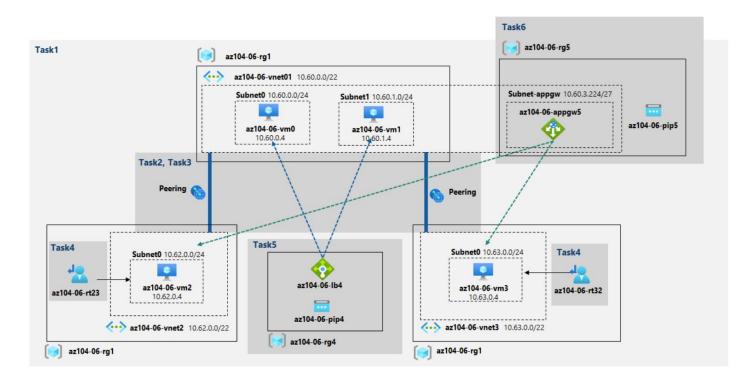
A5-Implement Traffic Management Project

My tasks:

- 1. Provision the environment
- 2. Configure hub and spoke network topology
- 3. Test transitivity of virtual networking peering
- 4. Configure routing in the hub and spoke topology
- 5. Implement Azure Load Balancer
- 6. Implement Azure Application Gateway

Architecture diagram of the implementing Traffic Management



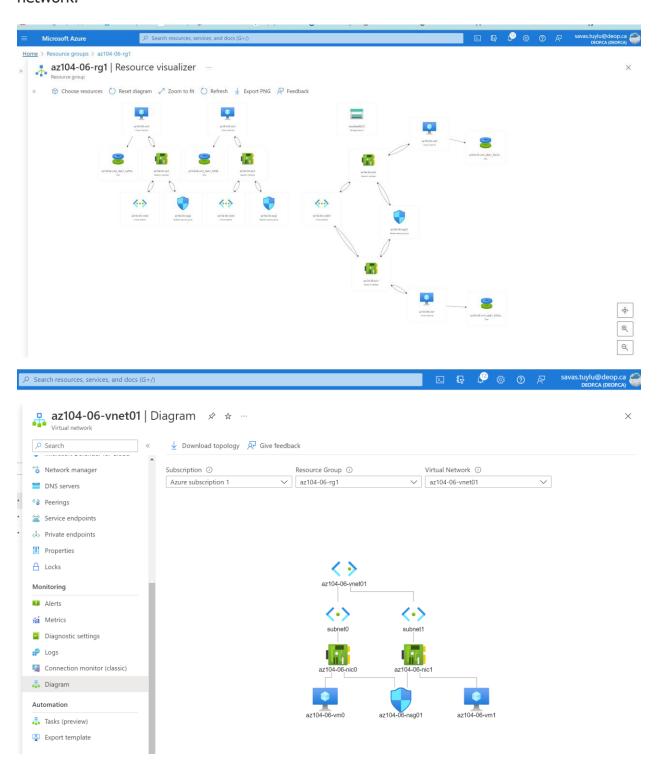
I tested managing network traffic targeting Azure virtual machines in the hub and spoke network topology, which Contoso considers implementing in its Azure environment. My approach needs to include implementing connectivity between spokes by relying on user defined routes that force traffic to flow via the hub, as well as traffic distribution across virtual machines by using layer 4 and layer 7 load balancers. For this purpose, I intend to use Azure Load Balancer (layer 4) and Azure Application Gateway (layer 7).

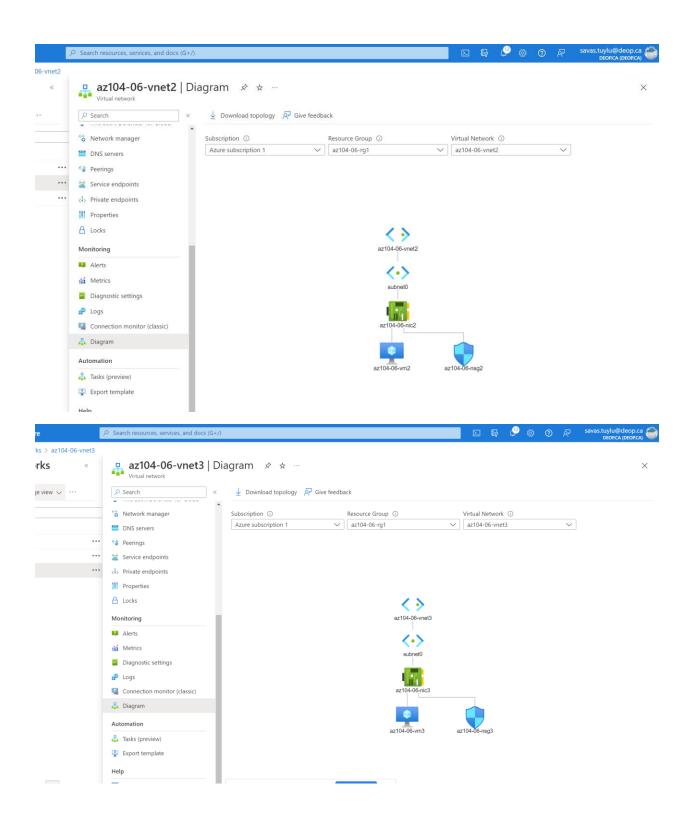
OSI (Open Source Interconnection) 7 Layer Model

