



# Classifying Magnetosheath Jets Using MMS: Quasi – parallel & Quasi – perpendicular Jets

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# Introduction

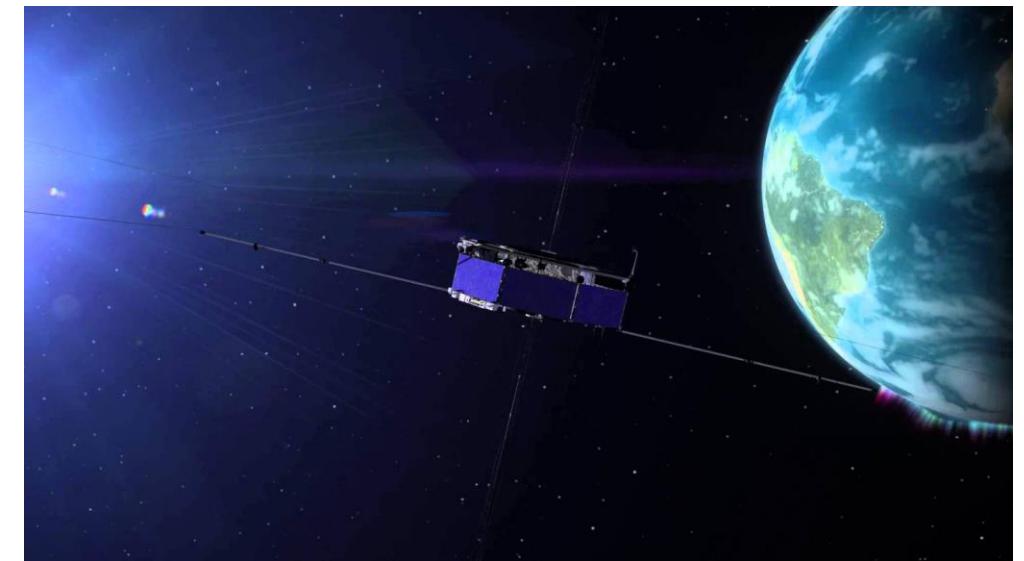
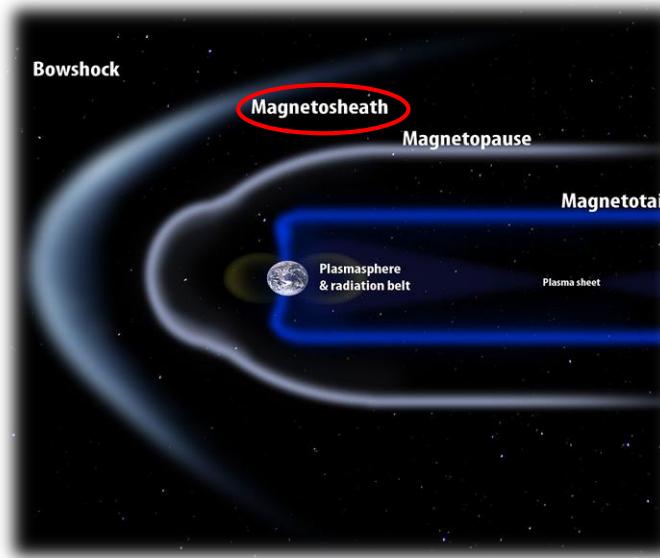
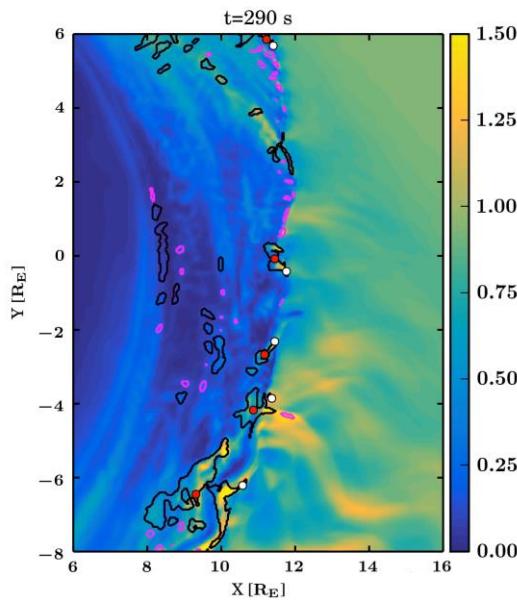
# Magnetosheath Jets

What: Enhancements of dynamic pressure above the general fluctuations level

Where: Magnetosheath

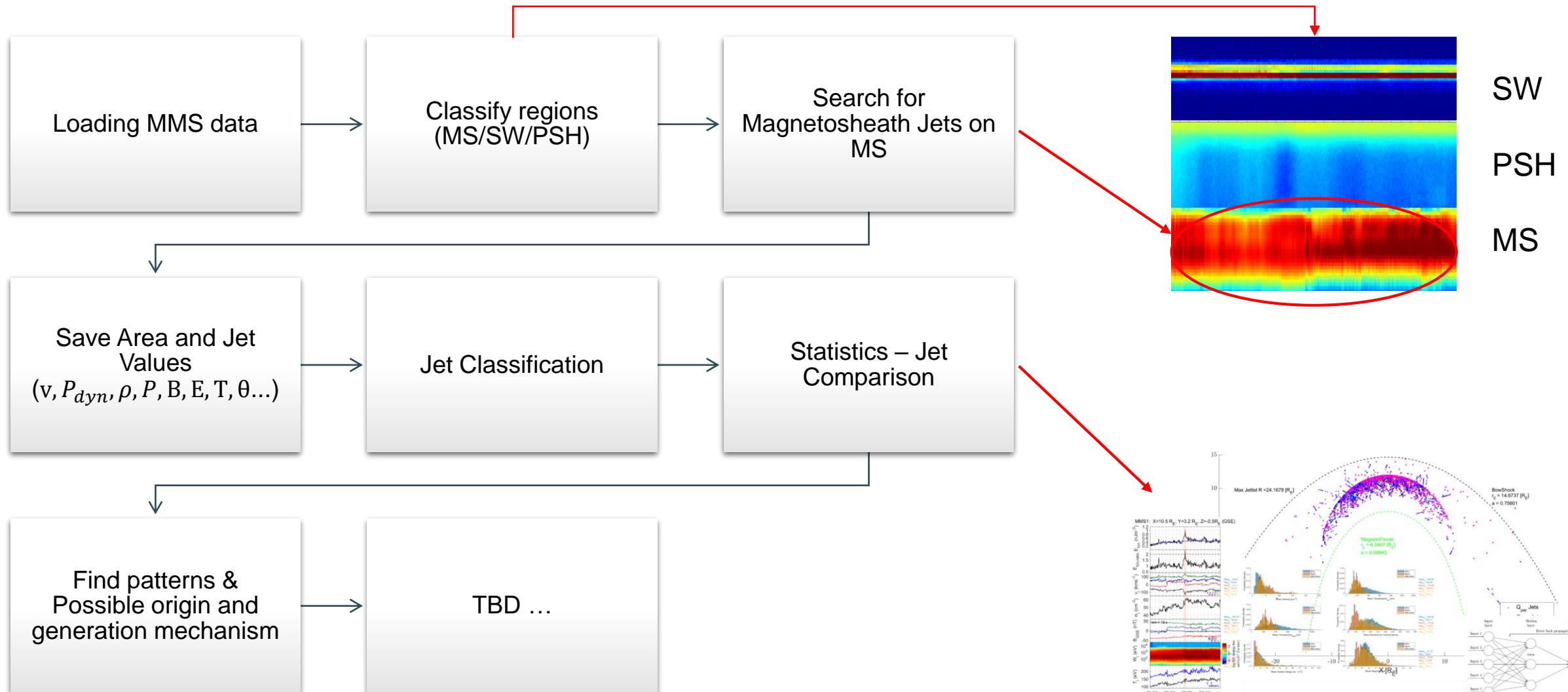
Data: MMS (Magnetospheric Multiscale Mission)

Why: Interaction of SW & Magnetosphere, magnetopause reconnection, radiation belts, auroral features...

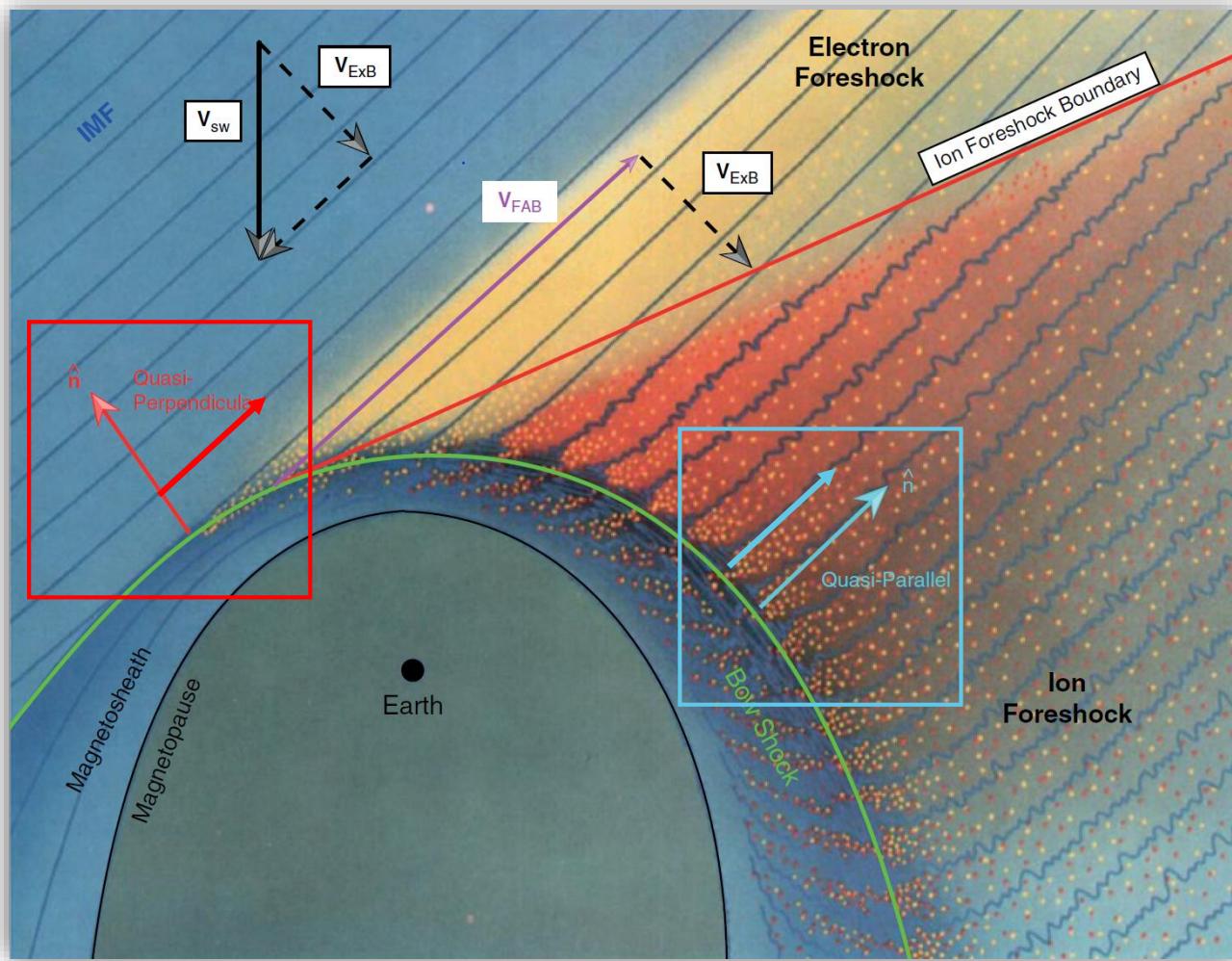


Palmroth Minna et al. (2018)

# Searching for Jets

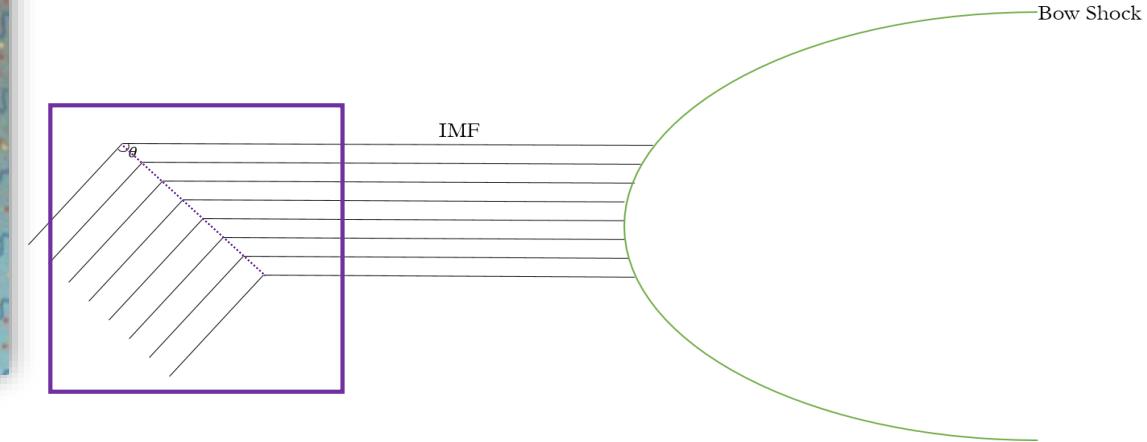


# Motivation – Main Subcategories



L. B. Wilson (2016)

Jets are found mainly in Quasi-parallel shock ( $\theta_n < 45^\circ$ ). However, fluctuations also found in Quasi Perpendicular regions.



# How Jet look like – Quasi Parallel

High  $B$  Variance, High Energetic Particles, Low Anisotropy

Kinetic Energy Density

Kinetic Energy Density Ratio

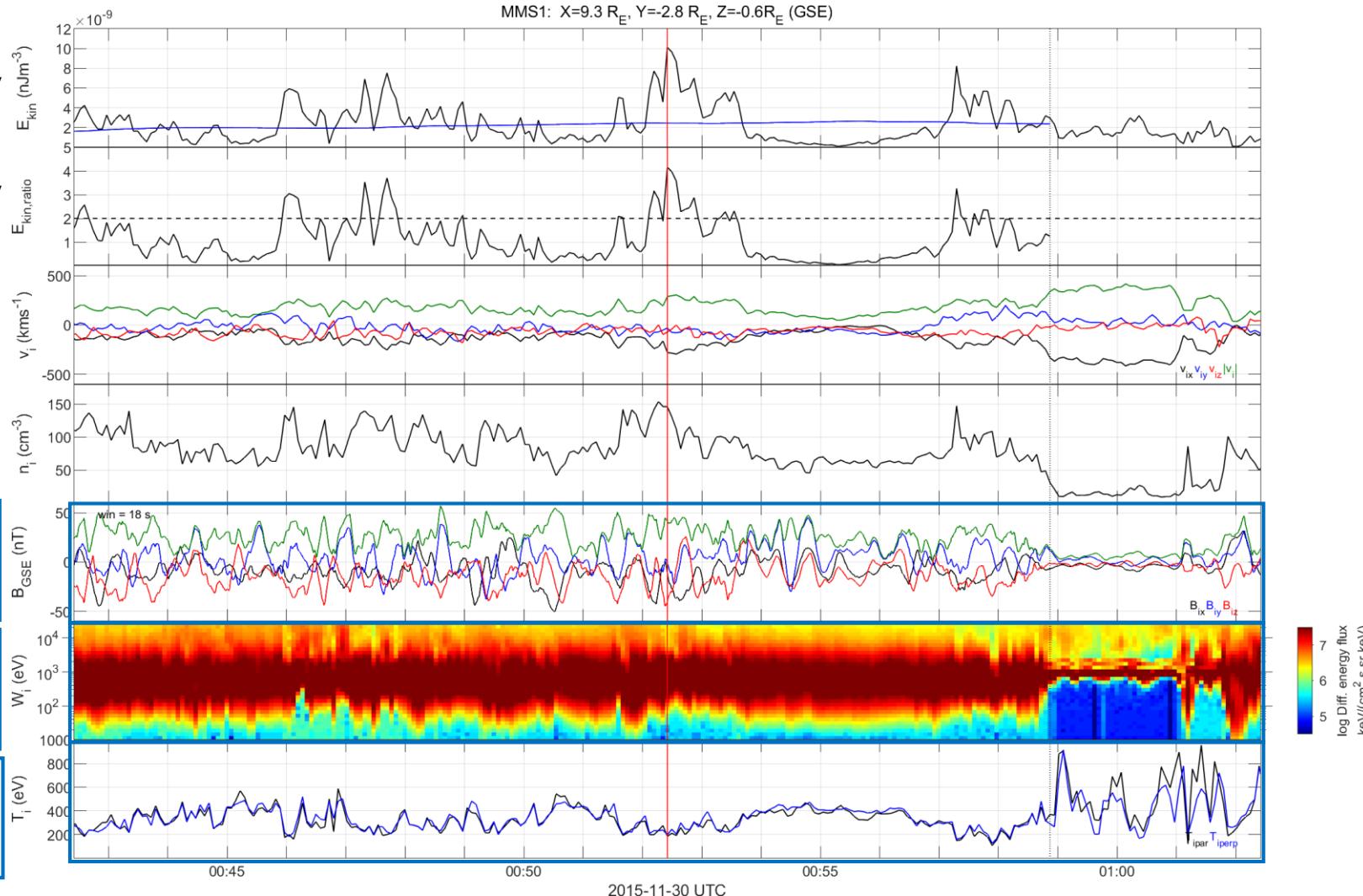
Velocity

Density

Magnetic Field

Ion Energy Spectrum

Temperature



# How Jet look like – Quasi Perpendicular

Low  $B$  Variance, Low Energetic Particles, High Anisotropy

Kinetic Energy Density

Kinetic Energy Density Ratio

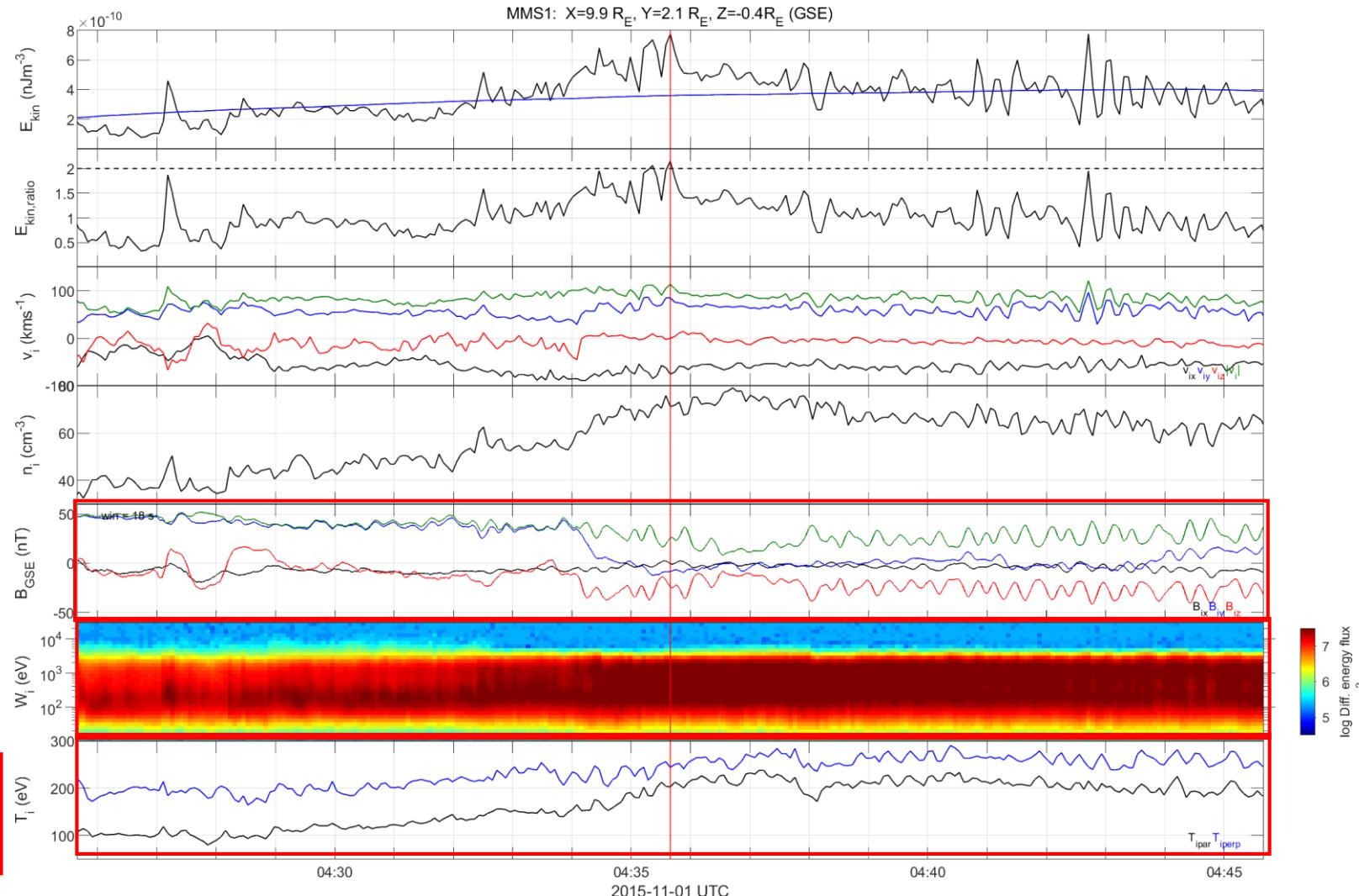
Velocity

Density

Magnetic Field

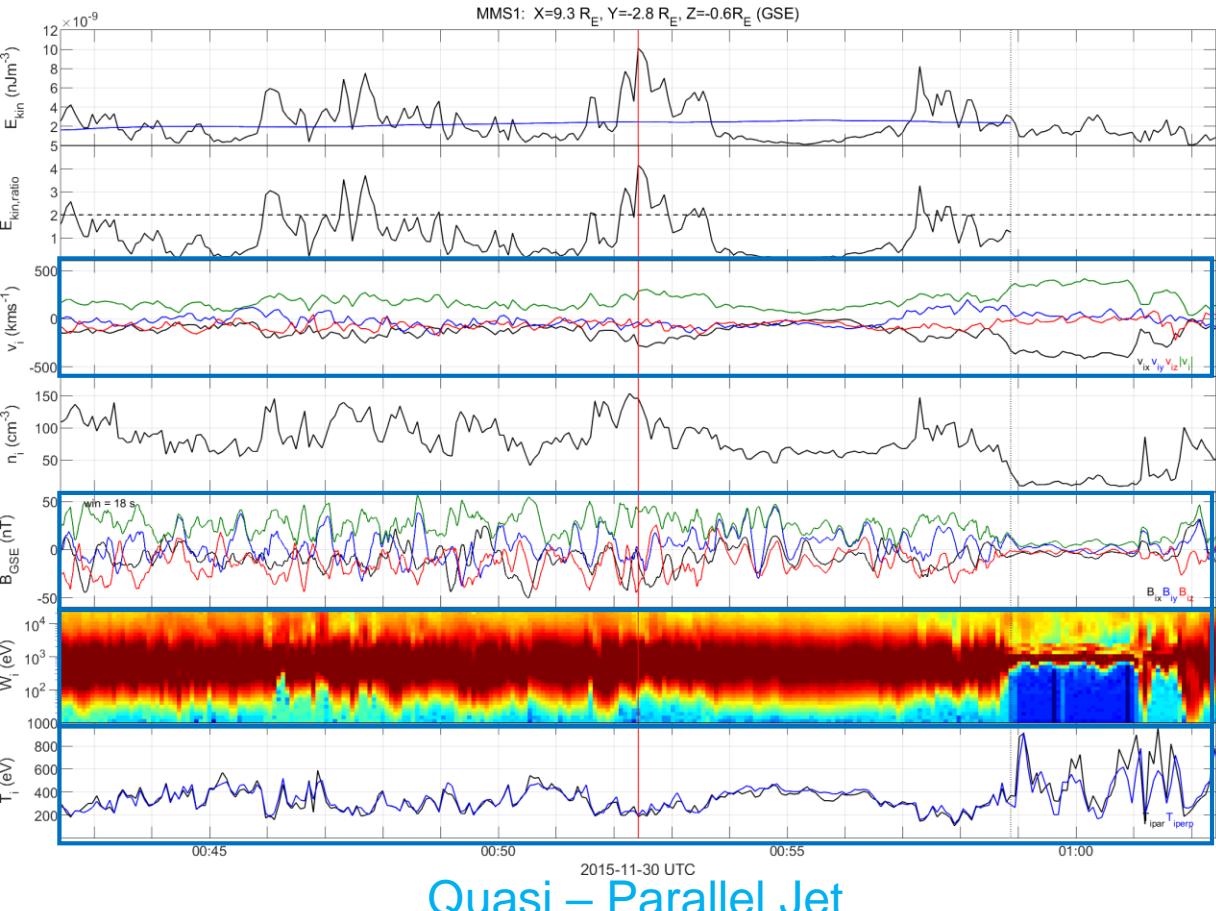
Ion Energy Spectrum

Temperature

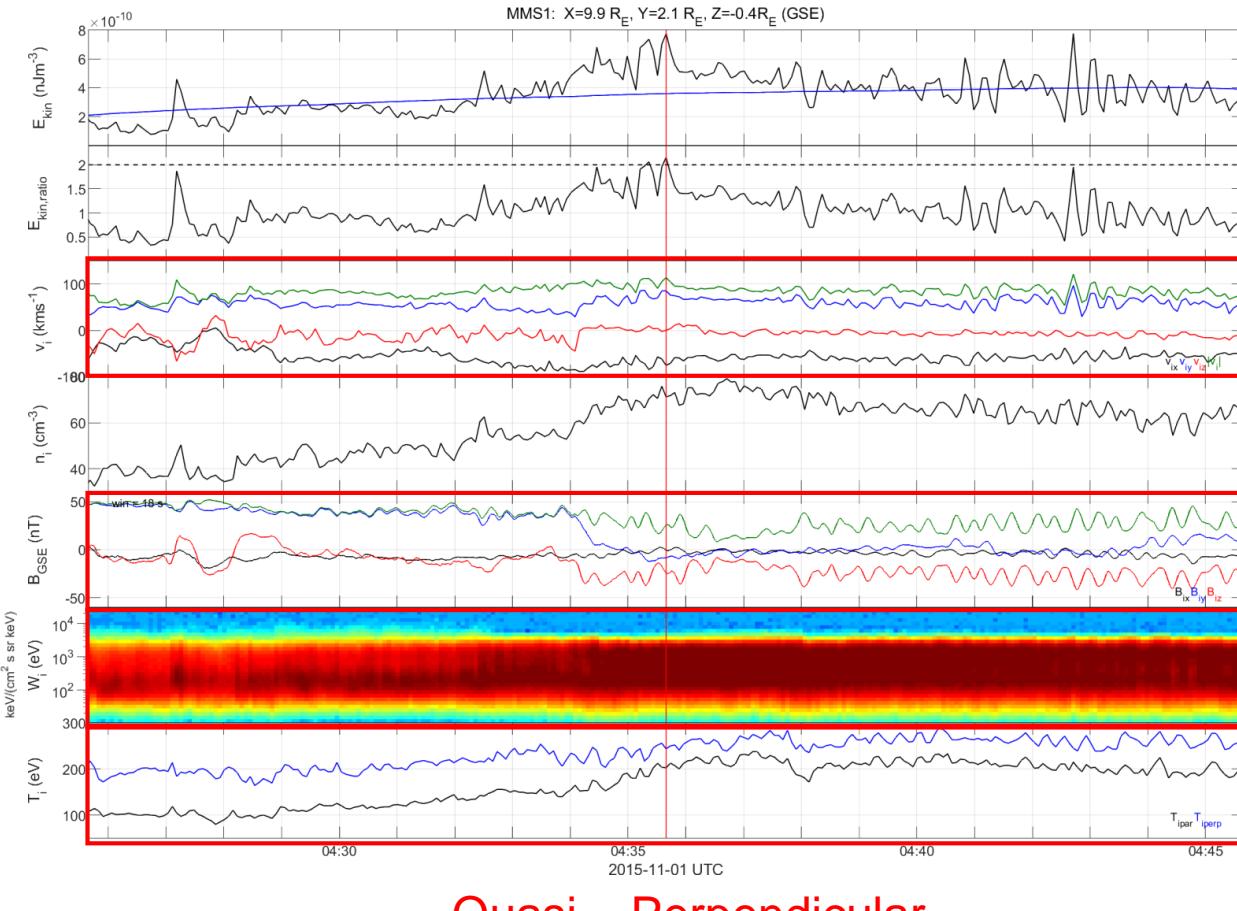


# See the differences?

High Variance, High Energetic Particles, Low Anisotropy



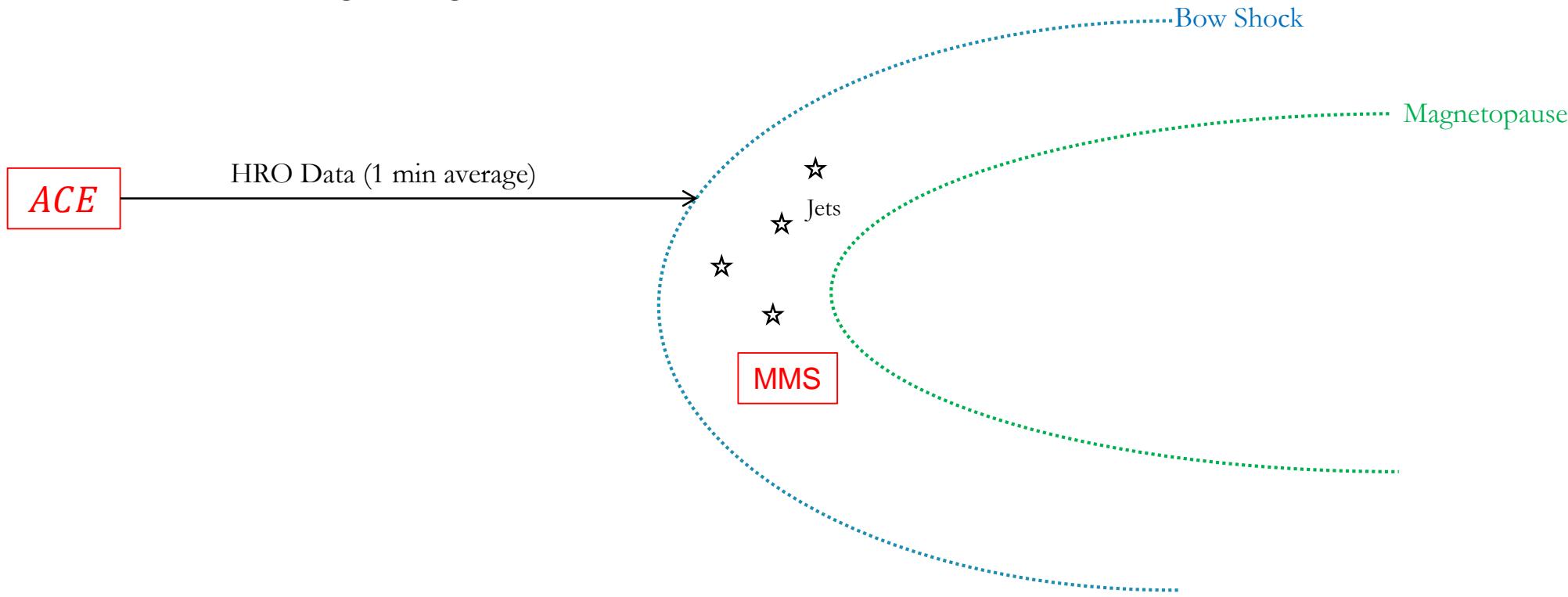
Low Variance, No Energetic Particles, High Anisotropy



