
Project Proposal

PROJECT NAME: BANKING SYSTEM

VIEW OF THE PROJECT:

- The main aim of this project is to give information about the Functioning of database in Banking System
- All the functionalities of Banking Systems will be credited in this project

ABOUT THE PROJECT:

Usually all persons want money for personal and commercial purposes. Banks are the oldest lending institutions in US scenario. They are providing all facilities to all citizens for their own purposes by their terms. To survive in this modern market every bank implements so many new innovative ideas, strategies, and advanced technologies. For that they give each and every minute detail about their institution and projects to Public.

They are providing ample facilities to satisfy their customers i.e. Net Banking, Mobile Banking, Door to Door facility, Instant facility, Investment facility, Demat facility, Credit Card facility, Loans and Advances, Account facility etc. And such banks get success to create their own image in public and corporate world. These banks always accept innovative notions in US banking scenario like Credit Cards, ATM machines, Risk Management etc.

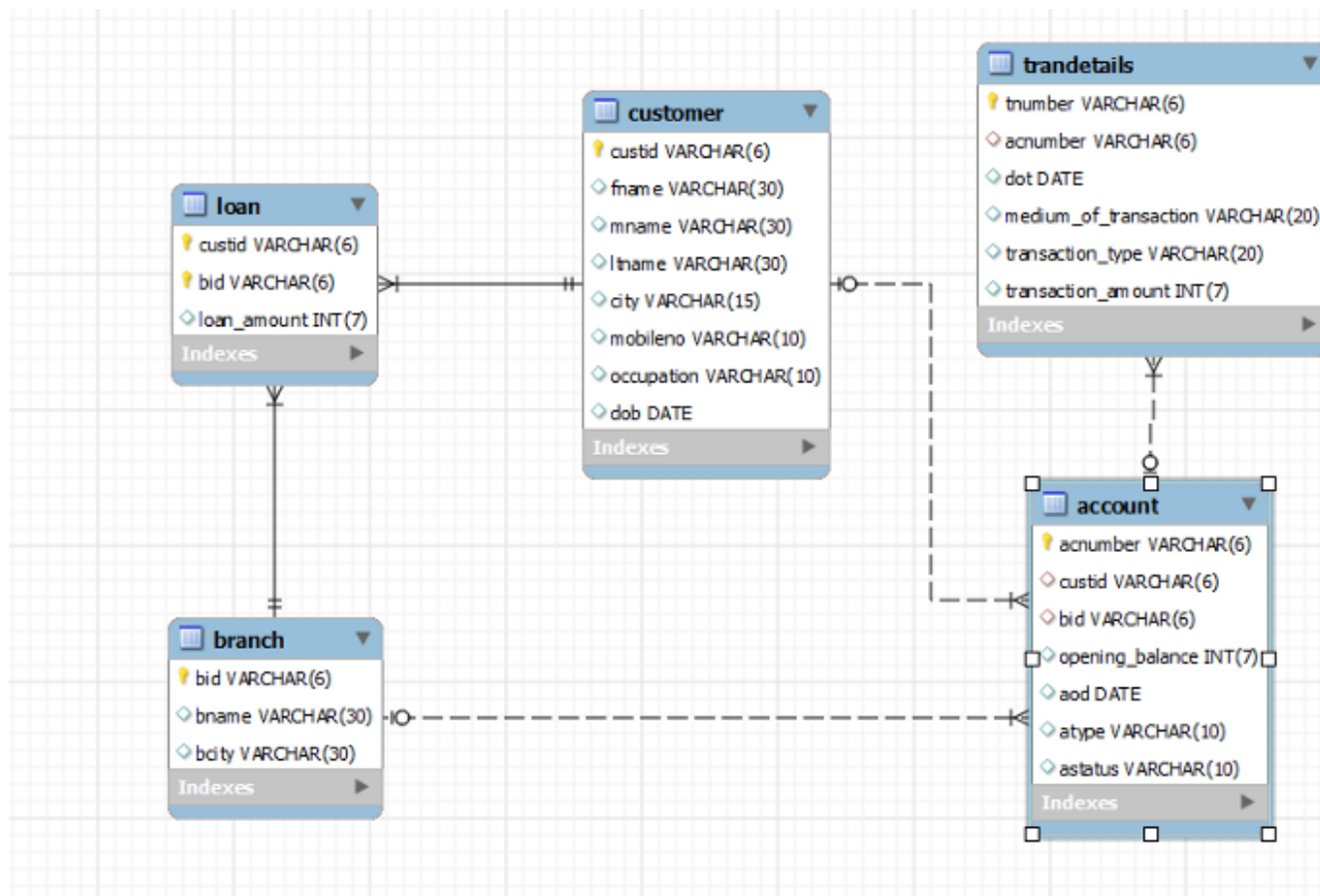
So, this must be the first choice for me to select this topic. At this stage every person must know about new innovation, technology of procedure new schemes and new ventures.

RULES GOVERNING THE PROJECT:

- All the customers of the bank have a unique account number
- The account numbers are not nullable i.e., they cannot take null values
- The customers must have a minimum account balance of Rs.1000
- Any customer is not allowed to withdraw amount from his account, if the withdrawal results in his account balance going below the minimum balance

- A person is eligible to get a loan from the bank if he has an account in the bank
- The percentage of interest imposed on the loan depends on the Company's policies
- The customers are issued cards (ATM or Debit) depending on his/her eligibilities
- All the card holders have unique card and PIN numbers
- The employees of the bank have unique identification numbers

ER Diagram-



User & Privileges-

```
SQL> CREATE USER bank IDENTIFIED by bank;
User created.

SQL> GRANT CONNECT TO bank;
Grant succeeded.

SQL> GRANT CONNECT, RESOURCE, DBA TO bank;
Grant succeeded.

SQL> GRANT CREATE SESSION GRANT ANY PRIVILEGE TO bank;
GRANT CREATE SESSION GRANT ANY PRIVILEGE TO bank
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-00990: missing or invalid privilege

SQL> GRANT CREATE SESSION to bank;
Grant succeeded.

SQL> GRANT ANY PRIVILEGE TO bank;
GRANT ANY PRIVILEGE TO bank
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-00990: missing or invalid privilege

SQL> GRANT PRIVILEGE TO bank;
GRANT PRIVILEGE TO bank
*
```

Select Create Table-

```
CREATE TABLE bank.customer  
AS (SELECT customer_id, name, accno, bal FROM OE.CUSTOMERS WHERE 1=0);
```

Script Output x Query Result x
Task completed in 0.104 seconds

Table BANK.CUSTOMER created.

External Table-

```
CREATE TABLE emp_load  
(employee_number CHAR(3),  
employee_last_name CHAR(20),  
employee_middle_name CHAR(15),  
employee_first_name CHAR(15)  
)  
ORGANIZATION EXTERNAL  
(TYPE ORACLE_LOADER  
DEFAULT DIRECTORY ext_tab_dir  
ACCESS PARAMETERS  
(RECORDS DELIMITED BY NEWLINE  
BADFILE DHHSMAPIIS: 'EMP.BAD'  
LOGFILE DHHSMAPIIS: 'EMP.LOG'  
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ', '  
)  
LOCATION ('external_table_test2.dat'))  
REJECT LIMIT UNLIMITED;
```

Script Output x Query Result x
Task completed in 0.149 seconds

Table EMP_LOAD dropped.

Table EMP_LOAD created.

```
CREATE DIRECTORY ext_tab_dir AS '/home';  
GRANT READ ON DIRECTORY ext_tab_dir TO SCOTT
```

Script Output x Query Result x
Task completed in 0.767 seconds

```
LOCATION (' utcase1.clt ' )  
)
```

REJECT LIMIT UNLIMITED

Error report -

ORA-30657: operation not supported on external organized table

30657.0000 - "operation not supported on external organized table"

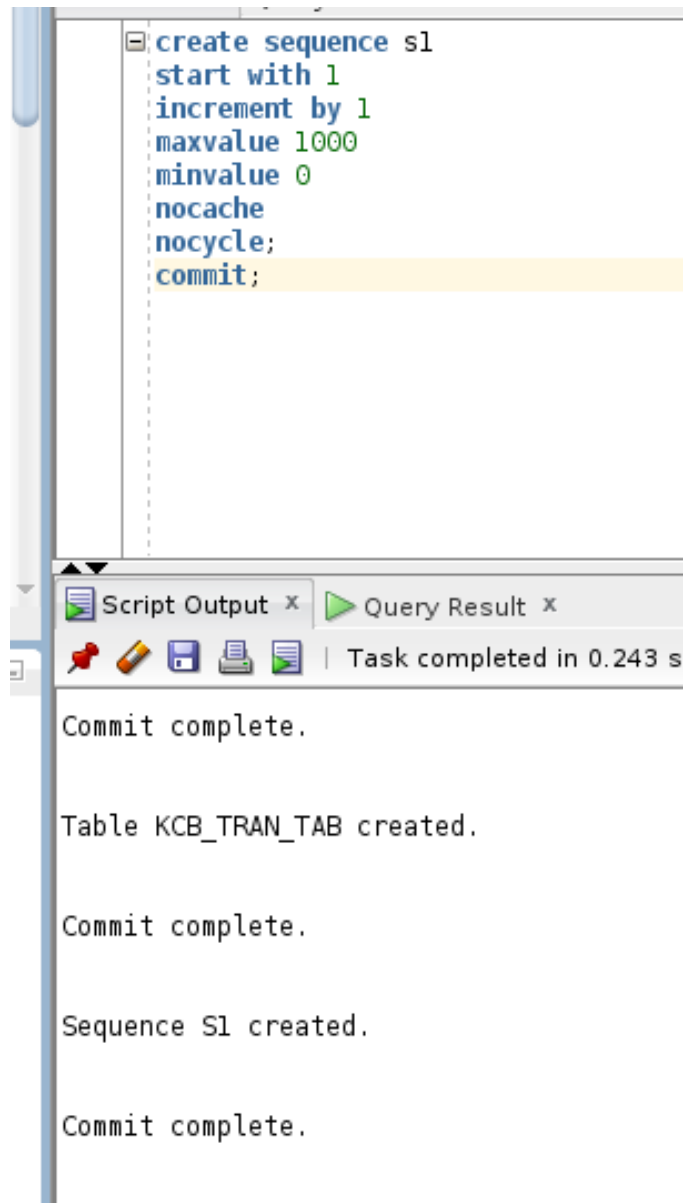
*Cause: User attempted on operation on an external table which is
not supported.

*Action: Don't do that!

Directory EXT_TAB_DIR created.

Grant succeeded.

Sequence-



The image shows a screenshot of a SQL script editor and its output window. The script editor at the top contains the following SQL code:

```
create sequence s1  
start with 1  
increment by 1  
maxvalue 1000  
minvalue 0  
nocache  
nocycle;  
commit;
```

The output window at the bottom shows the results of the script execution:

Commit complete.

Table KCB_TRAN_TAB created.

Commit complete.

Sequence S1 created.

Commit complete.

The output window also includes a status bar at the top that says "Task completed in 0.243 s".

Table-

```
create table kcb_tran_tab
(
  tid number,
  accno number(20) references kcb_acc_tab(accn
  trtype char(10) check(trtype in('d','w')),
  dot date default sysdate,
  amt number(7,2) check(amt>100)
)
;

commit;
```

Script Output x Query Result x
Task completed in 0.144 seconds

Table KCB_ACC_TAB created.

1 row inserted.

Commit complete.

Table KCB_TRAN_TAB created.

Commit complete.

```
create table kcb_acc_tab
(accno number primary key,
name varchar2(20) constraint name_nn not null,
actype char check(actype in('s','c','fd')),
doo date default sysdate,
bal number(8,2) not null
)
;
```

Procedure-

The screenshot displays the Oracle SQL Developer environment. The top window bar shows four tabs: 'Welcome Page', 'system', 'bank', and 'bank~1'. The 'bank~1' tab is active, showing a SQL script in the 'Query Builder' view. The script is a PL/SQL procedure named 'upd_bal' that updates account balances and inserts transaction records. The script is as follows:

```
create or replace procedure upd_bal
(paccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
pamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type)
is
cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
begin
select bal into cbal from kcb_acc_tab where accno=paccno;
cbal:=cbal+pamt;
update kcb_acc_tab set bal=cbal where accno=paccno;
insert into kcb_tran_tab values(1001,paccno,'d',sysdate,pamt);
commit;
exception
when no_data_found then
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE (paccno||'is not exists');
end upd_bal;
```

Below the script editor, the 'Script Output' window is visible, showing the message: 'Task completed in 0.136 seconds'. The 'Query Result' window is also present but empty.

Procedure UPD_BAL compiled

Worksheet Query Builder




```
select * from kcb_acc_tab;  
  
select * from kcb_tran_tab;  
  
execute upd_bal(37002167543,10000);|
```

Script Output x Query Result x
Task completed in 0.093 seconds

```
06550. 00000 - "line %s, column %s:\n%s"  
*Cause:      Usually a PL/SQL compilation error.  
*Action:  
SQL> execute upd_bal (37002167544,5000);  
  
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.  
  
SQL>  
SQL> execute upd_bal(37002167543,10000);  
  
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
select * from kcb_acc_tab;  
select * from kcb_tran_tab;
```

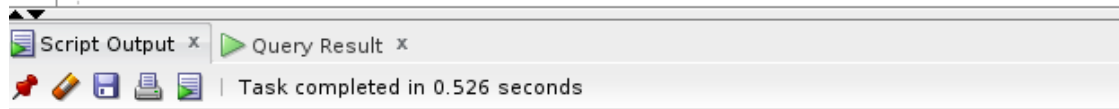
Script Output x Query Result x

   SQL | All Rows Fetched: 7 in 0.004 seconds

	TID	ACCNO	TRTYPE	DOT	AMT
1	1	37002167546	d	25-APR-19	5000
2	3	37002167544	d	25-APR-19	5000
3	4	37002167544	d	25-APR-19	5000
4	5	37002167549	d	25-APR-19	10000
5	6	37002167544	w	25-APR-19	5000
6	7	37002167543	w	25-APR-19	10000
7	1001	37002167544	d	25-APR-19	5000

Transaction-

```
start transaction;  
insert into kcb_acc_tab values(37002167543,'srinivas','s',sysdate,15000);  
insert into kcb_acc_tab values(37002167544,'sayali','s',sysdate,25000);  
insert into kcb_acc_tab values(37002167545,'shaishav','s',sysdate,35000);  
insert into kcb_acc_tab values(37002167546,'saurabh','s',sysdate,45000);  
insert into kcb_acc_tab values(37002167547,'sanket','s',sysdate,55000);  
insert into kcb_acc_tab values(37002167548,'sailee','s',sysdate,75000);  
insert into kcb_acc_tab values(37002167549,'pooja','s',sysdate,30000);  
insert into kcb_acc_tab values(37002167550,'apurva','s',sysdate,57000);  
commit;
```



1 row inserted.

1 row inserted.

1 row inserted.

Commit complete.

Procedure-

```
declare
i kcb_acc_tab%rowtype;
k kcb_tran_tab%rowtype;
begin
i.accno:=&accno;
k.trtype:='&trtype';
k.amt:=&amount;
select bal into i.bal from kcb_acc_tab
where accno=i.accno;
if k.trtype='D' then
i.bal:=i.bal+k.amt;
end if;
update kcb_acc_tab set bal=i.bal where accno=i.accno;
insert into kcb_tran_tab values(s1.nextval,i.accno,k.trtype,sysdate,k.amt);
commit;
end;
```

Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 118.842 seconds

```
select bal into i.bal from kcb_acc_tab
where accno=i.accno;
if k.trtype='D' then
i.bal:=i.bal+k.amt;
end if;
update kcb_acc_tab set bal=i.bal where accno=i.accno;
insert into kcb_tran_tab values(s1.nextval,i.accno,k.trtype,sysdate,k.amt);
commit;
end;
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```

declare
i kcb_acc_tab%rowtype;
k kcb_tran_tab%rowtype;
begin
i.accno:=&accno;
k.trtype:='&trtype';
k.amt:=&amount;
select bal into i.bal from kcb_acc_tab
where accno=i.accno;
if k.trtype='D' then
i.bal:=i.bal+k.amt;
end if;
update kcb_acc_tab set bal=i.bal where
insert into kcb_tran_tab values(sl.next
commit;
end;

```

Enter Substitution Variable ✕

Enter value for accno:

37002167546

OK Cancel

Script Output ✕ Query Result ✕

ScriptRunner Task ✕

ACCNO	NAME	A D00	BAL
3.7002E+10	srinivas	s 24-APR-19	15000
3.7002E+10	sayali	c 25-APR-19	25000
3.7002E+10	shaishav	s 25-APR-19	35000
3.7002E+10	saurabh	s 25-APR-19	45000
3.7002E+10	sanket	c 25-APR-19	55000
3.7002E+10	sailee	s 25-APR-19	75000
3.7002E+10	pooja	c 25-APR-19	30000
3.7002E+10	apurva	c 25-APR-19	57000

The screenshot shows a SQL script editor with the following code:

```

declare
i kcb_acc_tab%rowtype;
k kcb_tran_tab%rowtype;
begin
i.accno:=&accno;
k.trtype:='&trtype';
k.amt:=&amount;
select bal into i.bal from kcb_acc_tab
where accno=i.accno;
if k.trtype='D' then
i.bal:=i.bal+k.amt;
end if;
update kcb_acc_tab set bal=i.bal where
insert into kcb_tran_tab values(sl.next
commit;
end;

```

Overlaid on the script is a dialog box titled "Enter Substitution Variable". It contains the text "Enter value for trtype:" and a text input field with the letter "d" entered. At the bottom of the dialog are "OK" and "Cancel" buttons.

Below the script editor, there is a toolbar with icons for "Script Output", "Query Result", and "ScriptRunner Task".

ACCNO	NAME	A D00	BAL
3.7002E+10	srinivas	s 24-APR-19	15000
3.7002E+10	sayali	c 25-APR-19	25000
3.7002E+10	shaishav	s 25-APR-19	35000
3.7002E+10	saurabh	s 25-APR-19	45000
3.7002E+10	sanket	c 25-APR-19	55000
3.7002E+10	sailee	s 25-APR-19	75000
3.7002E+10	pooja	c 25-APR-19	30000
3.7002E+10	apurva	c 25-APR-19	57000

```

declare
i kcb_acc_tab%rowtype;
k kcb_tran_tab%rowtype;
begin
i.accno:=&accno;
k.trtype:='&trtype';
k.amt:=&amount;
select bal into i.bal from kcb_acc_tab
where accno=i.accno;
if k.trtype='D' then
i.bal:=i.bal+k.amt;
end if;
update kcb_acc_tab set bal=i.bal where
insert into kcb_tran_tab values(s1.next
commit;
end;

```

Enter Substitution Variable x

Enter value for amount:

5000

OK Cancel

Script Output x Query Result x


ScriptRunner Task x

ACCNO	NAME	A D00	BAL
3.7002E+10	srinivas	s 24-APR-19	15000
3.7002E+10	sayali	c 25-APR-19	25000
3.7002E+10	shaishav	s 25-APR-19	35000
3.7002E+10	saurabh	s 25-APR-19	45000
3.7002E+10	sanket	c 25-APR-19	55000
3.7002E+10	sailee	s 25-APR-19	75000
3.7002E+10	pooja	c 25-APR-19	30000
3.7002E+10	apurva	c 25-APR-19	57000

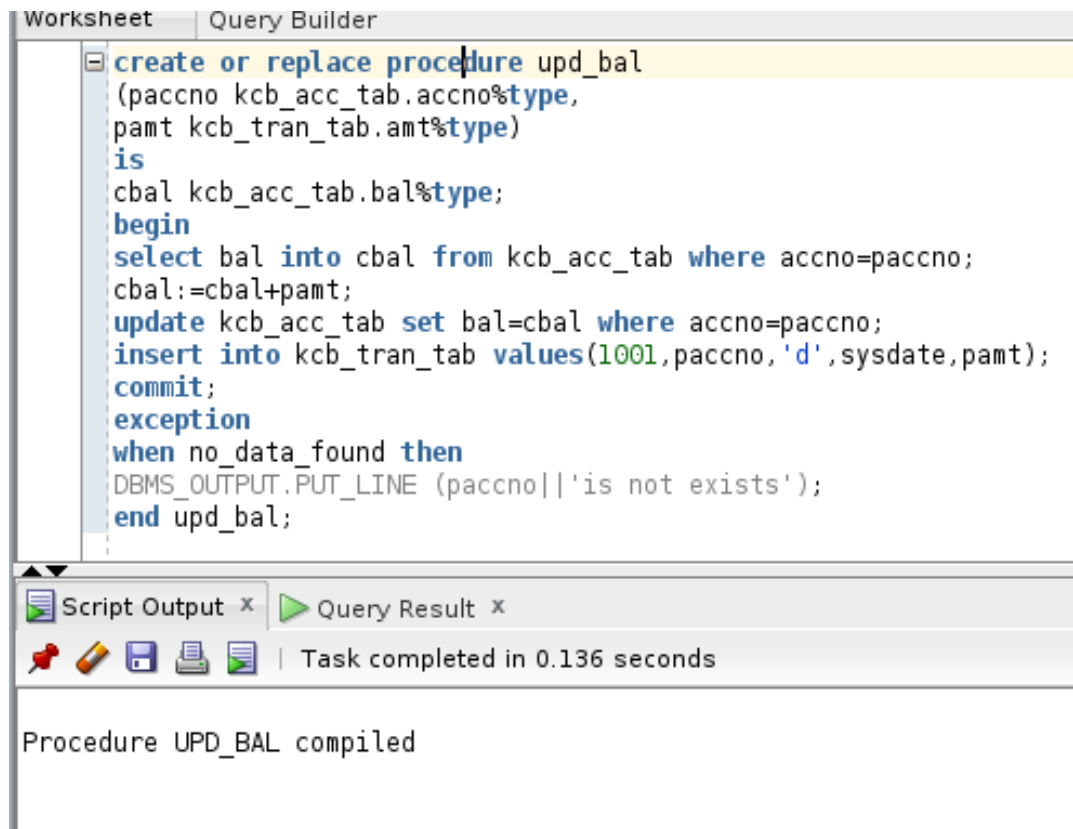
```
select * from kcb_tran_tab;
```

```
select * from kcb_acc_tab;
```

Query Result x

 SQL | All Rows Fetched: 4 in 0.012 seconds

	TID	ACCNO	TRTYPE	DOT	AMT
1	1	37002167546	d	25-APR-19	5000
2	3	37002167544	d	25-APR-19	5000
3	4	37002167544	d	25-APR-19	5000
4	5	37002167549	d	25-APR-19	10000



The screenshot displays the SQL Developer interface. The top pane, titled 'Query Builder', contains a PL/SQL procedure named 'upd_bal'. The procedure takes two parameters: 'paccno' of type 'kcb_acc_tab.accno%' and 'pamt' of type 'kcb_tran_tab.amt%'. The procedure logic includes selecting the current balance into a local variable 'cbal', adding the payment amount, updating the balance in the 'kcb_acc_tab' table, inserting a transaction record into 'kcb_tran_tab', and committing the transaction. An exception block handles the 'no_data_found' error by outputting a message. The bottom pane shows the 'Script Output' tab with the message 'Procedure UPD_BAL compiled'. A status bar at the bottom indicates 'Task completed in 0.136 seconds'.

```
create or replace procedure upd_bal
(paccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
pamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type)
is
cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
begin
select bal into cbal from kcb_acc_tab where accno=paccno;
cbal:=cbal+pamt;
update kcb_acc_tab set bal=cbal where accno=paccno;
insert into kcb_tran_tab values(1001,paccno,'d',sysdate,pamt);
commit;
exception
when no_data_found then
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE (paccno||'is not exists');
end upd_bal;
```

Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 0.136 seconds

Procedure UPD_BAL compiled

View-

```
create or replace view account_details AS
select a.accno, t.tid, a.name, a.actype, a.bal
from kcb_acc_tab a
inner join kcb_tran_tab t
ON a.accno = t.accno;
```

Script Output x Query Result x
Task completed in 0.22 seconds

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>




SQL>

```
SQL> create or replace view account_details AS
2  select a.accno, t.tid, a.name, a.actype, a.bal
3  from kcb_acc_tab a
4  inner join kcb_tran_tab t
5  ON a.accno = t.accno;
```

View ACCOUNT_DETAILS created.

```
select * from account_details;
```

Script Output x Query Result x

   SQL | All Rows Fetched: 8 in 0.005 seconds

	ACCNO	TID	NAME	ACTYPE	BAL
1	37002167546	1	saaurabh	s	45000
2	37002167544	3	sayali	c	30000
3	37002167544	4	sayali	c	30000
4	37002167549	5	pooja	c	40000
5	37002167544	6	sayali	c	30000
6	37002167543	7	srinivas	s	15000
7	37002167544	1001	sayali	c	30000
8	37002167543	1002	srinivas	s	15000

Function-

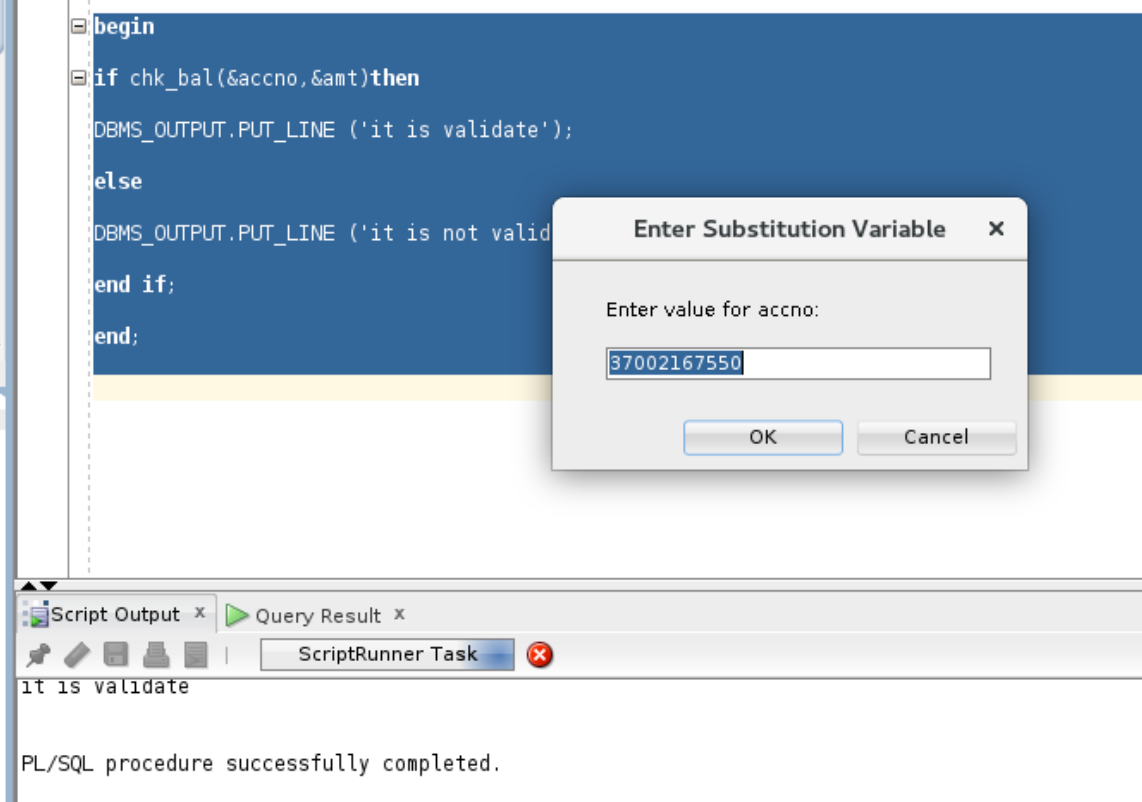
```
create or replace function chk_bal
(paccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
pamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type)
return boolean
is
cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
vatype kcb_acc_tab.actype%type;
begin
select actype,bal into vatype,cbal from kcb_acc_tab where
accno=paccno;
cbal:=cbal-pamt;
if vatype='s' and cbal<5000 then return(false);
elsif vatype='c' and cbal<10000 then
return(false);
else
return(true);
end if;
end chk_bal;
```

Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 0.222 seconds

Function CHK_BAL compiled

Call function-



```

begin
if chk_bal(&accno,&amt)then
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('it is validate');
else
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('it is not valid');
end if;
end;

```

Enter Substitution Variable

Enter value for accno:

37002167550

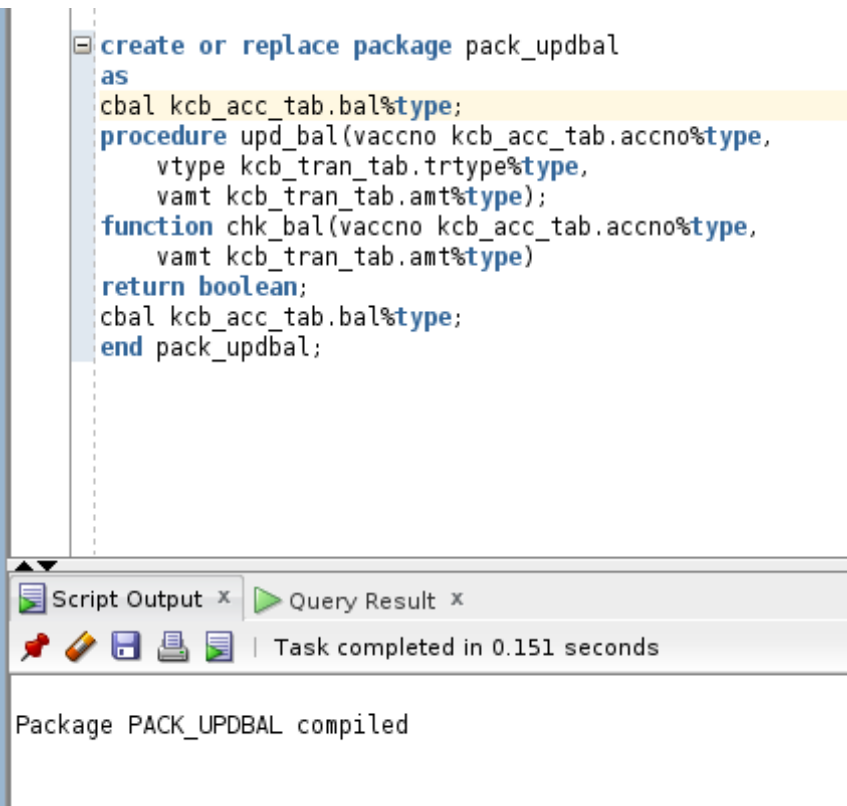
OK Cancel

Script Output x Query Result x

ScriptRunner Task x

it is validate

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.



```

create or replace package pack_updbal
as
  cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
  procedure upd_bal(vaccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
    vtype kcb_tran_tab.trtype%type,
    vamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type);
  function chk_bal(vaccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
    vamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type)
  return boolean;
  cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
end pack_updbal;

```

Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 0.151 seconds

Package PACK_UPDBAL compiled

Trigger-


```
create or replace trigger trg_bal
before insert
on kcb_tran_tab
for each row
begin
if :new.trtype='d' then
pack_updbal.upd_bal(:new.accno,:new.trtype,:new.amt);
elsif :new.trtype='w' then
if pack_updbal.chk_bal(:new.accno,:new.amt)then
pack_updbal.upd_bal(:new.accno,:new.trtype,:new.amt);
else
Raise_application_error(-20451,'the bal is too low so no transaction:');
end if;
end if;
exception
when no_data_found then
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE (:new.accno||'is not exists');
end;
```




Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 0.187 seconds

Trigger TRG_BAL compiled

```
select * from kcb_tran_tab;
```

Script Output x  Query Result x

   SQL | All Rows Fetched: 9 in 0.008 seconds

	TID	ACCNO	TRTYPE	DOT	AMT
1	1	37002167546	d	25-APR-19	5000
2	3	37002167544	d	25-APR-19	5000
3	4	37002167544	d	25-APR-19	5000
4	5	37002167549	d	25-APR-19	10000
5	6	37002167544	w	25-APR-19	5000
6	7	37002167543	w	25-APR-19	10000
7	1001	37002167544	d	25-APR-19	5000
8	1002	37002167543	d	25-APR-19	10000
9	1001	37002167543	d	25-APR-19	10000

```

DECLARE
emp_age number;

BEGIN

-- Finding employee age by date of birth
SELECT MONTHS_BETWEEN(TRUNC(sysdate), TO_DATE(:new.DATE_OF_BIRTH, 'DD-MON-YYYY'))/12 INTO EMP_AGE FROM DUAL;

-- Check whether employee age is greater than 18 or not
IF (EMP_AGE < 18) THEN
    RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20000, 'Employee age must be greater than or equal to 18. ');
END IF;

-- Allow only past date of death
IF (:new.DATE_OF_DEATH > sysdate) THEN
    RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20000, 'Date of death can not be Future date. ');
END IF;

END;
/

```

Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 0.625 seconds

```

14 -- Check whether employee age is greater than 18 or not
15 IF (EMP_AGE < 18) THEN
16     RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20000, 'Employee age must be greater than or equal to 18. ');
17 END IF;
18
19 -- Allow only past date of death
20 IF (:new.DATE_OF_DEATH > sysdate) THEN
21     RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20000, 'Date of death can not be Future date. ');
22 END IF;
23
24 END;
25 /

```

Trigger TRG_BEFORE_EMP_INSR compiled

```

create or replace TRIGGER trg_before_emp_insr
BEFORE INSERT
on employee_details
FOR EACH ROW

DECLARE
emp_age number;

BEGIN

-- Finding employee age by date of birth
SELECT MONTHS_BETWEEN(TRUNC(sysdate), TO_DATE(:new.DATE_OF_BIRTH, 'DD-MON-YYYY'))/12 INTO EMP_AGE FROM DUAL;

-- Check whether employee age is greater than 18 or not
IF (EMP_AGE < 18) THEN
    RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20000, 'Employee age must be greater than or equal to 18. ');
END IF;

END;
/

```

Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 0.27 seconds

```

8
9 BEGIN
10
11 -- Finding employee age by date of birth
12 SELECT MONTHS_BETWEEN(TRUNC(sysdate), TO_DATE(:new.DATE_OF_BIRTH, 'DD-MON-YYYY'))/12 INTO EMP_AGE FROM DUAL;
13
14 -- Check whether employee age is greater than 18 or not
15 IF (EMP_AGE < 18) THEN
16     RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20000, 'Employee age must be greater than or equal to 18. ');
17 END IF;
18
19 END;

```

Trigger TRG_BEFORE_EMP_INSR compiled

Procedure cursor-


```
create or replace procedure cursor
is cursor c1 is
select emp_id,first_name, last_name
from employee_details
where emp_id=1;
vemp_id employee_details.emp_id%type;
vfname employee_details.first_name%type;
vlname employee_details.last_name%type;
|
begin
open c1;
loop
fetch c1 into vemp_id,vfname,vlname;
exit when c1%notfound;
dbms_output.put_line(vemp_id||' '||vfname||' '||vlname);
end loop;
close c1;
end;
```

Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 0.373 seconds

```
/ vfname employee_details.first_name%type;
8 vlname employee_details.last_name%type;
9
10 begin
11 open c1;
12 loop
13 fetch c1 into vemp_id,vfname,vlname;
14 exit when c1%notfound;
15 dbms_output.put_line(vemp_id||' '||vfname||' '||vlname);
16 end loop;
17 close c1;
18 end;
```

Procedure CURSOR compiled

Index-

```
create index cust_name_index  
on kcb_acc_tab(name);
```

Script Output x Query Result x
Task completed in 0.519 seconds

```
SQL> create index cust_name_index  
2 on kcb_acc_tab(name);
```

Index CUST_NAME_INDEX created.

