# Data Structures & Algorithms 1

BATCH - B

[Friday March 01, 2019: 3:30 PM – 6:30 PM]

<u>Lab Assignment – 6</u> <u>Code:assign06</u>

#### Notes:

- 1. Please carefully read all assignments and there is **no choice**.
- 2. Use the template for this assignment
- 3. Each problem in this assignment has to be answered in the same c file.
- 4. Create a .c file following the **file name convention**:
  - a. If your roll number is 'abc' and assignment code is 'assignXX'. Then use the following file name convention as follows: 'abc-assignXX.c'
  - b. For example, if the roll number is 92 and assignment code is assign01, then the file name should be 092-assign01.c
  - **c.** Strictly follow the file name convention. When you are ready, submit the solution via google classroom.

### 5. Follow variable and function naming conventions

- a. except for variables in for-loop, none of the other variables should be a single character.
- b. The variable names and function names should indicate what they are storing/computing. For this assignment, we have given you some of the variable names and function names to use. They are highlighted as function\_name or variable\_name
- c. All global variable should start with 'g'
- 6. Indentation improves readability. Please pick an indentation style and **indent your code** appropriately.
- 7. Follow constants and type naming
  - a. All constants should be defined using IFNDEF and DEFINE
  - b. All structures should have a TYPEDEF to a simpler name
- 8. When in doubt about naming or style conventions, consult the following link: <a href="https://users.ece.cmu.edu/~eno/coding/CCodingStandard.html">https://users.ece.cmu.edu/~eno/coding/CCodingStandard.html</a>

#### Create a Structure 'student' with the following details

- 1. Student name
- 2. Rollno (int is fine)
- 3. A pointer to 'next-student' (struct) instance

Most of the task today involves **creating and maintaining two linked list of students**. One for section-A and one for section-B. You have to maintain two head pointers corresponding to the two linked list. You might **be asked to merge the two** linked list to create a master linked list of students.

#### PROBLEMS [Total Marks: 20]:

You should implement the functions below, which is common for maintaining and modifying both Sec-A and Sec-B linked lists

- 1. [6 marks] Implement functions to create and print student instances
  - a. create(\*head): gets input from users (via scanf) and creates a student instance in Heap. It then calls 'add' to add the new instance to the list pointed by 'head'.
  - b. print(\*student): takes as input a student pointer and prints the detail
  - c. print\_from(\*student): prints the linked-list starting from this node using recursion.
    It must use print(\*student) function
  - d. print\_all(\*head): prints the entire linked list pointed by 'head'. It must use print\_from function (Hint: pass the head pointer of the appropriate linked list to print\_from and your job is done)
- 2. [6 marks] Implement the following functions(Warning: don't use scanf or printf inside any of the below functions.)
  - a. add(\*student, \*head): takes two inputs: 1. Pointer to the new student instance 2. The head pointer for the appropriate linked list (sec-A or sec-B). The function adds the new student instance to the end of the list.
  - b. update(i, \*nstudent, \*head): replaces the 'student' at position 'i' of the linked list with 'nstudent'.
  - c. insert(i, \*student, \*head): insert the student into the position 'i' of the linked list.
  - d. delete(i, \*head): delete the student at index i of linked list.
  - e. get(i, \*head): return a pointer to the student at this index of the linked list pointed by head.

(warning: make sure to check for a non-existing index 'i' in all functions)

- 3. [Marks 8] Implement 'mergesort(\*head)', which takes as input the head pointer of the linked list and sorts it by roll no.
  - a. Please make sure to implement 'merge' as a separate function (we might use it outside of the merge-sort setting). It should take as input two sorted linked lists and merges them into one.
  - b. You should use recursion

The **switch case should have the following choices** which use the above functions. Please ask the user which linked list (sec A or sec B or master) they want to manipulate.

- 1. Create a new student (sec A or Sec B)
- 2. Insert a student (sec A or Sec B)
- 3. Delete a student (sec A or Sec B)
- 4. Create a master list (create a **master linked list** by merging sec A and sec B using merge)
- 5. mergesort a list (Sec A or Sec B or Master list)
- 6. Print all students (sec A or Sec B or Master list)

## **Evaluation Notes:**

- 1. There are no tricky questions. This is a straightforward assignment.
- 2. After asking you to merge Sec A and Sec B into master-list, we will not ask you to do any operations on Sec-A or Sec-B lists. So, don't worry about maintaining copies.
- 3. We will not trick you with duplicate roll no. You can safely assume this and no need to write code for checking for duplicates.