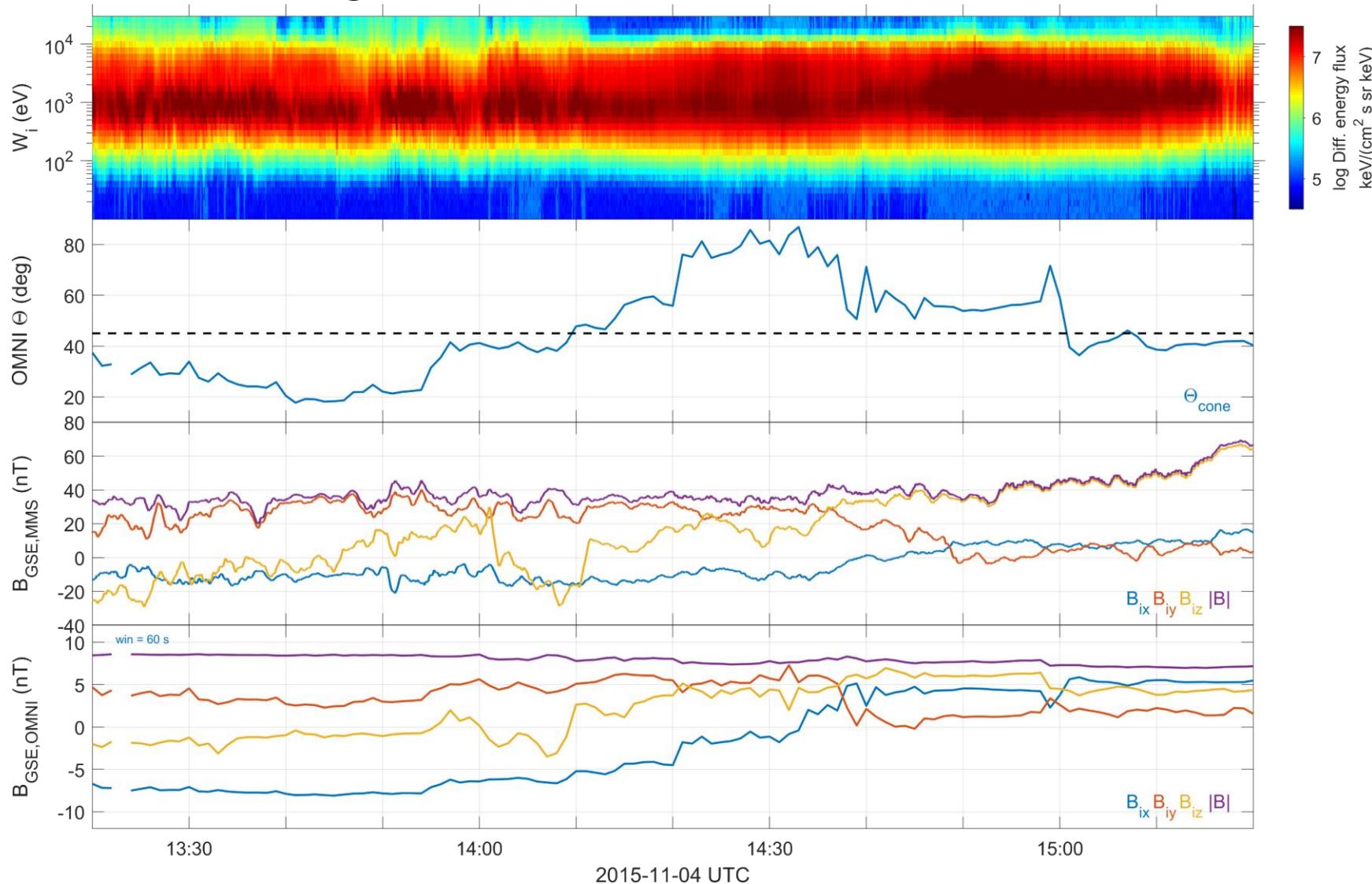
# Angle & Bow shock configuration

Why not directly  $\theta_n$  from Solar wind data ?

- Worse availability
- Error in propagating to Bow shock



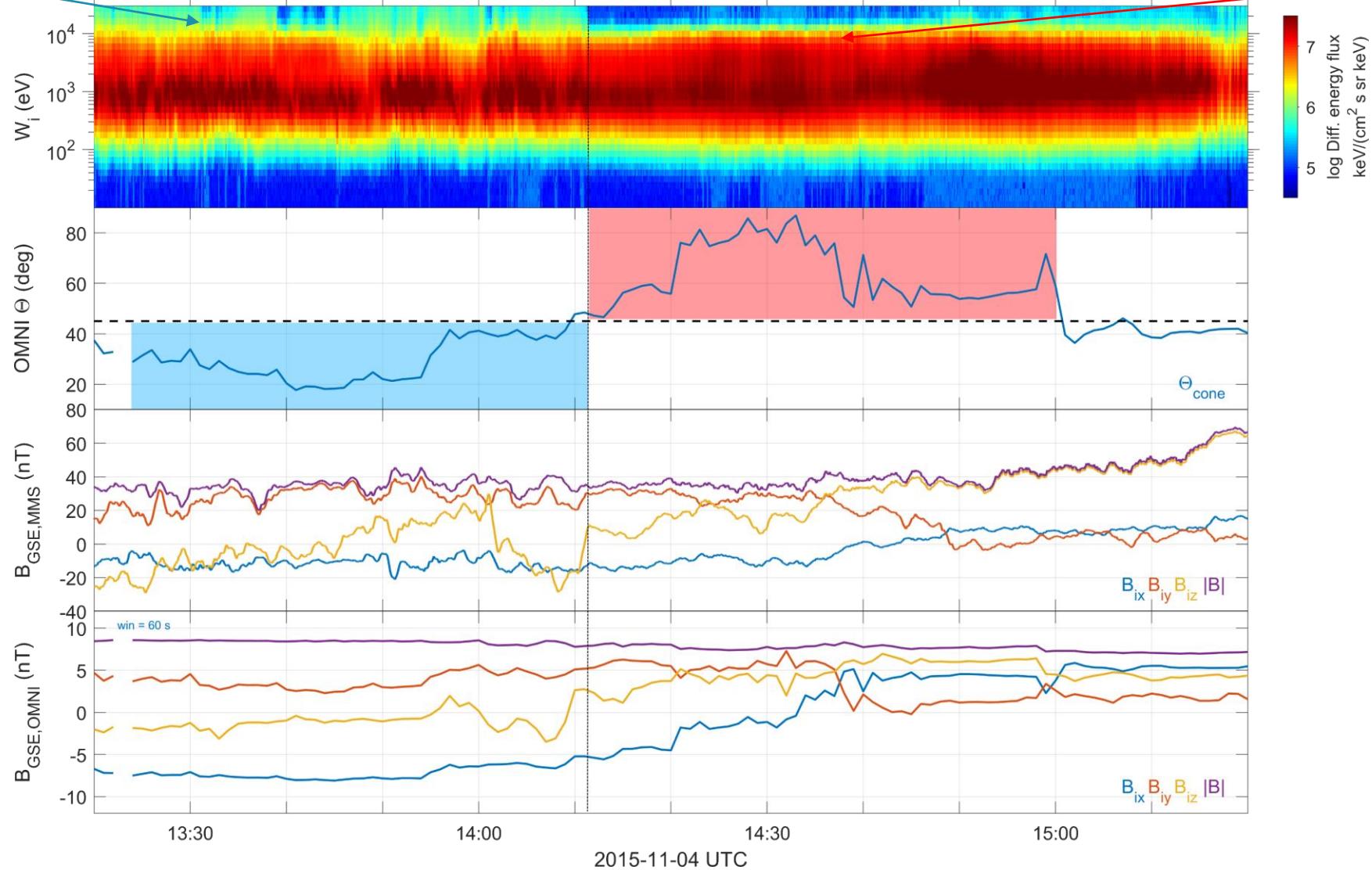
# Angle & Bow shock Verification



Q-par region

# Angle & Bow shock Verification

Q-perp region



# More Verification

Ion Spectrum (1:32)

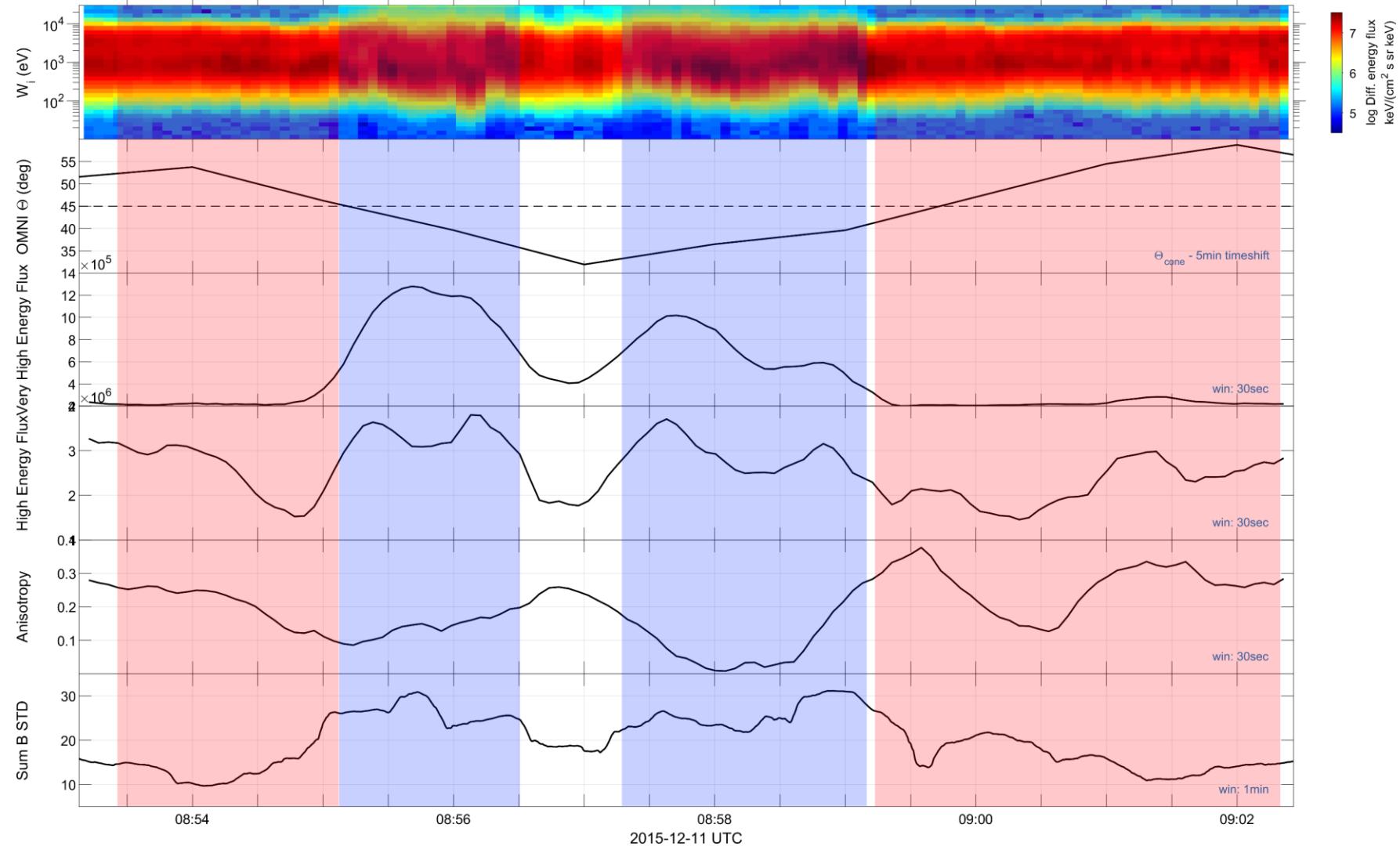
Cone Angle (SW)

Very High Flux (30:32)

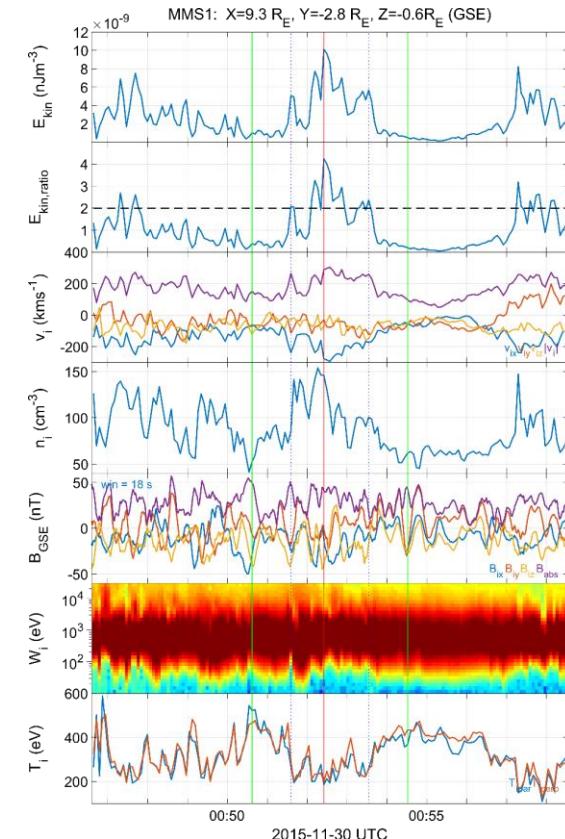
High Flux (27:29)

