

initial analysis and modeling

November 10, 2021

0.1 Importing libraries

```
[2]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sb
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
[1]: #pip install -U seaborn
```

Collecting seaborn

Using cached seaborn-0.11.2-py3-none-any.whl (292 kB)
Requirement already satisfied, skipping upgrade: pandas>=0.23 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from seaborn) (1.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied, skipping upgrade: matplotlib>=2.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from seaborn) (3.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied, skipping upgrade: scipy>=1.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from seaborn) (1.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied, skipping upgrade: numpy>=1.15 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from seaborn) (1.18.4)
Requirement already satisfied, skipping upgrade: pytz>=2017.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.23->seaborn) (2020.1)
Requirement already satisfied, skipping upgrade: python-dateutil>=2.6.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.23->seaborn) (2.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied, skipping upgrade: cycler>=0.10 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.2->seaborn) (0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied, skipping upgrade: pyparsing!=2.0.4,!=2.1.2,!=2.1.6,>=2.0.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.2->seaborn) (2.4.7)
Requirement already satisfied, skipping upgrade: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.2->seaborn) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied, skipping upgrade: six>=1.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.6.1->pandas>=0.23->seaborn) (1.14.0)
Installing collected packages: seaborn
Attempting uninstall: seaborn

```

Found existing installation: seaborn 0.10.1
Uninstalling seaborn-0.10.1:
  Successfully uninstalled seaborn-0.10.1
Successfully installed seaborn-0.11.2
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

```

```
[2]: #from IPython.core.interactiveshell import InteractiveShell
      #InteractiveShell.ast_node_interactivity="all"
```

```
[3]: df =pd.read_csv("hotaldataClean1.csv")
      df.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 87230 entries, 0 to 87229
Data columns (total 31 columns):
 #   Column                                  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   IsCanceled                            87230 non-null  int64
 1   LeadTime                              87230 non-null  int64
 2   ArrivalDateYear                       87230 non-null  int64
 3   ArrivalDateMonth                      87230 non-null  object
 4   ArrivalDateWeekNumber                 87230 non-null  int64
 5   ArrivalDateDayOfMonth                 87230 non-null  int64
 6   StaysInWeekendNights                  87230 non-null  int64
 7   StaysInWeekNights                     87230 non-null  int64
 8   Adults                                87230 non-null  int64
 9   Children                              87230 non-null  float64
10   Babies                                87230 non-null  int64
11   Meal                                  87230 non-null  object
12   Country                               87230 non-null  object
13   MarketSegment                         87230 non-null  object
14   DistributionChannel                   87230 non-null  object
15   IsRepeatedGuest                       87230 non-null  int64
16   PreviousCancellations                 87230 non-null  int64
17   PreviousBookingsNotCanceled           87230 non-null  int64
18   ReservedRoomType                     87230 non-null  object
19   AssignedRoomType                      87230 non-null  object
20   BookingChanges                        87230 non-null  int64
21   DepositType                           87230 non-null  object
22   Agent                                 87230 non-null  float64
23   DaysInWaitingList                     87230 non-null  int64
24   CustomerType                          87230 non-null  object
25   ADR                                   87230 non-null  float64
26   RequiredCarParkingSpaces              87230 non-null  int64
27   TotalOfSpecialRequests                87230 non-null  int64
28   ReservationStatus                     87230 non-null  object
29   ReservationStatusDate                 87230 non-null  object
30   Hotal                                 87230 non-null  object

```

```
dtypes: float64(3), int64(16), object(12)
memory usage: 20.6+ MB
```

0.2 Modifying to relevant attribute types in the dataframe

```
[3]: df['ReservationStatusDate'] = pd.to_datetime(df['ReservationStatusDate'])
df["IsCanceled"] = df["IsCanceled"].astype("category")
df["ArrivalDateYear"] = df["ArrivalDateYear"].astype("category")
df["ArrivalDateMonth"] = df["ArrivalDateMonth"].astype("category")
df["Meal"] = df["Meal"].astype("category")
df["Country"] = df["Country"].astype("category")
df["MarketSegment"] = df["MarketSegment"].astype("category")
df["DistributionChannel"] = df["DistributionChannel"].astype("category")
df["IsRepeatedGuest"] = df["IsRepeatedGuest"].astype("category")
df["ReservedRoomType"] = df["ReservedRoomType"].astype("category")
df["AssignedRoomType"] = df["AssignedRoomType"].astype("category")
df["DepositType"] = df["DepositType"].astype("category")
df["Agent"] = df["Agent"].astype("category")
df["CustomerType"] = df["CustomerType"].astype("category")
df["ReservationStatus"] = df["ReservationStatus"].astype("category")
df["Hotal"] = df["Hotal"].astype("category")
```

1 Displaying Dataframe Structure

```
[4]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 87230 entries, 0 to 87229
Data columns (total 31 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   IsCanceled                            87230 non-null  category
1   LeadTime                              87230 non-null  int64
2   ArrivalDateYear                       87230 non-null  category
3   ArrivalDateMonth                      87230 non-null  category
4   ArrivalDateWeekNumber                 87230 non-null  int64
5   ArrivalDateDayOfMonth                 87230 non-null  int64
6   StaysInWeekendNights                  87230 non-null  int64
7   StaysInWeekNights                     87230 non-null  int64
8   Adults                                87230 non-null  int64
9   Children                              87230 non-null  float64
10  Babies                                87230 non-null  int64
11  Meal                                  87230 non-null  category
12  Country                               87230 non-null  category
13  MarketSegment                         87230 non-null  category
```

```

14 DistributionChannel      87230 non-null category
15 IsRepeatedGuest          87230 non-null category
16 PreviousCancellations    87230 non-null int64
17 PreviousBookingsNotCanceled 87230 non-null int64
18 ReservedRoomType         87230 non-null category
19 AssignedRoomType         87230 non-null category
20 BookingChanges           87230 non-null int64
21 DepositType              87230 non-null category
22 Agent                    87230 non-null category
23 DaysInWaitingList        87230 non-null int64
24 CustomerType             87230 non-null category
25 ADR                      87230 non-null float64
26 RequiredCarParkingSpaces 87230 non-null int64
27 TotalOfSpecialRequests   87230 non-null int64
28 ReservationStatus        87230 non-null category
29 ReservationStatusDate     87230 non-null datetime64[ns]
30 Hotal                    87230 non-null category
dtypes: category(15), datetime64[ns](1), float64(2), int64(13)
memory usage: 12.1 MB

```

2 describing the stats for numerical attributes

```
[5]: df.describe()
```

```

[5]:
count      LeadTime  ArrivalDateWeekNumber  ArrivalDateDayOfMonth  \
count      87230.000000      87230.000000      87230.000000
mean        79.971019      26.835091      15.815832
std         86.058683      13.669216      8.835545
min          0.000000       1.000000      1.000000
25%         11.000000      16.000000      8.000000
50%         49.000000      27.000000     16.000000
75%        125.000000      37.000000     23.000000
max        737.000000      53.000000     31.000000

count      StaysInWeekendNights  StaysInWeekNights  Adults  Children  \
count      87230.000000      87230.000000  87230.000000  87230.000000
mean         1.004609       2.623925      1.879365      0.138897
std         1.027408       2.039830      0.621724      0.456265
min          0.000000       0.000000      0.000000      0.000000
25%          0.000000       1.000000      2.000000      0.000000
50%          1.000000       2.000000      2.000000      0.000000
75%          2.000000       4.000000      2.000000      0.000000
max         19.000000      50.000000     55.000000     10.000000

count      Babies  PreviousCancellations  PreviousBookingsNotCanceled  \
count      87230.000000      87230.000000      87230.000000

```

mean	0.010845	0.030402	0.184054
std	0.113704	0.369344	1.733033
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
75%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
max	10.000000	26.000000	72.000000

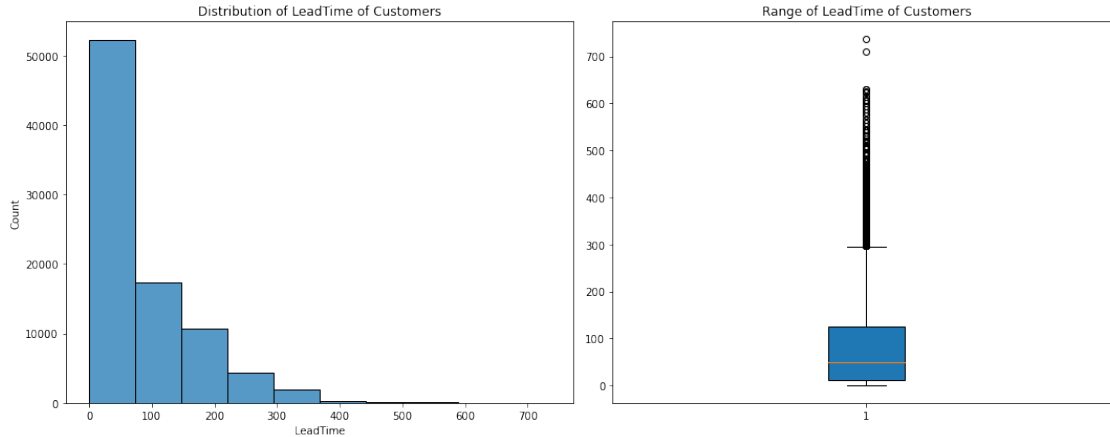
	BookingChanges	DaysInWaitingList	ADR \
count	87230.000000	87230.000000	87230.000000
mean	0.268497	0.746291	106.518031
std	0.710633	10.001001	54.891227
min	0.000000	0.000000	-6.380000
25%	0.000000	0.000000	72.250000
50%	0.000000	0.000000	98.200000
75%	0.000000	0.000000	134.100000
max	18.000000	391.000000	5400.000000

	RequiredCarParkingSpaces	TotalOfSpecialRequests
count	87230.000000	87230.000000
mean	0.084306	0.698934
std	0.281659	0.832051
min	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000
50%	0.000000	0.000000
75%	0.000000	1.000000
max	8.000000	5.000000

```
[7]: df.shape
```

```
[7]: (87230, 31)
```

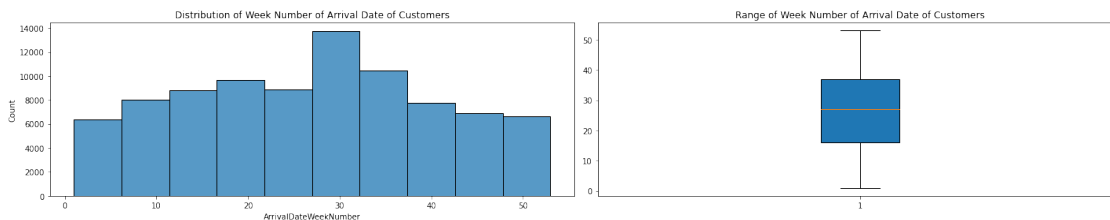
```
[6]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(15,6))
sb.histplot(df['LeadTime'],bins=10,ax=axes[0])
plt.boxplot(df['LeadTime'],patch_artist = True)
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of LeadTime of Customers')
axes[1].set_title('Range of LeadTime of Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[7]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(20,4))

sb.histplot(df['ArrivalDateWeekNumber'],bins=10,ax=axes[0])
plt.boxplot(df['ArrivalDateWeekNumber'],patch_artist = True)

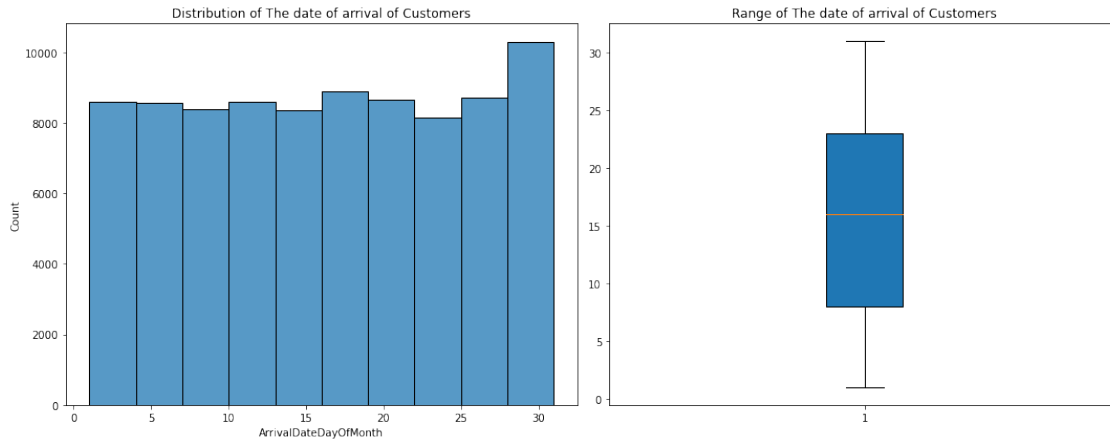
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of Week Number of Arrival Date of Customers')
axes[1].set_title('Range of Week Number of Arrival Date of Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of ArrivalDateWeekNumber.png" )
plt.show()
```



```
[8]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['ArrivalDateDayOfMonth'],bins=10,ax=axes[0])
plt.boxplot(df['ArrivalDateDayOfMonth'],patch_artist = True)

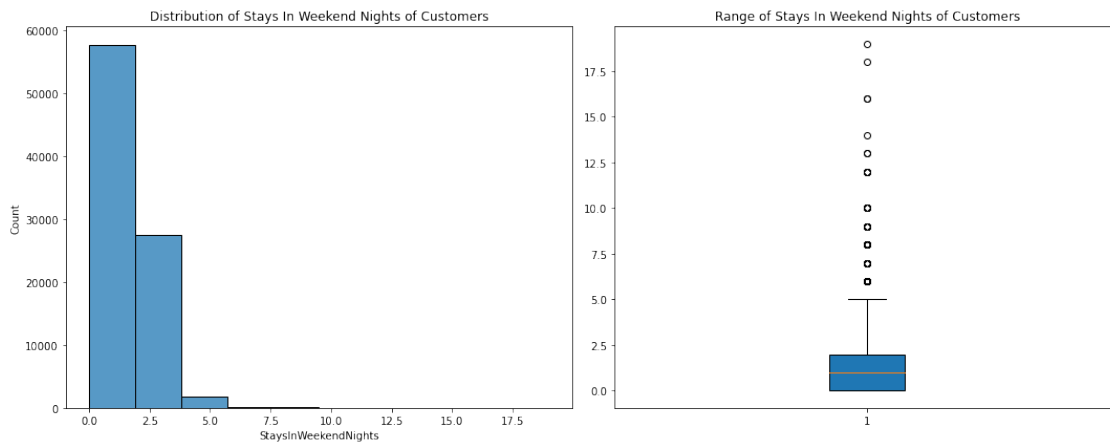
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of The date of arrival of Customers')
axes[1].set_title('Range of The date of arrival of Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of ArrivalDateDayOfMonth.png" )
plt.show()
```



```
[9]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['StaysInWeekendNights'],bins=10,ax=axes[0])
plt.boxplot(df['StaysInWeekendNights'],patch_artist=True)

axes[0].set_title('Distribution of Stays In Weekend Nights of Customers')
axes[1].set_title('Range of Stays In Weekend Nights of Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of StaysInWeekendNights.png" )
plt.show()
```



