NSCI0007 Practice Exam

Specimen Answers and Mark Scheme

- The specimen code below demonstrates one way to correctly answer the questions.
- Full marks will be awarded if the candidate has implemented another suitable method and the code behaves as specified in the question.
- If the candidate's code produces an error, or does not behave as specified in the question, partial credit will be awarded as described in the mark scheme.
- Where a candidate has used a different method to below, partial credit will be awarded in an analogous way.

Question 1 [7]

```
def overlap(x, y):
    n = min(len(x), len(y))
    for i in range(n, 0, -1):
        if x[-i:] == y[:i]:
            return i
    return 0

n1 = overlap("XXXABC", "ABCYYY")
    n2 = overlap("ABCYYY", "XXXABC")
    n3 = overlap("XXXABC", "ABC")
    print(n1, n2, n3)

# [2] find minimum of length of two strings
# [1] appropriate looping construct
# [2] if statement with correct string indexing
# [2] tests pass and function behaves as specified
```

3 0 3

Question 2 [5]

```
In [2]:
    def merge(x, y):
        i = overlap(x, y)
        return x + y[i:]

s1 = merge("XXXABC", "ABCYYY")
    s2 = merge("ABCYYY", "XXXABC")
    s3 = merge("XXXABC", "ABC")
    print(s1, s2, s3)

# [1] call overlap function
# [2] calculate merged string
# [2] tests pass and function behaves as specified
```

XXXABCYYY ABCYYYXXXABC XXXABC

Question 3 [10]

```
In [3]:
         def longest_overlap(sequences):
             max_overlap = 0
             max_i = 0
             \max_{j} = 0
             for i in range(len(sequences)):
                 for j in range(len(sequences)):
                     if i != j:
                          d = overlap(sequences[i], sequences[j])
                          if d > max_overlap:
                              max_overlap = d
                              max_i = i
                              max_j = j
             return [max_i, max_j, max_overlap]
         i, j, k = longest_overlap(["XXXABC", "ABCYYY", "BC"])
         print(i, j, k)
         # [1] declare max variables
         # [2] two nested for loops
         # [1] test for i=j
         # [1] call overlap function
         # [1] check for maximum
         # [1] update max values
         # [1] return list of values
         # [2] tests pass and function behaves as specified
```

0 1 3

Question 4 [10]

```
In [4]:
         def identify_strand(sequences, n):
             i, j, d = longest_overlap(sequences)
             while d >= n:
                 z = merge(sequences[i], sequences[j])
                 del sequences[max(i, j)]
                 del sequences[min(i, j)]
                 sequences.append(z)
                 i, j, d = longest_overlap(sequences)
             return sequences
         # [2] suitable looping construct with correct condition for termination
         # [1] call merge function
         # [3] remove two items in correct order
         # [1] append merged string to list
         # [1] call longest_overlap function
         # [2] tests pass and function behaves as specified
         sequences = ['tgaaaattcctttctattttaggccc', 'tgaaaattcctttctattttaggcccatgcaat',
         identify_strand(sequences, 4)
```

Out[4]: ['tgaaaattcctttctattttaggcccatgcaatggcattagggcggttaa']

Question 5 [8]

```
sequence_list = []
with open("dna_fragments/strand_100.fasta") as f:
    for line in f:
        if line[0] != ">":
            sequence_list.append(line.strip())

s = identify_strand(sequence_list, 4)
print(s)
```

['GTGTAGGTTCTGACCGATTCGTGC', 'CCGACGTCTGTAATGTAGCCTCATTGTGATTCCACCCTATTGAGGCATTG ACTGATGCGGGAAGAGATCTGAAATGAACTGGTCTATGCGACAGAAACTGTGCAGCTACCTAATCTCCTTAGTGTAGGTT CTGACCGATTCGTGCTTCGTTGAGAACTCACAATTTAACAACAGAGGACATAAGCCCTACGCCCATGATC'] CCGACGTCTGTAATGTAGCCTCATTGTGATTCCACCCTATTGAGGCATTGACTGATGCGGGAAGAGATCTGAAATGAACT GGTCTATGCGACAGAAACTGTGCAGCTACCTAATCTCCTTAGTGTAGGTTCTGACCGATTCGTGCTTCGTTGAGAACTCA CAATTTAACAACAGAGAGACATAAGCCCTACGCCCATGATC

AATCTTTTCACTGACAGTCATATTGGGGTGCTCCTAAGCTTTTCCACTTGGCTGGGTCTGCTAGGCCTCCGTGCCCGGA GTTTCGGCGCTGTGCCGAGAGCCGGCCATTGTCATTGGGGCCTCACTTGAGGATACCCCGACCTATTTTGTCGGGAC CACTCGGGGTAGTCGTTGGGCTTATGCACCGTAAAGTCCTCCGCCGGCCTCCCCGCTACAGAAGATGATAAGCTCCGGCA AGCAATTATGAACAACGCAAGGATCGGCGATATAAACAGAGAAACGGCTGATTACACTTGTTCGTGTGGTATCGCTAAAT AGCCTCGCGGAGCCTTATGCCATACTCGTCCGCGGAGCACTCTGGTAACGCTTATGGTCCATAGGACATTCATCGCTTCC GGGTATGCGCTCTATTTGACGATCCTTTGGCGCACAGATGCTGGCCACGAGCTAAATTAGAGCGACTGCACAACTGTAAG GTCCGTCACGCAGACGACGG

```
In [8]:
# [1] correctly open file
# [1] loop over lines
# [2] form list of strands ommiting lines starting '>'
# [1] call identify_strand
# [1] identify longest one (OK to do this by eye but must be commented or otherw
# [2] repeat for the other two files (could be loop or repeated code)
```