Temperature Anisotropy

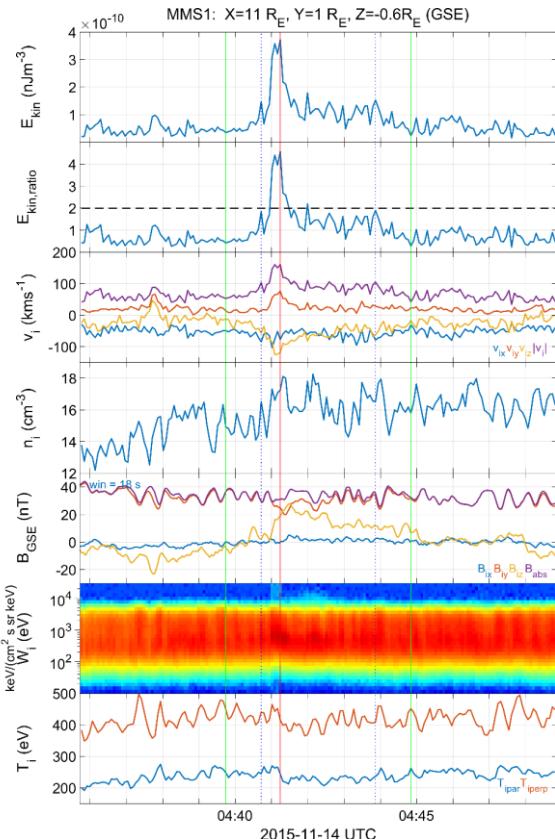
$$\sum_i \sigma(B_i)$$



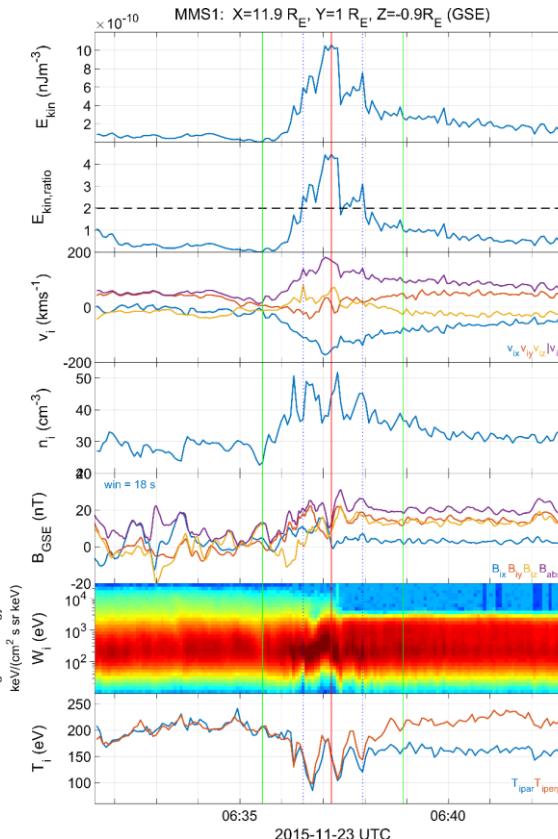
# Main Categories



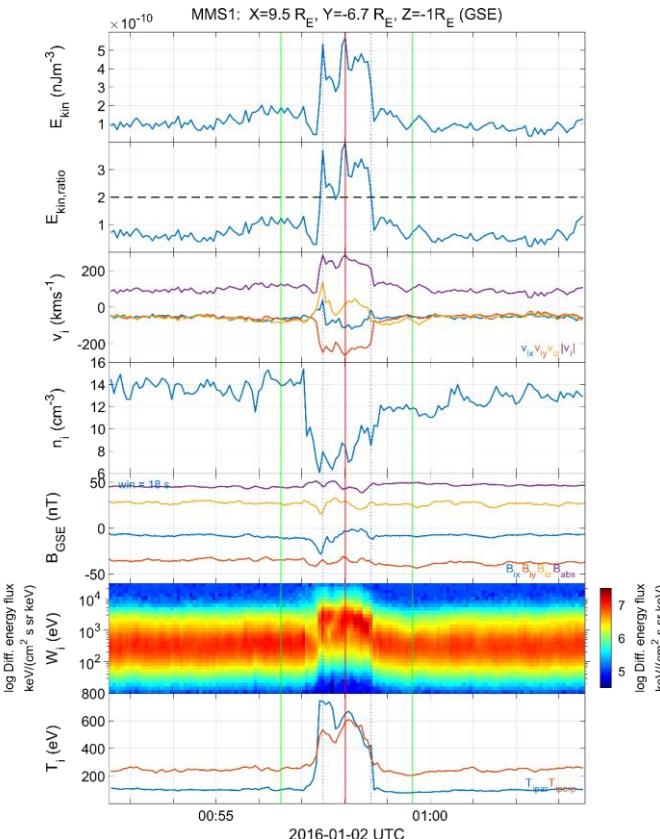
Qpar Jet



Qperp Jet



Boundary Jet

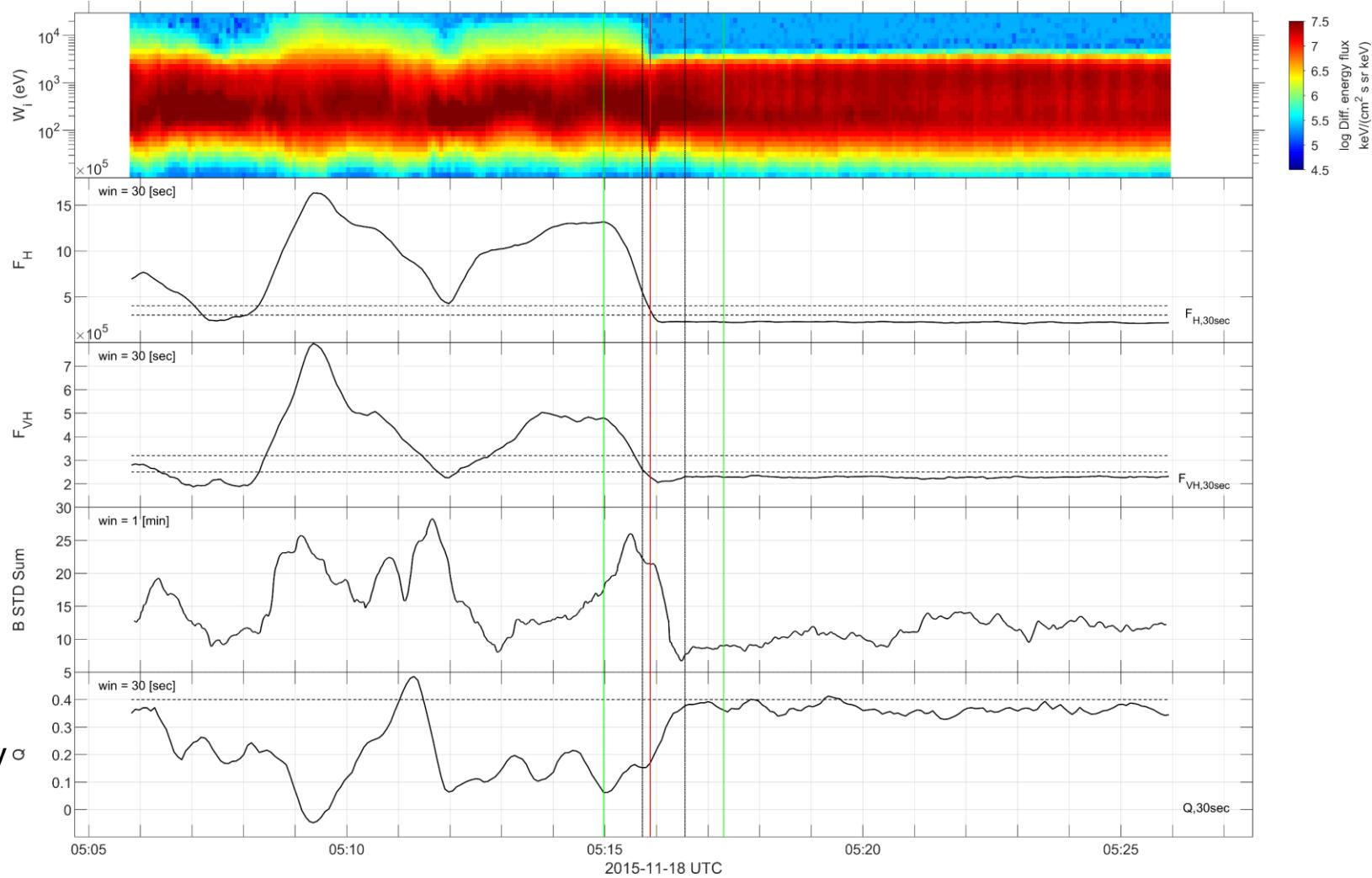


Encapsulated Jet

# Results

# Classification in progress!

Ion Spectrum (1:32)



High Flux (27:29)

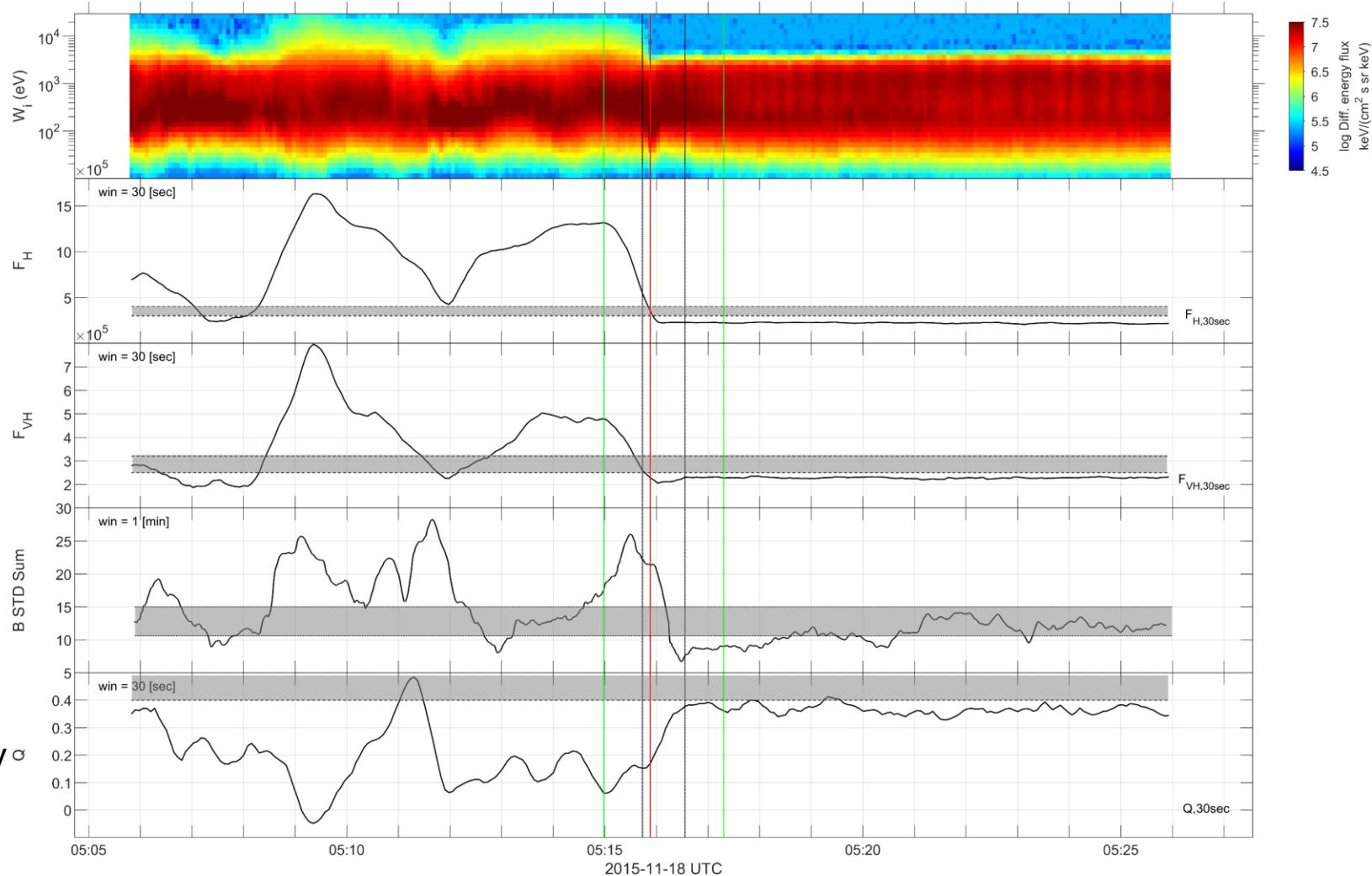
Very High Flux (30:32)

$$\sum_i \sigma(B_i)$$

Temperature Anisotropy  $\alpha$

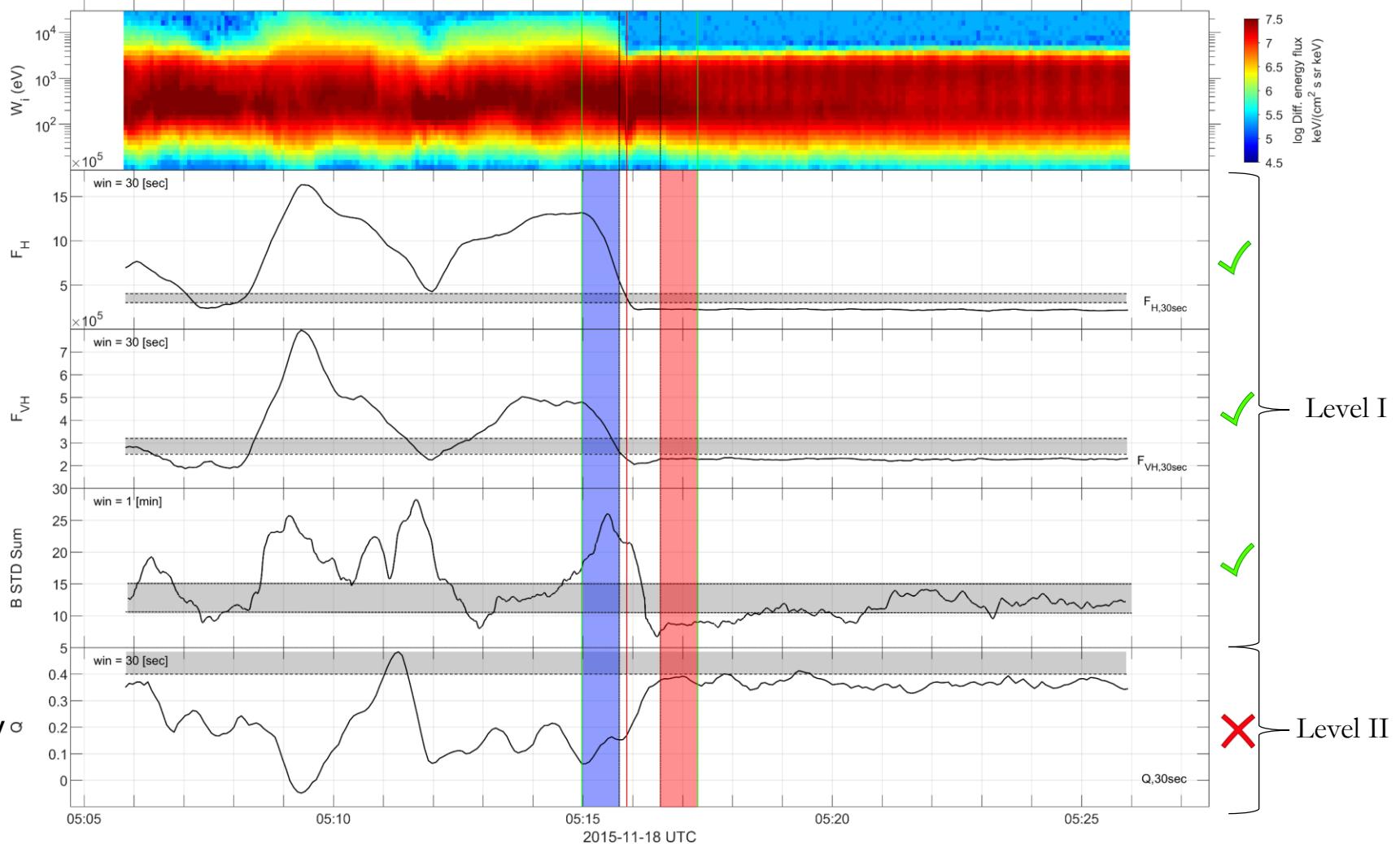
# Classification in progress!

