

## 12. Calendar Scheduler

Creating a Calendar Scheduler application using the MEAN stack (MongoDB, Express.js, Angular, Node.js) is a comprehensive project. Here's a high-level overview and some code snippets to guide you:

### Project Setup and Structure

Set up a new project folder and structure for your Calendar Scheduler application. Install the required Node.js packages and create a basic Angular application.

#### # Create a new Angular application

```
ng new calendar-scheduler
```

### - Backend (Node.js & Express.js)

Create the backend of your Calendar Scheduler application using Node.js and Express.js.

### Installation of Packages

Install the necessary packages for Express.js, Mongoose (for MongoDB), and other dependencies.

```
npm install express mongoose cors
```

### Setting up Express.js

Create your Express.js server, set up middleware, and handle routes.

- javascript

**// server.js**

```
const express = require('express');  
const mongoose = require('mongoose');  
const cors = require('cors');
```

```
const app = express();
```

**// Middleware**

```
app.use(express.json());  
app.use(cors());
```

**// Database connection**

```
mongoose.connect('mongodb://localhost/calendar-scheduler', {  
  useNewUrlParser: true,  
  useUnifiedTopology: true,  
  useCreateIndex: true,  
});
```

**// Define Mongoose models for Event data**

```
const Event = mongoose.model('Event', {  
  title: String,  
  description: String,  
  start: Date,  
  end: Date,  
  location: String,  
  
  // Add more fields as needed  
});
```

**// Routes for managing events**

```
app.post('/api/events', async (req, res) => {  
  
  // Create a new event  
  
  // Save the event to the database  
});
```

```
app.get('/api/events', async (req, res) => {  
  
  // Retrieve a list of events  
});
```

```
app.put('/api/events/:id', async (req, res) => {
```

```
// Update an event

// Save the updated event to the database

});

app.delete('/api/events/:id', async (req, res) => {

// Delete an event

// Remove the event from the database

});
```

## - Frontend (Angular)

Create the frontend of your Calendar Scheduler using Angular.  
Design the user interface for scheduling events and appointments.

### Design and UI

Design the user interface for your Calendar Scheduler using Angular components, templates, and styles.

### Event Scheduling

Create components and forms for users to schedule and manage events, including specifying the title, description, date, time, and location.

## - typescript

```
// event-schedule.component.ts
```

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';
```

```
import { EventService } from '../event.service';
```

```
@Component({
```

```
  selector: 'app-event-schedule',
```

```
  templateUrl: '../event-schedule.component.html',
```

```
})
```

```
export class EventScheduleComponent {
```

```
  title: string;
```

```
  description: string;
```

```
  start: Date;
```

```
  end: Date;
```

```
  location: string;
```

```
  constructor(private eventService: EventService) {}
```

```
  scheduleEvent() {
```

```
    this.eventService.scheduleEvent(this.title, this.description,  
    this.start, this.end, this.location);
```

```
  }
```

```
}
```

## **MongoDB**

Create a MongoDB database to store event data.

## **Putting It All Together**

Integrate the frontend and backend by making API requests from Angular components to Node.js routes. Ensure that you handle event scheduling, updating, and deletion properly.

Building a Calendar Scheduler is a practical project, and you can enhance it with additional features like event reminders, recurring events, and notifications. Consider using external libraries for calendar views and scheduling interfaces to provide a better user experience.