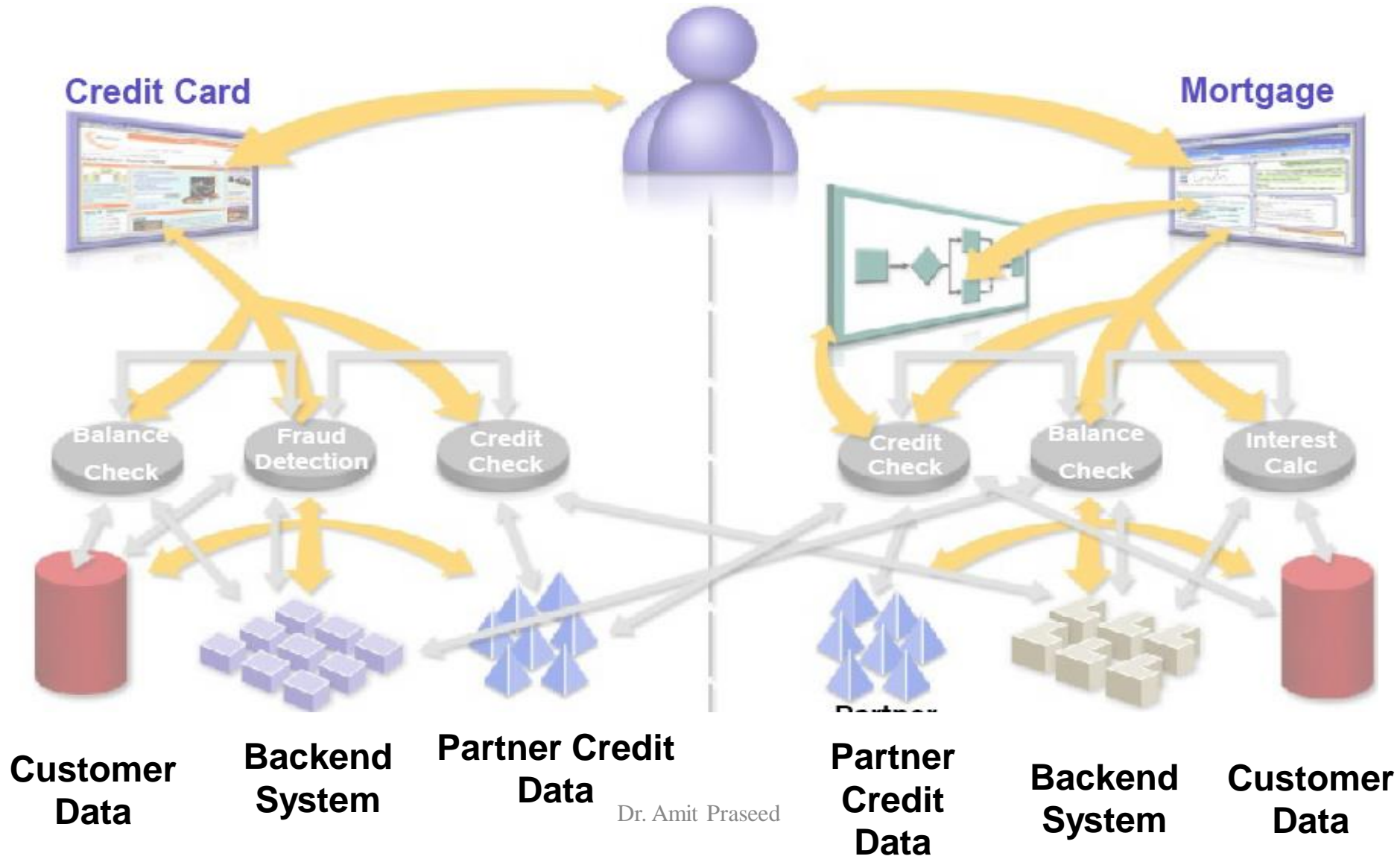


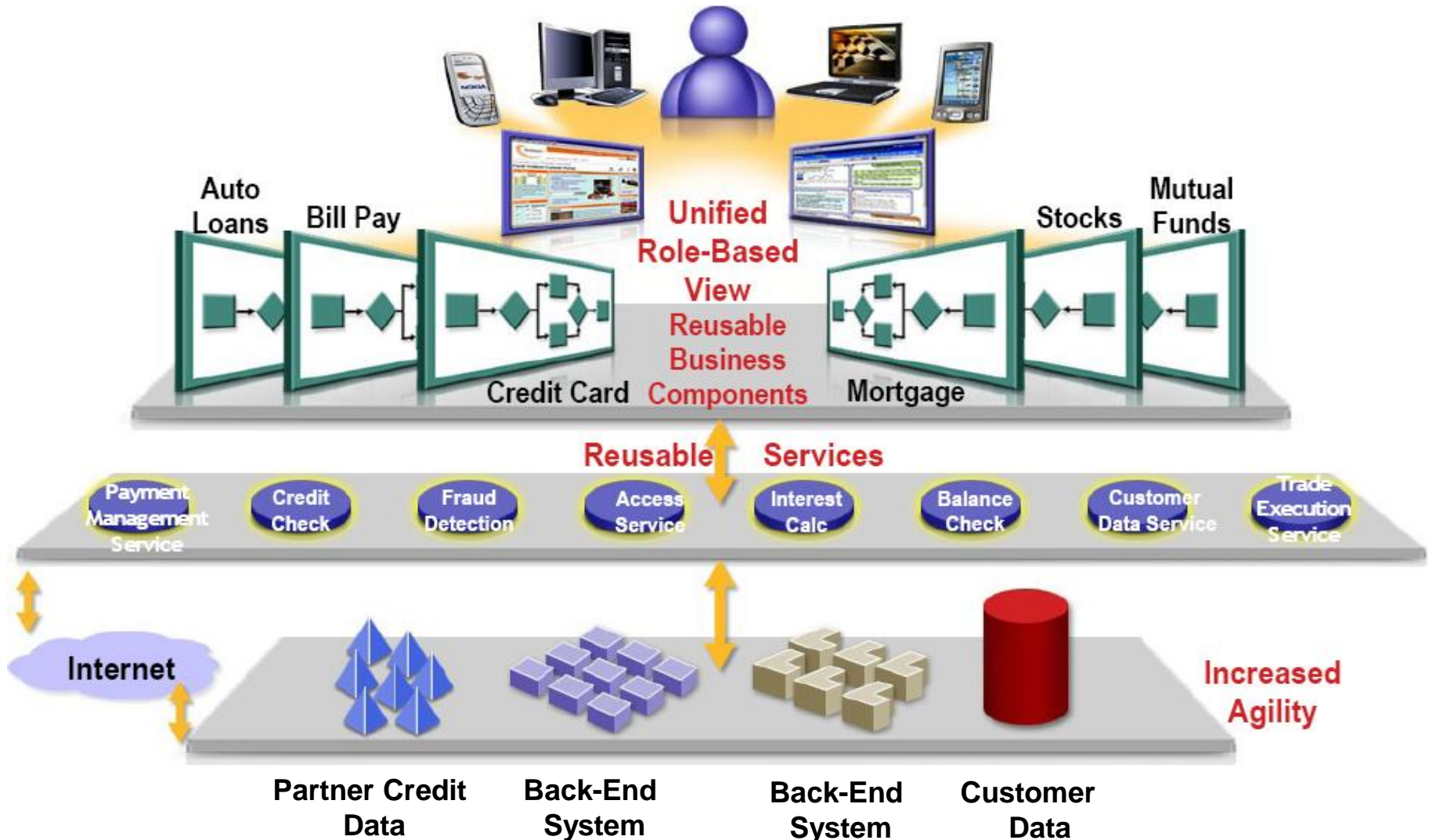
# Service Oriented Architecture

Dr. Amit Praseed

# A Simple Bank Scenario



# A Better Architecture

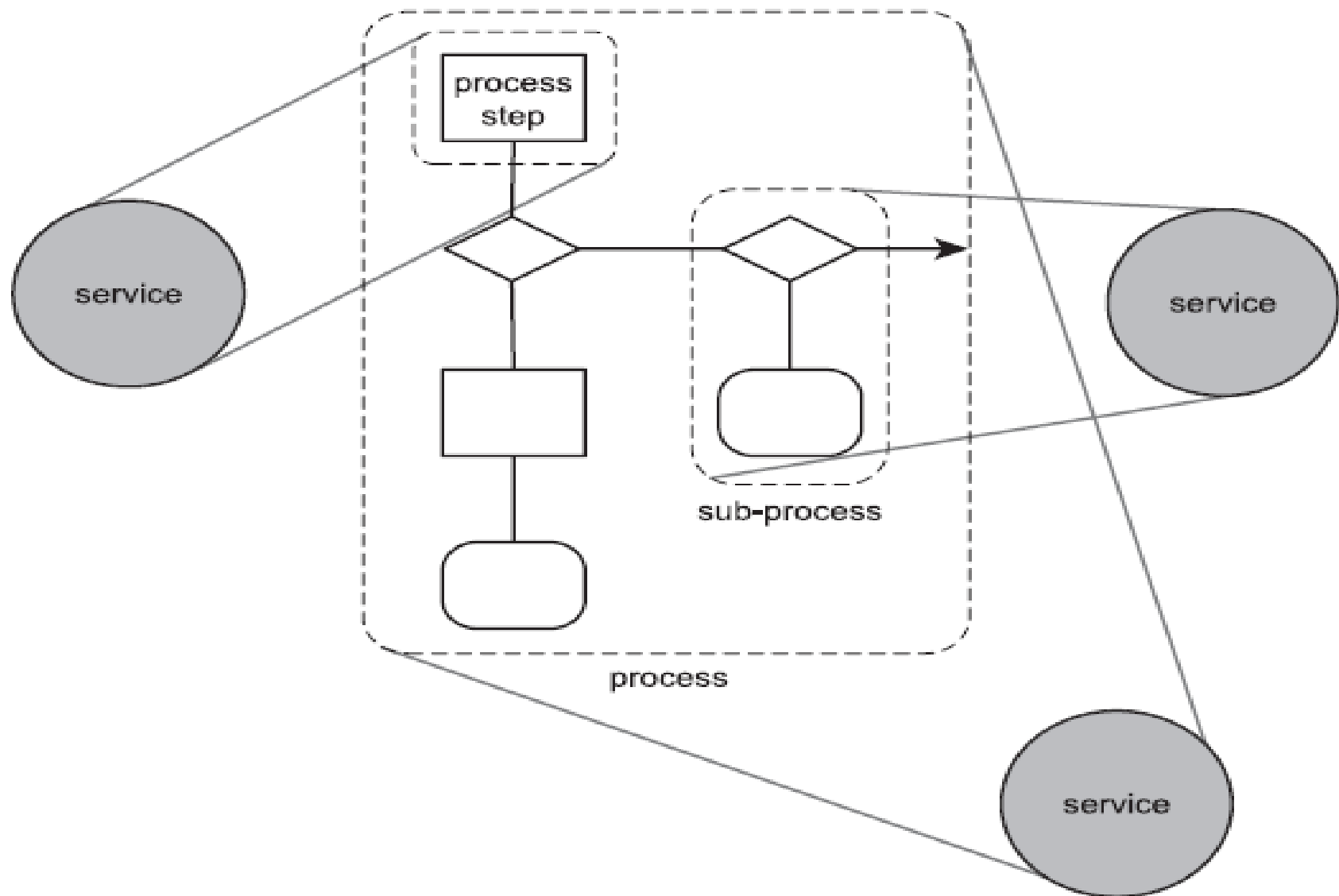


# Service Oriented Architecture (SOA)

- Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA) is an architectural style.
- Applications built using an SOA style deliver functionality as **services that can be used or reused** when building applications or integrating within the enterprise or trading partners.

# What constitutes a Service?

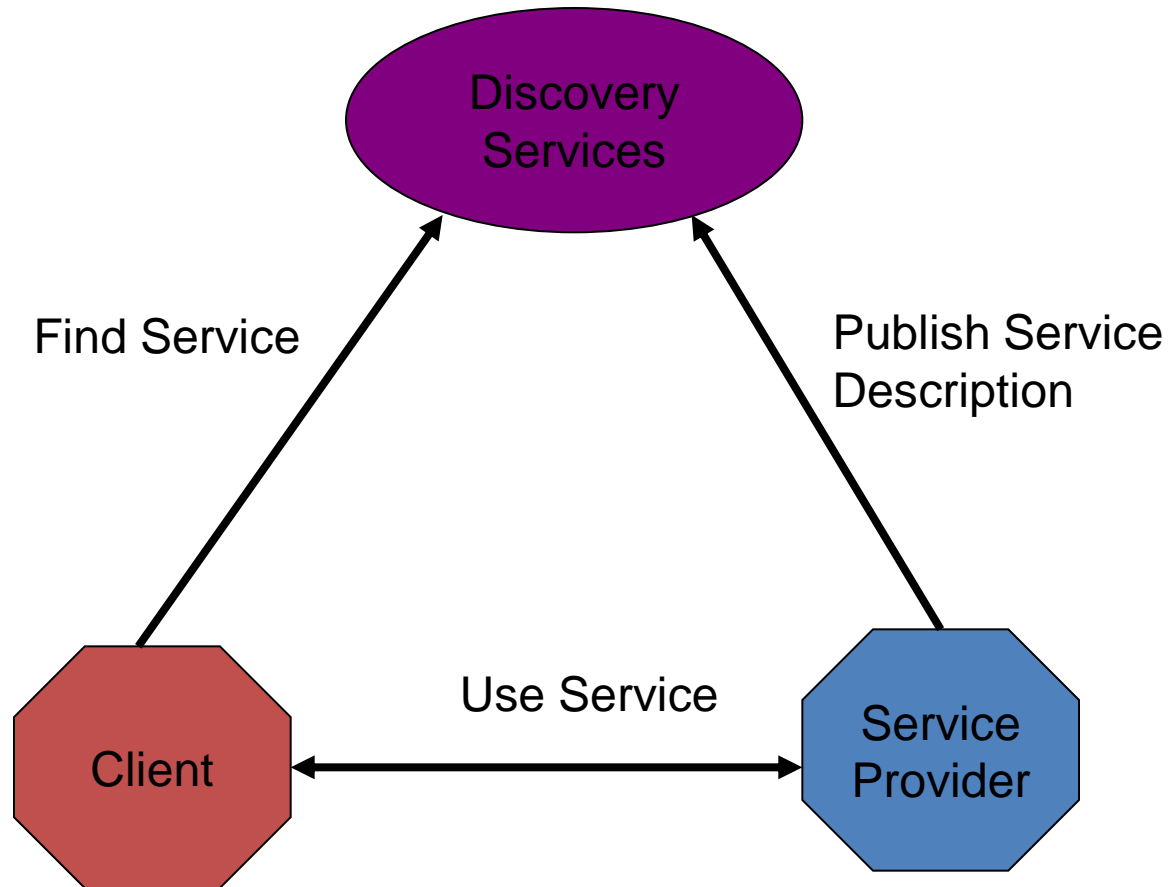
- A logical representation of a repeatable business activity that has a specified outcome (e.g., check customer credit, provide weather data, consolidate drilling reports).
- Self-contained.
- *May be* composed of other services
- Is a “black box” to consumers of the service.



