



## malDecision user guide


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### What is malDecision?

Data-driven decision-making to manage infectious diseases throughout the country with different degrees of urbanization. This tool is versatile and interactive.

The home page of malDecision briefly presents the tool and introduces the reference paper where the tool has been introduced.

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## malDecision

A Data-driven decision-making tool to manage infectious diseases with different degrees of urbanization.

The malDecision tool is a versatile and interactive application designed to help help-practitioners and decision makers take a data-driven approach to the management of infectious diseases in their countries.

[Read the paper](#)

Users upload a CSV file with the following header: `Country|Region|District|Longitude|Latitude|Cases|Deaths|Output`. The front-end, graphical web interface of the tool is developed using Shiny, a web application framework for R. The malDecision tool generates an analysis report for the user to download.

The application is available in a standalone version suitable for use in resource-limited settings, and as a web app to be deployed on a Shiny server.

[Go to the malDecision Analyzer](#)

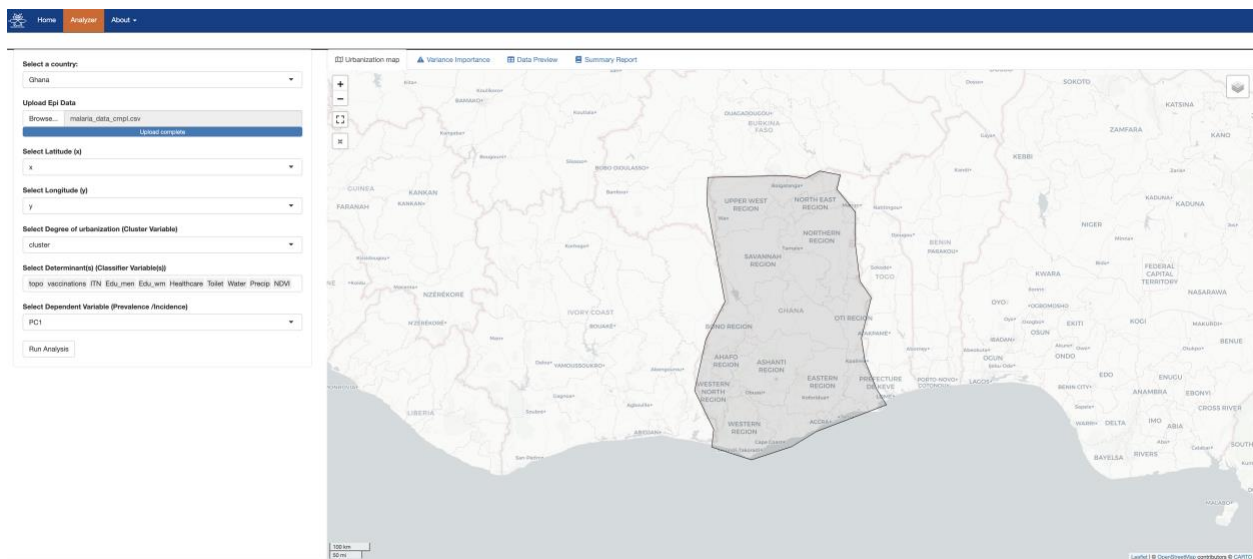
## How to use the app?

Please insert a CSV file formatted as follows. A template of the file can be downloaded [here](#).

|country|Region|District|long|lat|cluster| classifiers| Output

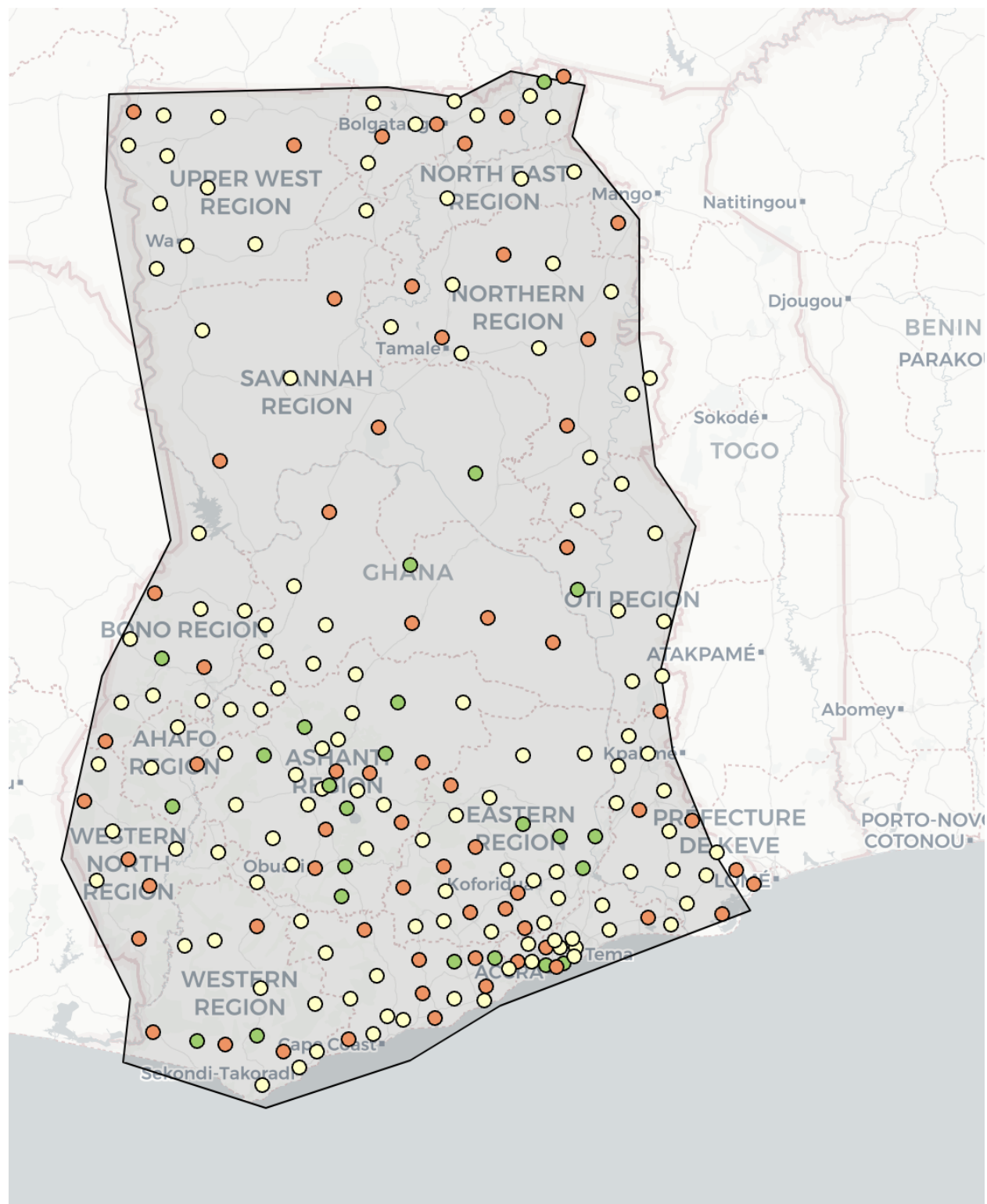
Clusters represent the degree of urbanization of the area and classifiers represent the factors that determine access. The output variable represents the variable to be predicted, such as prevalence or incidence.

