## **Booth's Algorithm**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int a = 0,b = 0, c = 0, a1 = 0, b1 = 0, com[5] = { 1, 0, 0, 0, 0};
int anum[5] = \{0\}, anumcp[5] = \{0\}, bnum[5] = \{0\};
int acomp[5] = \{0\}, bcomp[5] = \{0\}, pro[5] = \{0\}, res[5] = \{0\};
void binary(){
   a1 = fabs(a);
   b1 = fabs(b);
   int r, r2, i, temp;
   for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
       r = a1 \% 2:
       a1 = a1 / 2:
      r2 = b1 % 2;
       b1 = b1 / 2;
       anum[i] = r;
       anumcp[i] = r;
       bnum[i] = r2;
       if(r2 == 0){
          bcomp[i] = 1;
      }
```

```
if(r == 0){
        acomp[i] =1;
     }
 }
//part for two's complementing
c = 0;
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
     res[i] = com[i]+ bcomp[i] + c;
     if(res[i] >= 2){
        c = 1;
     }
     else
        c = 0;
     res[i] = res[i] % 2;
 }
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
 bcomp[i] = res[i];
}
//in case of negative inputs
if (a < 0){
 c = 0;
 for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
     res[i] = 0;
 }
```

```
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
       res[i] = com[i] + acomp[i] + c;
      if (res[i] >= 2){
          c = 1:
      }
       else
          c = 0;
       res[i] = res[i]%2;
   }
   for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
       anum[i] = res[i];
       anumcp[i] = res[i];
   }
 }
 if(b < 0){
   for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
      temp = bnum[i];
       bnum[i] = bcomp[i];
       bcomp[i] = temp;
   }
void add(int num[]){
```

```
int i;
  c = 0;
  for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
       res[i] = pro[i] + num[i] + c;
       if (res[i] >= 2){
          c = 1;
       }
       else{
          c = 0:
       }
       res[i] = res[i]%2;
   for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
     pro[i] = res[i];
     printf("%d",pro[i]);
   }
  printf(":");
 for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
       printf("%d", anumcp[i]);
   }
void arshift(){//for arithmetic shift right
  int temp = pro[4], temp2 = pro[0], i;
  for (i = 1; i < 5; i++){//shift} the MSB of product
```

}

```
pro[i-1] = pro[i];
  pro[4] = temp;
  for (i = 1; i < 5; i++){//shift the LSB of product
    anumcp[i-1] = anumcp[i];
  }
  anumcp[4] = temp2;
  printf("\nAR-SHIFT: ");//display together
  for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d",pro[i]);
  }
  printf(":");
  for(i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d", anumcp[i]);
  }
}
void main(){
 int i, q = 0;
 printf("\t\tBOOTH'S MULTIPLICATION ALGORITHM");
 printf("\nEnter two numbers to multiply: ");
 printf("\nBoth must be less than 16");
 //simulating for two numbers each below 16
 do{
```

```
printf("\nEnter A: ");
  scanf("%d",&a);
  printf("Enter B: ");
  scanf("%d", &b);
\width>=16 \parallel b >=16);
printf("\nExpected product = %d", a * b);
binary();
printf("\n\nBinary Equivalents are: ");
printf("\nA = ");
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
  printf("%d", anum[i]);
}
printf("\nB = ");
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
  printf("%d", bnum[i]);
}
printf("\nB'+ 1 = ");
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
  printf("%d", bcomp[i]);
}
printf("\n\n");
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
    if (anum[i] == q){//just shift for 00 or 11
```

```
printf("\n-->");
         arshift();
         q = anum[i];
      }
      else if(anum[i] == 1 && q == 0){//subtract and shift for 10
        printf("\n-->");
        printf("\nSUB B: ");
        add(bcomp);//add two's complement to implement
subtraction
        arshift();
        q = anum[i];
      }
      else{//add ans shift for 01
        printf("\n-->");
        printf("\nADD B: ");
        add(bnum);
        arshift();
        q = anum[i];
      }
   }
   printf("\nProduct is = ");
   for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
      printf("%d", pro[i]);
   }
```

```
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
     printf("%d", anumcp[i]);
}
```

## Output:

```
∑ Terminal
BOOTH'S MULTIPLICATION ALGORITHM
Enter two numbers to multiply:
Both must be less than 16
Enter A: 10
Enter B: 05
 Expected product = 50
Binary Equivalents are:
A = 01010
B = 00101
B'+1 = 11011
AR-SHIFT: 00000:00101
SUB B: 11011:00101
AR-SHIFT: 11101:10010
 -->
ADD B: 00010:10010
 AR-SHIFT: 00001:01001
 -->
SUB B: 11100:01001
AR-SHIFT: 11110:00100
 -->
ADD B: 00011:00100
AR-SHIFT: 00001:10010
Product is = 0000110010
```