Ion Spectrum (1:32)

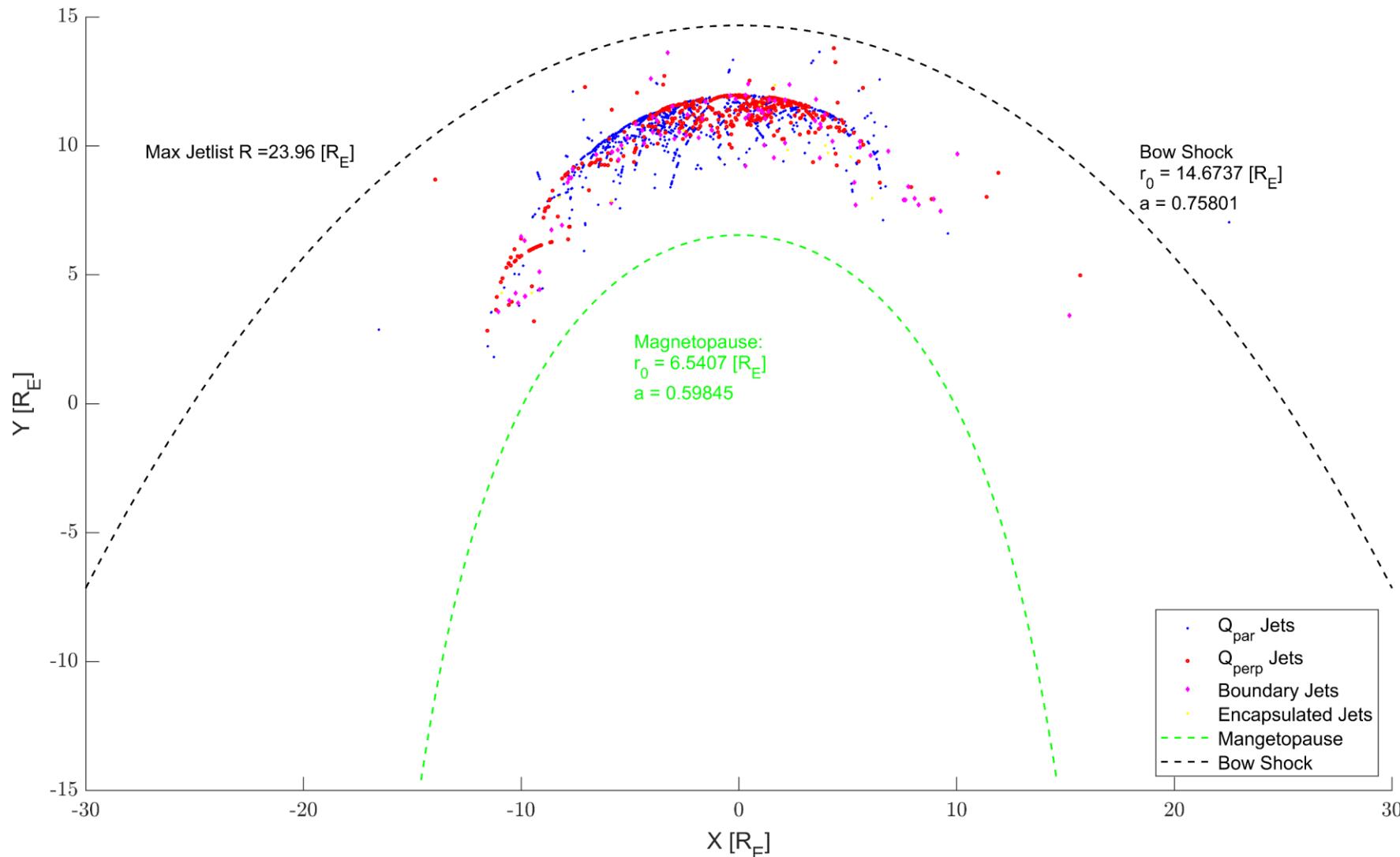


# Classification in progress!

Ion Spectrum (1:32)



# Where are they?



# Jets criteria & database

**Table 1.** Initial dataset of the magnetosheath jets for the period 10/2015 - 04/2019.

Subset	Number (n)	Percentage (%)	Criteria
Basic	16034	100	Eq. (1)
Down-sampled	8499	53	Eqs. (1), (3)
High-Energetic	4369	27	Eqs. (1), (3), (4)

$$P_{msh} \geq 2\langle P_{msh} \rangle_{10 \text{ min}}$$

(1)

$$t_{start,i+1} - t_{end,i} = dt \geq 60s$$

(3)

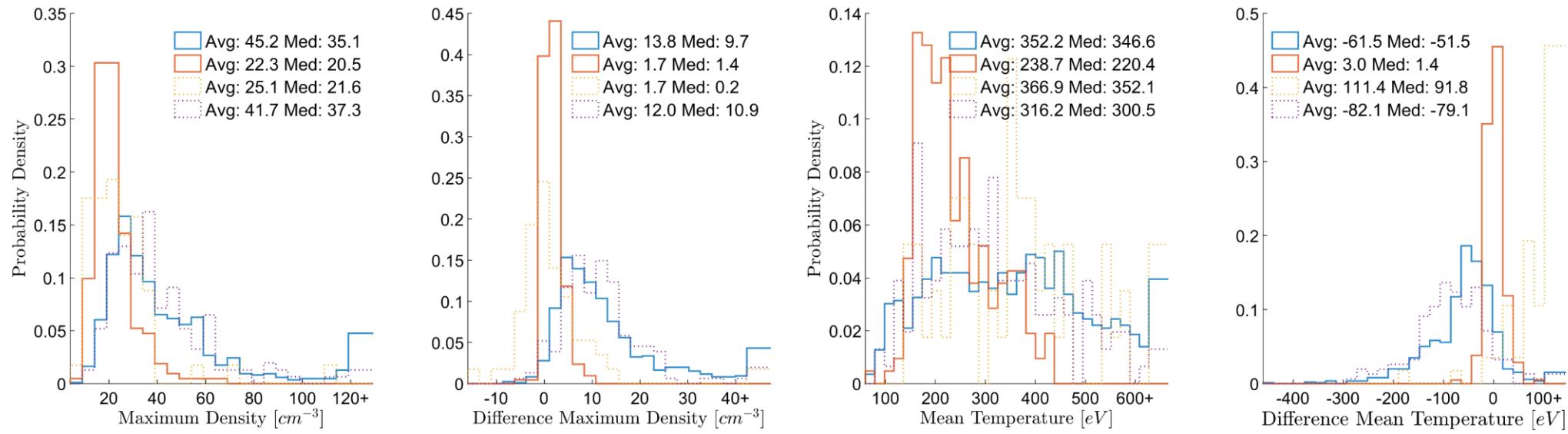
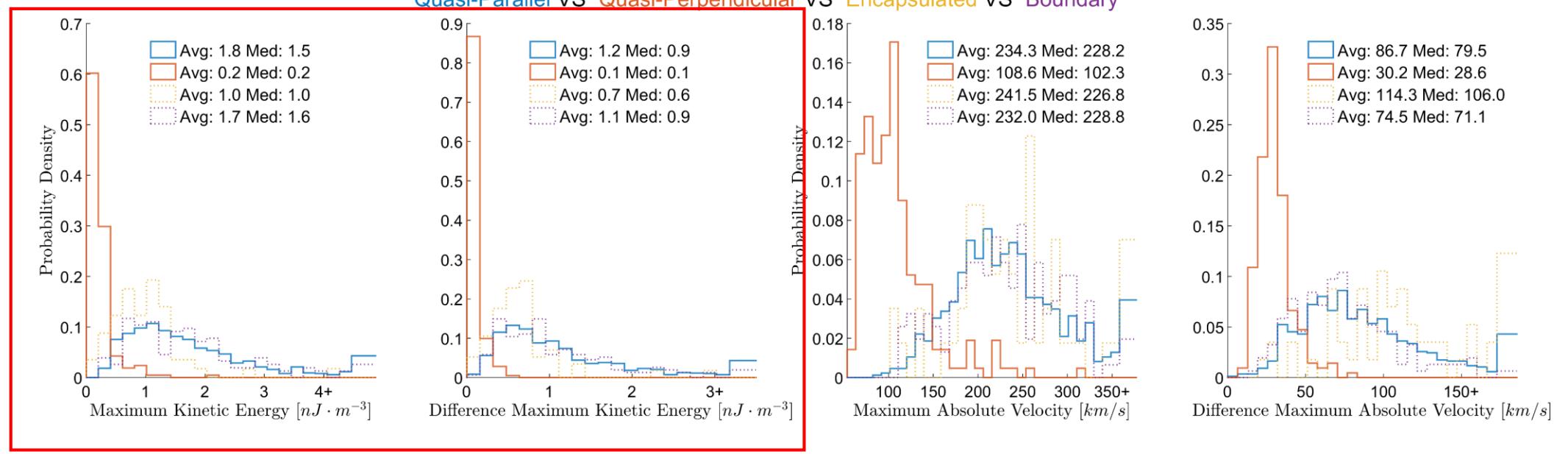
$$E_{kin,max} \geq 1 \text{ nJ/m}^{-3}$$

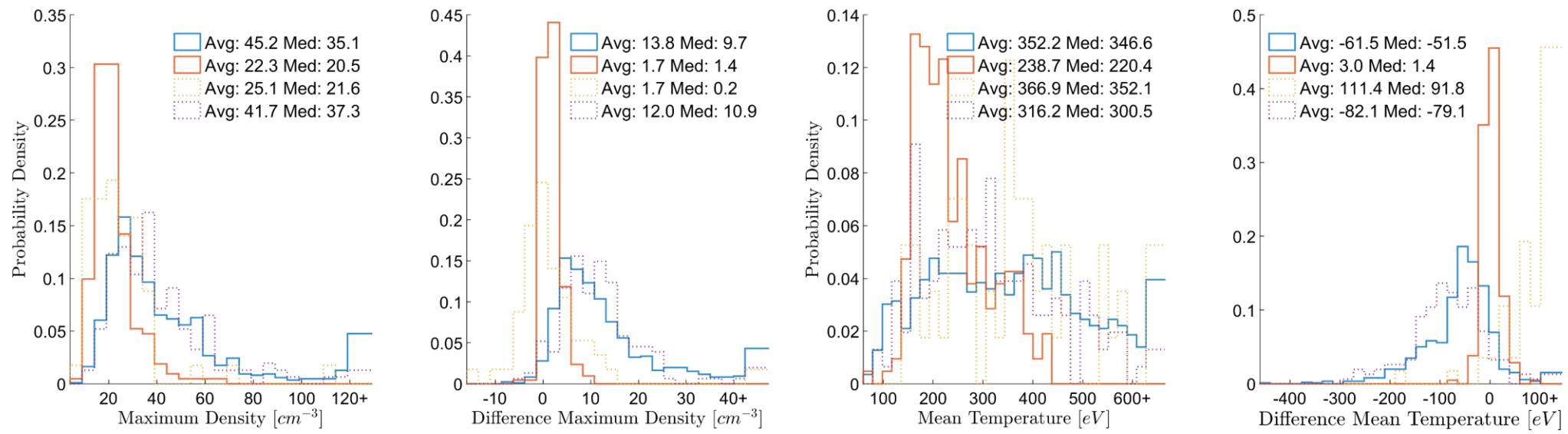
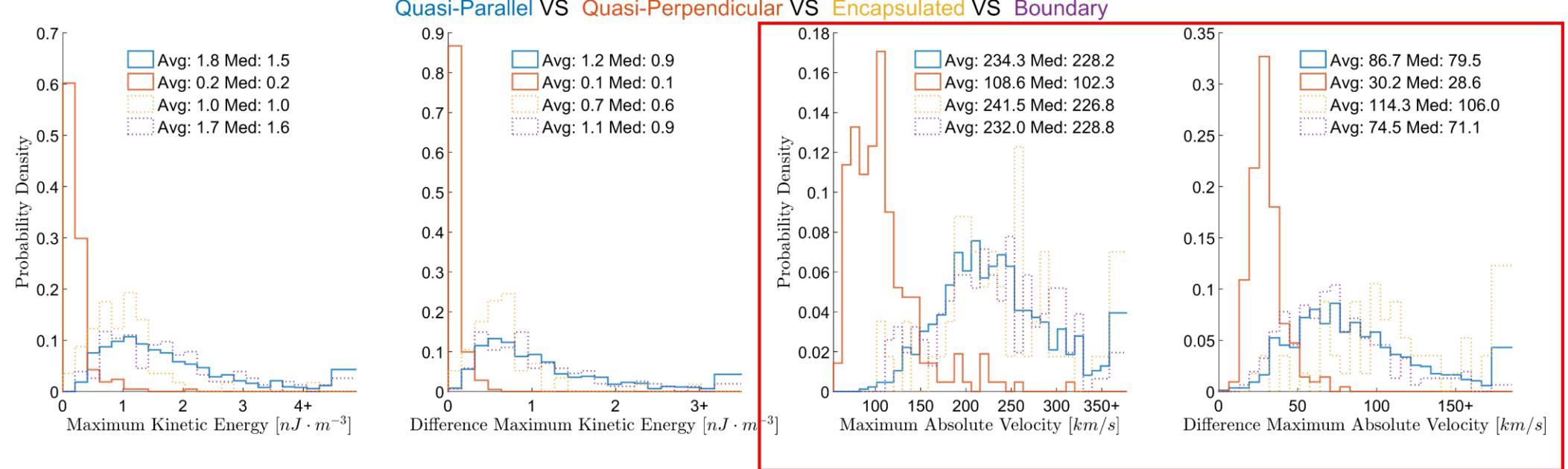
(4)

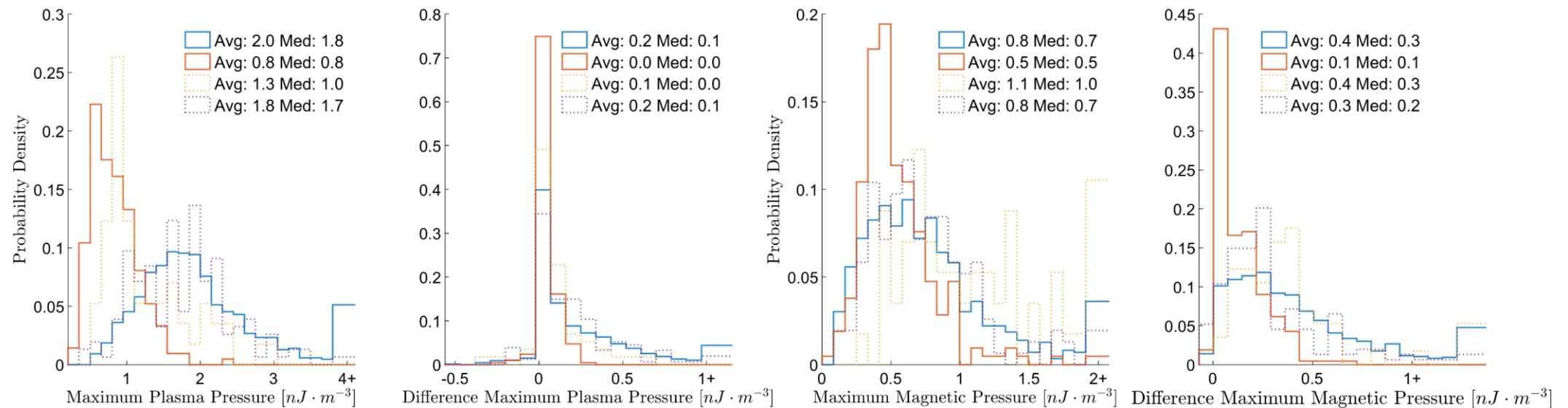
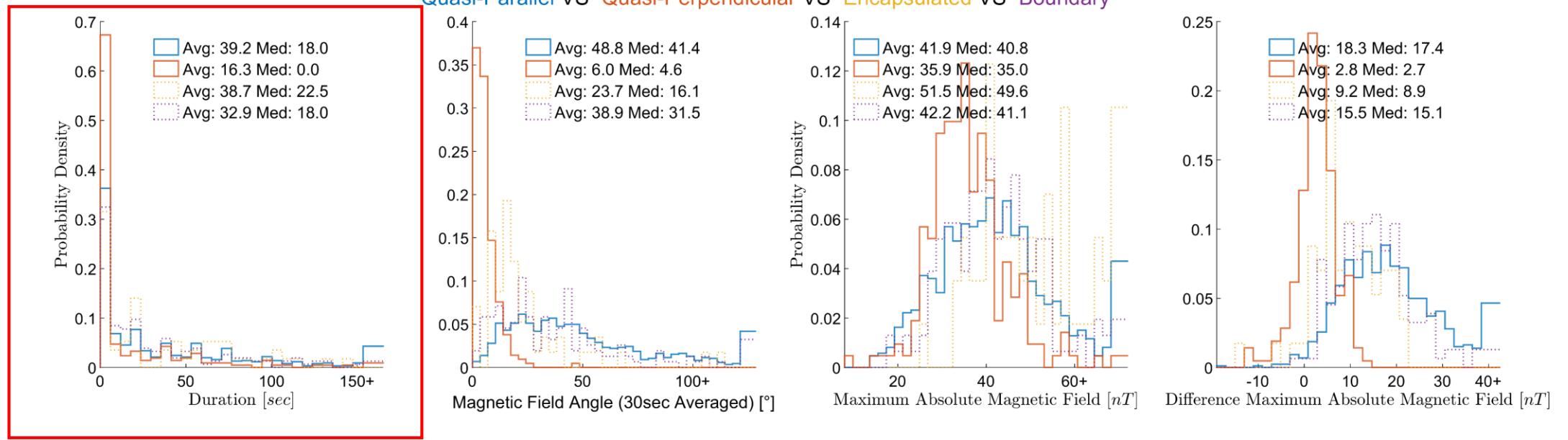
# Database Jet - Classified