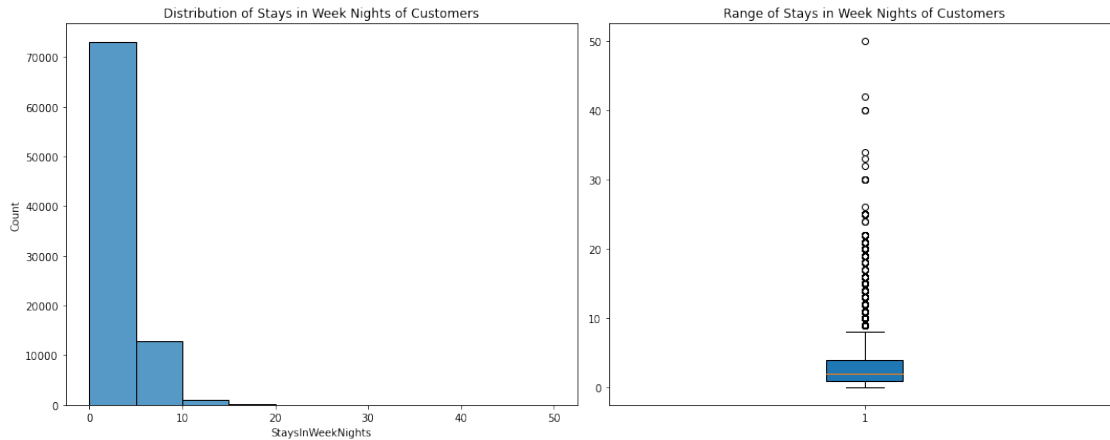
```
[10]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['StaysInWeekNights'],bins= 10,ax=axes[0])
plt.boxplot(df['StaysInWeekNights'],patch_artist=True)
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of Stays in Week Nights of Customers')
```

```

axes[1].set_title('Range of Stays in Week Nights of Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of StaysInWeekNights.png" )
plt.show()

```



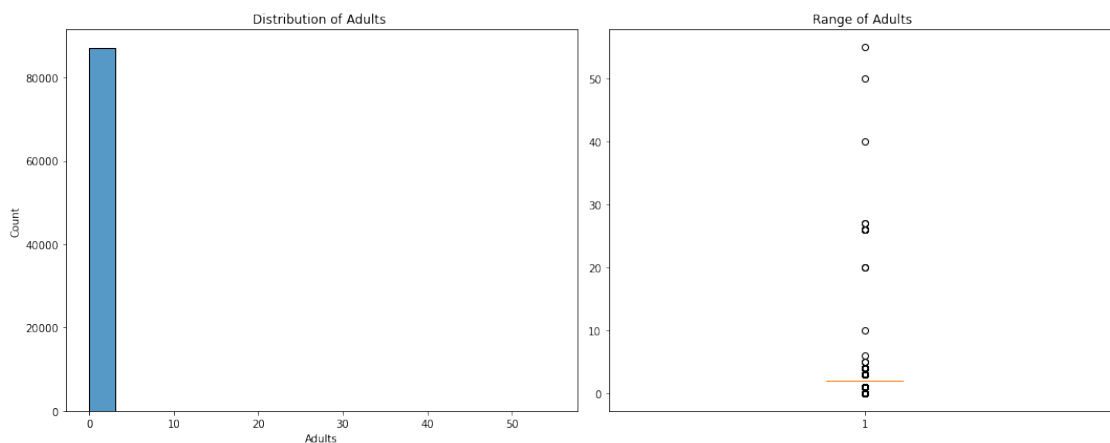
```

[11]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['Adults'],ax=axes[0])

plt.boxplot(df['Adults'],patch_artist=True)
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of Adults ')
axes[1].set_title('Range of Adults ')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of Adults.png" )
plt.show()

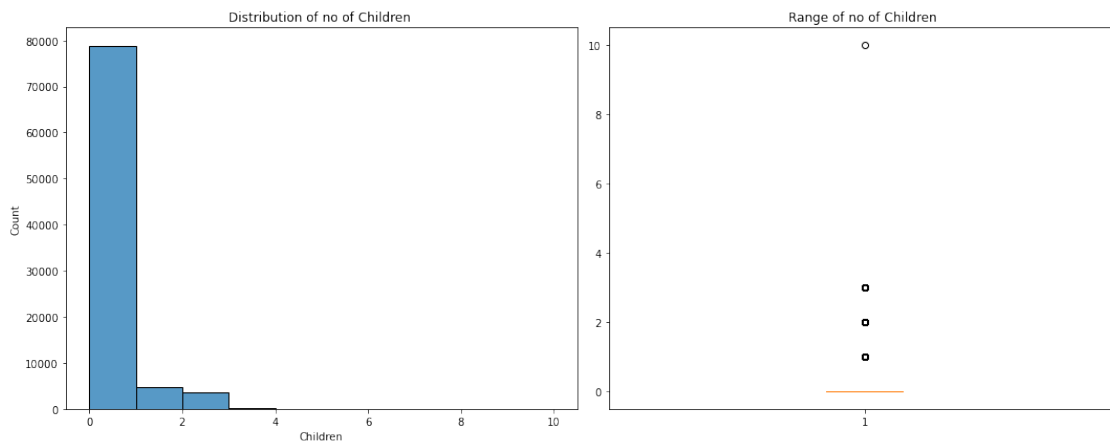
```




```
[12]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['Children'],bins= 10,ax=axes[0])

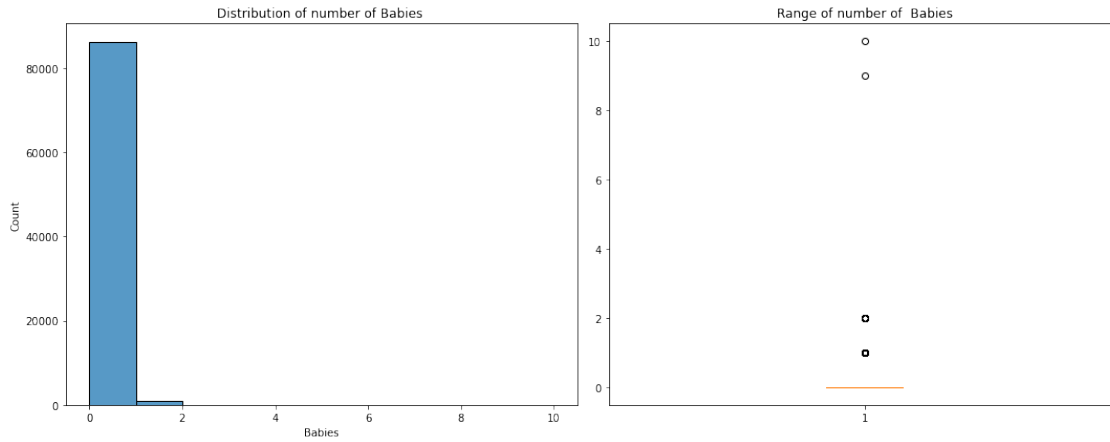
plt.boxplot(df['Children'],patch_artist=True)
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of no of Children ')
axes[1].set_title('Range of no of Children ')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of Children.png" )
plt.show()
```



```
[13]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['Babies'],bins= 10,ax=axes[0])

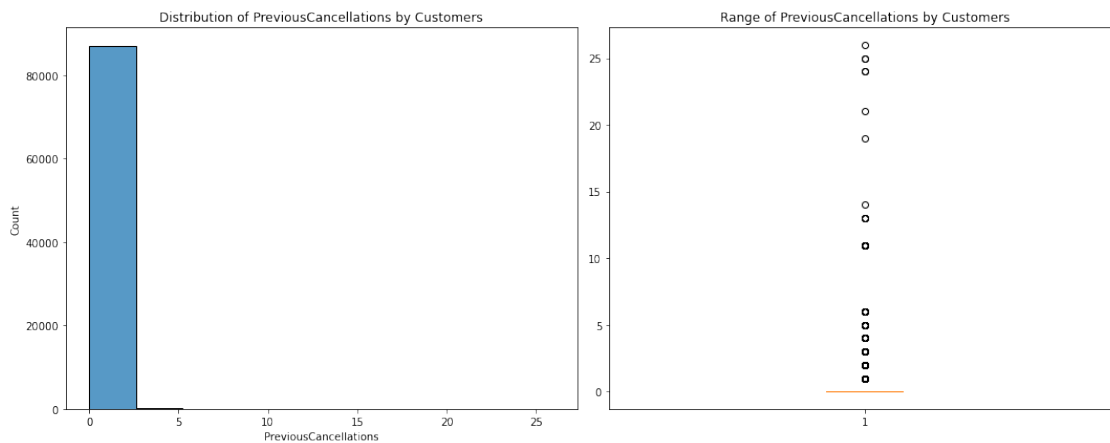
plt.boxplot(df['Babies'],patch_artist=True)## Whiskers in the Boxplot shows
↳ that there are outliers
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of number of Babies ')
axes[1].set_title('Range of number of Babies')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of Babies.png" )
plt.show()
```



```
[14]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['PreviousCancellations'],bins= 10,ax=axes[0])

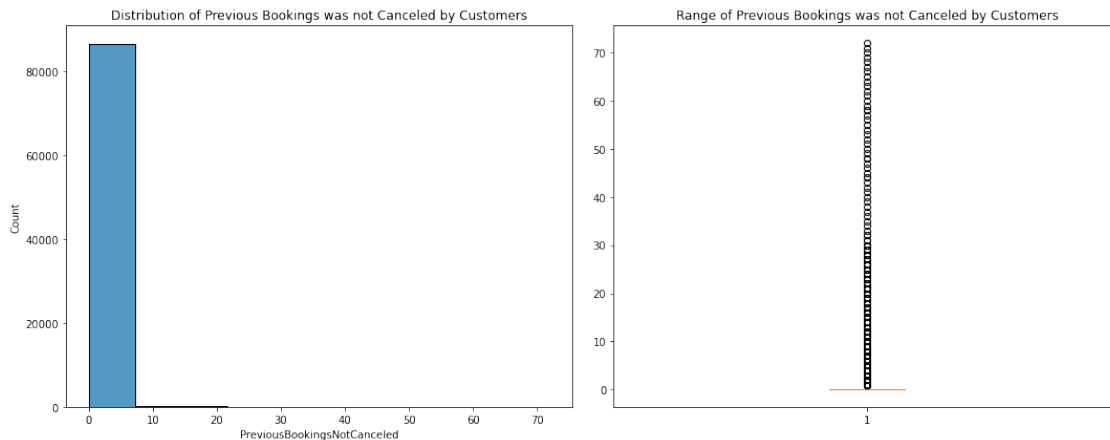
plt.boxplot(df['PreviousCancellations'],patch_artist=True)
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of PreviousCancellations by Customers')
axes[1].set_title('Range of PreviousCancellations by Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of PreviousCancellations.png" )
plt.show()
```



```
[15]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['PreviousBookingsNotCanceled'],bins= 10,ax=axes[0])
```

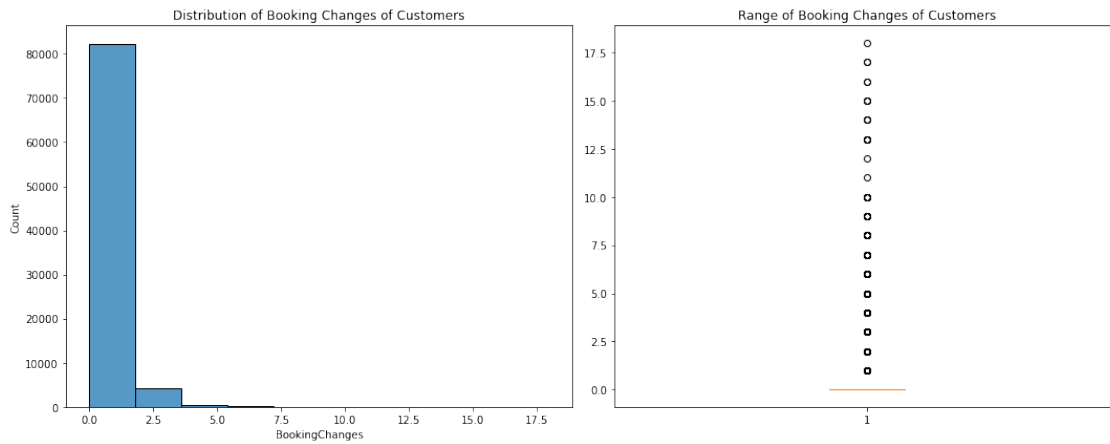
```
plt.boxplot(df['PreviousBookingsNotCanceled'],patch_artist=True)## Whiskers in
↳the Boxplot shows that there are outliers
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of Previous Bookings was not Canceled by
↳Customers')
axes[1].set_title('Range of Previous Bookings was not Canceled by Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of PreviousBookingsNotCanceled.png" )
plt.show()
```



```
[16]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['BookingChanges'],bins= 10,ax=axes[0])

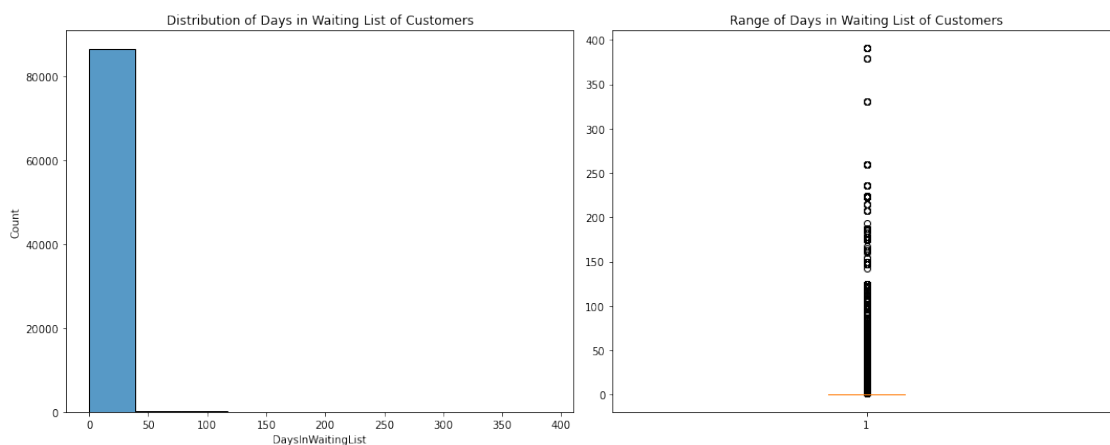
plt.boxplot(df['BookingChanges'],patch_artist=True)## Whiskers in the Boxplot
↳shows that there are outliers
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of Booking Changes of Customers')
axes[1].set_title('Range of Booking Changes of Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of BookingChanges.png" )
plt.show()
```



```
[17]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['DaysInWaitingList'],bins=10,ax=axes[0])

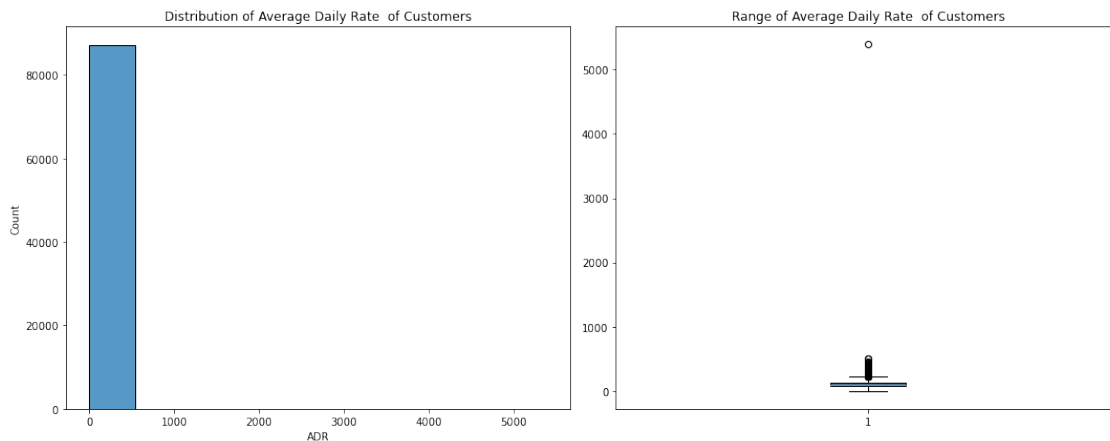
plt.boxplot(df['DaysInWaitingList'],patch_artist=True)## Whiskers in the
↳Boxplot shows that there are outliers
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of Days in Waiting List of Customers')
axes[1].set_title('Range of Days in Waiting List of Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of DaysInWaitingList.png" )
plt.show()
```



```
[18]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['ADR'],bins=10,ax=axes[0])
```

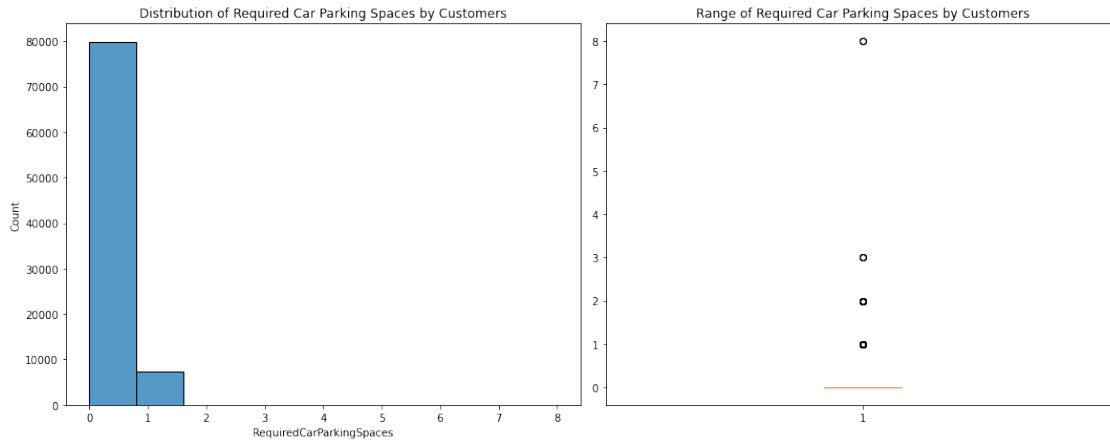
```
plt.boxplot(df['ADR'],patch_artist=True)
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of Average Daily Rate of Customers')
axes[1].set_title('Range of Average Daily Rate of Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of ADR.png" )
plt.show()
```



```
[19]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['RequiredCarParkingSpaces'],bins= 10, ax=axes[0])

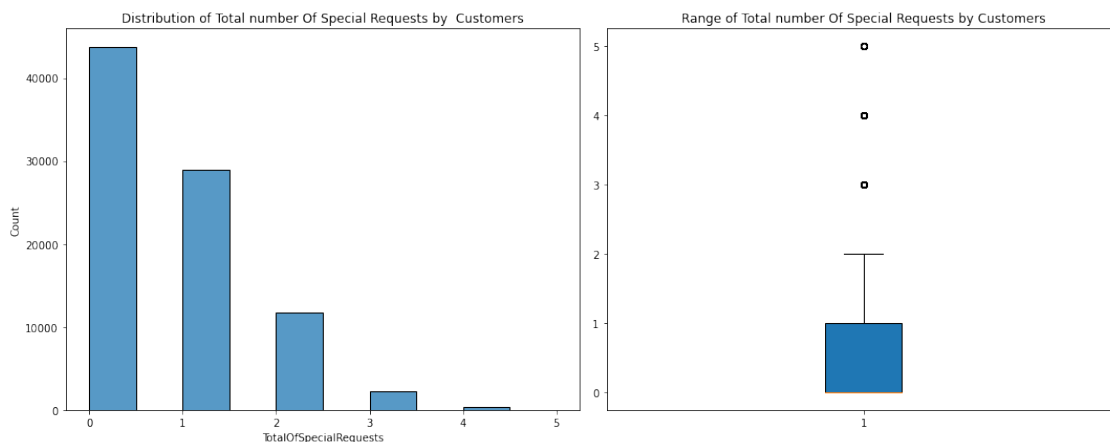
plt.boxplot(df['RequiredCarParkingSpaces'],patch_artist=True)## Whiskers in the
↳Boxplot shows that there are outliers
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of Required Car Parking Spaces by Customers')
axes[1].set_title('Range of Required Car Parking Spaces by Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of RequiredCarParkingSpaces.png" )
plt.show()
```



```
[20]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(15,6))

sb.histplot(df['TotalOfSpecialRequests'],bins= 10,ax=axes[0])

plt.boxplot(df['TotalOfSpecialRequests'],patch_artist=True)## Whiskers in the
↳Boxplot shows that there are outliers
axes[0].set_title('Distribution of Total number Of Special Requests by 
↳Customers')
axes[1].set_title('Range of Total number Of Special Requests by Customers')
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig("hist of TotalOfSpecialRequests.png" )
plt.show()
```



```
[21]: numeric = []
category = []
```

```

for col in df:
    if pd.api.types.is_numeric_dtype(df[col]):
        numeric.append(col)
    else:
        category.append(col)
print("category :",category)

```

```

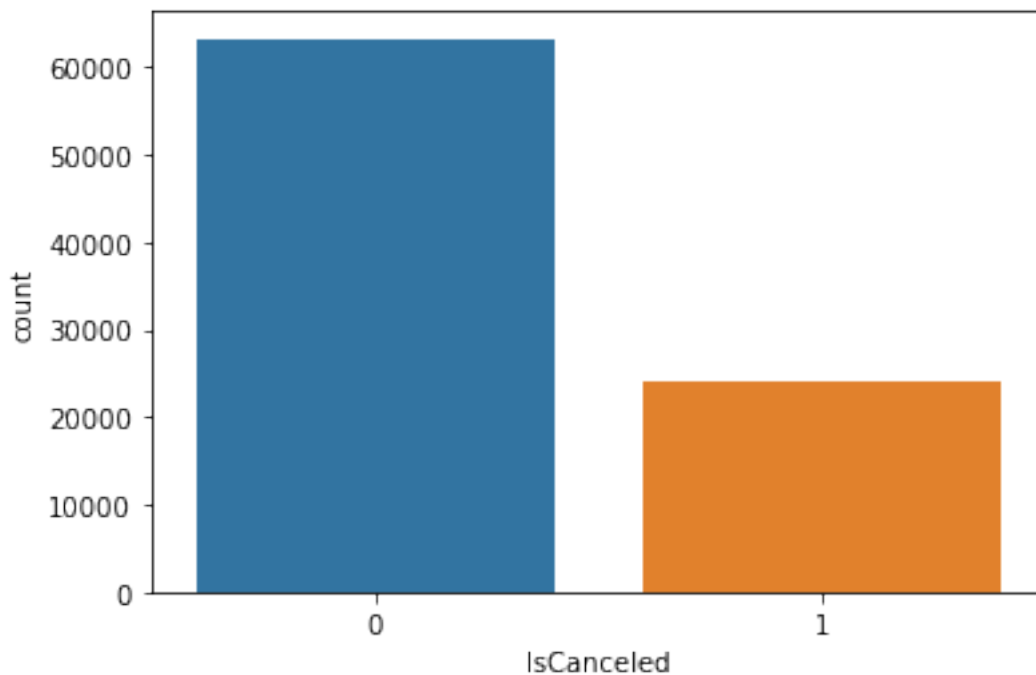
category : ['IsCanceled', 'ArrivalDateYear', 'ArrivalDateMonth', 'Meal',
'Country', 'MarketSegment', 'DistributionChannel', 'IsRepeatedGuest',
'ReservedRoomType', 'AssignedRoomType', 'DepositType', 'Agent', 'CustomerType',
'ReservationStatus', 'ReservationStatusDate', 'Hotal']

