Assignment 4: ECG Anomaly detection using Autoencoders

```
In [11]:
 In [2]:
         #importing libraries and dataset
          import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         importtensorflow as tf
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
         from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
         from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
         from tensorflow.keras import Model, Sequential
         from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from tensorflow.keras.losses import
         MeanSquaredLogarithmicError
         PATH_TO_DATA = 'http://storage.googleapis.com/download.tensorflow.org/data/ecg
         data = pd.read csv(PATH TO DATA, header=None)
                   0
                            1
                                     2
                                              3
                                                                 5
                                                                          6
                                                                                    7
                                                                                             8
Out[2]:
          0 -0.112522 -2.827204 -3.773897 -4.349751 -4.376041 -3.474986 -2.181408 -1.818286 -1.250522
         1 -1.100878 -3.996840 -4.285843 -4.506579 -4.022377 -3.234368 -1.566126 -0.992258 -0.75468
         2 -0.567088 -2.593450 -3.874230 -4.584095 -4.187449 -3.151462 -1.742940 -1.490659 -1.18358
         3 0.490473 -1.914407 -3.616364 -4.318823 -4.268016 -3.881110 -2.993280 -1.671131 -1.33384
         4 0.800232 -0.874252 -2.384761 -3.973292 -4.338224 -3.802422 -2.534510 -1.783423 -1.59440
         5 rows × 141 columns
         #finding shape of the dataset
In [3]:
         data.shape
Out[3]: (4998, 141)
         #splitting training and testing dataset
In [4]:
         features = data.drop(140,axis=1)
         target = data[140]
         x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
         features, target, test_size=0.2, stratify=target
         train_index = y_train[y_train == 1].index
         train_data = x_train.loc[train_index]
```

```
#scaling the data using MinMaxScaler
In [5]:
        min_max_scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0, 1))
In [6]:
        x_train_scaled = min_max_scaler.fit_transform(train_data.copy())
        x_test_scaled = min_max_scaler.transform(x_test.copy())
        #creating autoencoder subclass by extending Model class from keras
        class AutoEncoder(Model):
         def___init_(self, output_units, ldim=8):
            super()._init_()
            self.encoder = Sequential([
               Dense(64, activation='relu'),
               Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(32, activation='relu'),
              Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(16, activation='relu'),
              Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(ldim, activation='relu')
            self.decoder = Sequential([
              Dense(16, activation='relu'),
              Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(32, activation='relu'),
              Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(64, activation='relu'),
              Dropout(0.1),
              Dense(output_units, activation='sigmoid')
In [7]:
            def call(self,inputs):
            encoded = self.encoder(inputs)
            decoded = self.decoder(encoded)
            return decoded
        #model configuration
        model = AutoEncoder(output_units=x_train_scaled.shape[1])
        model.compile(loss='msle', metrics=['mse'], optimizer='adam')
        epochs = 20
        history = model.fit(
           x_train_scaled,
           x_train_scaled,
           epochs=epochs,
           batch_size=512,
           validation_data=(x_test_scaled,x_test_scaled)
        )
```

```
0.0248
    - val_loss: 0.0137 - val_mse: 0.0318
    Epoch 2/20
    - val_loss: 0.0134 - val_mse: 0.0312 Epoch 3/20
    - val_loss: 0.0131 - val_mse: 0.0305
    Epoch 4/20
    - val_loss: 0.0131 - val_mse: 0.0302
    Epoch 5/20
    - val_loss: 0.0129 - val_mse: 0.0297
    Epoch 6/20
    - val_loss: 0.0123 - val_mse: 0.0284 Epoch 7/20
    5/5 [============== ] - 0s 25ms/step - loss: 0.0063 - mse: 0.0142
    - val_loss: 0.0120 - val_mse: 0.0277
    Epoch 8/20
    - val_loss: 0.0116 - val_mse: 0.0268
    - val_loss: 0.0111 - val_mse: 0.0257
    Epoch 10/20
    5/5 [=================== ] - 0s 23ms/step - loss: 0.0053 - mse: 0.0118
    - val_loss: 0.0106 - val_mse: 0.0246 Epoch 11/20
    - val_loss: 0.0104 - val_mse: 0.0241
    Epoch 12/20
    - val_loss: 0.0102 - val_mse: 0.0238
    Epoch 13/20
    - val_loss: 0.0103 - val_mse: 0.0239
    Epoch 14/20
    5/5 [============== ] - 0s 25ms/step - loss: 0.0048 - mse: 0.0108
    - val_loss: 0.0103 - val_mse: 0.0240 Epoch 15/20
    - val_loss: 0.0103 - val_mse: 0.0241
    Epoch 16/20
    - val_loss: 0.0103 - val_mse: 0.0240
    Epoch 17/20
    - val_loss: 0.0103 - val_mse: 0.0240
    Epoch 18/20
    - val_loss: 0.0103 - val_mse: 0.0240 Epoch 19/20
    - val_loss: 0.0102 - val_mse: 0.0238
    Epoch 20/20
    5/5 [========================== ] - 0s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0045 - mse: 0.0102
    - val_loss: 0.0102 - val_mse: 0.0237
In [8]:
    plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
    plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
    plt.xlabel('Epochs')
```

Epoch 1/20

```
plt.ylabel('MSLE Loss')
plt.legend(['loss', 'val_loss'])
plt.show()
   0.014
                                                                   loss
                                                                   val loss
   0.012
   0.010
   0.008
   0.006
                                   7.5
                    2.5
                           5.0
                                                   12.5
                                                          15.0
                                                                  17.5
           0.0
                                           10.0
                                        Epochs
#finding threshold for anomaly and doing predictions
def find_threshold(model, x_train_scaled):
  reconstructions = model.predict(x_train_scaled)
  reconstruction_errors = tf.keras.losses.msle(reconstructions, x_train_scaled)
threshold = np.mean(reconstruction_errors.numpy()) \
   + np.std(reconstruction_errors.numpy())
return threshold
def get_predictions(model, x_test_scaled, threshold):
  predictions = model.predict(x_test_scaled) errors =
tf.keras.losses.msle(predictions, x_test_scaled)
anomaly_mask = pd.Series(errors) > threshold
  preds = anomaly_mask.map(lambda x: 0.0 if x == True else 1.0)
return preds
threshold = find_threshold(model, x_train_scaled)
print(f"Threshold: {threshold}")
73/73 [========= ] - 0s 3ms/step
Threshold: 0.009868882315032265
32/32 [=========] - 0s 2ms/step
0.932
```

In [9]:

In [10]:

Out[10]:

In []: