Computer Assignment - 05 - Spring 2019

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DFT and Circular Convolution -

Compute and compare the eight point circular convolution for the following sequences x1[n] and x2[n] using

- (a) the circular convolution definition and
- (b) the DFT method.

```
x1[n] = (\frac{1}{4})^n  0<=n<=7
x2[n] = cos(3pi*n/8)  0<=n<=7
```

Solution -

```
function y = Rotate(x2,shift amount)
  I = length(x2);
  y = zeros(1,I);
  y(shift amount+1:end) = x2(1:l-shift amount);
  y(1:shift amount)= x2 (1+l-shift amount:end);
end
n = 0.7;
x1 = ((1/4).^n);
x2 = cos(3*pi*n/8);
shift amount = 0;
cirular conv = zeros(size(n));
for i = 1:length(n)
  rotated = Rotate(x2, shift amount);
  cirular conv = cirular conv + x1(i).*rotated;
  shift amount = shift amount + 1;
end
```

```
stem(n,cirular_conv,'blue');
title('using circular convolution')
cirular conv
X1 = zeros(size(n));
N=8;
for i = 0:N-1
  X1(i+1)=0;
  for j = 0:N-1
     X1(i+1) = X1(i+1) + x1(j+1)*exp(-1i*2*pi*i*j/8);
  end
end
X2 = zeros(size(n));
for i = 0:N-1
  X2(i+1)=0;
  for j = 0:N-1
     X2(i+1) = X2(i+1) + x2(i+1)*exp(-1i*2*pi*i*i/8);
  end
end
Dft signal = X1.*X2;
Ifft_signal = zeros(size(n));
for i = 0:N-1
  Ifft signal(i+1)=0;
  for j = 0:N-1
     Ifft signal(i+1) = Ifft signal(i+1) +
Dft_signal(j+1)*exp(1i*2*pi*i*j/8);
  end
  Ifft signal(i+1) = Ifft signal(i+1)/8;
end
stem(n,real(Ifft signal),'blue')
```

title('using DFT method') real(Ifft_signal)

Output:







