Achieve Question Score Calculator Guide

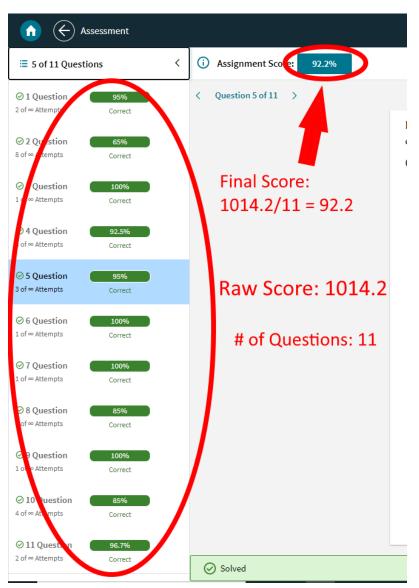
By: Savion E. Watson

Background

(Note to reader: View this document at a higher zoom level such as 130% or 120% to see smaller images)

Hello, this is a guide for a simple program called the: "<u>Achieve Percentage</u> <u>Calculator</u>". You may be asking what is this program, and why was it made?

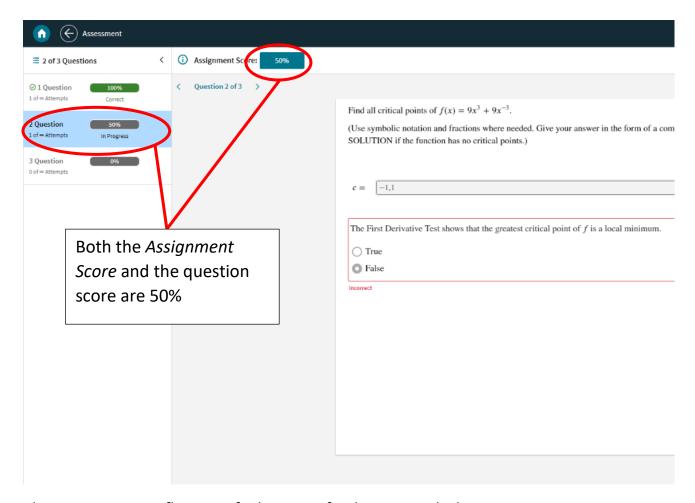
If you haven't noticed already, whenever you complete an assignment in Achieve, you get a score. This score is the *average* of your *individual question scores*.



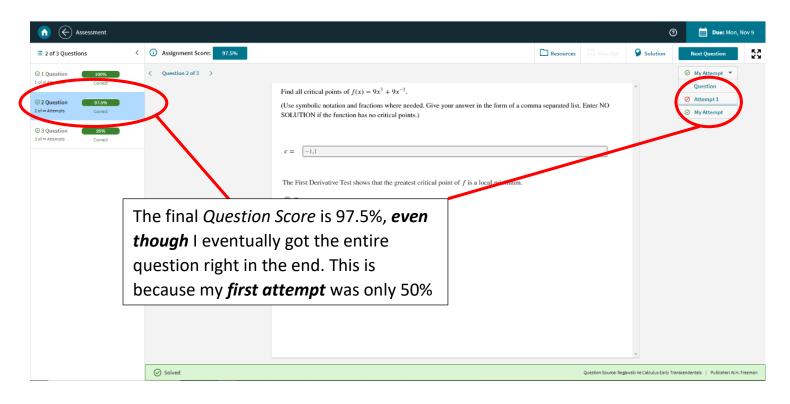
As you complete individual questions, your assignment score is shown at the top of the screen. As you complete a question, every incorrect answer lowers your score, with the deductions varying depending on the question. However, the score for the question you're completing doesn't appear until you *finish* the question.

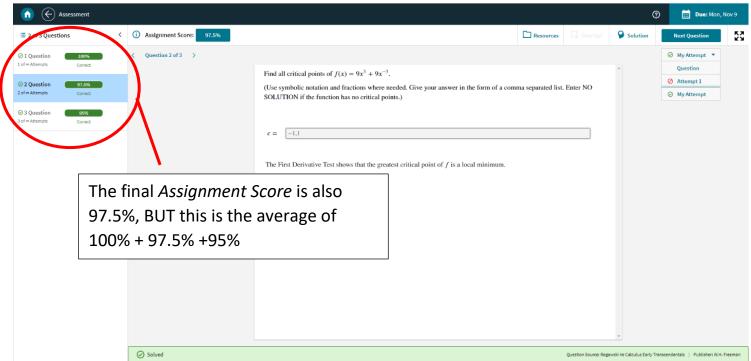
"Then what is that gray number that appears as I answer the question?"

That number shows you shows you how close to full credit your **current attempt** was.



This score is not reflective of what your final score might be. Your question score is dependent on how many parts of your attempts were correct, and your final score is the average of your question scores. Take note of the two images below:





"Why would I want to know my score before I complete a question?"

Teachers who assign Achieve work often give credit based on the assignment score. If you're having trouble with a question and have many failed attempts. Remember that hovering over an incomplete question only gives you the score

for your **current attempt**, not the aggregate of all your attempts. Using the <u>Achieve Question Score Calculator</u> will let you gauge when you should stop giving incorrect, get help, and save your homework grade!

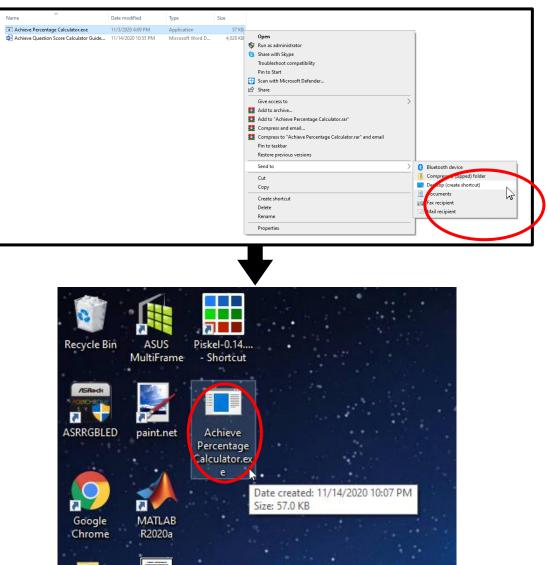
This is especially useful to know given that Achieve questions only change numbers *slightly* for each problem for students in the same class completing the same assignment. Therefore, if your friend manages to complete a question you had trouble with, it's likely they'll know what to do!

Read the instructions below to get started!

Instructions

Step 1: Run the program

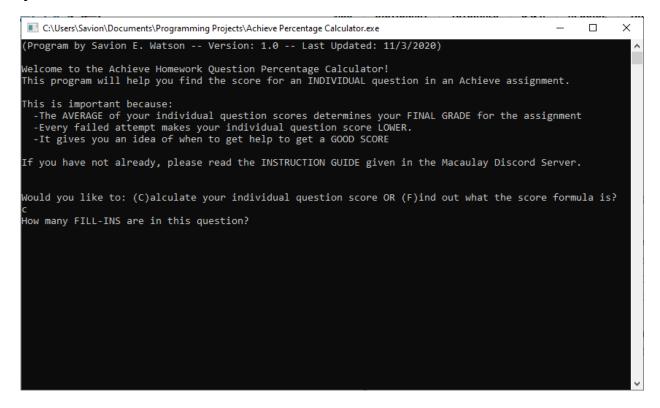
The program is contained in a ".exe" file or executable. Before you run it, right click it, hover over "Send to" and click "Desktop" to place it on your computer's desktop for easy access. Afterward, double click the program to run it.



Step 2: Understanding Fill-ins

The score calculator runs your computer's *Command Prompt* or *Command Window* and acts as a command-line interpreter. This window allows you to do almost anything in your computer without the need for any user interface created by your Operating System. But don't let the lack of pretty graphics scare you! The program not only serves a simple function, but it is also simple to use.

After reading the short description, go down to the line that reads: "Would you like to: **(C)**alculate your individual question score OR **(F)**ind out what the score formula is?"