```

```

[23]: chart = sb.countplot(df["IsCanceled"]) # frequency distribution
chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels())
#plt.savefig("hist of IsCanceled.png" )
plt.show()

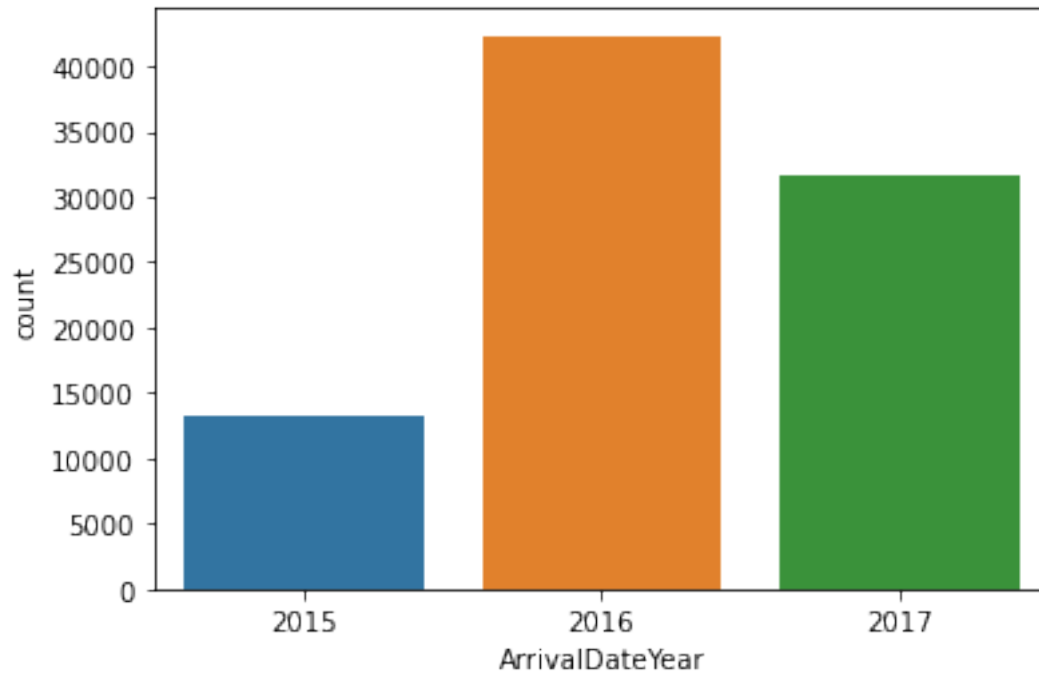
```



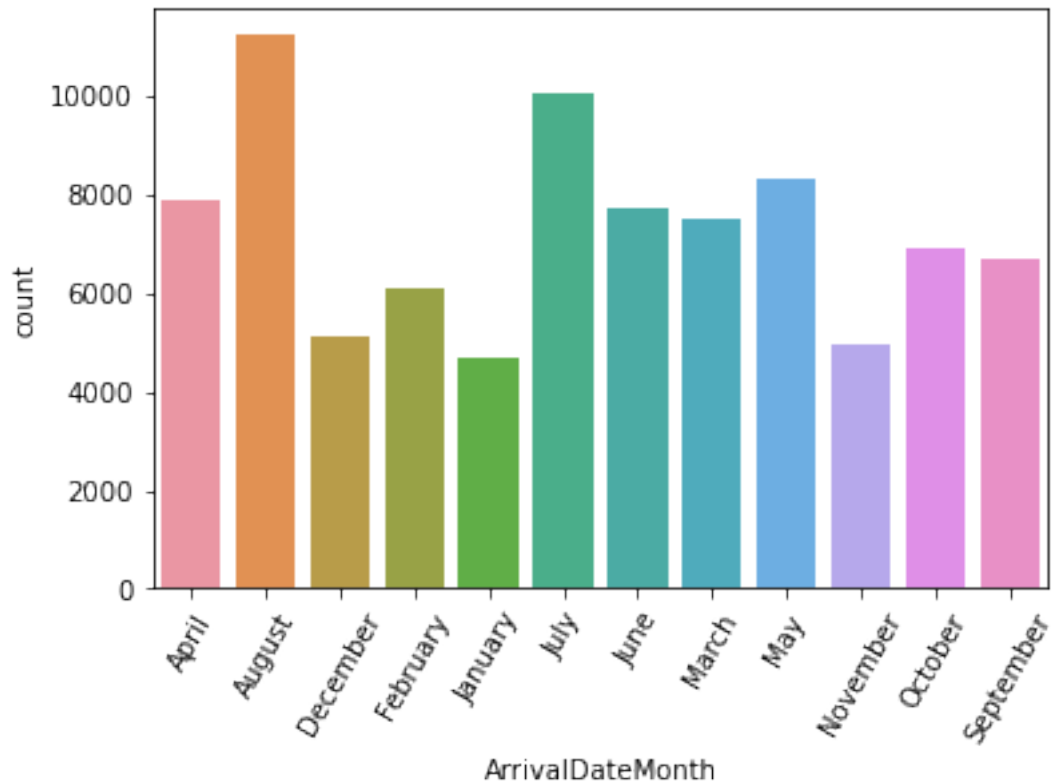
```

[24]: chart = sb.countplot(df["ArrivalDateYear"]) # frequency distribution
chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels())
#plt.savefig("hist of ArrivalDateYear.png" )
plt.show()

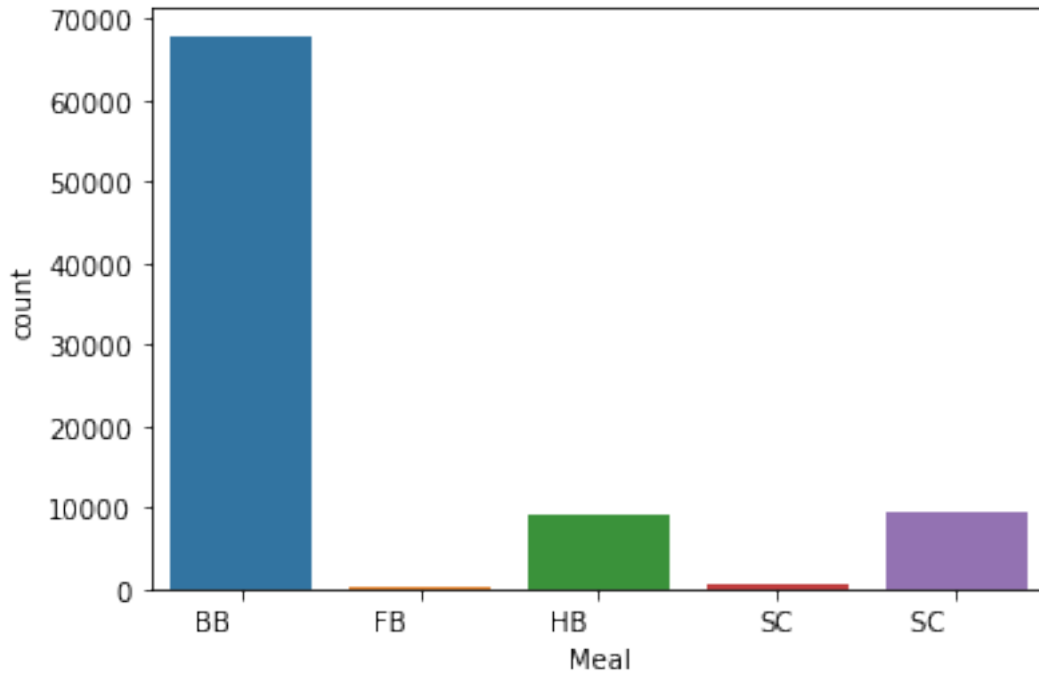
```



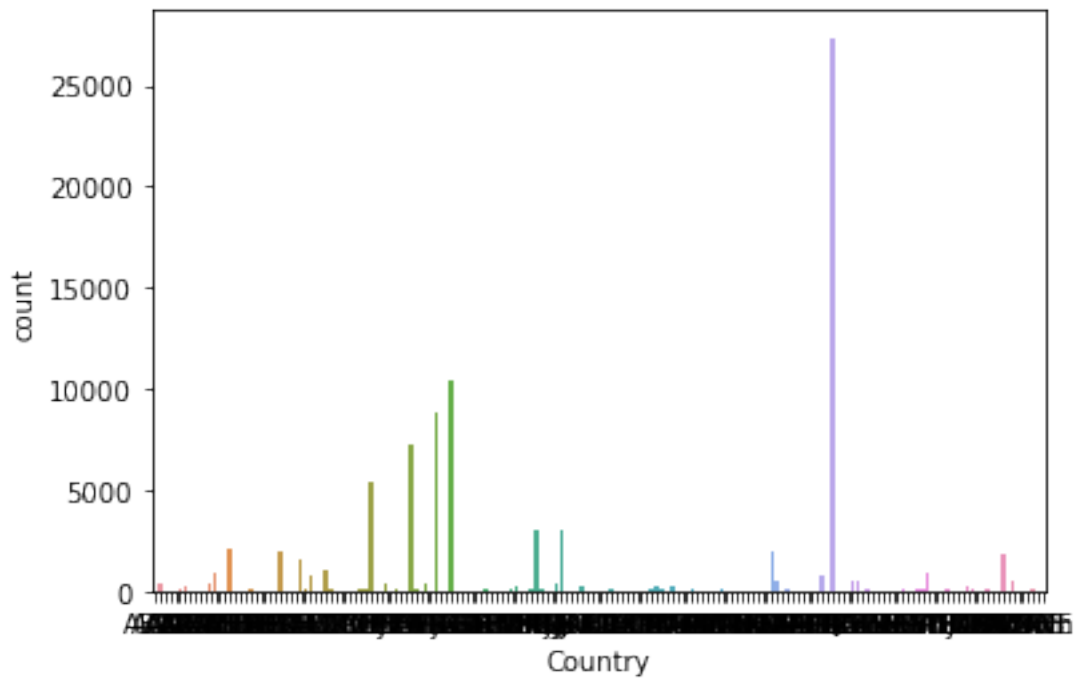
```
[25]: chart = sb.countplot(df["ArrivalDateMonth"]) # frequency distribution
chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels(),rotation=60)
#plt.savefig("A.png",bbox_inches='tight' )
plt.show()
```

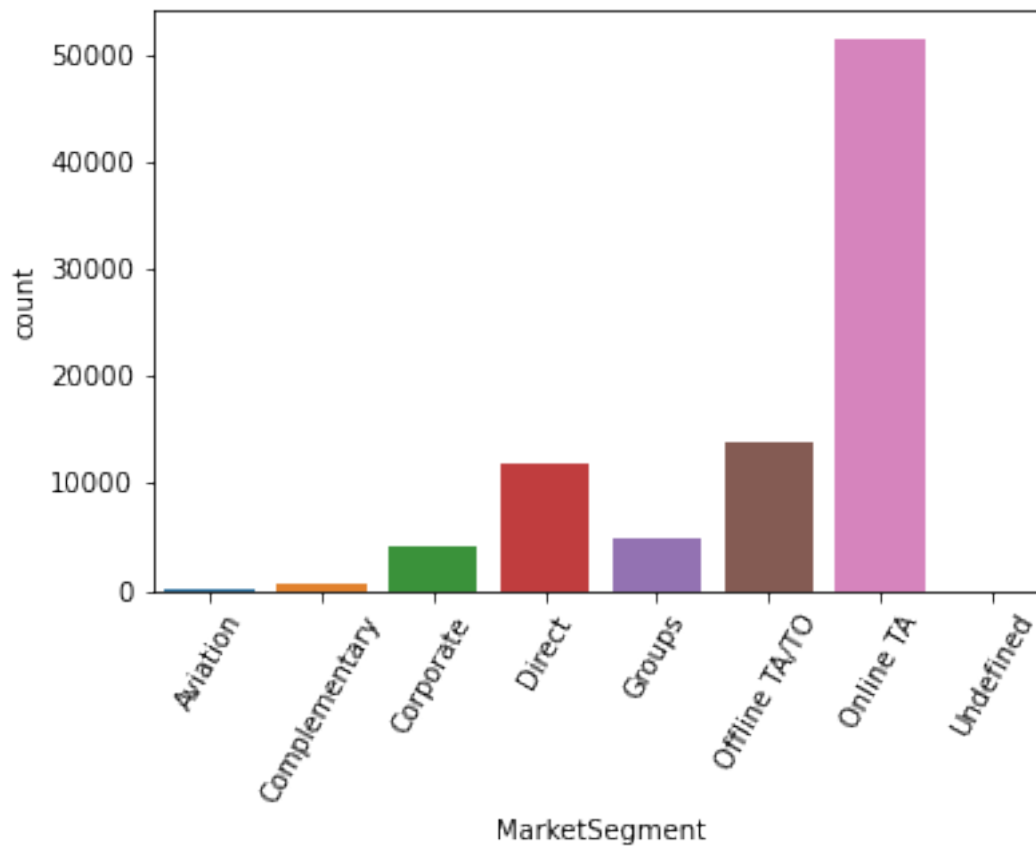
```
[26]: chart = sb.countplot(df["Meal"]) # frequency distribution
      chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels())
      #plt.savefig("hist of Meal.png" )
      plt.show()
```