Layer	Application/Example Central Device/				DOD4
Layor	Applications	Protocols		·	Model
Application (7) Serves as the window for users and application processes to access the network services.	End User layer Program that opens what was sent or creates what is to be sent Resource sharing • Remote file access • Remote printer access • Directory services • Network management	User Applications SMTP JPEG/ASCII EBDIC/TIFF/GIF PICT		G A T E W A Y	Process
Presentation (6) Formats the data to be presented to the Application layer. It can be viewed as the "Translator" for the network.	Syntax layer encrypt & decrypt (if needed) Character code translation • Data conversion • Data compression • Data encryption • Character Set Translation				
Session (5)	Synch & send to ports (logical ports)	Logical Ports			
Allows session establishment between processes running on different stations.	Session establishment, maintenance and termination • Session support - perform security, name recognition, logging, etc.	RPC/SQL/NFS NetBIOS names			
Transport (4) Ensures that messages are delivered error-free, in sequence, and with no losses or duplications.	TCP Host to Host, Flow Control Message segmentation • Message acknowledgement • Message traffic control • Session multiplexing	TCP/SPX/UDP			Host to Host
Network (3) Controls the operations of the subnet, deciding which physical path the data takes.	Packets ("letter", contains IP address) Routing • Subnet traffic control • Frame fragmentation • Logical-physical address mapping • Subnet usage accounting	Routers IP/IPX/ICMP			Internet
Data Link (2) Provides error-free transfer of data frames from one node to another over the Physical layer.	Frames ("envelopes", contains MAC address) [NIC card — Switch — NIC card] (end to end) Establishes & terminates the logical link between nodes • Frame traffic control • Frame sequencing • Frame acknowledgment • Frame delimiting • Frame error checking • Media access control	Switch Bridge WAP PPP/SLIP	Land	on all layers	Network
Physical (1) Concerned with the transmission and reception of the unstructured raw bit stream over the physical medium.	Physical structure Cables, hubs, etc. Data Encoding • Physical medium attachment • Transmission technique - Baseband or Broadband • Physical medium transmission Bits & Volts	Hub	Layers		

Task 1: Provision the environment

In this task, you will deploy four virtual machines into the same Azure region. The first two will reside in a hub virtual network, while each of the remaining two will reside in a separate spoke virtual network.

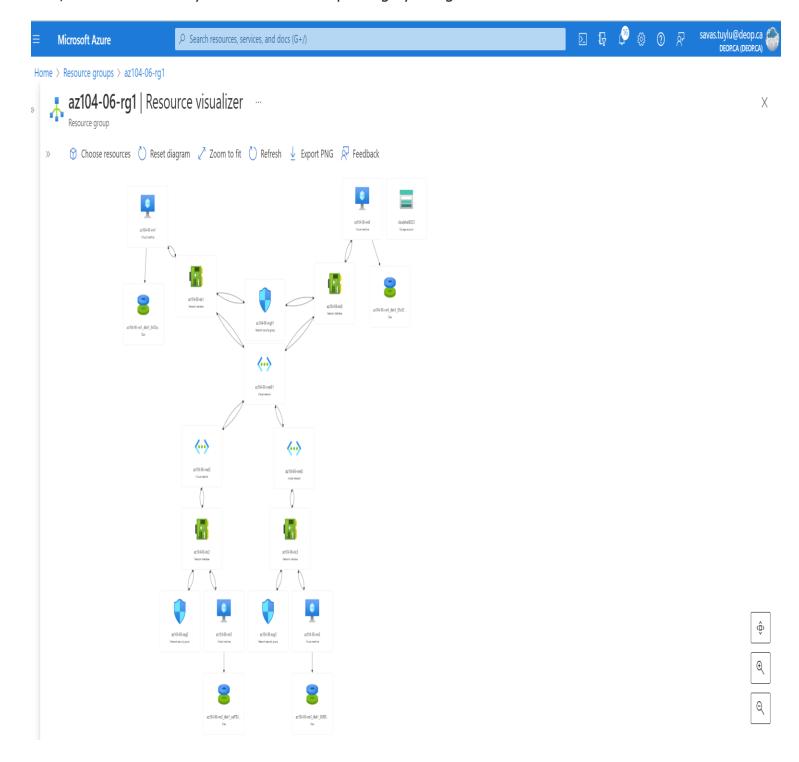




Task 2-3: Configure hub and spoke network topology & Test transitivity of virtual networking peering

