



MY_PRINTF

PRINTF COMMAND-LIKE



MY_PRINTF



binary name: libmy.a

language: C

compilation: via Makefile, including re, clean and fclean rules



- ✓ The totality of your source files, except all useless files (binary, temp files, obj files,...), must be included in your delivery.
- ✓ All the bonus files (including a potential specific Makefile) should be in a directory named bonus.
- ✓ Error messages have to be written on the error output, and the program should then exit with the 84 error code (0 if there is no error).

You must recode the **printf** function from the C library according to the C99 standard. Your function should be prototyped as the printf function.

You do not have to implement the C library printf buffer handling.



man 3 printf / man 3 stdarg

You must process all **printf** flags.



You must submit a Makefile that will create a library named my, as well as all source files. The libmy.a library must contain the my_printf function, in addition to any other functions required to make it functional.



The whole libC is forbidden, except **va_start**, **va_end**, **va_arg**, **malloc**, **free** and **write**.

Makefile

In your `Makefile` you must list all of the `c` files separately (no `*.c`), compile them, and use the result to generate the `libmy.a` library.

Your `Makefile` must have the following rules:

- ✓ `libmy.a`
- ✓ `all` (which calls the `libmy.a` rule)
- ✓ `clean`
- ✓ `fclean` (which calls the `clean` rule)
- ✓ `re` (which calls the `fclean` and `libmy.a` rules)
- ✓ `unit_tests` (which calls the `fclean` and `libmy.a` rules, and then links the `lib` with the tests) - **Optional**
- ✓ `tests_run` (which calls the `unit_tests` rule and executes the `unit_tests` bin) - **Optional**

Unit tests



Criterion includes mechanisms to test standard output and standard error, you can learn more about it there...

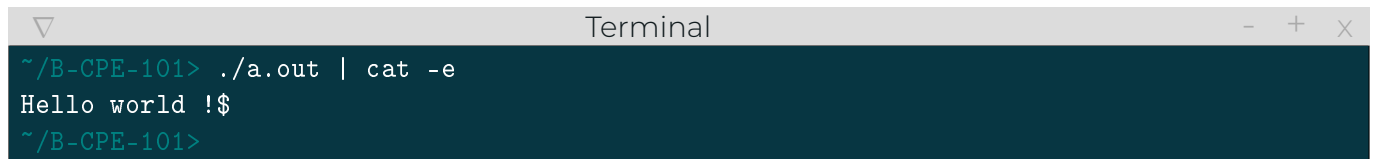
```
#include <criterion/criterion.h>
#include <criterion/redirect.h>
#include "my.h"

void redirect_all_std(void)
{
    cr_redirect_stdout();
    cr_redirect_stderr();
}

Test(my_printf, simple_string, .init = redirect_all_std)
{
    my_printf("hello world");
    cr_assert_stdout_eq_str("hello world");
}
```

Examples

```
char str[8];  
  
my_strcpy(str, "world !");  
my_printf("Hello %s\n", str);
```

A terminal window titled "Terminal" with standard window controls (minimize, maximize, close). The prompt is ~/B-CPE-101>. The user enters ./a.out | cat -e, and the output is Hello world !\$. The prompt returns to ~/B-CPE-101>.

```
~/B-CPE-101> ./a.out | cat -e  
Hello world !$  
~/B-CPE-101>
```

Bonuses

Be creative, you might also look for every versions of printf like sprintf, fprintf, dprintf, etc... %S and %b are considered as bonuses.



Every bonuses have to be in the bonus directory

{EPITECH}