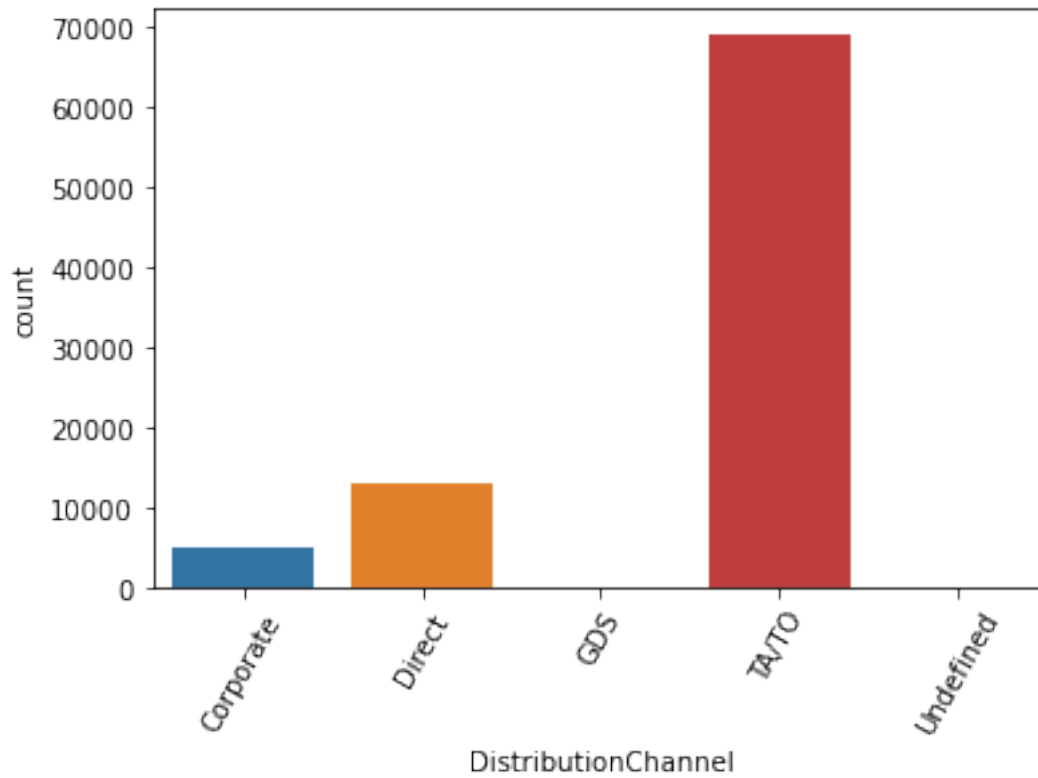
```
[27]: chart = sb.countplot(df["Country"]) # frequency distribution
      chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels())
      #plt.savefig("hist of Country.png" )
      plt.show()
```



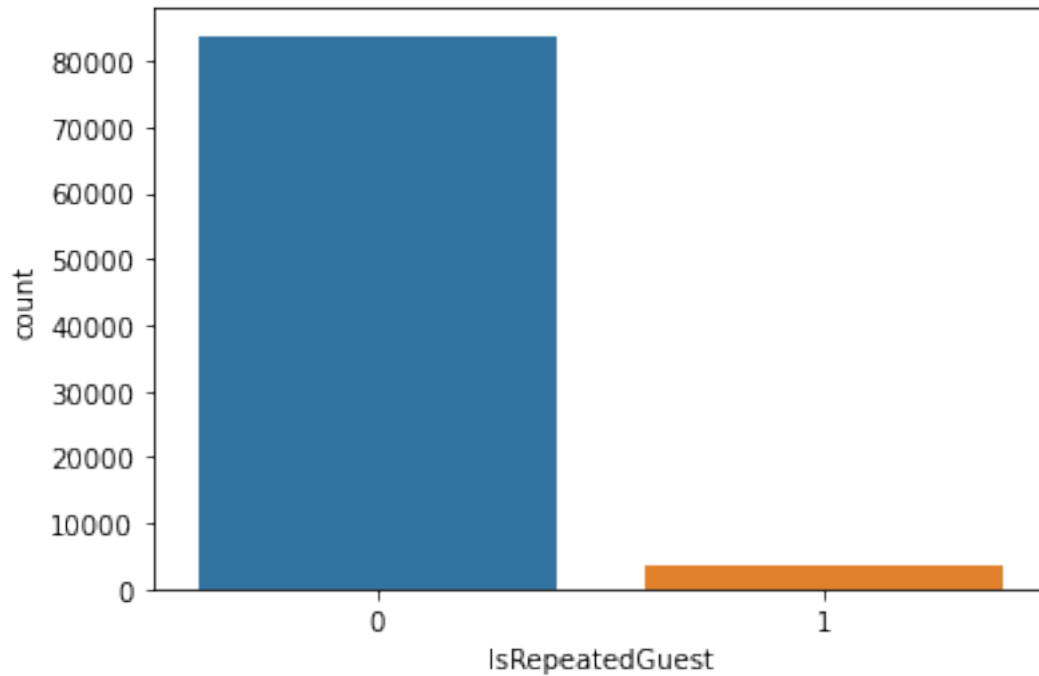
```
[299]: chart = sb.countplot(df["MarketSegment"]) # frequency distribution
chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels(),rotation=60)
#plt.savefig("hist of MarketSegment.png",bbox_inches='tight' )
plt.show()
```



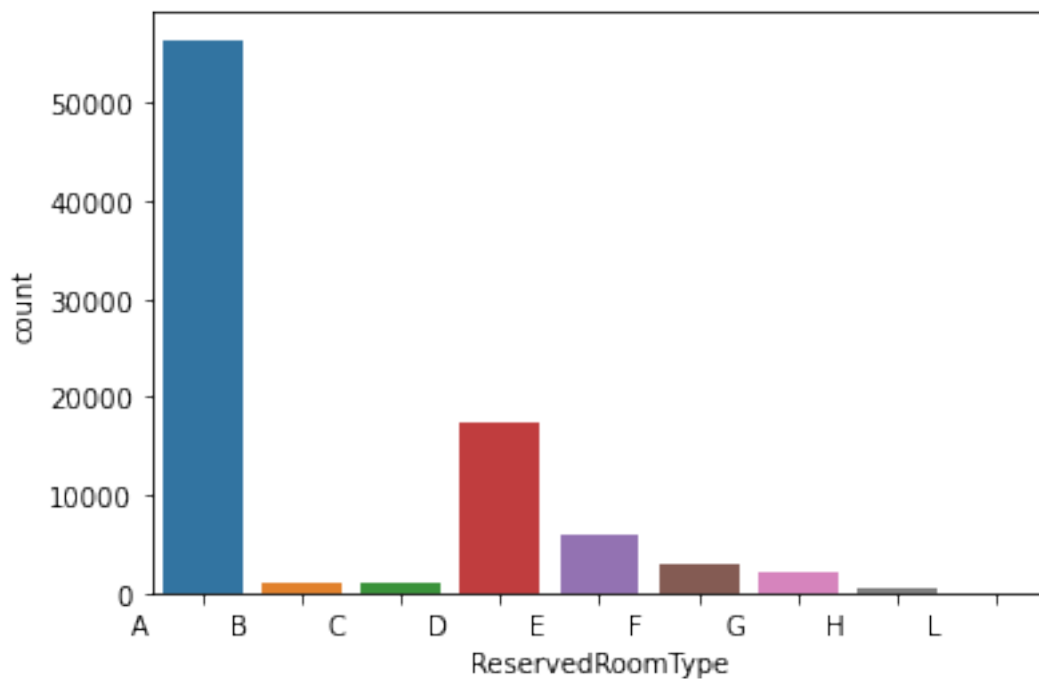
```
[28]: chart = sb.countplot(df["DistributionChannel"]) # frequency distribution
chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels(),rotation=60)
plt.savefig("hist of DistributionChannel.png",bbox_inches='tight' )
plt.show()
```



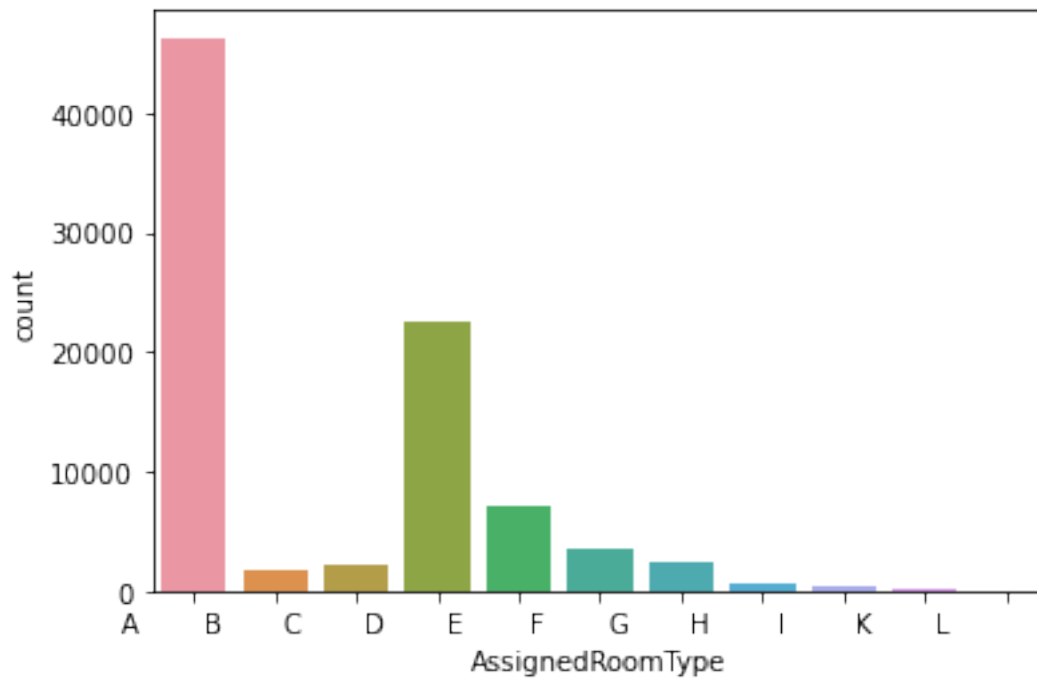
```
[29]: chart = sb.countplot(df["IsRepeatedGuest"]) # frequency distribution
chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels())
#plt.savefig("hist of IsRepeatedGuest.png" )
plt.show()
```



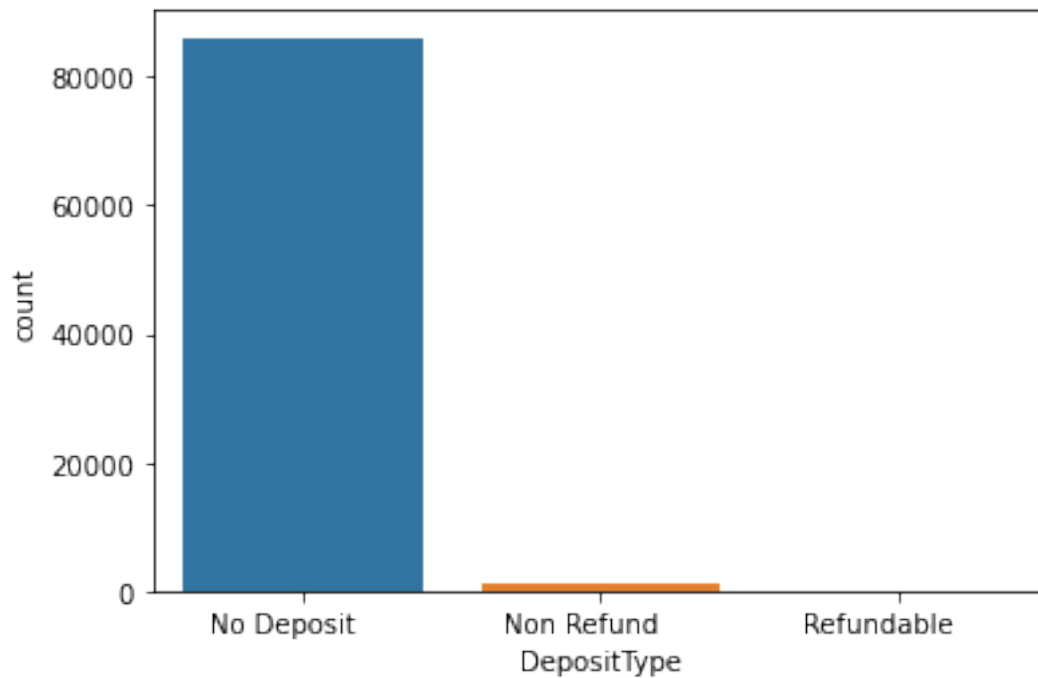
```
[30]: chart = sb.countplot(df["ReservedRoomType"]) # frequency distribution
      chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels())
      #plt.savefig("hist of ReservedRoomType.png" )
      plt.show()
```



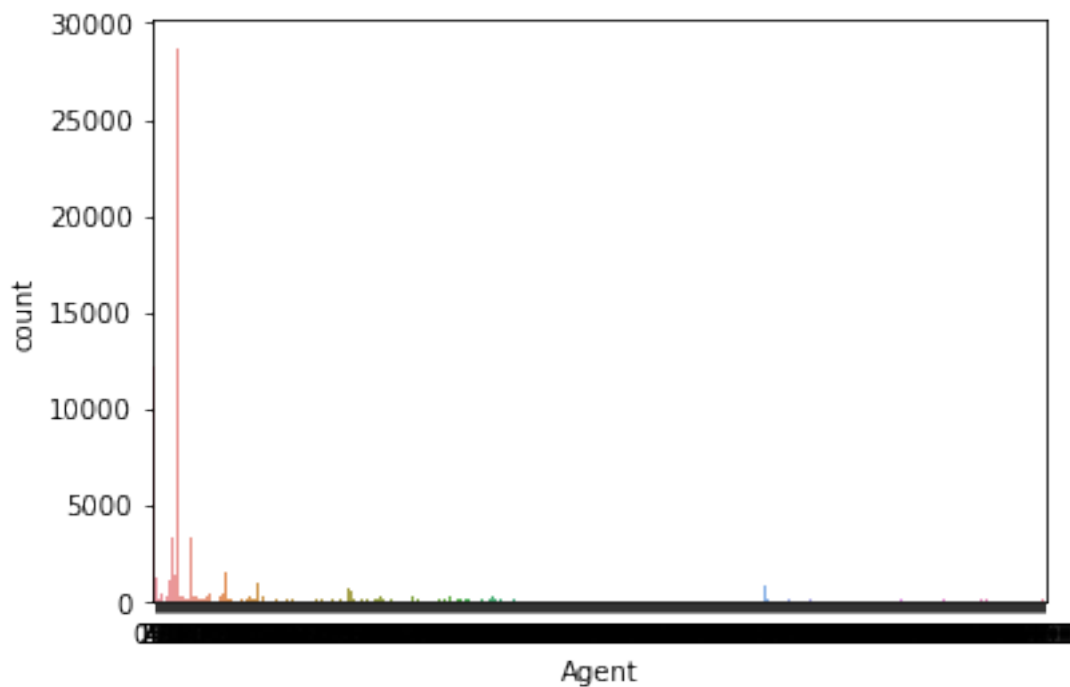
```
[31]: chart = sb.countplot(df["AssignedRoomType"]) # frequency distribution
chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels())
#plt.savefig("hist of AssignedRoomType.png" )
plt.show()
```



