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//Code written on December 5, 2020
//Revised December 8, 2020
// by Saurabh Bansode
//This program implements the incremental decoder using boolean logic in C
#include <stdio.h>
//The main function
int main(void)
{
//2 bits = 1 baud
//4 bits = 1 nibble
//8 bits = 1 byte
//unsigned char takes input as 1 byte
unsigned char Z=0x01,Y=0x00,X=0x00,W=0x01;//inputs in hex
unsigned char one = 0x01;//used for displaying the output in bit
unsigned char A,B,C,D;//outputs
D = (W&X&Y&(\sim Z))|((\sim W)&(\sim X)&(\sim Y)&Z);//Boolean function for D
B = ((-Z)\&(-Y)\&(-X)\&W)|((-Z)\&(-Y)\&X\&(-W))|((-Z)\&Y\&(-X)\&W)|((-Z)\&Y\&X\&(-W));
C = ((-Z)&(-Y)&X&W)|((-Z)&Y&(-X)&(-W))|((-Z)&Y&(-Z)&W)|((-Z)&Y&X&(-W));
A =
W)&(\sim X)&(\sim Y)&(Z));
//Boolean function for A
printf("%x%x%x%x",one&Z,one&Y,one&X,one&W);//lutput ZYXW
printf(" ");
printf("%x%x%x%x\n",one&D,one&C,one&B,one&A);//Output DCBA
return 0;
}
```