LPAD-

```
select lpad ('', (LEVEL-1*2), ' ') || employee_first_name employee_last_name
from emp_load
start with employee_last_name like 'K%'
connect by employee_first_name = employee_last_name;
```

Script Output x Query Result x	
SQL All Rows Fetched: 2 in 0.007 seconds	
EMPLOYEE_LAST_NAME	
1	Tom
2	Arya

Materialised View-

```
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW acc_trans_mv
BUILD DEFERRED REFRESH FAST ON DEMAND
ENABLE QUERY REWRITE AS
SELECT accno, trtype, SUM(amt) AS Total
FROM kcb_tran_tab
GROUP BY trtype, accno;
```

```
create materialized view log on kcb_tran_tab with rowid(tid) including new
values;
```

Script Output x Query Result x
Task completed in 0.411 seconds

Materialized view log KCB_TRAN_TAB created.

```
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW acc_trans_mv  
BUILD DEFERRED REFRESH FAST ON DEMAND  
ENABLE QUERY REWRITE AS  
SELECT accno, trtype, SUM(amt) AS Total  
FROM kcb_tran_tab  
GROUP BY trtype, accno;
```

```
create materialized view log on kcb_tran_tab with rowid(accno) including new  
values;
```

Script Output x Query Result x
Task completed in 0.434 seconds

Materialized view log KCB_TRAN_TAB created.

```
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW acc_trans_mv  
NOLOGGING  
BUILD IMMEDIATE  
REFRESH FAST ON COMMIT  
ENABLE QUERY REWRITE  
AS:  
SELECT accno, trtype, SUM(amt) AS Total  
FROM kcb_tran_tab  
GROUP BY trtype, accno;
```

```
create materialized view log on kcb_tran_tab with rowid(accno) including new  
values;
```

Script Output x Query Result x
SQL | All Rows Fetched: 6 in 0.006 seconds

	ACCNO	TRTYPE	TOTAL
1	37002167549	d	10000
2	37002167544	w	5000
3	37002167543	d	20000
4	37002167544	d	15000
5	37002167543	w	10000
6	37002167546	d	5000

Package-

```
create or replace package pack_updbal
as
  cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
  procedure upd_bal(vaccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
    vtype kcb_tran_tab.trtype%type,
    vamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type);
  function chk_bal(vaccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
    vamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type)
  return boolean;
  cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
end pack_updbal;
```

APPENDIX-

KCB_ACC_TAB

```
1 create table kcb_acc_tab
2 (
3   accno number primary key,
4   name varchar2(20) constraint name_nn not null,
5   actype char check(actype in('s','c','fd')),
6   doo date default sysdate,
7   bal number(8,2) not null
8* )
QL> /
```

Table created.

```
QL> insert into kcb_acc_tab values(37002167543,'srinivas','s',sysdate,15000)
2 /
```

row created.

```
QL> commit
2 /
```

commit complete.

KCB_TRAN_TAB

```
create table kcb_tran_tab
```

```
(  
tid number,  
accno number(20) references kcb_acc_tab(accno),  
trtype char(10) check(trtype in('d','w')),  
dot date default sysdate,  
amt number(7,2) check(amt>100)  
)
```

SEQUENCE

```
-----  
create sequence s1  
start with 1  
increment by 1  
maxvalue 1000  
minvalue 0  
nocache  
nocycle
```

1) Write a PL/SQL program to modify the balance after deposit the amt and insert the transaction details also.

Table based records- pl/sql block

```
declare  
i kcb_acc_tab%rowtype;  
k kcb_tran_tab%rowtype;  
begin  
i.accno:=&accno;  
k.trtype:='&trtype';  
k.amt:=&amount;  
select bal into i.bal from kcb_acc_tab  
where accno=i.accno;  
if k.trtype='D' then  
i.bal:=i.bal+k.amt;  
end if;  
update kcb_acc_tab set bal=i.bal+k.amt where accno=i.accno;  
insert into kcb_tran_tab values(s1.nextval,i.accno,k.trtype,sysdate,k.amt);  
commit;  
end;
```

2) write a PL/SQL program for enter the transaction details perform the validation

i) if it is deposit update the bal and insert the transaction details

ii) if it is withdraw before withdraw

check the current bal if validation control satisfy then only
perform the withdraw

Table based records- pl/sql block

```
declare
i kcb_acc_tab%rowtype;
k kcb_tran_tab%rowtype;
begin
    i.accno:=&accno;
    k.trtype:='&trtype';
    k.amt:=&amt;
    select actype,bal into i.actype,i.bal from kcb_acc_tab where accno=i.accno;
    if k.trtype='D' then
        i.bal:=i.bal+k.amt;
    else
        i.bal:=i.bal-k.amt;
    end if;
    if i.actype='s' and i.bal<5000 then
        Raise_application_error(-20456,'the bal is too low to perform transaction');
    end if;
    update kcb_acc_tab set bal=i.bal where accno=i.accno;
    insert into kcb_tran_tab values(s1.nextval,i.accno,k.trtype,sysdate,k.amt);
commit;
end;
```

PROCEDURE

```
-----
create or replace procedure upd_bal
(paccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
pamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type)
is
cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
begin
select bal into cbal from kcb_acc_tab where accno=paccno;
cbal:=cbal+pamt;
update kcb_acc_tab set bal=cbal where accno=paccno;
insert into kcb_tran_tab values(1001,paccno,'d',sysdate,pamt);
commit;
exception
when no_data_found then
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE (paccno||'is not exists');
end upd_bal;
```

```
create or replace procedure upd_bal
(paccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
pamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type)
is
cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
vatype kcb_acc_tab.atype%type;
begin
select acctype,bal into vatype,cbal from kcb_acc_tab where accno=paccno;
if upper(pttype)='d' then
cbal:=cbal+pamt;
elsif upper(pttype)='w' then
```

```
cbal:=cbal-pamt;
if value='s' and cbal<5000 then
Raise_application_error(-20456,'there is insufficient balance so we cannot do the transaction:');
end if;
end if;
update kcb_acc_tab set bal =cbal
where accno=paccno;
insert into kcb_tran_tab
values(101,paccno,ptrtype,sysdate,pamt);
commit;
exception
when no_data_found then
display(paccno||'is not exist');
end upd_bal;
```

FUNCTIONS

write a function the account holder is eligible for the withdraw or not

```
create or replace function chk_bal
(paccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
pamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type)
return boolean
is
cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
vatype kcb_acc_tab.actype%type;
begin
select actype,bal into vatype,cbal from kcb_acc_tab where
accno=paccno;
cbal:=cbal-pamt;
if vatype='s' and cbal<5000 then return(false);
elsif vatype='c'and cbal<10000 then
return(false);
else
return(true);
end if;
end chk_bal;
```

call this function with another pl/sql pgm with appropriate msg.

```
begin
if chk_bal(&accno,&amt)then
display('it is validate');
else
display('it is not validate');
end if;
end;
```

call this function in a procedure for the validation


```
create or replace procedure upd_bal
(paccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
ptrtype kcb_tran_tab.trtype%type,
pamt kcb_acc_tab.amt%type)
is
cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
begin
select bal into cbal
from kcb_acc_Tab
where accno=paccno;
if upper(ptrtype)='D' then
cbal:=cbal+pamt;
elsif upper(ptrtype)='W' then
if chk_bal(paccno,pamt)then
cbal:=cbal-pamt;
else
Raise_application_error(-20456,'There IB so we cannot do the transaction:');
end if;
end if;
update kcb_acc_tab set bal=cbalwhere accno=paccno;
insert into kcb_tran_tab values(101,paccno,ptrtype,sysdate,pamt);
commit;
exception
when no_data_found then
display(paccno||'is not exist');
end upd_bal;
```

PACKAGES

PACKAGE SPECIFICATION

```
create or replace package pack_updbal
as
cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
procedure upd_bal(vaccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
vtype kcb_tran_tab.trtype%type,
vamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type);
function chk_bal(vaccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
vamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type)
return boolean;
cbal kcb_acc_tab.bal%type;
end pack_updbal;
```

PACKAGE BODY

```
create or replace package body pack_updbal
as
procedure upd_bal(vaccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
vtrtype kcb_tran_tab.trtype%type,
vamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type)
```

```
is
begin
select bal into cbal
from kcb_acc_tab
where accno=vaccno;
if upper(vtype)='w' then
cbal:=cbal_vamt;
end if;
update kcb_acc_tab set sal=cbal where accno=vaccno;
commit;
end upd_bal;
function chk_bal(vaccno kcb_acc_tab.accno%type,
                vamt kcb_tran_tab.amt%type)
return boolean
is
vatype kcb_acc_tab.acctype%type;
begin
select acctype,bal into vatype,cbal from kcb_acc_tab where accno=vaccno;
cbal:=cbal-vamt; (global variable)
if vatype='s' and cbal<5000 then
return(false);
elsif vatype='c' and cbal<10000 then
return(false);
else
return(true);
end if;
end chk_bal;
end pack_updbal;
```

Triggers

```
create or replace trigger trg_bal
before insert
on kcb_tran_tab
for each row
begin
if :new.trtype='d' then
pack_updbal.upd_bal(:new.accno,:new.trtype,:new.amt);
elsif :new.trtype='w' then
if pack_updbal.chk_bal(:new.accno,:new.amt)then
pack_updbal.upd_bal(:new.accno,:new.trtype,:new.amt);
else
Raise_application_error(-20451,'the bal is too low so no transaction:');
end if;
end if;
exception
when no_data_found then
display(:new.accno| '|is not exists');
end;
```

PL/SQL:

It is a programming language which is developed by oracle company.

It is a procedural language it is used to process only a row at a time where as non procedural language process a set of rows at a time.

It support to execute a bloc of stmts at once.

Block: collection of executable statements.

struture of block:

Declare

[variable Declaration];

Begin

<executable statements>;

[exception

executable statements];

End;

declare cursor c1 is

2 select empno,ename,sal

3 from emp

4 where deptno=30;

5 vempno emp.empno%type;

6 vename emp.ename%type;

7 vsal emp.sal%type;

8 begin

9 open c1;

10 loop

11 fetch c1 into vempno,vename,vsal;

12 exit when c1%notfound;

13 dbms_output.put_line(vempno||' '||vename||' '||vsal);

14 end loop;

15 close c1;

16* end;

1 declare

2 cursor c_sal is

3 select empno,ename,sal,job,deptno

4 from emp;

5 i emp%rowtype;

6 begin

7 open c_sal;

8 loop

9 fetch c_sal into i.empno,i.ename,i.sal,i.job,i.deptno;

10 exit when c_sal%notfound;

11 if i.job='clerk'then

12 i.sal:=i.sal+i.sal*0.25;

13 elsif i.job='manager'then

14 i.sal:=i.sal+i.sal*0.35;

15 else

16 i.sal:=i.sal+i.sal*0.15;

17 end if;

```
18 update emp set sal=i.sal
19 where empno=i.empno;
20 dbms_output.put_line(rpad(i.ename,8)||' '||rpad(i.sal,6)||' '||rpad(i.deptno,10));
```

```
1 declare
2 cursor
3 comm_cur is
4 select empno,ename,sal,comm,deptno
5 from emp;
6 begin
7 for k in comm_cur
8 loop
9 if k.comm is null then
10 k.comm:=300;
11 elsif k.comm=0 then
12 k.comm:=250;
13 else
14 k.comm:=k.comm+k.sal*0.15;
15 end if;
16 update emp set comm=k.comm
17 where empno=k.empno;
18 dbms_output.put_line(rpad(k.empno,8)||' '||k.comm||
19 ' '||k.deptno);
20 end loop;
21* end;
```

```
1 declare
2 cursor dnoc is
3 select deptno,min(sal) low_pay,
4 max(sal) high_pay,sum(sal) tot_pay,
5 count(empno)noe
6 from emp
7 group by deptno;
8 begin
9 for i in dnoc
10 loop
11 dbms_output.put_line(i.deptno||' '||i.low_pay||' '||i.high_pay||' '||i.tot_pay||' '||i.noe);
12 end loop;
13* end;
```

```
1 begin
2 for i in(select empno, ename,sal,deptno from emp)
3 loop
4 if i.deptno=10 then
5 i.sal:=i.sal+500;
6 elsif
7 i.deptno=20 then
8 i.sal:=i.sal+600;
9 else
```

```
10 i.sal:=i.sal+700;
11 end if;
12 update emp set sal=i.sal
13 where empno=i.empno;
14 dbms_output.put_line(rpad(i.empno,8)||'||i.ename'||'||i.sal'||'||i.deptno);
15 end loop;
16* end;
```