# SOA Features

- *Loose coupling*
- *Service contract*
- *Autonomy*
- *Abstraction*
- *Reusability*
- *Statelessness*
- *Discoverability*

# SOA Framework





# Web Services

- A web service is “a software system designed to support interoperable **machine-to-machine** interaction over a network”
- It differs from a web application in one key point
  - Web applications enable communication between human clients and machines
  - Web services enable communication between clients

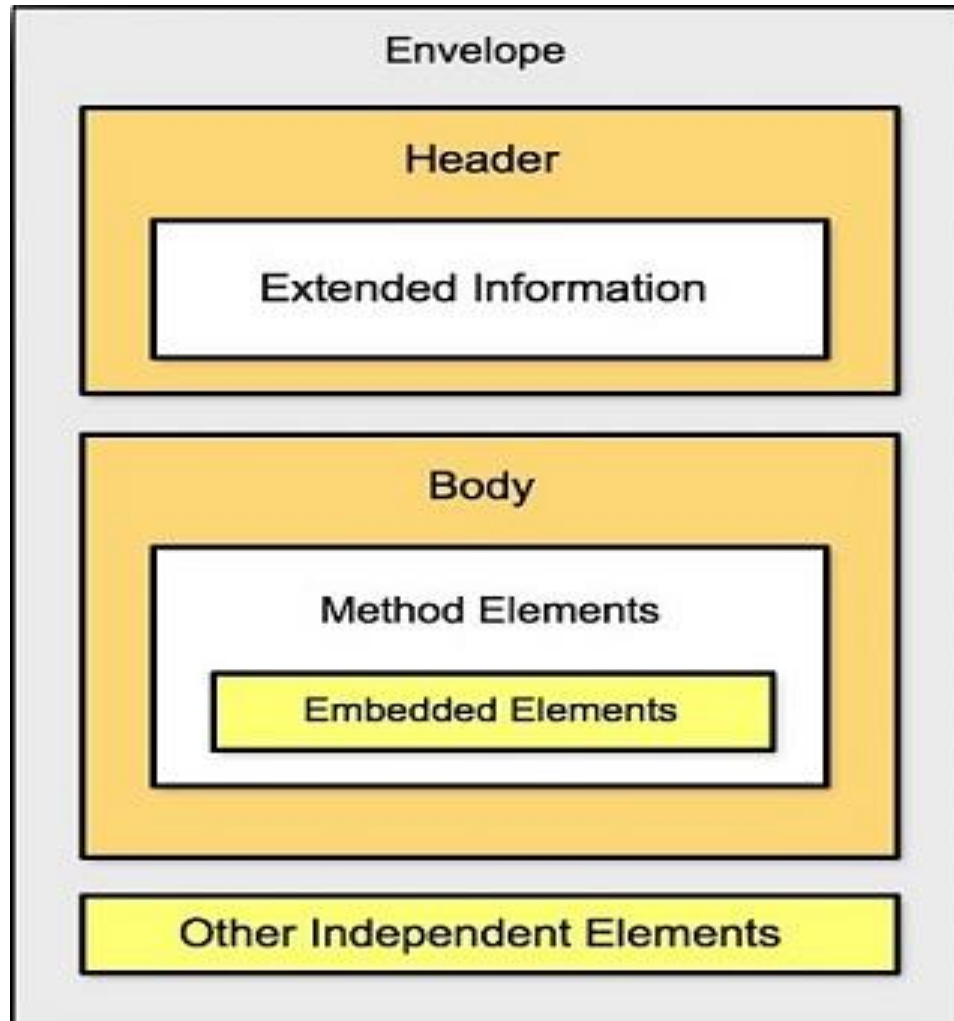
# Composition of Web Services

- SOAP – Simple Object Access Protocol
  - XML based protocol used for communication
- WSDL - Web Services Description Language
  - describes the interface, a set of operations supported by a web service in a standard format.
- UDDI - Universal Description, Discovery, and Integration
  - provides a global registry for advertising and discovery of web services

