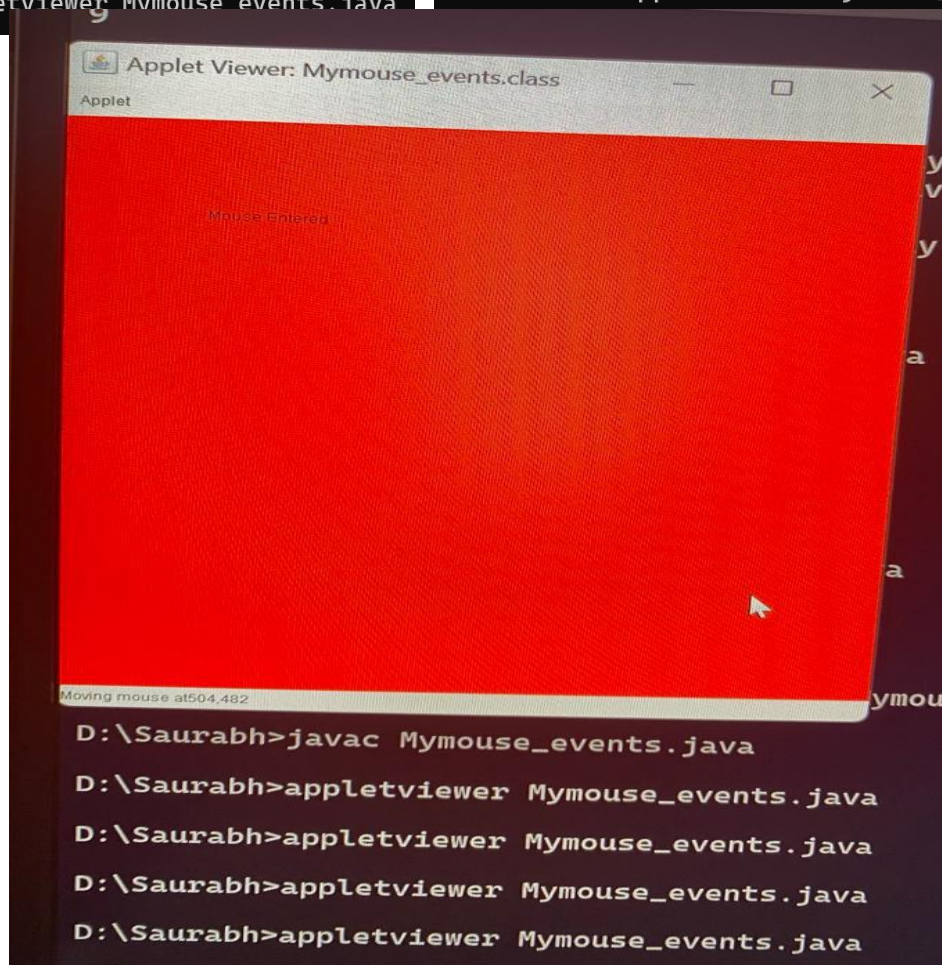




```
D:\Saurabh>javac Mymouse_events.java
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Mymouse_events.java
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Mymouse_events.java
```



```
D:\Saurabh>javac Mymouse_events.java
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Mymouse_events.java
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Mymouse_events.java
```



```
D:\Saurabh>javac Mymouse_events.java
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Mymouse_events.java
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Mymouse_events.java
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Mymouse_events.java
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Mymouse_events.java
```

### 23.WAP to use KeyEvent

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.applet.*;

public class Key_Event extends Applet implements KeyListener {

    int x = 150, y = 150;

    String msg = "";

    public void init() {

        setBackground(Color.magenta);

        setForeground(Color.white);

        addKeyListener(this);

        requestFocus();

    }

    public void keyPressed(KeyEvent ke) {

        showStatus("Pressed Key");

        setBackground(Color.red);

        setForeground(Color.white);

        repaint();

    }

    public void keyReleased(KeyEvent ke) {

        showStatus(ke.getKeyChar() + "Key Released");

        setBackground(Color.blue);

        setForeground(Color.darkGray);

        repaint();