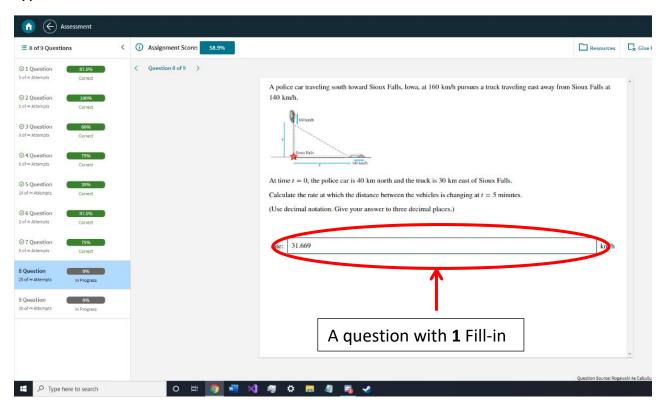


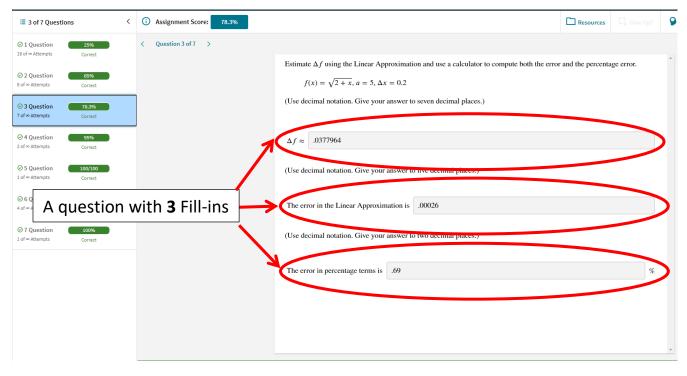
Press the "C" key, then the "Enter" key to start calculating your score.

Press the "F" key, then the "Enter" key to see the formula that drives the program.

When you start to calculate your score you will see text that says: "How many FILL-INS are in this question?". **Fill-ins** are every part of a question that need to

be answered correctly to receive a final score. They *are not* the number of questions themselves. You can tell if something is a *Fill-in* if there is a *box* you can type inside of.

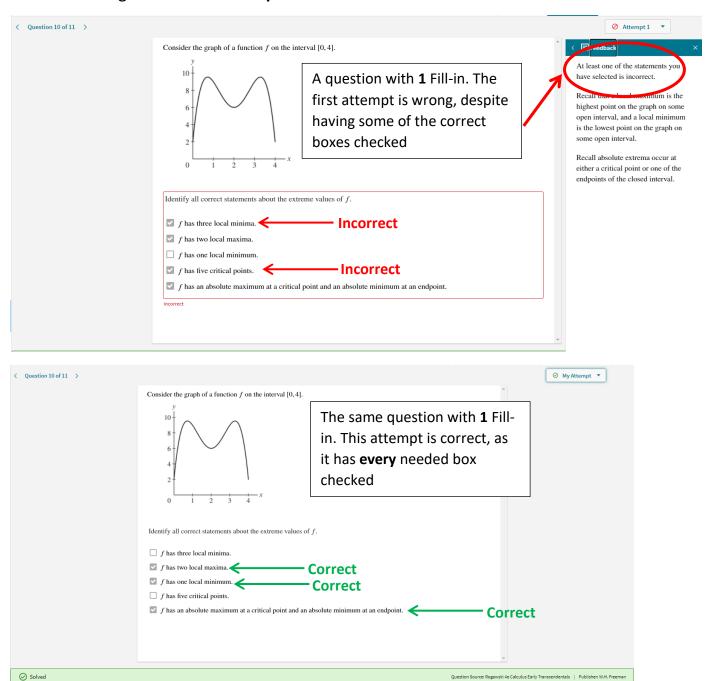




Some questions will have you select multiple boxes next statements that meet a certain criterion. Each of these boxes *is not* a Fill-in, rather, the question itself is a Fill-in.