# SOAP Message Example

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<SOAP:Envelope
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema/instance"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema/instance"
  xmlns:SOAP="urn:schemas-xmlsoap-org:soap.v1">
  <SOAP:Body>
    <calculateArea>
      <origin>
        <x xsi:type="float">10</x>
        <y xsi:type="float">20</y>
      </origin>
      <corner>
        <x xsi:type="float">100</x>
        <y xsi:type="float">200</y>
      </corner>
    </calculateArea>
  </SOAP:Body>
</SOAP:Envelope>
```

# SOAP Message Structure



# SOAP Protocol Extensions

- **WS-\*** is used to refer to extensions to the basic Web services framework established by first-generation standards
  - **WS-Security**: Handles encryption and digital signatures
  - **WS-Policy**: Expands on WS-Security, enabling you to more specifically detail how and by whom a service can be used.
  - **WS-I**: Provides a set of standards and practices to prevent interoperability issues, as well as standardized tests to check for problems.
  - **WS-BPEL**: Provides a way to specify interactions between multiple web services, such as branching and concurrent processing

# Issues with SOAP

- SOAP was meant to facilitate easier communication between machines using a common platform of XML
  - Difficult to debug
  - Difficult to build
  - Difficult to use
- Salesforce had built an “Internet as a Service” package for selling APIs, but their use of complex XML proved to be a major deterrent.

# REST

- A simpler way to implement SOA is using REpresentational State Transfer (REST)
  - Resource Identification through URI
  - Uniform, Constrained Interface
  - Self-Descriptive Message
  - Stateless Interactions
- The use of REST made API calls effortless, leading to companies like EBay, Amazon and Flickr cashing in