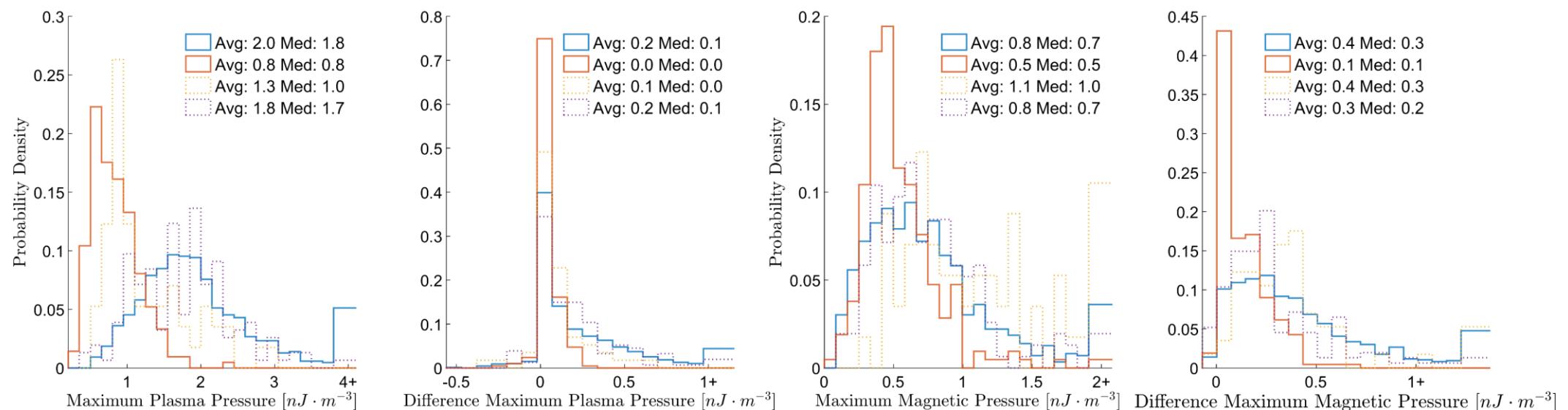
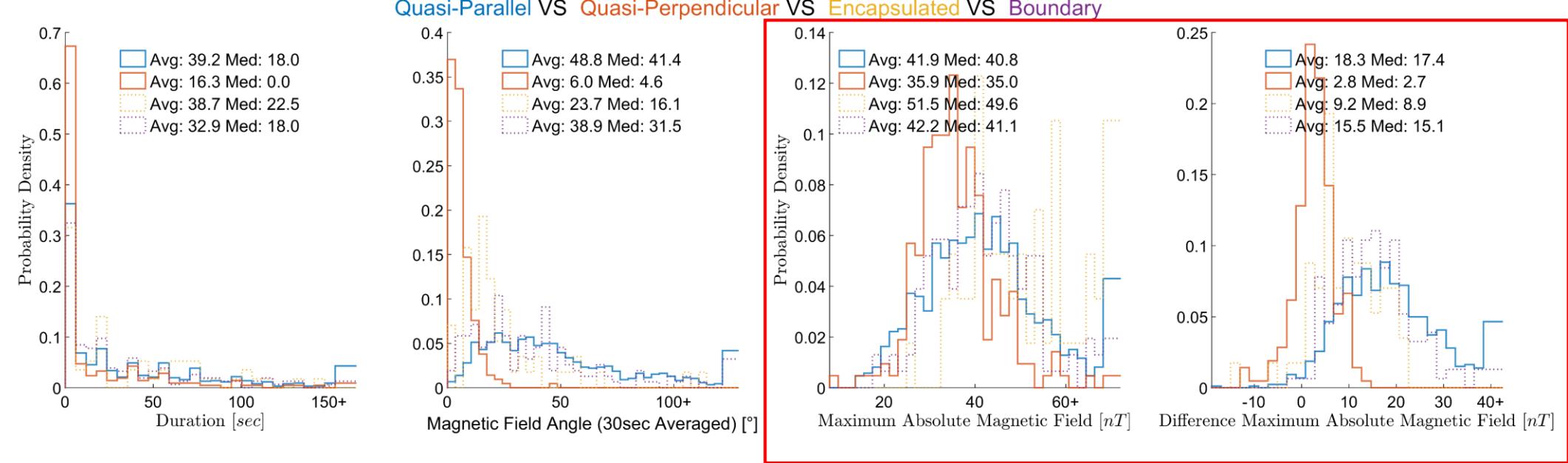
**Table 3.** Classified dataset of the magnetosheath jets for the period 10/2015 - 04/2019. Using as initial dataset the "down-sampled" jets of Table 1. The properties of each class is shown in Table 2.

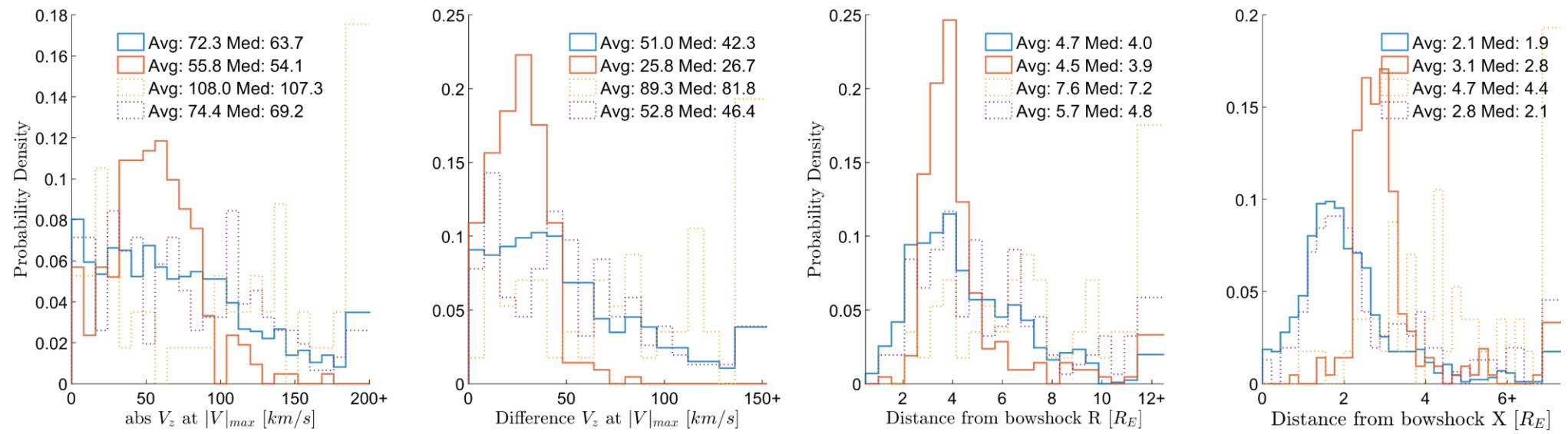
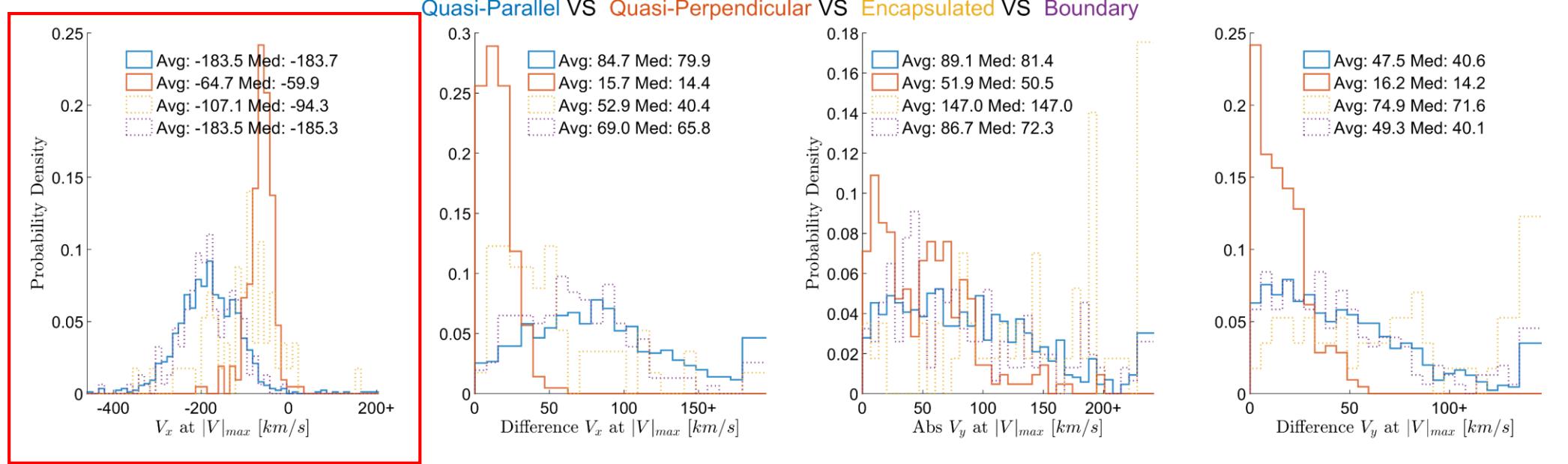
Subset	Number	Percentage (%)
Quasi - Parallel	2284	26.9
	Best Cases	860
Quasi - Perpendicular	504	5.9
	Best Cases	211
Boundary	744	8.8
	Best Cases	154
Encapsulated	77	0.9
	Best Cases	57
Other	4890	57.5
Uncertain	3499	41.2
Border	1346	15.8
Data Gap	45	0.5

