

Regular Expression

In [] : Regular Expression: **if** we want to represent a group of strings , according to a particular pattern then we should use Regular Expression.

Examples

In [] : Example of RE --> fixed pattern **is** there **for** our mobile numbers
(0-9 ,10numbers starting_no --> 6,7,8,9)

Example of RE --> Fixed Pattern **for** PAN Card

Example of RE -->fixed pattern **for** Vechile number

Example of RE --> Fixed Pattern **is for** Password --> strong password,weak,medium

Example of RE --> Fixed Pattern **for** IP Address

Example of RE --> Fixed Pattern **for** IFSC Code

Example of RE --> Fix Pattern **for** websites(www.google.com www.amityuniversity.edu.**in**)

Example of RE --> Fixed pattern **is** given to our mail id

Mobile Number Pattern

In [] : Mobile Number Pattern:
Mobile Numbers --> 10 --> Starting digit --> 7,8,9,6
In India There **is** one fixed pattern **for** the mobile Number:
1. only 10 digits are allowed.
2.No two Mobile numbers are same
3.Starting digit of a mobile Number **is** either 6,7,8,9

Email ID Pattern:

In [] : Email ID Pattern:
Email Account --> username@domain_name
domain_name --> yahoo, hotmail, gmail

Can we tell that after @ we will get the domain name

Uses of Regular Expression

In [] : Where we need to use Regular Expression:
1.Password
2.Validation of Data
3.Email
4.Translator --> TOC , COMPILER DESIGN
5.Digital Circuit
6.Protocols like TCP/IP

How we can Implement regular Expression in Python

In [] : --> In python Programming **for** implementing regular expression we are having a module which **is** known **as re** **and** This module **is** used **for** regular expression.

--> **re** **is** the module that we need to **import** for regular expression.

Few Important Function related to Regular Expression(Regex)

Finditer() , start(),end() and group() Function

In [] : finditer() --> that will take two arguments substring(pattern) **and** string(input).
--> **return** the iterator object which yields match object **for** every match.

start() --> **return** the start index of the match

end () --> **return** end+1 index of the match

group()--> **return** the matched string

Example

In [3]: **import** re
matcher = re.finditer("abc","abcabcabc")
for i **in** matcher:
print(i.start())
print(i.end())
print(i.group())

0
3
abc
3
6
abc
7
10
abc

Python Program to Return the Domain of a Mail

In [14]: *#Domain of a Mail*
import re
Email_id = input("Enter Your Mail Id : ")
matcher = re.finditer("@",Email_id)
for i **in** matcher:
y=i.start()
if Email_id[y+1:]=="hotmail.com":
print("It is a hotmail Id")

elif Email_id[y+1:]=="yahoo.com":
print("It is a Yahoo Id")

elif Email_id[y+1:]=="outlook.com":
print("It is a outlook Id")

elif Email_id[y+1:]=="gmail.com":
print("It is a Gmail Id")

else:
print("Enter Valid mail Id")

Enter Your Mail Id : ashu@gmail.com
It is a Gmail Id

Character Classes in RE

In [] : --> We can customize all character classes based on our Requirements.

In [] : Character Classes:
1.[abc] --> either a **or** b **or** c
2.[^abc] --> **except** a ,b,c
3.[a-z] --> any lower case alphabet
4.[A-Z] --> any upper case alphabet
5.[A-Za-z] --> any alphabet either upper case **or** lower case
6.[0-9] --> Any digit from 0 to 9
7.[A-Za-z0-9] --> any alphanumeric symbols
8.[^A-Za-z0-9] --> any special symbol

Example of Each Character Classes

[abc] --> either a or b or c

In [4]: **import** re
matcher = re.finditer("[abc]","a7b@9xbs")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

#0 #1 a
#2 #3 b
#6 #7 b

0 1 a
2 3 b
6 7 b

[^abc] --> except a ,b,c

In [7]: **import** re
matcher = re.finditer("[^abc]","a7b@9xbs")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

#1 #2 7
#3 #4 @
#4 #5 9
#5 #6 x
#7 #8 s

1 2 7
3 4 @
4 5 9
5 6 x
7 8 s

[a-z] --> any lower case alphabet

In [6]: **import** re
matcher = re.finditer("[a-z]","a7b@9xbs")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