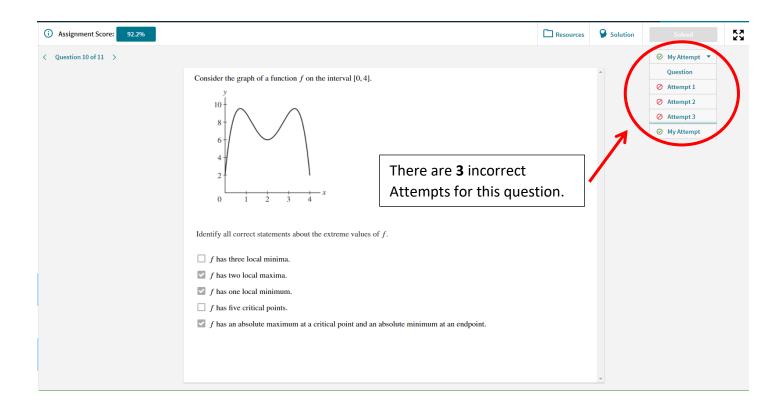
It is also worth noting that while you can get part of a question right, you *cannot* get partial credit for Fill-ins. Fill-ins are either right or wrong, and you can get partial credit for a whole question or an **Attempt** depending on how many Fill-ins there are, and how many are correct. More on this later.

With this in mind, marking only **some** of the correct boxes for a Fill-in ends with the Fill-in being **incorrect** and **not partial credit**.



Step 3: Understanding Attempts

In Achieve, an **Attempt** is any time you try to submit an answer for a question. You can see the Attempts you have for a certain question in the upper right-hand corner of the screen. Click on the box to see how many Attempts you have. Click on each Attempt number to see which Fill-ins you got incorrect.



The <u>Achieve Score Calculator</u> program will ask for your current number of (incorrect) attempts by printing: "How many INCORRECT attempts do you have for this question?" As the attempts are listed in number order, scroll down to the last Attempt, and look at the number next to it. For example, in the image above, I would have 3 incorrect Attempts. If you try a question, and get the entire question correct, your Attempt is recorded as "My Attempt". This Attempt does not add to your question score.

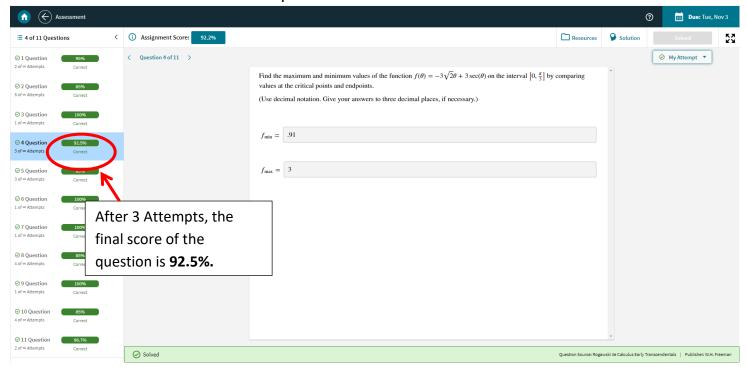
Type your number of incorrect attempts into the program and press "Enter".

Step 4: Looking at Fill-ins in each Attempt

Here comes the most important part of the program: looking at Fill-ins.

As mentioned earlier, each incorrect Attempt has at least one Fill-in incorrect. In order for the program to calculate your question score, it needs to know how many Fill-ins were incorrect for *each* Attempt. You are prompted to enter your number of incorrect Fill-ins with: "How many fill-ins did you get wrong in attempt number: (number)?"

Let's walk through a question to illustrate this. I finished a question with a score of **92.5%** and **2** incorrect Attempts.



