## 1

## AI1103: Assignment 1

## Savarana Datta - AI20BTECH11008

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/SavaranaDatta/AI1103/tree/main/Assignment1/codes

and latex codes from

https://github.com/SavaranaDatta/AI1103/blob/main/Assignment1/Assignment1.tex

PROBLEM(6.8)

If **A** and **B** are two events such that  $P(A) \neq 0$ . Find P(B/A), if

- 1) **A** is a subset of **B**
- 2)  $\mathbf{A} \cap \mathbf{B} = \phi$

Solution(6.8)

By definition,

$$P(B/A) = \frac{P(AB)}{P(A)}$$
 (6.8.1)

1) Given event **A** is a subset of an event **B**, so

$$AB = A \tag{6.8.2}$$

$$\implies P(AB) = P(A)$$
 (6.8.3)

Substituting equation 6.8.3 in equation 6.8.1 we get,

$$P(B/A) = 1 (6.8.4)$$

2) Given  $A \cap B$  is  $\phi$ . Which states that

$$P(AB) = 0 (6.8.5)$$

From equation 6.8.1 we have

$$P(B/A) = \frac{P(AB)}{P(A)}$$

As P(AB)=0 from equation 6.8.5. We have

$$P(B/A) = \frac{0}{P(A)}$$
 (6.8.6)

As it is mentioned that  $P(A) \neq 0$ 

$$P(B/A) = 0 (6.8.7)$$