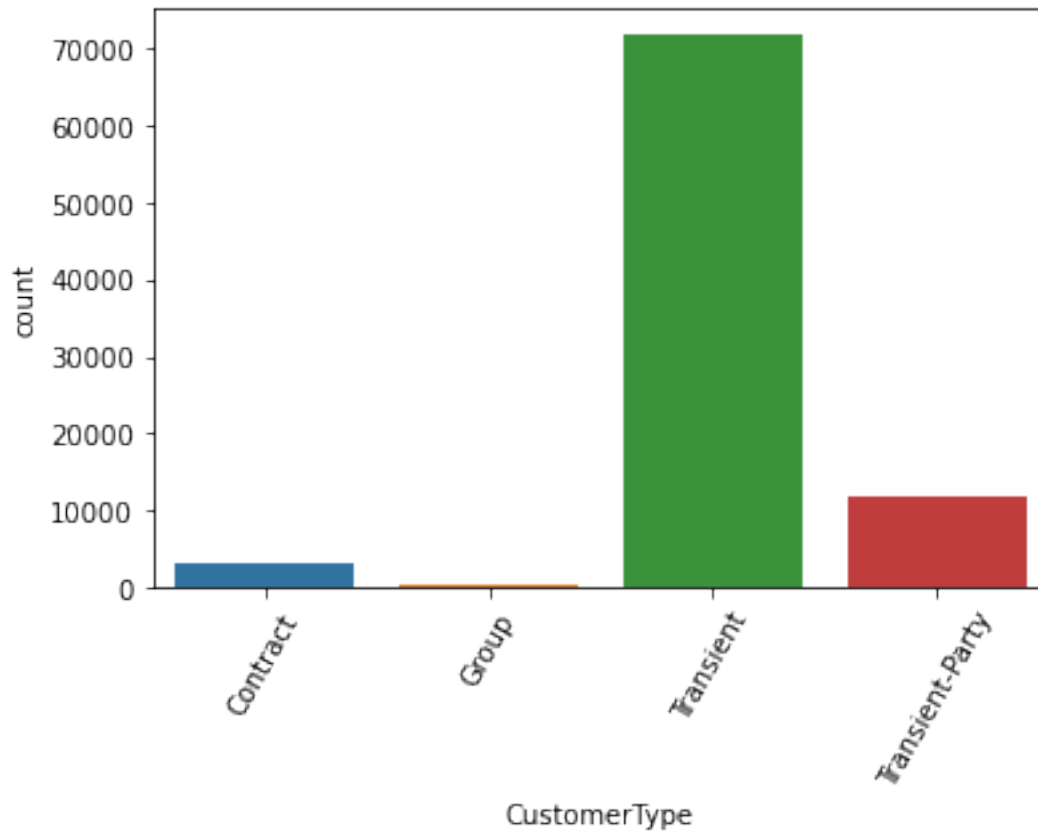
```
[32]: chart = sb.countplot(df["DepositType"]) # frequency distribution
chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels())
#plt.savefig("hist of DepositType.png" )
plt.show()
```



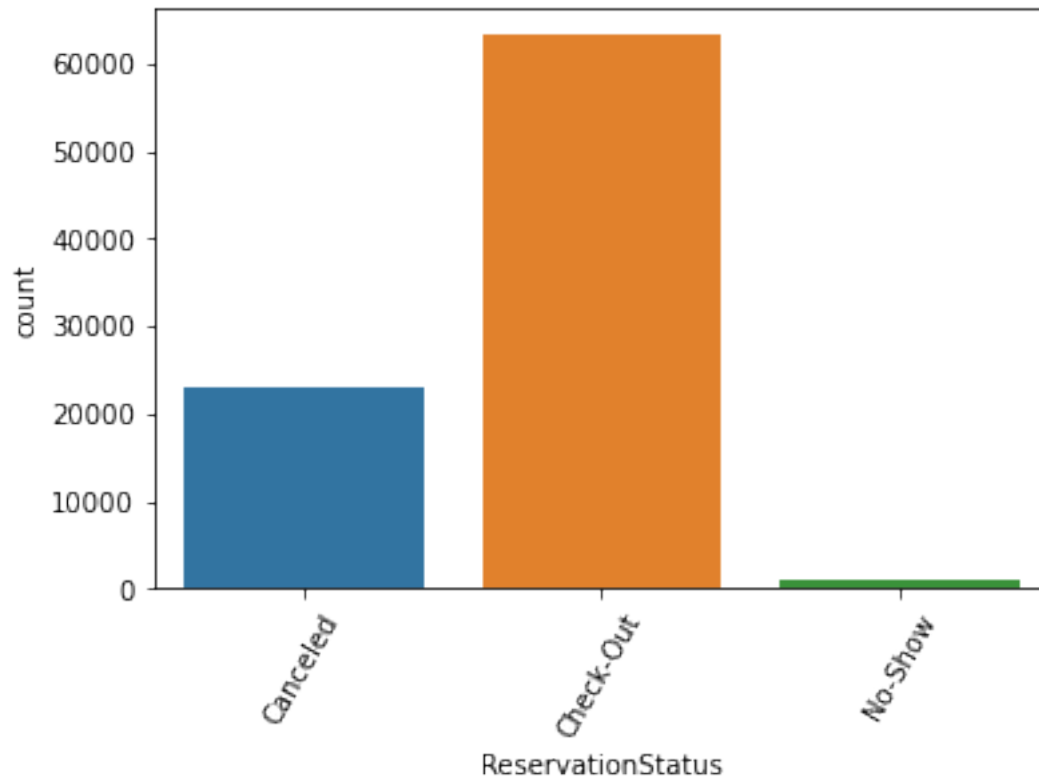
```
[33]: chart = sb.countplot(df["Agent"]) # frequency distribution
      chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels())
      #plt.savefig("hist of Agent.png" )
      plt.show()
```



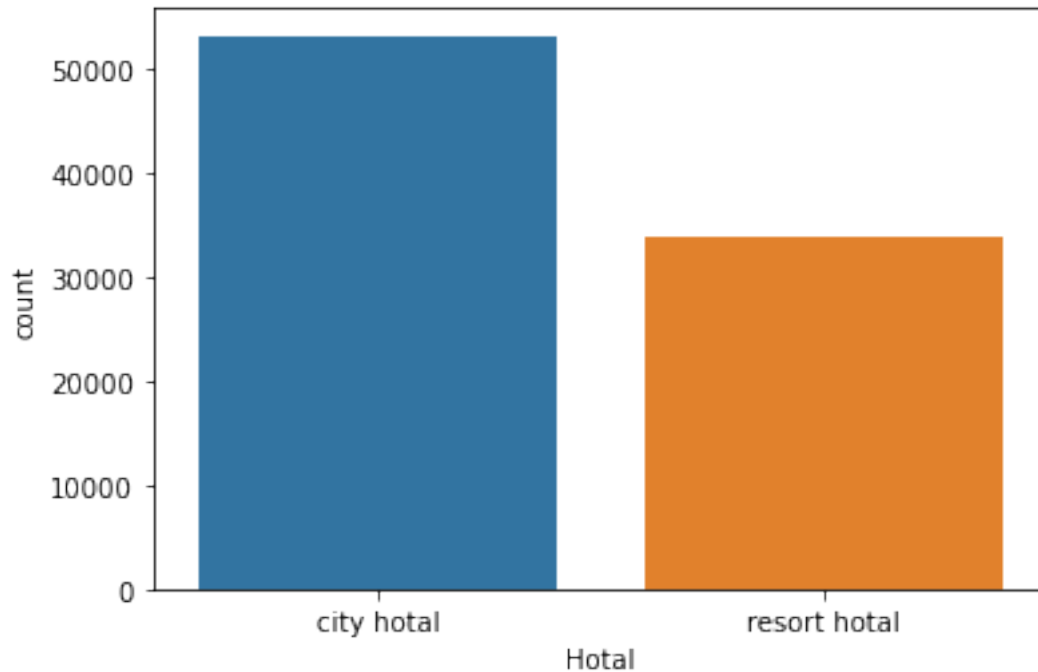
```
[34]: chart = sb.countplot(df["CustomerType"]) # frequency distribution
chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels(),rotation=60)
#plt.savefig("hist of CustomerType.png",bbox_inches='tight' )
plt.show()
```



```
[35]: chart = sb.countplot(df["ReservationStatus"]) # frequency distribution
chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels(),rotation=60)
#plt.savefig("hist of ReservationStatus.png",bbox_inches='tight' )
plt.show()
```

```
[36]: chart = sb.countplot(df["Hotal"]) # frequency distribution
      chart.set_xticklabels(chart.get_xticklabels())
      #plt.savefig("hist of Hotal.png" )
      plt.show()
```



3 correlation

```
[109]: corr = df.corr().round(2)
corr
#corr.to_csv("corr2.csv", index=True)
```

```
[109]:
```

	LeadTime	ArrivalDateWeekNumber \
LeadTime	1.00	0.10
ArrivalDateWeekNumber	0.10	1.00
ArrivalDateDayOfMonth	0.01	0.09
StaysInWeekendNights	0.24	0.03
StaysInWeekNights	0.31	0.03
Adults	0.14	0.03
Children	0.03	0.01
Babies	-0.00	0.01
PreviousCancellations	0.01	0.01
PreviousBookingsNotCanceled	-0.08	-0.02
BookingChanges	0.08	0.01
DaysInWaitingList	0.13	0.01
ADR	0.02	0.10
RequiredCarParkingSpaces	-0.09	0.01
TotalOfSpecialRequests	0.03	0.05

	ArrivalDateDayOfMonth	StaysInWeekendNights \
LeadTime	0.01	0.24
ArrivalDateWeekNumber	0.09	0.03
ArrivalDateDayOfMonth	1.00	-0.02
StaysInWeekendNights	-0.02	1.00
StaysInWeekNights	-0.03	0.55
Adults	-0.00	0.09
Children	0.02	0.03
Babies	-0.00	0.01
PreviousCancellations	-0.01	-0.02
PreviousBookingsNotCanceled	0.00	-0.06
BookingChanges	0.01	0.03
DaysInWaitingList	0.01	-0.03
ADR	0.02	0.04
RequiredCarParkingSpaces	0.01	-0.04
TotalOfSpecialRequests	-0.00	0.03

	StaysInWeekNights	Adults	Children	Babies \
LeadTime	0.31	0.14	0.03	-0.00
ArrivalDateWeekNumber	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.01
ArrivalDateDayOfMonth	-0.03	-0.00	0.02	-0.00
StaysInWeekendNights	0.55	0.09	0.03	0.01
StaysInWeekNights	1.00	0.10	0.03	0.02
Adults	0.10	1.00	0.02	0.02
Children	0.03	0.02	1.00	0.02
Babies	0.02	0.02	0.02	1.00
PreviousCancellations	-0.02	-0.04	-0.02	-0.01
PreviousBookingsNotCanceled	-0.06	-0.12	-0.03	-0.01
BookingChanges	0.07	-0.04	0.03	0.08
DaysInWaitingList	0.00	-0.01	-0.02	-0.01
ADR	0.06	0.24	0.33	0.02
RequiredCarParkingSpaces	-0.04	0.01	0.04	0.03
TotalOfSpecialRequests	0.04	0.11	0.04	0.09

	PreviousCancellations \
LeadTime	0.01
ArrivalDateWeekNumber	0.01
ArrivalDateDayOfMonth	-0.01
StaysInWeekendNights	-0.02
StaysInWeekNights	-0.02
Adults	-0.04
Children	-0.02
Babies	-0.01
PreviousCancellations	1.00
PreviousBookingsNotCanceled	0.39
BookingChanges	-0.01
DaysInWaitingList	0.00

ADR	-0.05
RequiredCarParkingSpaces	-0.00
TotalOfSpecialRequests	0.00

	PreviousBookingsNotCanceled	BookingChanges \
LeadTime	-0.08	0.08
ArrivalDateWeekNumber	-0.02	0.01
ArrivalDateDayOfMonth	0.00	0.01
StaysInWeekendNights	-0.06	0.03
StaysInWeekNights	-0.06	0.07
Adults	-0.12	-0.04
Children	-0.03	0.03
Babies	-0.01	0.08
PreviousCancellations	0.39	-0.01
PreviousBookingsNotCanceled	1.00	0.01
BookingChanges	0.01	1.00
DaysInWaitingList	-0.01	0.02
ADR	-0.09	0.01
RequiredCarParkingSpaces	0.04	0.05
TotalOfSpecialRequests	0.03	0.02

