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Part C: Views
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View 1: Computes a join of at least three tables

SELECT *

FROM Filter as F INNER JOIN Tweet as T

ON F.Text_ID = T.Text_ID

INNER JOIN Users as U

ON T.User_ID = U.User_ID

View 2: Uses nested queries with the ANY or ALL operator and uses a GROUP BY clause

SELECT DisplayName

FROM Users

WHERE User_ID = ANY (SELECT User_ID FROM Tweet WHERE User_ID > 10)

GROUP BY DisplayName

View 3: A correlated nested query

SELECT AVG(Reply_Count)

FROM Filter, Tweet

WHERE Text_ID = Tweet.Text_ID

View 4: Uses a FULL JOIN

SELECT *

FROM Tweet

FULL OUTER JOIN Users

ON Tweet.Text_ID = Users.User_ID

View 5: Uses nested queries with any of the set operations UNION, EXCEPT, or INTERSECT

SELECT User_ID FROM Tweet

UNION

SELECT User_ID FROM Users

ORDER BY User_ID