

Type 2 Question Paper

Q-1  $X_1 = (0, 2) \quad X_2 = (1, 0) \rightarrow +1 \text{ class}$   
 $X_3 = (4, 4) \quad X_4 = (5, 5) \rightarrow -1 \text{ class}$

Also  $\alpha_4 = 0$

Using KKT conditions,

$$(i) \quad W = \begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \end{pmatrix} = \sum_{i=1}^4 \alpha_i y_i X_i = \alpha_1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \alpha_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \alpha_3 \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4\alpha_3 + \alpha_2 \\ 4\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(ii)  $\alpha_i \geq 0 \quad \forall i(1, 4)$

(iii)  $\sum \alpha_i y_i = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - \alpha_3 - \alpha_4 = 0 \quad (\alpha_4 = 0)$   
 $\Rightarrow \boxed{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 = \alpha_3} \quad \text{--- (4)}$

(iv)  $1 - (1) \begin{pmatrix} 4\alpha_3 + \alpha_2 \\ 4\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_1 \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + b = 0$

$1 - [2(4\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_1) + b] = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$

$1 - [(1) (4\alpha_3 + \alpha_2, 4\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_1) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + b] = 0 \quad \text{--- (2)}$

$1 - 4\alpha_3 - \alpha_2 - b = 0 \quad \text{--- (2)}$

$1 - (-1) [(4\alpha_3 + \alpha_2, 4\alpha_3 + 2\alpha_1) \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + b] = 0$

$1 + 32\alpha_3 + 4\alpha_2 + 8\alpha_1 + b = 0 \quad \text{--- (3)}$

Solving eq

$\alpha_1 = 0.0429$

$b = 1.4$

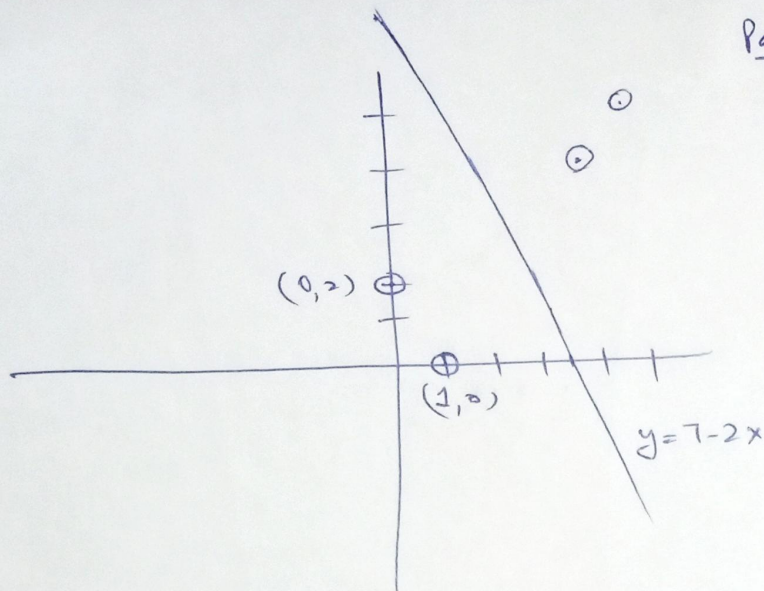
$\alpha_2 = -0.1143$

$\alpha_3 = -0.0714$

Hard Linear SVM

$\Rightarrow -0.399x_1 - 0.1998x_2 + 1.4 = 0$





Q.2  $\{1, 2, 6, 8\}$   $P(w_1) = P(w_2) = 0.5$

$(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2) = (1, 1)$   $(\mu_2, \sigma_2^2) = (7, 1)$

a = class 1  
b = class 2

Step 1 Apply E Step,

$$P(a|x_1) = \frac{P(x_1|a)P(a)}{P(x_1)} = \frac{P(x_1|a)P(a)}{P(x_1|a)P(a) + P(x_2|a)P(a)}$$

Formula  $P(x_i|a) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_a^2} e^{-\frac{(x_i - \mu_a)^2}{2\sigma_a^2}}$

~~$a_1 = 0.3989$~~   
 $a_1 = 0.999$   $a_2 = 0.999$   $a_3 = 0.001$   ~~$b_1 = 0.601$~~   
 $b_1 = 0.001$   $b_2 = 0.001$   $b_3 = 0.999$   $a_4 = 0.001$ ,  $b_4 = 0.999$

update  $P(w_1) = \frac{\sum a_i}{n} = \frac{2}{4} = 1/2$   $P(w_2) = \frac{\sum b_i}{n} = 1/2$

$\mu_1 = \frac{\sum a_i x_i}{\sum a_i} = \frac{3}{2}$

$\mu_2 = \frac{\sum b_i x_i}{\sum b_i} = \frac{6+8}{2} = 7$

$\sigma_1^2 = \frac{\sum a_i (x_i - \mu_1)^2}{\sum a_i} = 1/2$

$\sigma_2^2 = \frac{\sum b_i (x_i - \mu_2)^2}{\sum b_i} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$



Q-3 Given data

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Mean} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.75 \\ 0.75 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Mean shifted data} = \begin{pmatrix} -1.75 \\ -1.75 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -0.75 \\ -0.75 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0.25 \\ 0.25 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2.25 \\ 2.25 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Covariance Matrix of data} = \begin{bmatrix} 2.1875 & 2.1875 \\ 2.1875 & 2.1875 \end{bmatrix}$$

Calculation of eigen vectors using PCA constraints

$$e_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0.707 \\ 0.707 \end{pmatrix} \quad e_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -0.707 \\ 0.707 \end{pmatrix}$$

eigen values

$$(0)$$

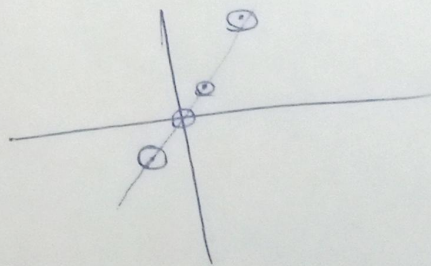
The Projection Matrix

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0.707 \\ 0.707 \end{pmatrix}$$

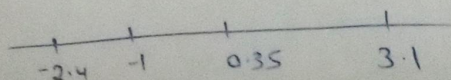
Transformed data

$$\underline{(-2.4, -1, 0.35, 3.1)}$$

The representation is loss less. one eigen value is 0.



This can be represented in straight line



Ans



Q.4

$$f(t) = 2t + 3$$

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for node 3

$$net_3 = x_1 - x_2$$

$$f(n_3) = 2(x_1 - x_2) + 3$$

for node 4

$$net_4 = x_2 - x_1$$

$$f(n_4) = 2(x_2 - x_1) + 3$$

$$f(5) = f(n_3) + f(n_4)$$

$$= 2(x_1 - x_2) + 3 + 2(x_2 - x_1) + 3$$

$$= 6 \text{ [independent of } x_1 \text{ and } x_2] \text{ (net 5)}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(5) = 2(6) + 3$$

$$= 12 + 3 = 15$$

$$f(5) = 15 \text{ (output is independent of } x_1 \text{ and } x_2)$$

So for circuit (b),

$$w_1 = 0, w_2 = 0, b = 15 \text{ Ans}$$



Q-5

$$\begin{matrix} x_1 = \\ x_2 \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

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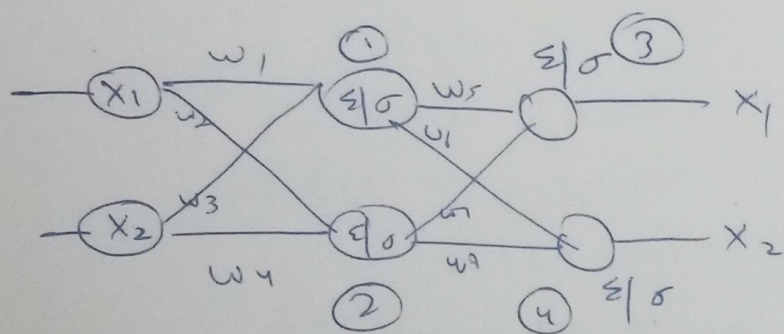
weights =  $w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4, w_5, w_6,$

$$w_7, w_8 = (0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, -0.5, 0.6, -0.7, 0.8)$$

learning rate = 0.1

$$(t_1, t_2) = (1, 0)$$

$$J = \frac{1}{2} [(t_2 - z_2)^2 + (t_1 - z_1)^2]$$



$$\text{Node 1} = 0.331$$

$$\text{Node 2} = 0.31$$

$$\text{Node 3} =$$

$$\text{Node 4} =$$

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