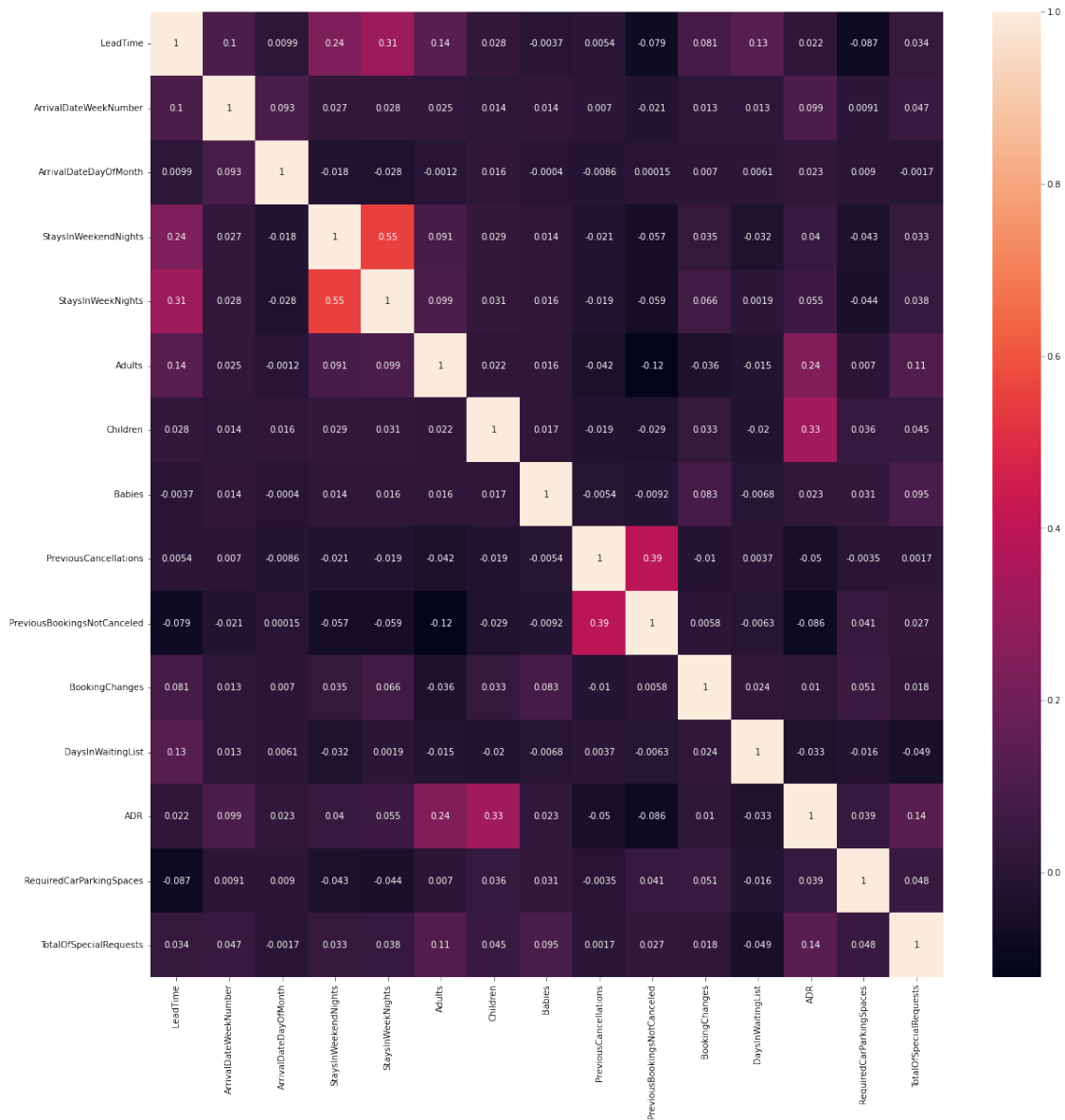
	DaysInWaitingList	ADR \
LeadTime	0.13	0.02
ArrivalDateWeekNumber	0.01	0.10
ArrivalDateDayOfMonth	0.01	0.02
StaysInWeekendNights	-0.03	0.04
StaysInWeekNights	0.00	0.06
Adults	-0.01	0.24
Children	-0.02	0.33
Babies	-0.01	0.02
PreviousCancellations	0.00	-0.05
PreviousBookingsNotCanceled	-0.01	-0.09
BookingChanges	0.02	0.01
DaysInWaitingList	1.00	-0.03
ADR	-0.03	1.00
RequiredCarParkingSpaces	-0.02	0.04
TotalOfSpecialRequests	-0.05	0.14

	RequiredCarParkingSpaces	TotalOfSpecialRequests
LeadTime	-0.09	0.03
ArrivalDateWeekNumber	0.01	0.05
ArrivalDateDayOfMonth	0.01	-0.00
StaysInWeekendNights	-0.04	0.03
StaysInWeekNights	-0.04	0.04
Adults	0.01	0.11
Children	0.04	0.04
Babies	0.03	0.09

PreviousCancellations	-0.00	0.00
PreviousBookingsNotCanceled	0.04	0.03
BookingChanges	0.05	0.02
DaysInWaitingList	-0.02	-0.05
ADR	0.04	0.14
RequiredCarParkingSpaces	1.00	0.05
TotalOfSpecialRequests	0.05	1.00

4 Correlation Heatmap

```
[39]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
      sb.heatmap(df.corr(), annot=True)
      #plt.savefig("corr.png",bbox_inches='tight' )
      plt.show()
```



```
[41]: dfX = df[df.columns[~df.columns.isin(category)]]
dfX
```

```
[41]:      LeadTime  ArrivalDateWeekNumber  ArrivalDateDayOfMonth \
0          342                      27                      1
1          737                      27                      1
2           7                      27                      1
3          13                      27                      1
4          14                      27                      1
...
87225      23                      35                      30
```

87226	102	35	31
87227	34	35	31
87228	109	35	31
87229	205	35	29

	StaysInWeekendNights	StaysInWeekNights	Adults	Children	Babies	\
0	0	0	2	0.0	0	
1	0	0	2	0.0	0	
2	0	1	1	0.0	0	
3	0	1	1	0.0	0	
4	0	2	2	0.0	0	
...		
87225	2	5	2	0.0	0	
87226	2	5	3	0.0	0	
87227	2	5	2	0.0	0	
87228	2	5	2	0.0	0	
87229	2	7	2	0.0	0	

	PreviousCancellations	PreviousBookingsNotCanceled	BookingChanges	\
0	0		3	
1	0		4	
2	0		0	
3	0		0	
4	0		0	
...	
87225	0		0	0
87226	0		0	0
87227	0		0	0
87228	0		0	0
87229	0		0	0

	DaysInWaitingList	ADR	RequiredCarParkingSpaces	\
0	0	0.00	0	
1	0	0.00	0	
2	0	75.00	0	
3	0	75.00	0	
4	0	98.00	0	
...	
87225	0	96.14	0	
87226	0	225.43	0	
87227	0	157.71	0	
87228	0	104.40	0	
87229	0	151.20	0	

	TotalOfSpecialRequests
0	0
1	0

```

2          0
3          0
4          1
...      ...
87225      0
87226      2
87227      4
87228      0
87229      2

```

```
[87230 rows x 15 columns]
```

5 Normalize the data set using Min-Max Scaling:

```
[42]: from sklearn import preprocessing
```

```
[43]: scaler = preprocessing.MinMaxScaler()
```

```
[44]: names = dfX.columns
```

```
[45]: d = scaler.fit_transform(dfX)
```

```
[46]: scaled_df = pd.DataFrame(d, columns=names)
```

```
[110]: scaled_df.head().T
```

```
[110]:
```

	0	1	2	3	4
LeadTime	0.464043	1.000000	0.009498	0.017639	0.018996
ArrivalDateWeekNumber	0.500000	0.500000	0.500000	0.500000	0.500000
ArrivalDateDayOfMonth	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
StaysInWeekendNights	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
StaysInWeekNights	0.000000	0.000000	0.020000	0.020000	0.040000
Adults	0.036364	0.036364	0.018182	0.018182	0.036364
Children	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
Babies	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
PreviousCancellations	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
PreviousBookingsNotCanceled	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
BookingChanges	0.166667	0.222222	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
DaysInWaitingList	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
ADR	0.001180	0.001180	0.015053	0.015053	0.019307
RequiredCarParkingSpaces	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
TotalOfSpecialRequests	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.200000

6 converting response variable to int so that KNN will treat this attribute as numeric attribute

```
[ ]: dfY = df["IsCanceled"]
dfY = dfY.astype(int)
```

7 Divide the dataset to training and test sets.

```
[49]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
[50]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(scaled_df, dfY, test_size=0.
    ↳ 2, random_state=40)
```

8 Modeling with KNN algorithm

```
[ ]: # The K-NN algorithm can be used for both classification and regression,
#but it is more commonly employed for classification.
#The K-Nearest Neighbour algorithm is based on the Supervised Learning technique
# it is one of the simplest Machine Learning algorithms.
#The K-NN method thinks that the new case/data and existing cases are
    ↳ comparable,
# and it places the new case in the category that is closest to the existing
    ↳ categories.
```

```
[51]: from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
```

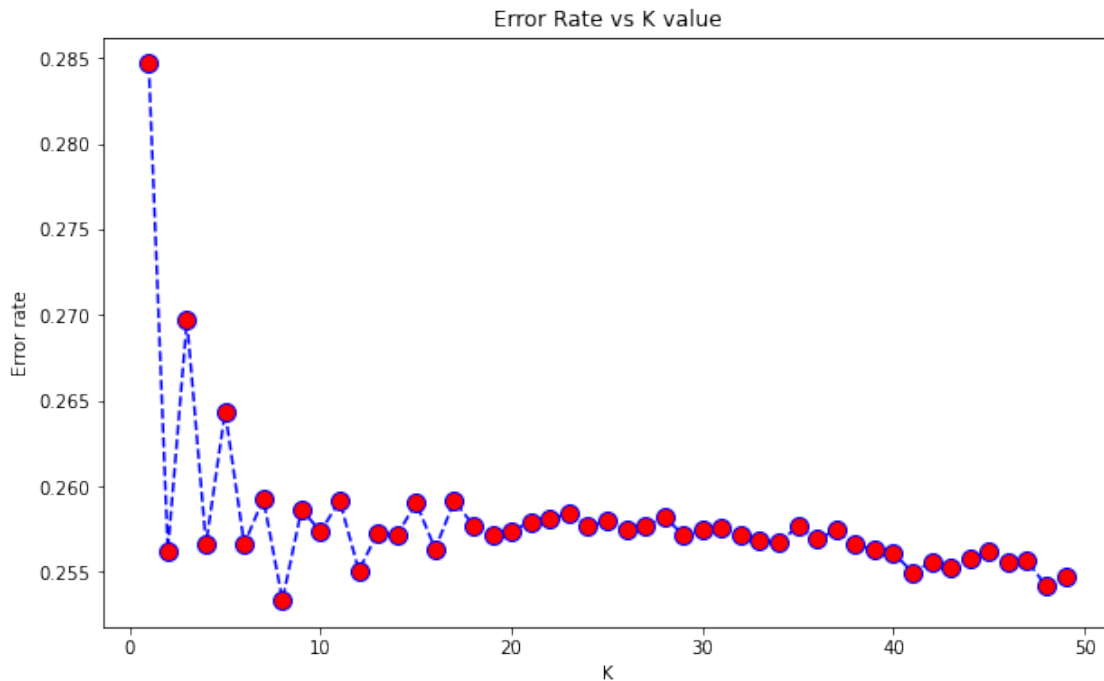
8.0.1 Choosing k-value

```
[52]: error_rate=[]
for i in range(1,50): # sqrt of rows is 47.3
    knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=i)
    knn.fit(X_train,y_train)
    pred=knn.predict(X_test)
    error_rate.append(np.mean(pred!=y_test))
```

```
[77]: # error rate = (1 - (correct predictions / total predictions)) * 100
```

```
[78]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
plt.
    ↳ plot(range(1,50),error_rate,color='blue',linestyle='dashed',marker='o',markerfacecolor='red')
plt.title('Error Rate vs K value')
```

```
plt.xlabel('K')
plt.ylabel('Error rate')
## Display the visualization of the Confusion Matrix.
plt.savefig("Error Rate corresponding knn.png",bbox_inches='tight' )
plt.show()
```