    }

}
```

```

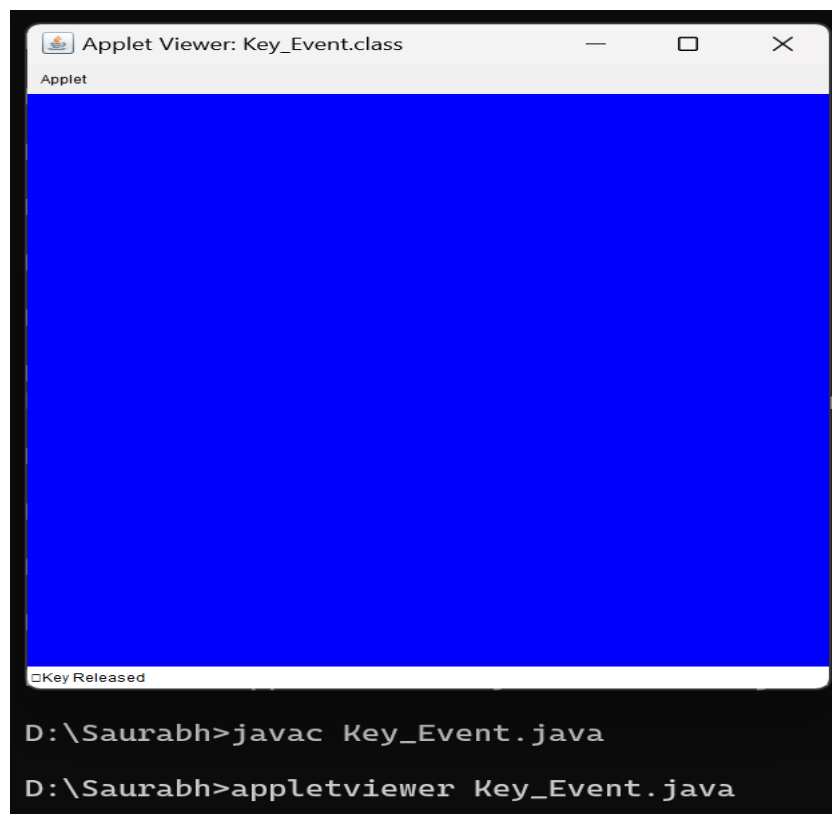
public void keyTyped(KeyEvent ke) {
    showStatus(ke.getKeyChar() + "Key Typed");
    setBackground(Color.green);
    setForeground(Color.yellow);
    repaint();
}

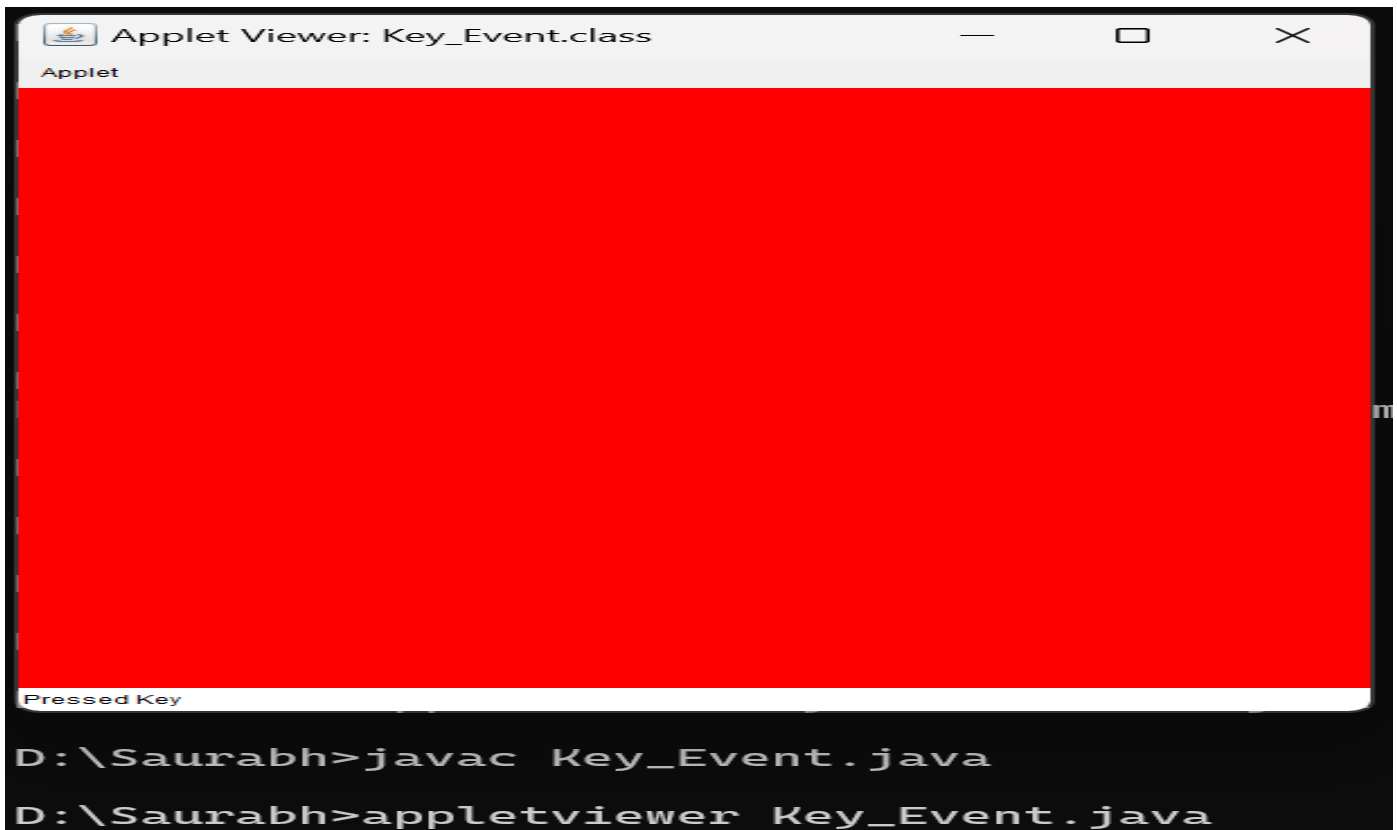
public void paint(Graphics g) {
    g.drawString(msg, x, y);
}
}

// <applet code="Key_Event.class" height="600" width="600">
// </applet>

```

OUTPUT:







## 24.WAP to use ButtonDemo

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.Applet;
import java.awt.event.*;

public class ButtonDemo extends Applet implements ActionListener
{
    public void init()
    {
        Button b1=new Button("Red");
        Button b2=new Button("Blue");
        Button b3=new Button("Green");

        add(b1);
        add(b2);
        add(b3);

        b1.addActionListener(this);
        b2.addActionListener(this);
        b3.addActionListener(this);
    }

    public void paint(Graphics g)
    {
        Font f =new Font("Algerian",2,50);
        g.setFont(f);
        g.drawString("Saurabh",200,200);
    }

    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae)
    {
        String str = ae.getActionCommand();
```

```

        if(str.equals("Red"))
            setBackground(Color.red);
        else if(str.equals("Blue"))
            setBackground(Color.blue);
        else
            setBackground(Color.green);
    }

}

/* <applet code = "ButtonDemo.class" width = "900" height = "900">
    </applet>
*/

```

OUTPUT:





## 25.WAP to use ButtonDemoText

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.Applet;
import java.awt.event.*;

public class ButtonDemoText extends Applet implements ActionListener
{
    String msg= " ";
    Button yes,no,maybe;

    public void init()
    {
        yes = new Button("Name ");
        no = new Button("What is overloded method");
        maybe = new Button("Undecided");

        add(yes);
        add(no);
        add(maybe);

        yes.addActionListener(this);
        no.addActionListener(this);
        maybe.addActionListener(this);
    }

    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae)
    {
        String str=ae.getActionCommand();
        if(str.equals("Name "))
        {
            setBackground(Color.yellow);
        }
    }
}
```

```

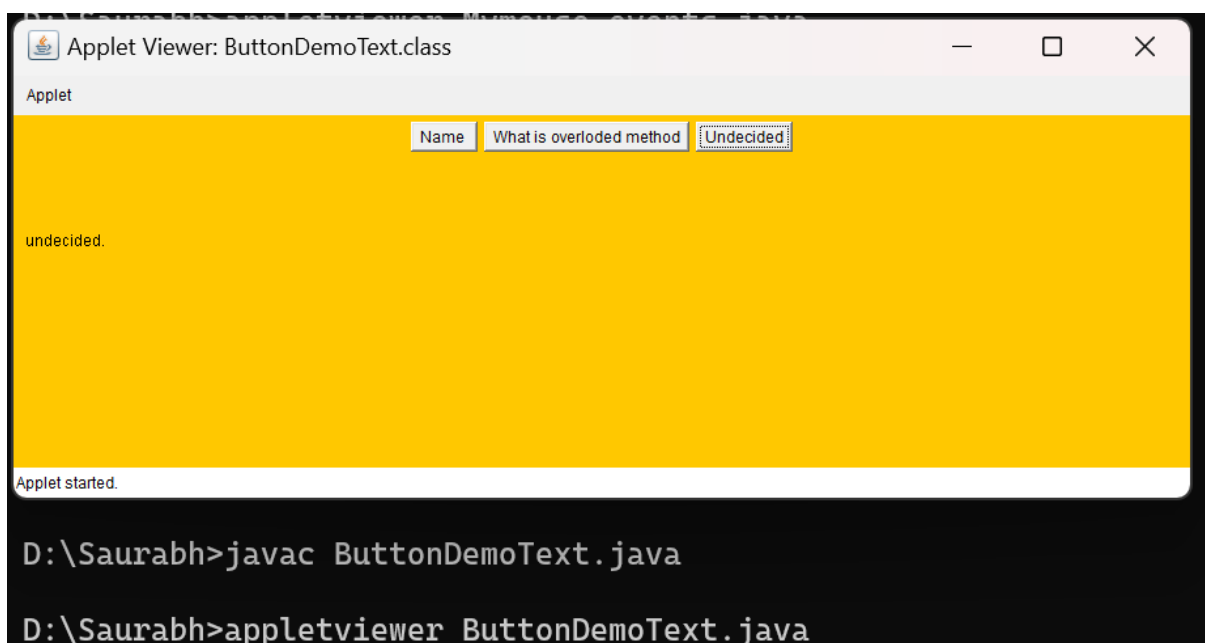
        msg="Saurabh Mishra ";
    }
    else if(str.equals("What is overloded method"))
    {
        setBackground(Color.orange);
        msg="Two Method is said to be overloded if and only if both method
having same name but different argument type .";
    }
    else{
        msg=" undecided.";
    }
    repaint();
}