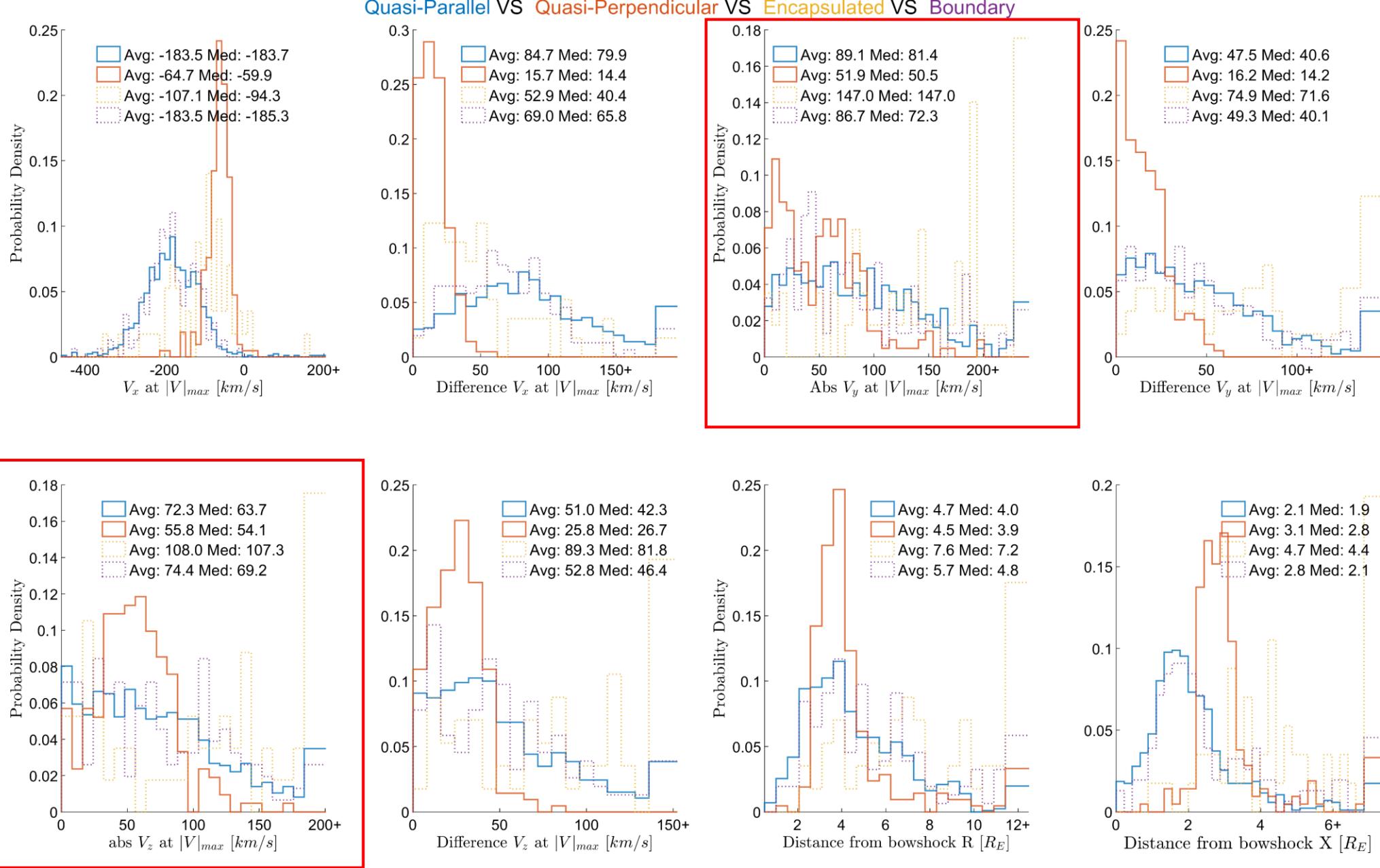


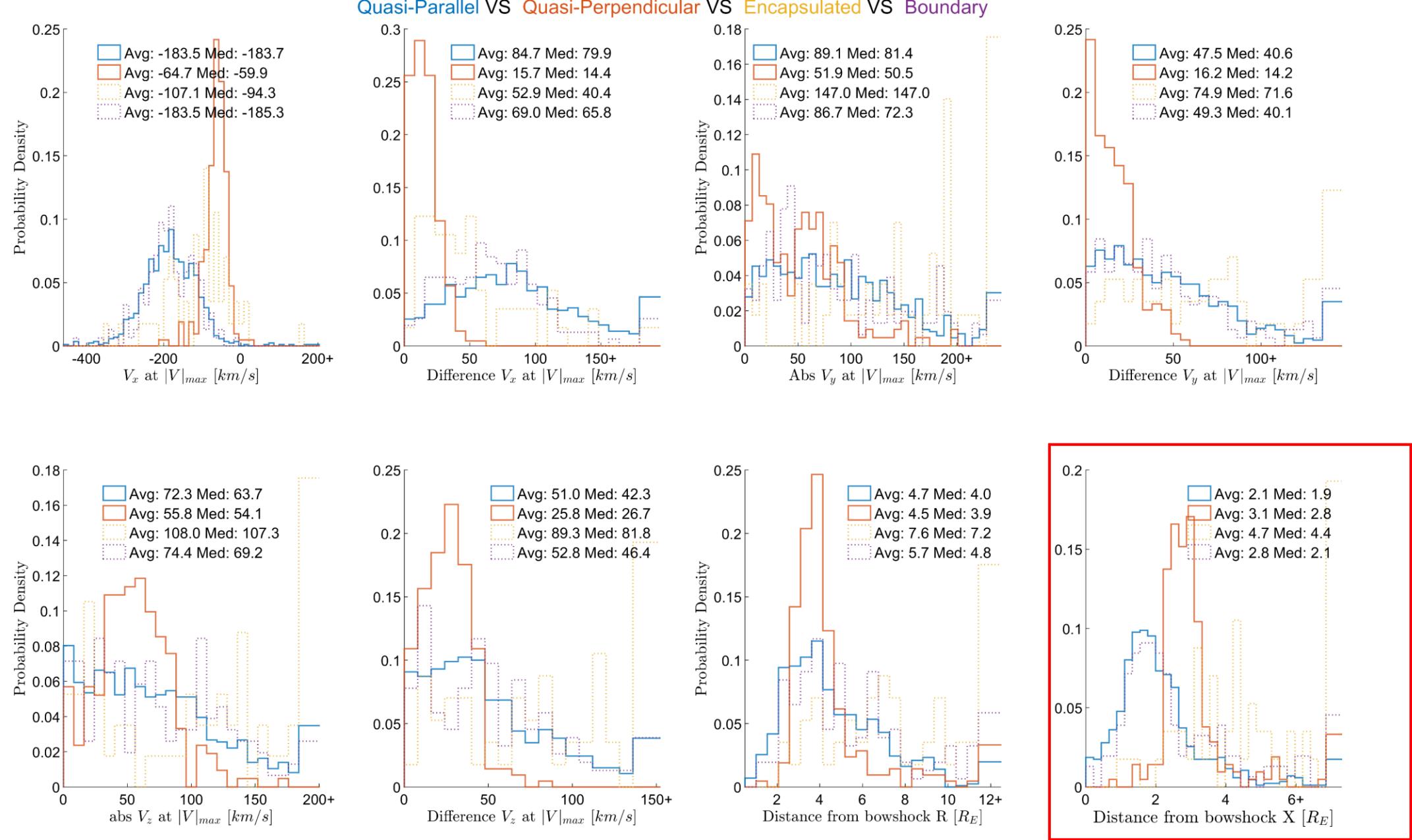


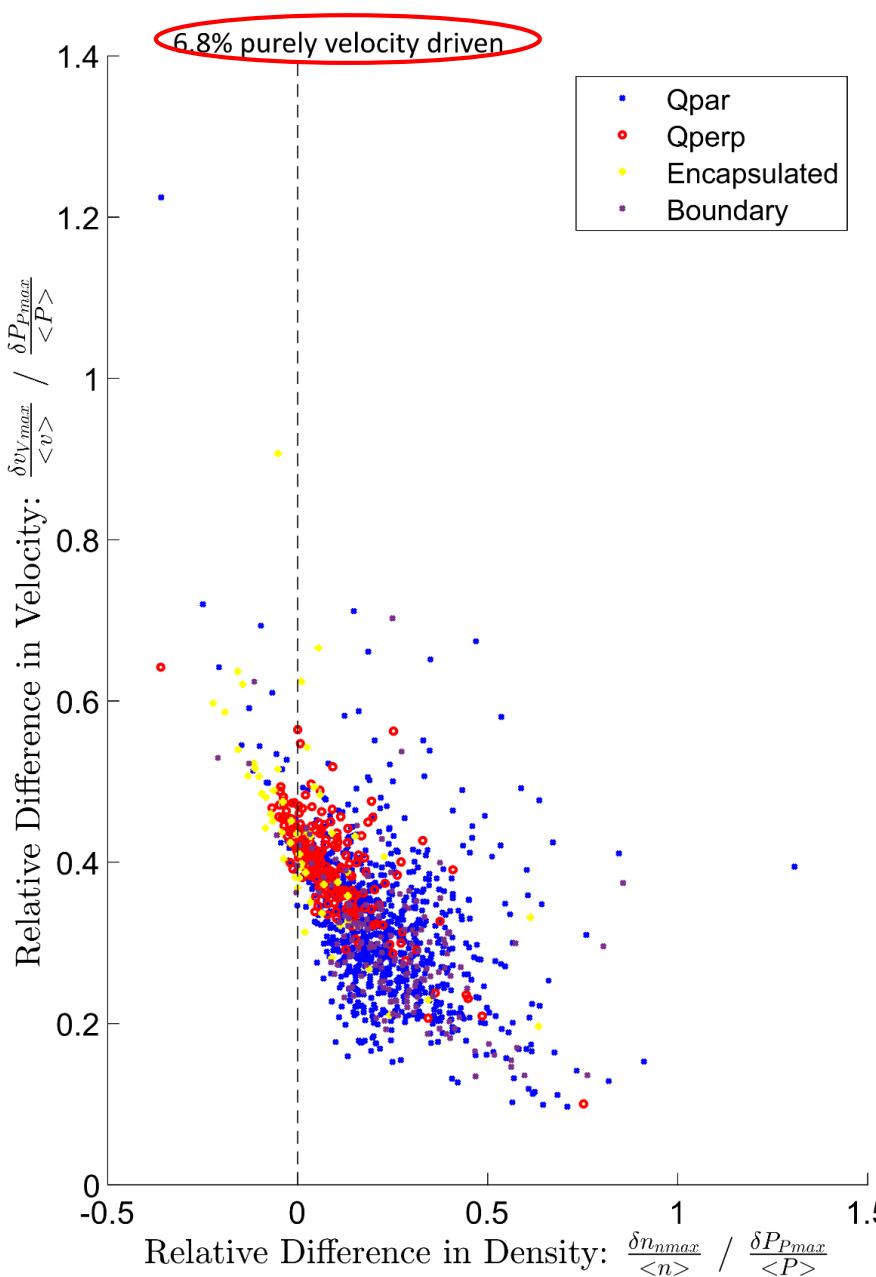
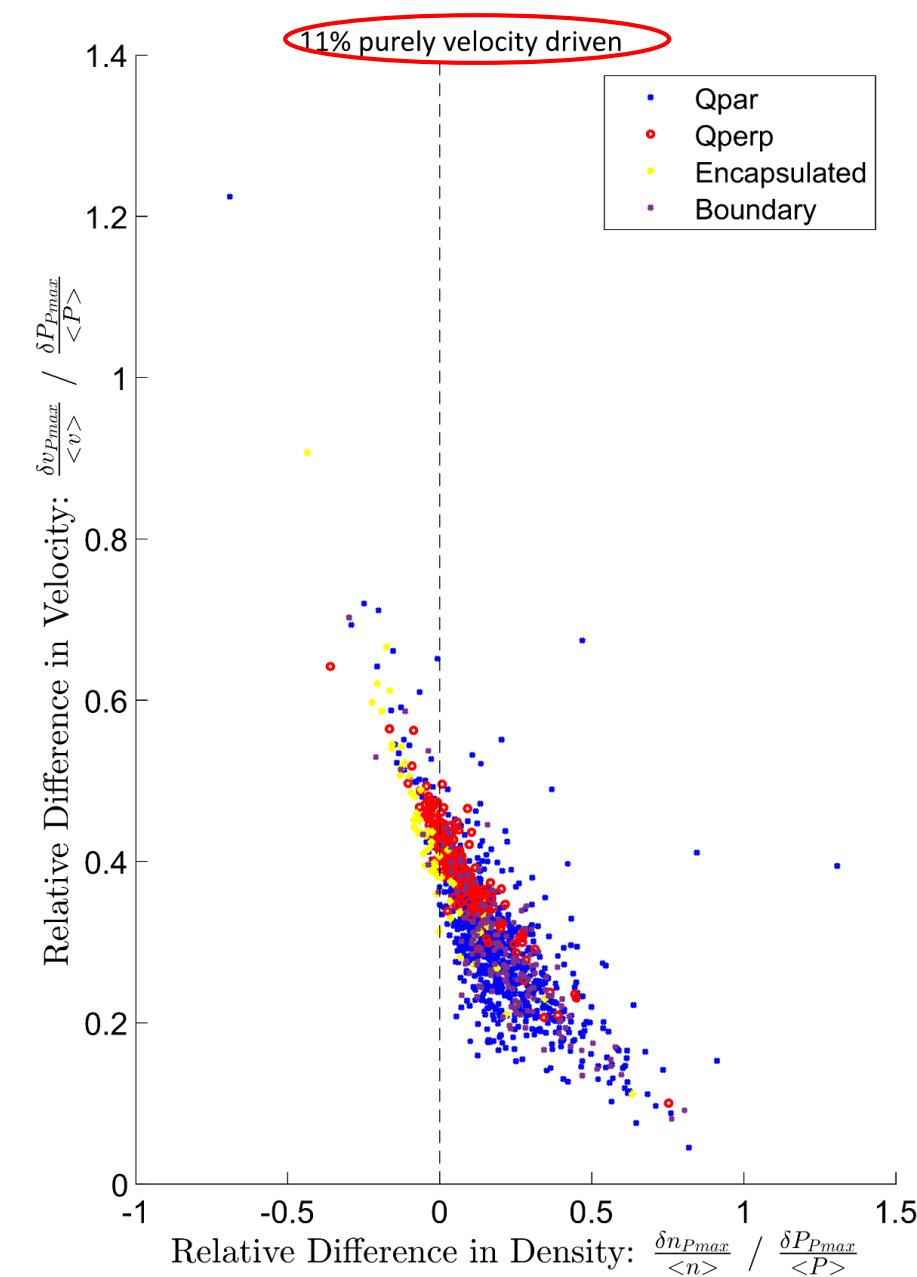