#0 #1 a
#2 #3 b
#5 #6 x
#7 #8 s

0 1 a
2 3 b
5 6 x
7 8 s

[A-Z] --> any upper case alphabet

In [8]: **import** re
matcher = re.finditer("[A-Z]","A77#234Bsca")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

#0 #1 #A
#7 #8 #B

0 1 A
7 8 B

[A-Za-z] --> any alphabet either upper case or lower case

In [9]: **import** re
matcher = re.finditer("[A-Za-z]","A77#ab34B")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

#0 #1 A
#4 #5 a
#6 #7 b
#8 #9 B

0 1 A
4 5 a
6 7 b
8 9 B

[0-9] --> Any digit from 0 to 9

In [22]: **import** re
matcher = re.finditer("[0-9]","A77#234Bsca")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

#1 #2 7
#2 #3 7
#4 #5 2
#5 #6 3
#6 #7 4

1 2 7
2 3 7
4 5 2
5 6 3
6 7 4

[A-Za-z0-9] --> any alphanumeric symbols

In [10]: **import** re
matcher = re.finditer("[A-Za-z0-9]","A77#234Bs")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

#0 #1 A
#1 #2 7
#2 #3 7
#4 #5 2
#5 #6 3
#6 #7 4
#7 #8 B
#8 #9 s

0 1 A
1 2 7
2 3 7
4 5 2
5 6 3
6 7 4
7 8 B
8 9 s

[^A-Za-z0-9] --> any special symbol

In [25]: **import** re
matcher = re.finditer("[^A-Za-z0-9]","A77#2 34Bs")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

#3 #4 3
#5 #6

#Note --> Space is also considered as a Special Characters.

3 4 #
5 6

Customization and Practice Problem Based on Character Classes

In [11]: **import** re
matcher = re.finditer("[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9]","A77#234Bs")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

3 5 #2
6 8 #a

In [12]: *#[klm]*
import re
matcher = re.finditer("[klm]","A77#2k3a1m")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

5 6 k
8 9 l
9 10 m

In [13]: *#[^klm]*
import re
matcher = re.finditer("[^klm]","abcklm")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

#0 #1 a
#1 #2 b
#2 #3 c

0 1 a
1 2 b
2 3 c

In [14]: *#[a-k]*
import re
matcher = re.finditer("[a-k]","abcklm")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

#0 #1 a
#1 #2 b
#2 #3 c
#3 #4 k

0 1 a
1 2 b
2 3 c
3 4 k

In [15]: *#[A-K]*
import re
matcher = re.finditer("[A-K]","ABCKLM")
for i **in** matcher:
print(str(i.start())+" "+str(i.end())+" "+str(i.group()))

#0 #1 a
#1 #2 b
#2 #3 c
#3 #4 k

0 1 A
1 2 B
2 3 C
3 4 K

Important Functions Related to RE Module

re.Match() Function

In [] : re.Match --> check the string at the beginning of the string
--> re.match() searches only **from** the beginning of the string **and** **return** match object **if** found. But **if** a match of substring **is** found somewhere **in** the middle of the string, it returns none.

Example

In [39]: **import** re
s=input("Enter a String :")
m=re.match(s,"abcabdefg")
if m!=None:
print("Match Found")
else:
print("Not Found")

Enter a String :cab
Not Found

re.FullMatch Function()

In [] : re.fullmatch --> This function **is** used to check whole string.
--> re.fullmatch() returns a match object **if** **and** only **if** the entire string matches the pattern. Otherwise, it will **return None**.

Example

In [45]: **import** re
s=input("Enter a String :")
m=re.fullmatch(s,"abcabdefg")
if m!=None:
print("Match Found")
else:
print("Not Found")

Enter a String :abcabdefg
Match found

re.search () Function

In [] : re.search()-> search the given pattern
--> re.search() method looks **for** occurrences of the regex pattern inside the entire target string **and** returns the corresponding Match Object instance where the **match** found

Example

In [48]: **import** re
s=input("Enter a String :")
m=re.search(s,"abcabdefg")
if m!=None:
print("Match Found")
print(m.start())
else:
print("Not Found")

Enter a String :cab
Match found
2