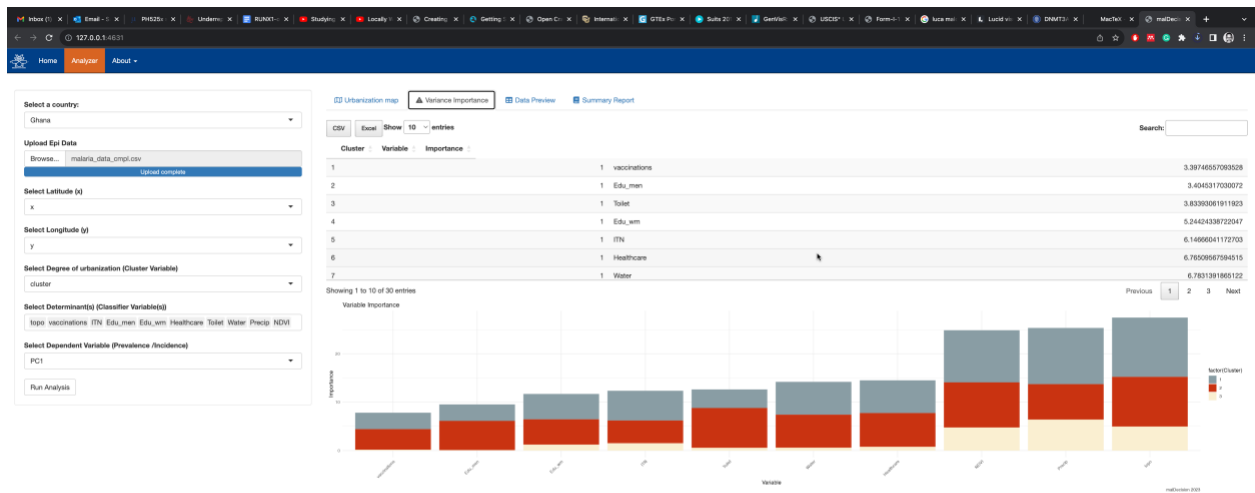
After choosing the country, the study areas were selected. In the left panel, the user can upload his dataset and select his variables.



After selecting the variables of interest for the users and clicking on the button run analysis, results are shown starting from the interactive map to the list of variables ordered by importance for each degree of urbanization.

1. Load the file.
2. Choose a variable cluster that represents the degree of urbanization.
3. Select the classifiers (topo, precipitation, etc.) that represent the determinants.
4. Choose the output variable (PC1)
5. With a single click, you can run the analysis.





127.0.0.1:44331/mab-3752



Urbanization map
Variance Importance
Data Preview
Summary Report

CSV
Excel
Show
5
entries

Search:

	NAME	RGN_NM2012	Tot_P	DTT_ID2	vaccinations	ITN	Edu_men	Edu_wm	Healthcare	Toilet	Water	Precip	NDVI	cluster	Region	PC1	topo	nighLI
1	Abura-Asebu-Kwamankese	Central	117185	210	2	3	3	4	5	2	3	0.116818676	0.366100015	1	Central	0.556848064879674	81.0553480475382	0.54666997450662
2	Accra Metro	Greater Accra	963118.584476	102	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0.107939145	0.147857251	3	Greater Accra	0.595627360588153	38.8593807143728	21.307984565738
3	Ada East	Greater Accra	73899.3254869	112	2	2	3	4	5	7	6	0.097585117	0.208174774	1	Greater Accra	-1.18530000080068	5.41949370341814	0.56541419899798
4	Ada West	Greater Accra	56895.6745131	112	2	2	2	3	4	6	6	0.102428498	0.207391067	2	Greater Accra	-1.32706874037497	18.1929138166895	0.26842390459148
5	Adaklu	Volta	13393.2133903	624	3	5	5	7	11	7	5	0.141392434	0.330798088	2	Volta	-0.972863013346164	69.0075175196432	0.15781847469426

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Moreover, users can download a custom pdf report showing the results of the analysis. Besides, users can download the Excel sheet showing the importance of the variables by the degree of urbanization.

Urbanization map
Variance Importance
Data Preview
Summary Report

CSV
Excel
Show
10
entries

Generate & download report

Search:

Var1	Var2	Freq
	NAME	Length:216
	NAME	Class :character
	NAME	Mode :character
	NAME	
	NAME	
	NAME	
	RGN_NM2012	Length:216
	RGN_NM2012	Class :character
	RGN_NM2012	Mode :character
	RGN_NM2012	

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