8.0.2 checking with k=8

```
[54]: knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=8)
      knn.fit(X_train,y_train)
      pred_k=knn.predict(X_test)
      pred_k
```

```
[54]: array([0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0])
```

```
[66]: from sklearn.metrics import
      ↪ classification_report, confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
      cf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, pred_k)
      print(cf_matrix)
      print(classification_report(y_test, pred_k))
      print(accuracy_score(y_test, pred_k)*100)
```

```
[[11741  872]
 [ 3548 1285]]
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.77	0.93	0.84	12613
1	0.60	0.27	0.37	4833
accuracy			0.75	17446
macro avg	0.68	0.60	0.60	17446
weighted avg	0.72	0.75	0.71	17446

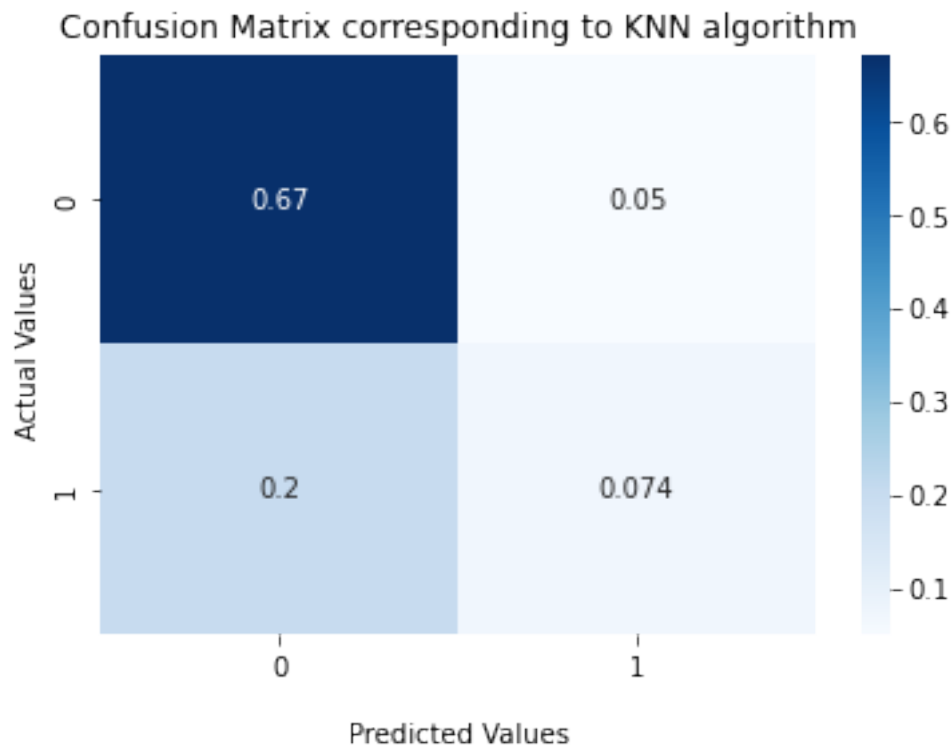
74.66467958271237

```
[99]: ax = sb.heatmap(cf_matrix/np.sum(cf_matrix), annot=True, cmap='Blues')

ax.set_title('Confusion Matrix corresponding to KNN algorithm');
ax.set_xlabel('\nPredicted Values')
ax.set_ylabel('Actual Values ');

## Ticket labels - List must be in alphabetical order
ax.xaxis.set_ticklabels(['0', '1'])
ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels(['0', '1'])

## Display the visualization of the Confusion Matrix.
# plt.savefig("cf_matrix1.png",bbox_inches='tight' )
plt.show()
```

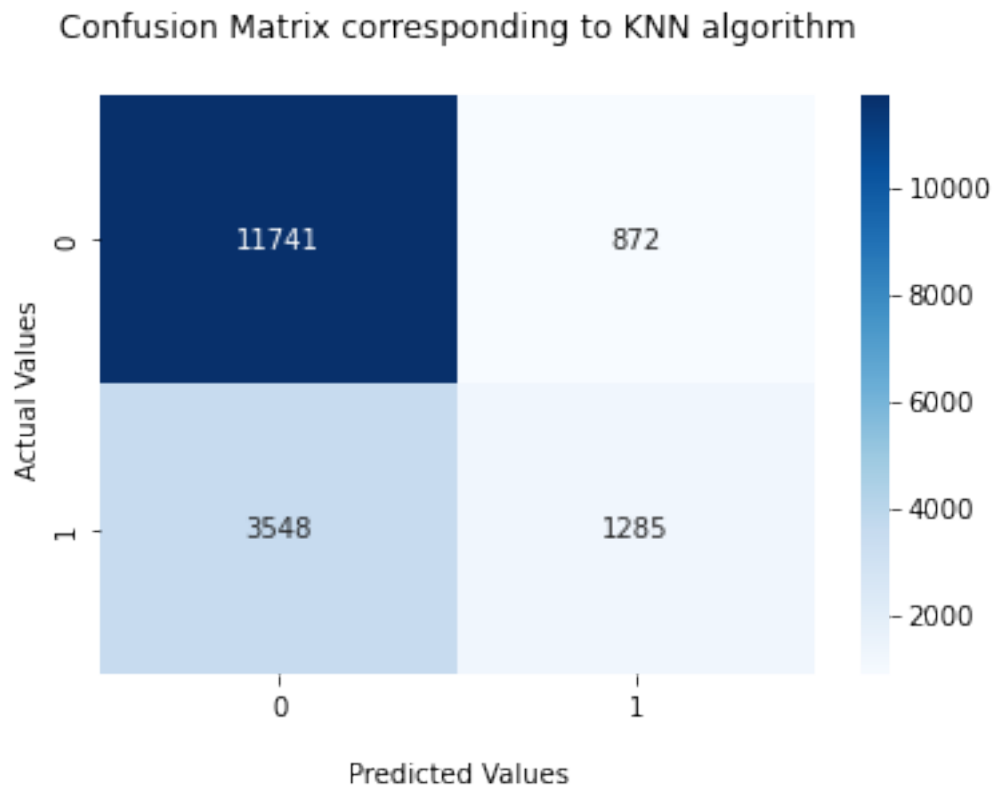


```
[97]: ax = sb.heatmap(cf_matrix, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap='Blues')

ax.set_title(' Confusion Matrix corresponding to KNN algorithm \n');
ax.set_xlabel('\nPredicted Values')
ax.set_ylabel('Actual Values ');

## Ticket labels - List must be in alphabetical order
ax.xaxis.set_ticklabels(['0','1'])
ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels(['0','1'])

## Display the visualization of the Confusion Matrix.
plt.savefig("cf_matrix_KNN.png",bbox_inches='tight' )
plt.show()
```

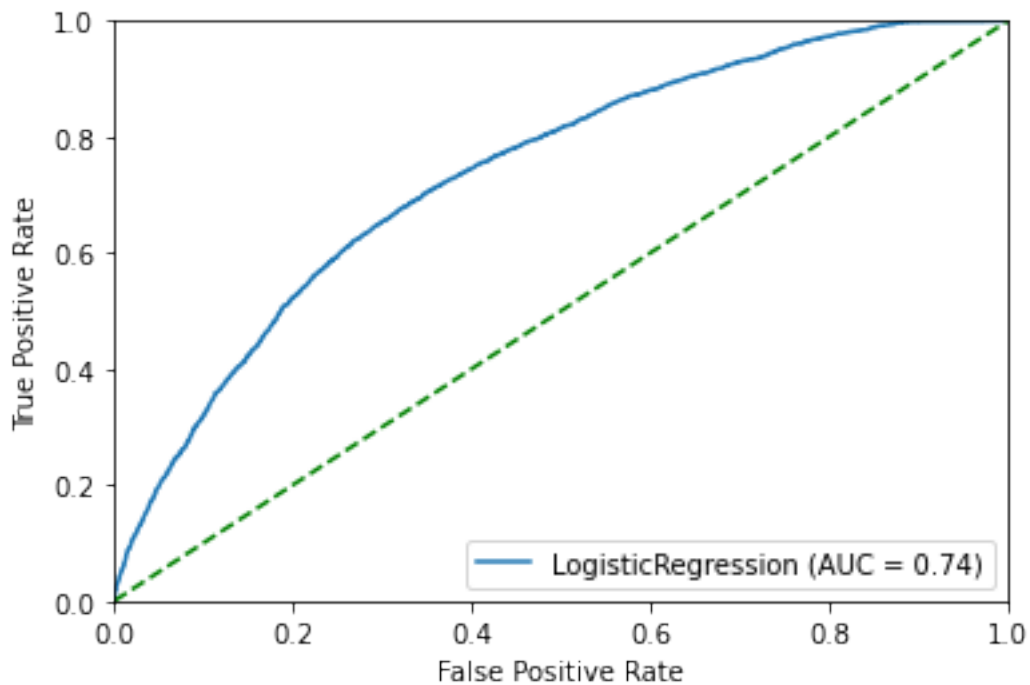


8.0.3 Logistic Regression

```
[83]: # import sklearn.cross_validation from train_test_split
```

```
[87]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
model=LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X_train,y_train)
metrics.plot_roc_curve(model, X_test, y_test)
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'g--')
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('ROC Curve\n\n')
#plt.savefig("ROC Curve.png",bbox_inches='tight' )
plt.show()
```

ROC Curve



```
[89]: predict_logistic=model.predict(X_test)
```

```
[94]: from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import
    confusion_matrix,classification_report,accuracy_score
cf_matrix_logistic = confusion_matrix(y_test,predict_logistic)
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,predict_logistic))
classification_report_logistic = classification_report(y_test,predict_logistic)
```

```
print(classification_report_logistic)
print(accuracy_score(y_test,predict_logistic)*100)
```

```
[[12185   428]
 [ 4124   709]]

           precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.75        0.97        0.84        12613
     1       0.62        0.15        0.24         4833

 accuracy                   0.74        17446
 macro avg              0.69        0.56        0.54        17446
 weighted avg          0.71        0.74        0.67        17446
```

73.90805915396079

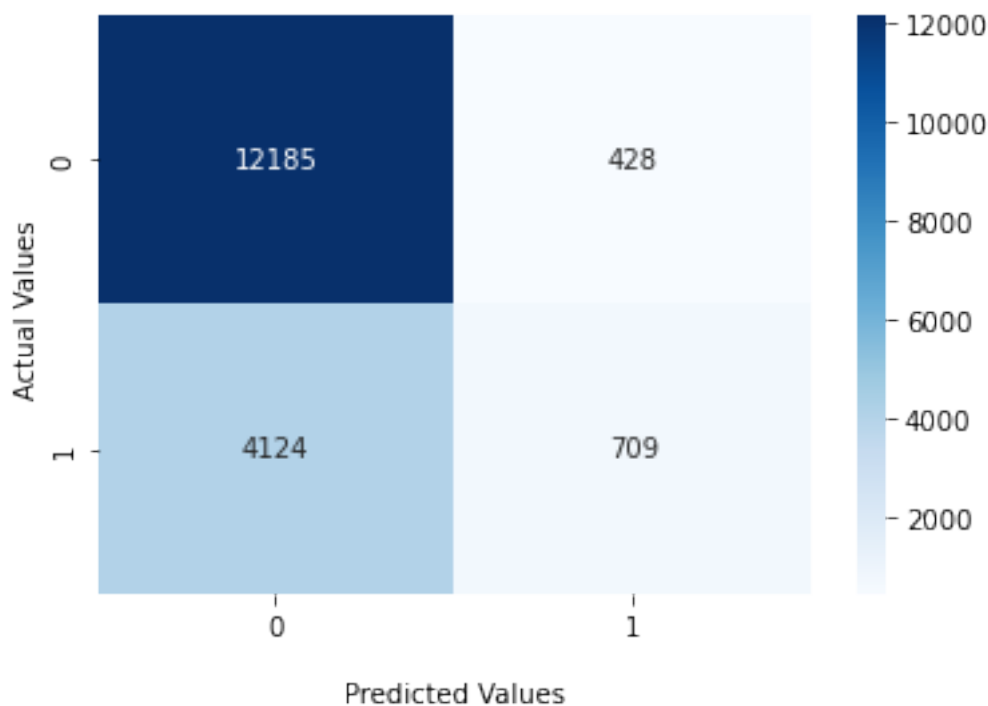
```
[100]: ax = sb.heatmap(cf_matrix_logistic, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap='Blues')

ax.set_title('Confusion Matrix corresponding to Logistic regression model \n');
ax.set_xlabel('\nPredicted Values')
ax.set_ylabel('Actual Values ');

## Ticket labels - List must be in alphabetical order
ax.xaxis.set_ticklabels(['0','1'])
ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels(['0','1'])

## Display the visualization of the Confusion Matrix.
# plt.savefig("Confusion Matrix corresponding to Logistic regression model.
→png",bbox_inches='tight' )
plt.show()
```

Confusion Matrix corresponding to Logistic regression model



```
[101]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
```

```
[102]: model=RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=20)
```

```
[103]: model.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

```
[103]: RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, ccp_alpha=0.0, class_weight=None,
                             criterion='gini', max_depth=None, max_features='auto',
                             max_leaf_nodes=None, max_samples=None,
                             min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None,
                             min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2,
                             min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, n_estimators=20,
                             n_jobs=None, oob_score=False, random_state=None,
                             verbose=0, warm_start=False)
```

9 predicted value

```
[105]: model_predicted=model.predict(X_test)
model_predicted
```

```
[105]: array([0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 1])
```

```
[106]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
matrix=confusion_matrix(y_test,model_predicted)
matrix
```

```
[106]: array([[11567, 1046],
       [ 2788, 2045]])
```

```
[108]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
sb.heatmap(matrix,annot=True,fmt="d")
plt.xlabel("predicted Values")
plt.ylabel("Actual Values")
```

```
[108]: Text(69.0, 0.5, 'Actual Values')
```