The question has **2** Fill-ins. For Attempt #1, I got **2** Fill-ins incorrect. For Attempt #2, I got **1** Fill-in incorrect. When I scroll past the initial description, my Command Window looks like this:

```
This program will help you find the score for an INDIVIDUAL question in an Achieve assignment.

This is important because:

-The AVERAGE of your individual question scores determines your FINAL GRADE for the assignment

-Every failed attempt makes your individual question score LOMER.

-It gives you an idea of when to get help to get a GOOD SCORE

If you have not already, please read the INSTRUCTION GUIDE given in the Macaulay Discord Server.

Would you like to: (C)alculate your individual question score OR (F)ind out what the score formula is?

C
How many FILL-INS are in this question?

2
How many INCORRECT attempts do you have for this question?

2
How many fill-ins did you get wrong in attempt number: 1 ?
Incorrect fill-ins are NOT attempts.

Count how many boxes have RED outlines accross all of your attempts.

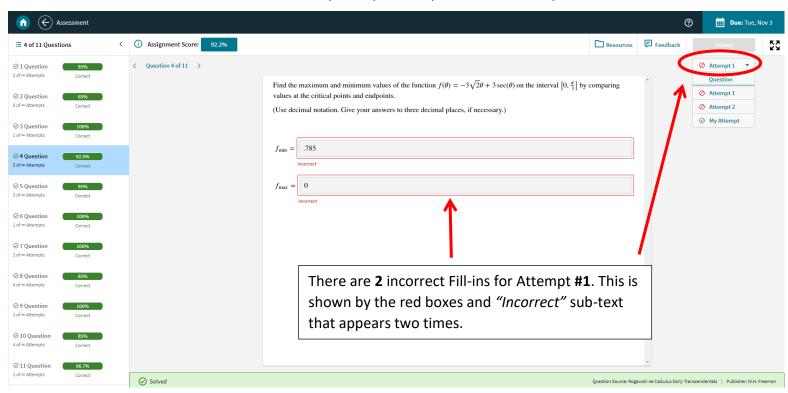
2
How many fill-ins are NOT attempts.

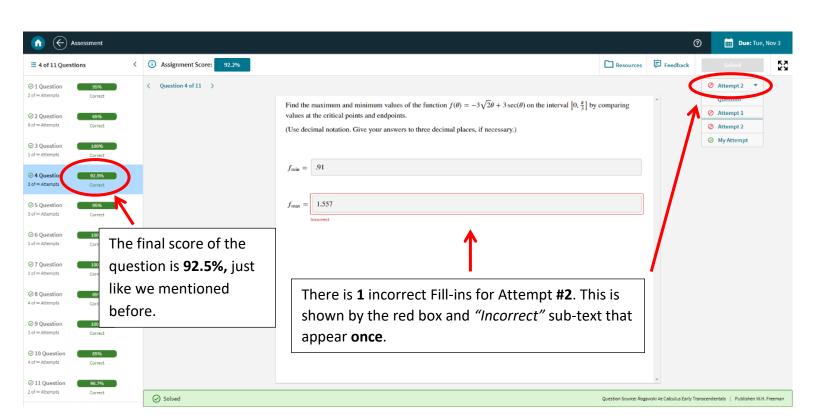
Count how many boxes have RED outlines accross all of your attempts.

Your current score is: 92.5

Get your next attempt right to earn this score!
```

Here are some screenshots of my completed question to verify.





Once you finish calculating your score, type "y" or "n" and press "enter" to calculate another score or exit the program (respectively).

Cool right? So, how exactly does the program work?

Program Formula Deconstruction

The program is based off of the following formula:

Score = 100 – 5(a / f)

a = The **total** number of incorrect fill-ins

f = The number of fill-ins the question has

I came up with this formula by analyzing many of my past homework attempts and noticing patterns among the same types of questions. When questions had only 1 Fill-in, I noticed my score by always deducted by increments of 5%. However, when there were multiple fill-ins with varying correct fill-ins on each attempt, my score wasn't deducted in multiples of 5%, but instead *fractions* of 5%.

To confirm this, I also analyzed questions with checkboxes, to determine if each correct marking counted as its own point or fraction of a point.

When I was able to consistently calculate my scores with each of my completed homework assignments, I was confident enough to make it the basis of my program.

The formula can also be found inside the program by entering "F" after it starts.

Thank you for reading this guide, and may your grades prosper!

Credits

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Mac Version Developer: Buka Dikeocha

Testing: Buka Dikeocha