public void paint(Graphics g)
{
    g.drawString(msg,6,100);
}
}

/* <applet code = "ButtonDemoText.class" width = "900" height = "900">
    </applet>
*/

```

OUTPUT:



## 26.WAP to make SpiralMatrix

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

class SpiralMatrix {

    static int R = 5;

    static int C = 8;

    static void counterClockspiralPrint(int m,int n,int arr[][])
    {
        int i, k = 0, l = 0;

        int cnt = 0;

        int total = m * n;

        while (k < m && l < n)
        {
            if (cnt == total)
                break;

            for (i = k; i < m; ++i)
            {
                System.out.print(arr[i][l] + " ");

                cnt++;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
l++;
```

```
if (cnt == total)
```

```
    break;
```

```
for (i = l; i < n; ++i)
```

```
{
```

```
    System.out.print(arr[m - 1][i] + " ");
```

```
    cnt++;
```

```
}
```

```
m--;
```

```
if (cnt == total)
```

```
    break;
```

```
if (k < m)
```

```
{
```

```
    for (i = m - 1; i >= k; --i)
```

```
    {
```

```
        System.out.print(arr[i][n - 1] + " ");
```

```
        cnt++;
```

```
    }
```

```
    n--;
```

```
}
```

```
if (cnt == total)
```

```
    break;
```



```

        if (l < n)
        {
            for (i = n - 1; i >= l; --i)
            {
                System.out.print(arr[k][i] + " ");
                cnt++;
            }
            k++;
        }
    }
}

```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
    int arr[][]= {{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8},
                  {9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16},
                  {17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24},
                  {25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32},
                  {33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40}};
    counterClockspiralPrint(R, C,arr);
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