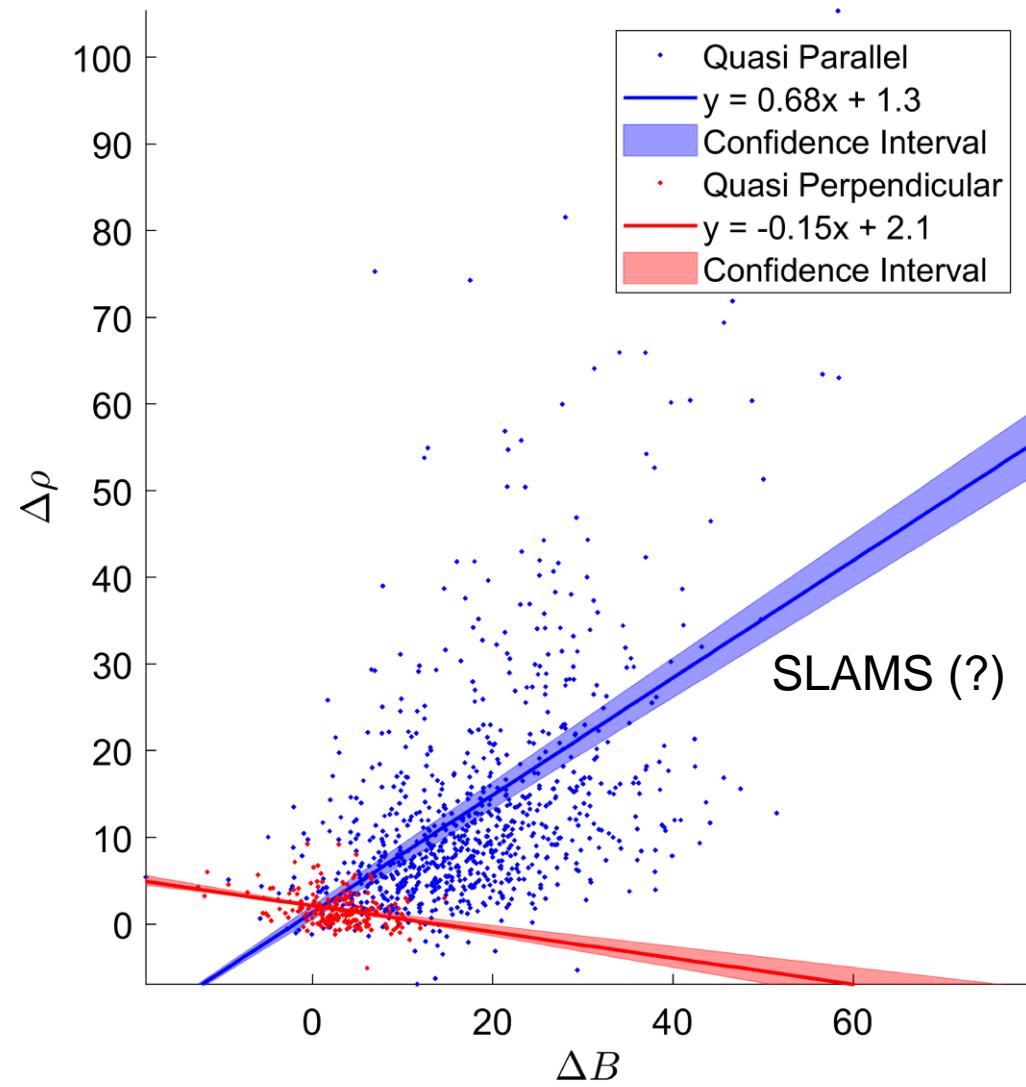




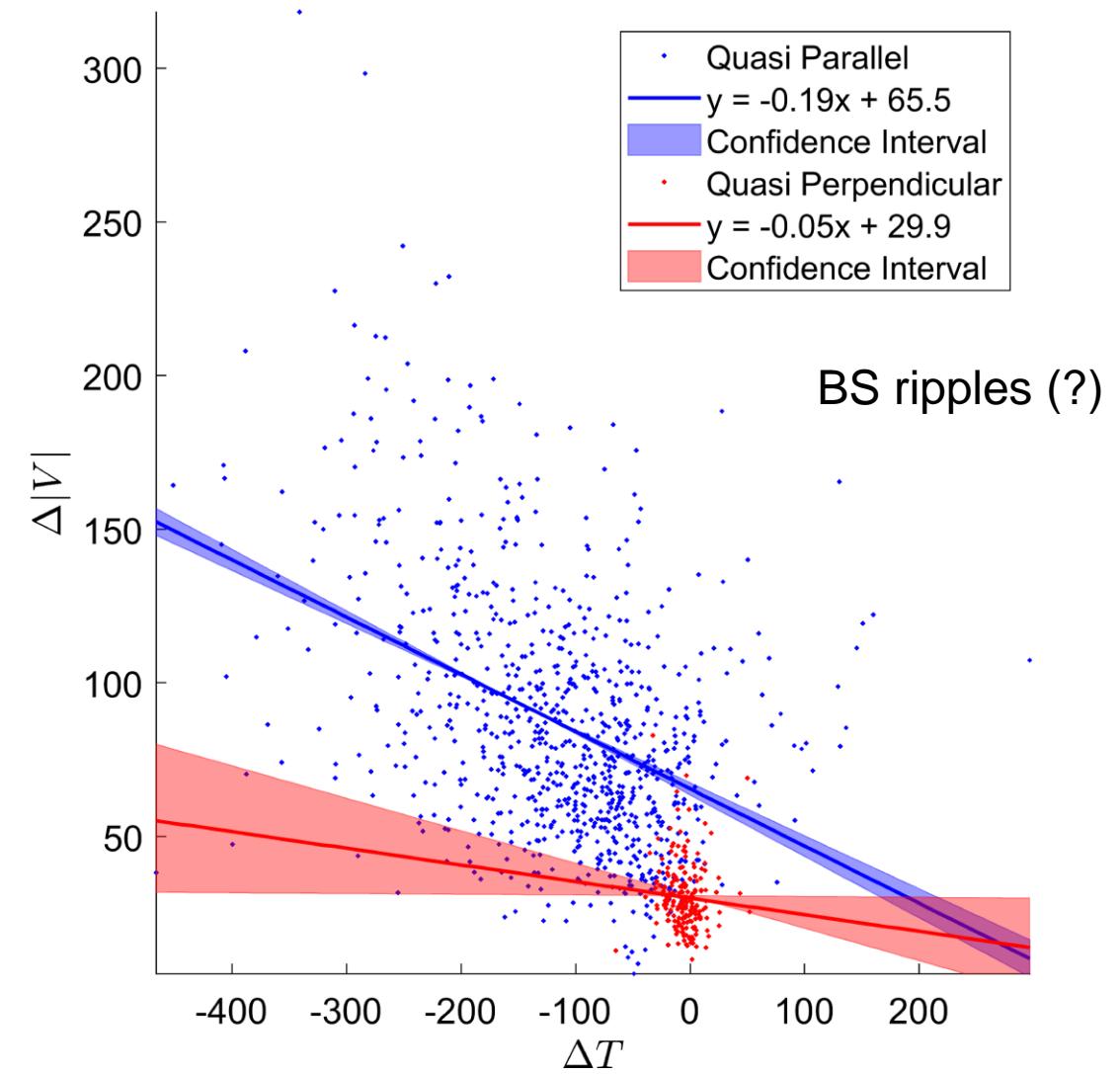








$$\Delta x = x_{\text{Jet}} - \langle x \rangle_{\pm 5 \text{ min}}$$



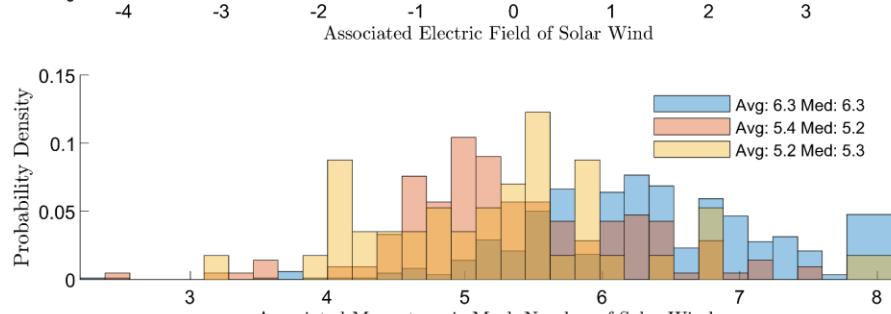
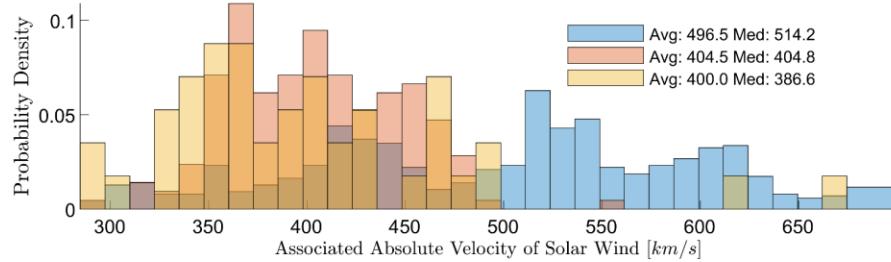
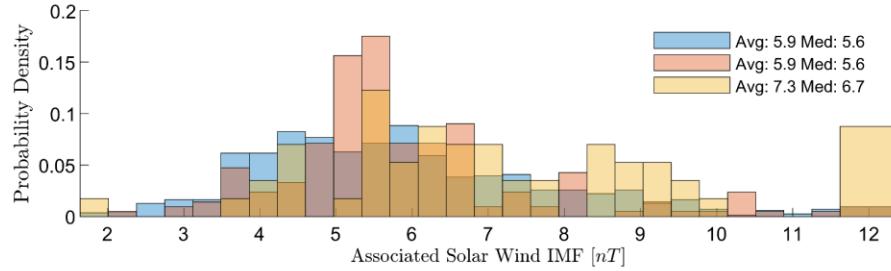
# Conclusion

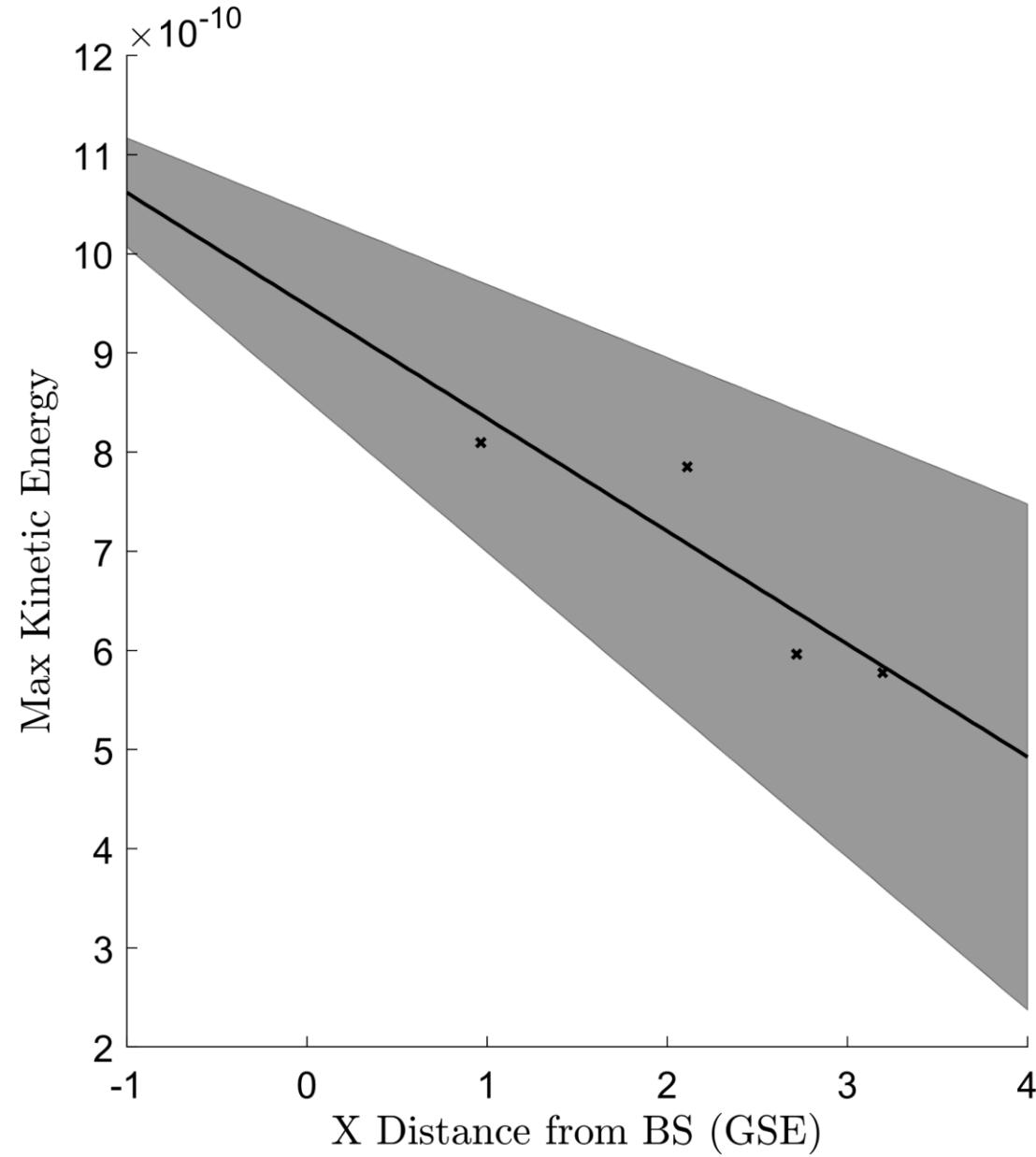
## Summary

- Obtained a vast **database of Magnetosheath Jets** (~10.000) using all available **MMS** data.
- Successfully **classified jets into several different categories** showing different attributes.
- Analyzed their **characteristics** and found **interesting similarities & differences** compared to earlier results.
- Possible connections to other associated mechanisms such as **SLAMS & Bow shock ripples**.

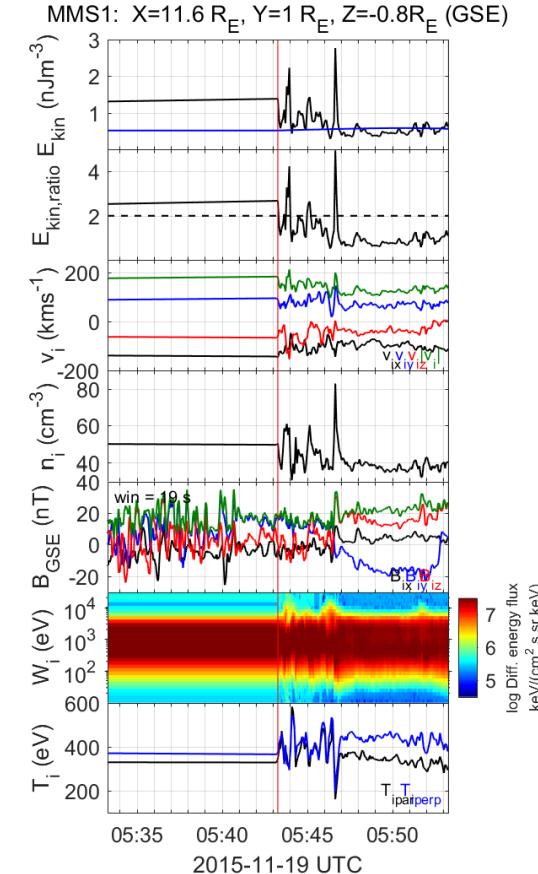
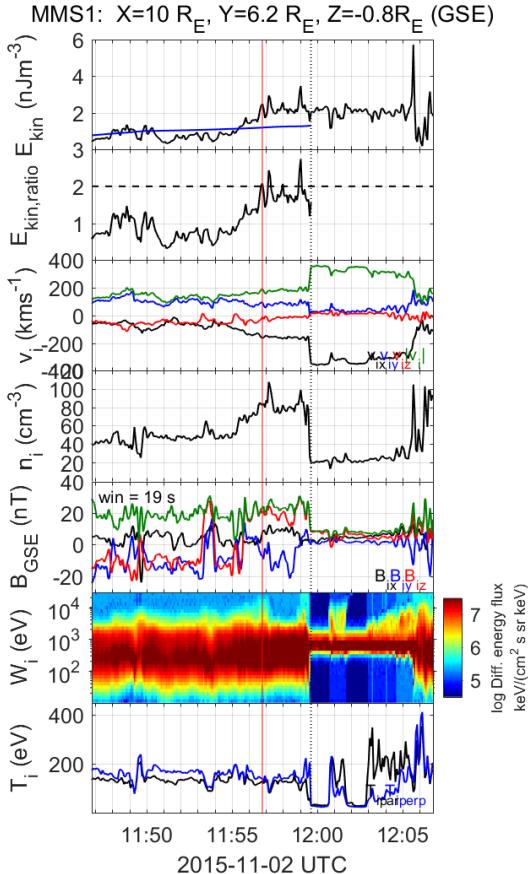
# Extras

### Quasi-Parallel VS Quasi-Perpendicular VS Encapsulated Magnetosheath Jets - Omniweb Solar Wind Plots





# “Extra” Categories



# Multistage Classification – Simplified Scheme

<u>Stages</u>	<u>Categories</u>	<u>Quality Check</u>
(1) Pre-jet-post	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Quasi – Par.</li><li>2. Quasi – Perp.</li><li>3. Boundary</li><li>4. Encapsulated</li><li>5. Unknown</li></ol>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Criteria Number</li><li>Level I – III</li></ul>

# Multistage Classification – Simplified Scheme

<u>Stages</u>	<u>Categories</u>	<u>Quality Check</u>
(1) Pre-jet-post	1. Quasi – Par.	• Criteria Number
(2) Adjust times & Values	2. Quasi – Perp.	Level I – III
(a) Jet Period	3. Boundary	• Tries Required
(b) Pre/post Period	4. Encapsulated	1 – 5 / stage
	5. Unknown	

# Multistage Classification – Simplified Scheme

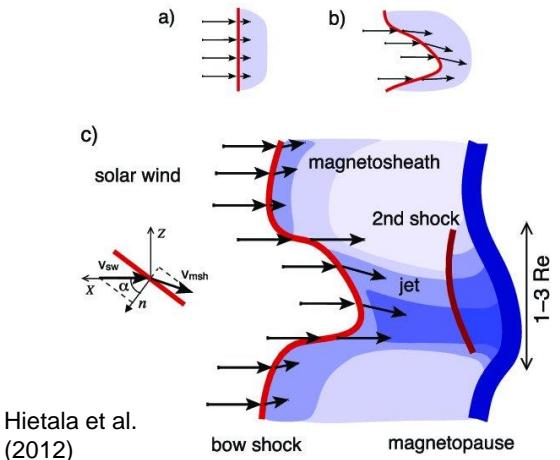
<u>Stages</u>	<u>Categories</u>	<u>Quality Check</u>
(1) Pre-jet-post	1. Quasi – Par.	• Criteria Number
(2) Adjust times & Values	2. Quasi – Perp.	Level I – III
(a) Jet Period	3. Boundary	
(b) Pre/post Period	4. Encapsulated	• Tries Required
	5. Unknown	1 – 5 / stage

# Multistage Classification – Simplified Scheme

<u>Stages</u>	<u>Categories</u>	<u>Quality Check</u>
(1) Pre-jet-post	1. Quasi – Par.	• Criteria Number
(2) Adjust times & Values	2. Quasi – Perp.	Level I – III
(a) Jet Period	3. Boundary	
(b) Pre/post Period	4. Encapsulated	
(3) Normalizing	5. Unknown	• Tries Required 1 – 5 / stage

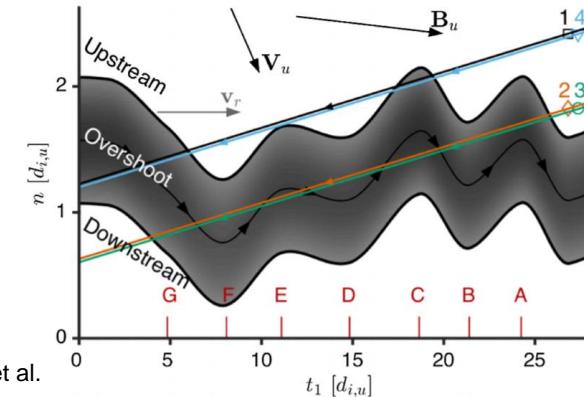
# Mechanisms ideas for each jets

## Quasi – Parallel



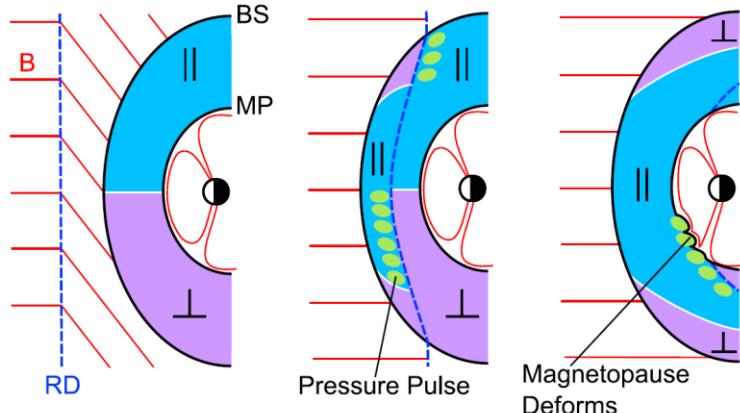
Hietala et al.  
(2012)

## Quasi – Perpendicular



Johlander et al.  
(2016)

## Boundary



Archer et al.  
(2012)

## Encapsulated