# A Comparison

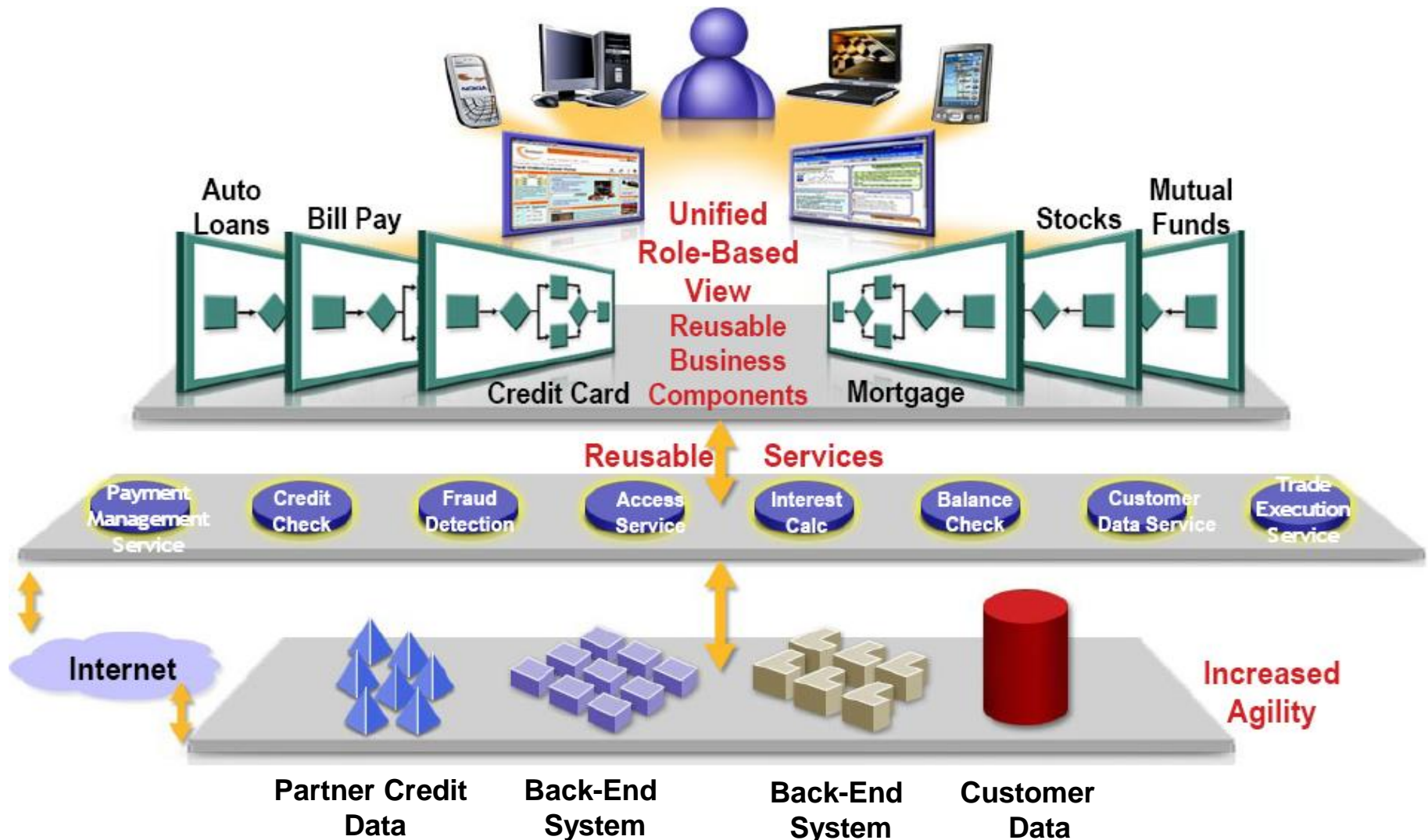
| Feature           | SOAP                             | REST                      |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Nature            | Protocol                         | Architectural Style       |
| State             | Stateful/Stateless               | Stateless                 |
| Format            | XML                              | XML, JSON, plaintext etc. |
| Transfer Protocol | HTTP, HTTPS, TCP, FTP, SMTP etc. | HTTP, HTTPS               |
| Security          | WS-Security, ACID, HTTPS, SSL    | HTTPS, SSL                |
| Speed             | Slow                             | Fast                      |
| Learning Curve    | Difficult                        | Easy                      |
| Community         | Small                            | Large                     |



# So, is SOAP dead?

- REST is a simple and efficient way to build and use a Service Oriented Architecture
- Currently, nearly 83% of APIs use REST
- However, SOAP does have its benefits
  - Inbuilt successful/retry mechanism
  - Inbuilt security features
  - Extensible
  - Customizable

# A Look Back at the SOA Architecture



# Microservices : The Next Evolution

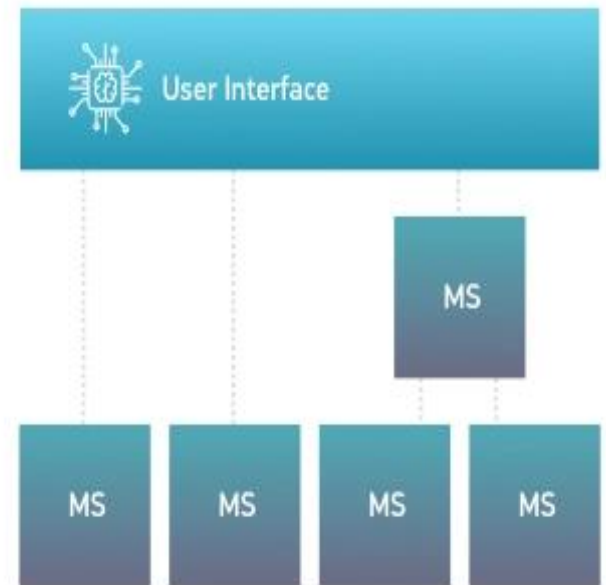
- Microservice Architecture involves the splitting of large software applications into decoupled modules, running unique processes and communicating through APIs
- Every microservice is an independent software component by itself, so they do not have to be modified frequently
- Almost all popular organizations like EBay, Amazon and Netflix employ microservices



**Monolithic**



**SOA**



**Microservices**

# Service Registration and Discovery

- Registration
  - Self Registration
  - Third Party Registration
- Discovery
  - Client Side Discovery
  - Server Side Discovery