D:\Saurabh>javac SpiralMatrix.java
D:\Saurabh>java SpiralMatrix
1 9 17 25 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 32 24 16 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 10 18 26 27 28 29 30 31 23 15 14 13 12 11 19 20 21 22
D:\Saurabh>

```

## 27. WAP to make SmileyFace

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.Applet;

import java.awt.event.*;

public class SmileyFace extends Applet {
    public void paint(Graphics g)
    {
        g.setColor(Color.yellow);
        g.fillOval(20,20,150,150);
        g.setColor(Color.black);
        g.fillOval(50,60,25,25);
        g.fillOval(120,60,25,25);

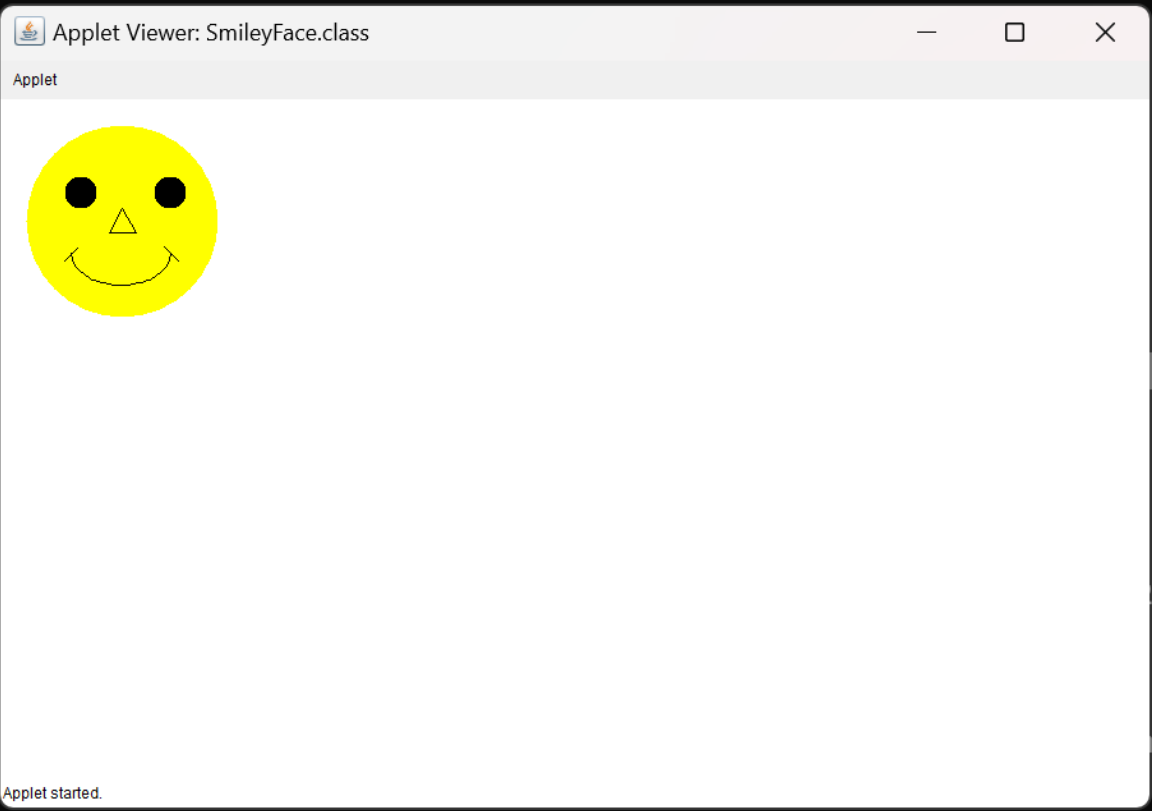
        int x[]={95,85,106,95};
        int y[]={85,104,104,85};

        g.drawPolygon(x,y,4);
        g.drawArc(55,95,78,50,0,-180);
        g.drawLine(50,126,60,116);
        g.drawLine(128,115,139,126);
    }
}

/* <applet code = "SmileyFace.class" width = "900" height = "900">
</applet>
*/
```

OUTPUT:

```
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer Key_Event.java
```



The screenshot shows a Java Applet Viewer window titled "Applet Viewer: SmileyFace.class". The window contains a single applet, which is a yellow circle with two black dots for eyes, a small black triangle for a nose, and a curved line for a smiling mouth. The text "Applet started." is visible in the bottom-left corner of the applet area.

```
D:\Saurabh>javac SmileyFace.java
D:\Saurabh>appletviewer SmileyFace.java
```