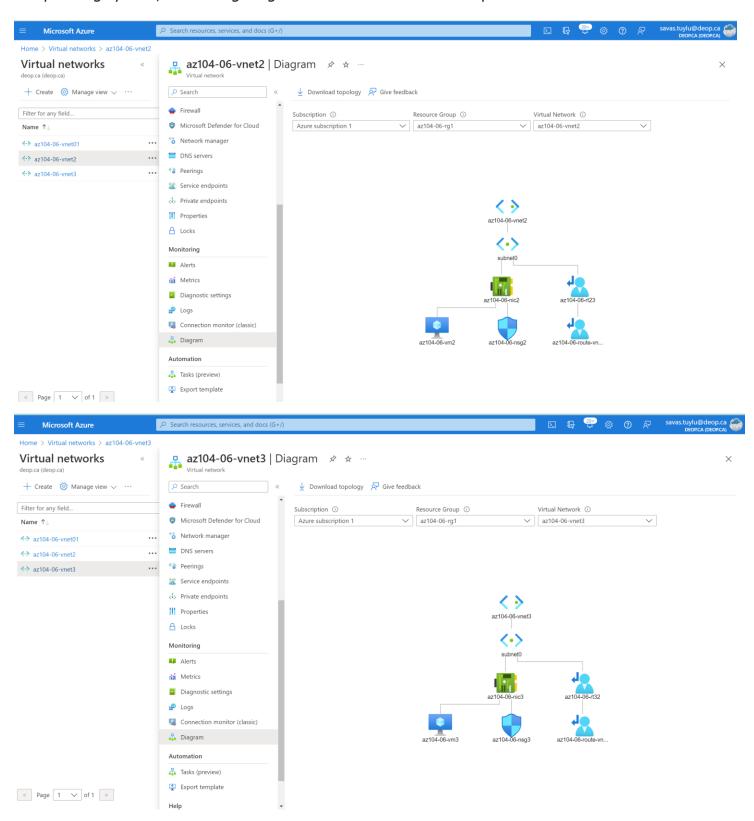
First of all, I configured local peering between the virtual networks I deployed in the previous tasks in order to create a hub and spoke network topology.

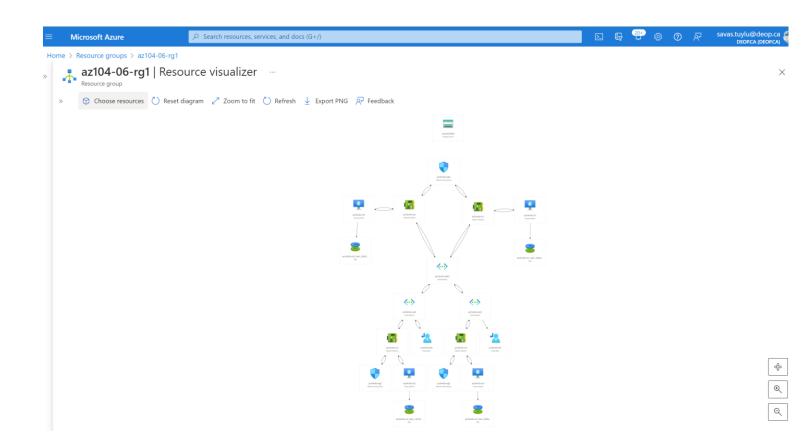
Last, I tested transitivity of virtual network peering by using Network Watcher.



Task 4: Configure routing in the hub and spoke topology

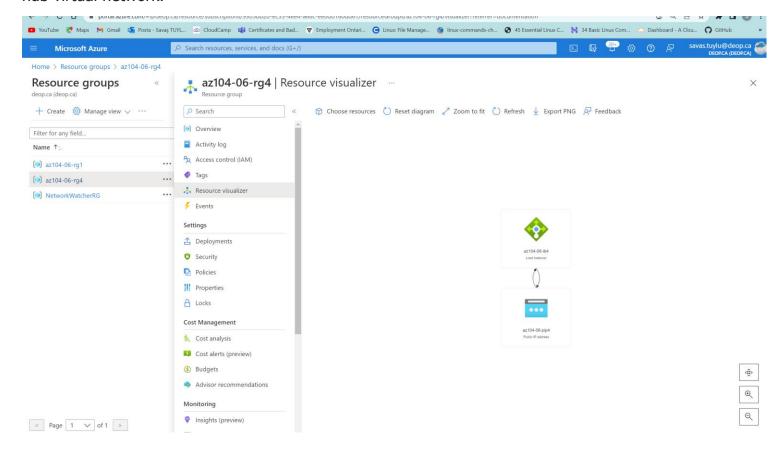
In this task, I configured and tested routing between the two spoke virtual networks by enabling IP forwarding on the network interface of the **az104-06-vm0** virtual machine, enabling routing within its operating system, and configuring user-defined routes on the spoke virtual network.





Task5: Implement Azure Load Balancer

In this task, I implemented an Azure Load Balancer in front of the two Azure virtual machines in the hub virtual network.





Task6: Implement Azure Application Gateway

In this task, I implemented an Azure Application Gateway in front of the two Azure virtual machines in the spoke virtual networks.