## 28.WAP to make BorderLayout

```
import java.awt.*;
import javax.swing.*;

public class BorderLayoutExample {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

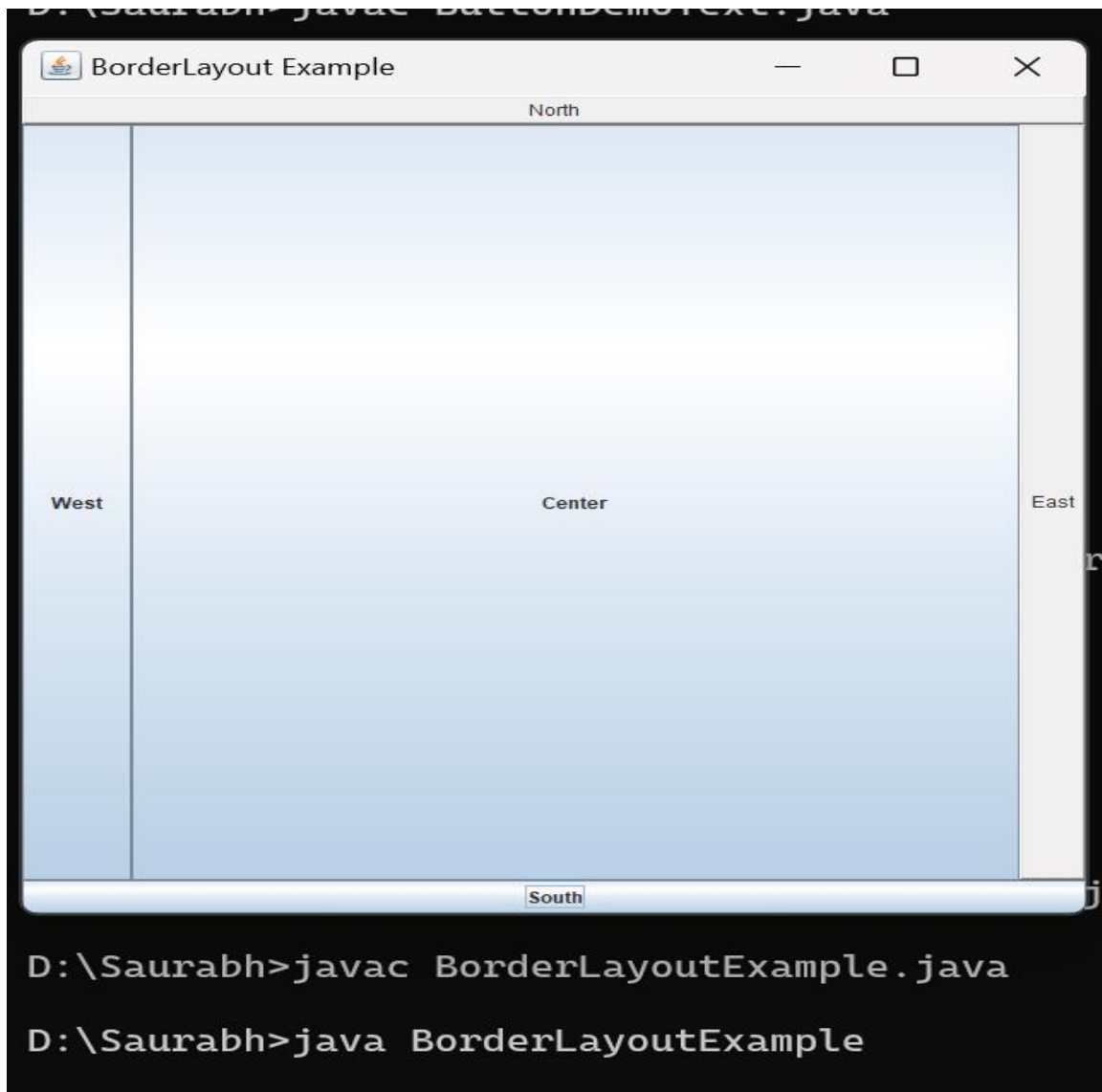
        JFrame frame = new JFrame("BorderLayout Example");
        frame.setSize(550, 550);
        JPanel panel = new JPanel();
        panel.setLayout(new BorderLayout()); // create a border layout
        // add buttons to the panel in different regions
        panel.add(new Button("North"), BorderLayout.NORTH);
        panel.add(new JButton("South"), BorderLayout.SOUTH);
        panel.add(new JButton("West"), BorderLayout.WEST);
        panel.add(new Button("East"), BorderLayout.EAST);
        panel.add(new JButton("Center"), BorderLayout.CENTER);

        frame.add(panel); // add the panel to the frame

        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.pack(); // adjust the size of the frame to fit the components
        frame.setVisible(true); // show the frame

    }
}
```

OUTPUT:



## 29 .WAP to make GridLayout

```
import java.awt.*;
import javax.swing.*;

public class GridLayoutExample {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        JFrame frame = new JFrame("GridLayout Example");
        frame.setSize(550, 550);
        JPanel panel = new JPanel();
        panel.setLayout(new GridLayout(3, 3)); // create a grid layout
        // add buttons to the panel in different regions
        panel.add(new Button("1"));
        panel.add(new Button("2"));
        panel.add(new Button("3"));
        panel.add(new Button("4"));
        panel.add(new Button("5"));
        panel.add(new Button("6"));
        panel.add(new Button("7"));
        panel.add(new Button("8"));
        panel.add(new Button("9"));

        frame.add(panel); // add the panel to the frame

        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.pack(); // adjust the size of the frame to fit the components
        frame.setVisible(true); // show the frame

    }

}
```

OUTPUT:



### 30.WAP to make FlowLayout

```
import java.awt.*;
import javax.swing.*;

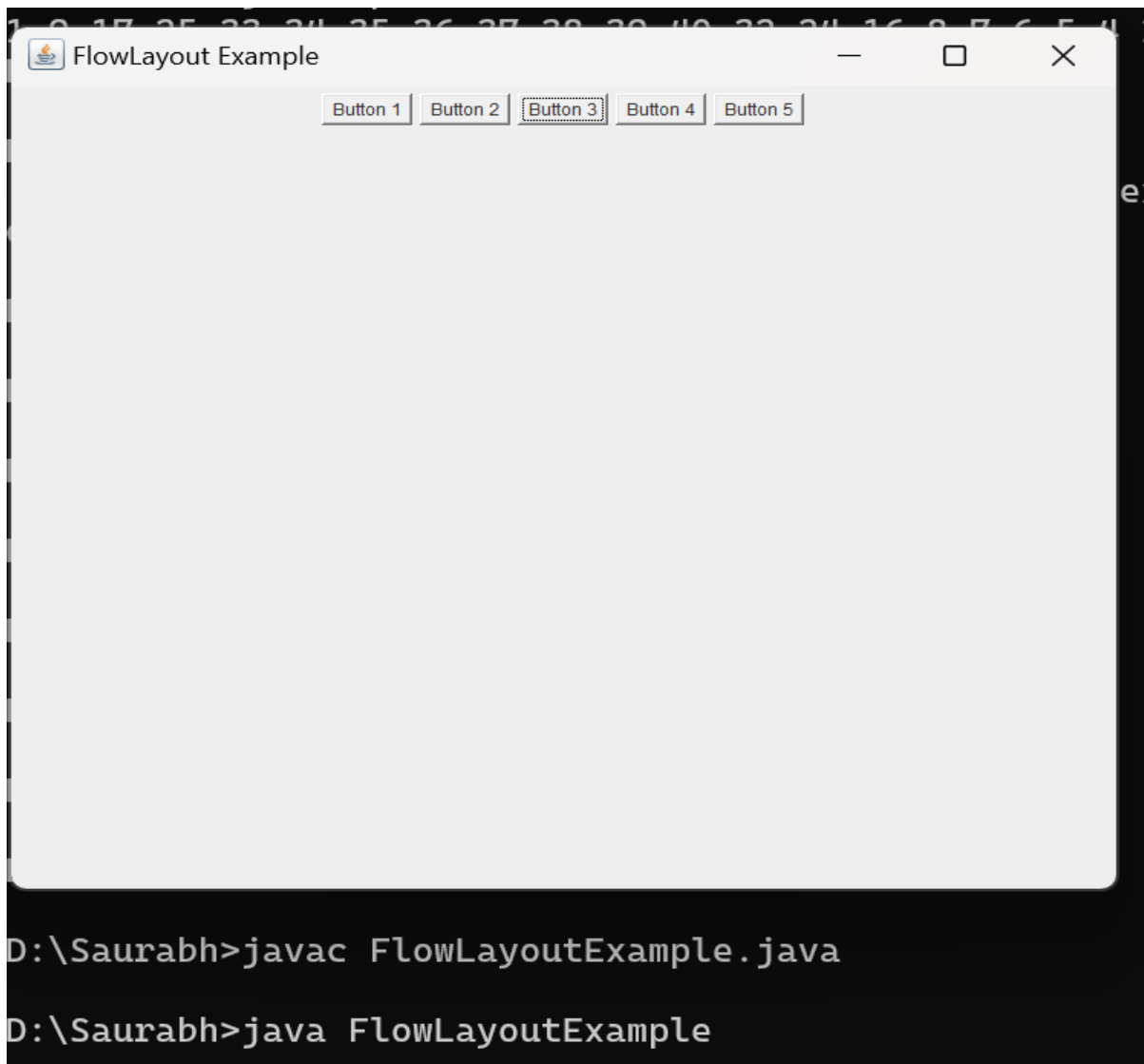
public class FlowLayoutExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame frame = new JFrame("FlowLayout Example");
        frame.setSize(550, 550);
        JPanel panel = new JPanel();
        panel.setLayout(new FlowLayout()); // create a flow layout
        // add buttons to the panel in different regions
        panel.add(new Button("Button 1"));
        panel.add(new Button("Button 2"));
        panel.add(new Button("Button 3"));
        panel.add(new Button("Button 4"));
        panel.add(new Button("Button 5"));

        frame.add(panel); // add the panel to the frame

        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.pack(); // adjust the size of the frame to fit the components
        frame.setVisible(true); // show the frame
    }
}
```



OUTPUT:



### 31.WAP to run a Calculator

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;

public class Calculator implements ActionListener {

    JFrame frame;

    JTextField textfield;

    JButton[] numberButtons = new JButton[10];
    JButton[] functionButtons = new JButton[9];
    JButton addButton, subButton, mulButton, divButton;
    JButton decButton, equButton, delButton, clrButton, negButton;
    JPanel panel;

    Font myFont = new Font("Ink Free", Font.BOLD, 38);

    double num1 = 0, num2 = 0, result = 0;

    char operator;

    Calculator() {
        frame = new JFrame("Calculator");
        frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame.setSize(420, 550);
        frame.setLayout(null);

        textfield = new JTextField();
        textfield.setBounds(50, 25, 300, 50);
        textfield.setFont(myFont);
```

```
textfield.setEditable(false);
```

```
addButton = new JButton("+");  
subButton = new JButton("-");  
mulButton = new JButton("*");  
divButton = new JButton("/");  
decButton = new JButton(".");  
equButton = new JButton("=");  
delButton = new JButton("Del");  
clrButton = new JButton("Clr");  
negButton = new JButton("-");
```

```
functionButtons[0] = addButton;  
functionButtons[1] = subButton;  
functionButtons[2] = mulButton;  
functionButtons[3] = divButton;  
functionButtons[4] = decButton;  
functionButtons[5] = equButton;  
functionButtons[6] = delButton;  
functionButtons[7] = clrButton;  
functionButtons[8] = negButton;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++) {  
    functionButtons[i].addActionListener(this);  
    functionButtons[i].setFont(myFont);  
    functionButtons[i].setFocusable(false);  
}
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
```

```
        numberButtons[i] = new JButton(String.valueOf(i));
        numberButtons[i].addActionListener(this);
        numberButtons[i].setFont(myFont);
        numberButtons[i].setFocusable(false);
    }
```

```
negButton.setBounds(50, 430, 100, 50);
delButton.setBounds(150, 430, 100, 50);
clrButton.setBounds(250, 430, 100, 50);
```

```
panel = new JPanel();
panel.setBounds(50, 100, 300, 300);
panel.setLayout(new GridLayout(4, 4, 10, 10));
```

```
// Add buttons to the panel
panel.add(numberButtons[1]);
panel.add(numberButtons[2]);
panel.add(numberButtons[3]);
panel.add(addButton);
panel.add(numberButtons[4]);
panel.add(numberButtons[5]);
panel.add(numberButtons[6]);
panel.add(subButton);
panel.add(numberButtons[7]);
panel.add(numberButtons[8]);
panel.add(numberButtons[9]);
panel.add(mulButton);
panel.add(decButton);
panel.add(numberButtons[0]);
```

```

panel.add(equButton);
panel.add(divButton);

frame.add(panel);
frame.add(negButton);
frame.add(delButton);
frame.add(clrButton);
frame.add(textfield);

frame.setVisible(true);
frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
}

```

@Override

```

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        if (e.getSource() == numberButtons[i]) {
            textfield.setText(textfield.getText() + i);
        }
    }

    if (e.getSource() == decButton) {
        if (!textfield.getText().contains(".")) {
            textfield.setText(textfield.getText() + ".");
        }
    }

    if (e.getSource() == addButton) {
        num1 = Double.parseDouble(textfield.getText());

```

```

        operator = '+';
        textfield.setText("");
    }

    if (e.getSource() == subButton) {
        num1 = Double.parseDouble(textfield.getText());
        operator = '-';
        textfield.setText("");
    }

    if (e.getSource() == mulButton) {
        num1 = Double.parseDouble(textfield.getText());
        operator = '*';
        textfield.setText("");
    }

    if (e.getSource() == divButton) {
        num1 = Double.parseDouble(textfield.getText());
        operator = '/';
        textfield.setText("");
    }

    if (e.getSource() == equButton) {
        num2 = Double.parseDouble(textfield.getText());

        switch (operator) {
            case '+':
                result = num1 + num2;
                break;

```

```

        case '-':
            result = num1 - num2;
            break;
        case '*':
            result = num1 * num2;
            break;
        case '/':
            if (num2 != 0) {
                result = num1 / num2;
            } else {
                textfield.setText("Error");
                return;
            }
            break;
    }

    textfield.setText(String.valueOf(result));
    num1 = result;
}

if (e.getSource() == clrButton) {
    textfield.setText("");
}

if (e.getSource() == delButton) {
    String currentText = textfield.getText();
    if (!currentText.isEmpty()) {
        textfield.setText(currentText.substring(0, currentText.length() - 1));
    }
}

```

```

    }

    if (e.getSource() == negButton) {
        double currentValue = Double.parseDouble(textfield.getText());
        textfield.setText(String.valueOf(-currentValue));
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    new Calculator();
}
}

/*
    <applet code = "AppletDec" width=500 height= 500></applet>
*/

```



OUTPUT:

