Computer Science and Engineering IIIT Kalyani, West Bengal

Compilers Design Laboratory (Spring: 2017 - 2018)

3rd Year CSE: 6th Semester

Assignment - 3 Marks: 15 Assignment Out: 19th January, 2018 Report on or before: 28th January, 2018

- 1. Consider a context-free grammar G. Its terminals are $\Sigma = \{+-*/= <>()\}$ $\{ \} := ;$ and else end $ic\ id$ if int do fc float not or print prog scan str then while $\}$.
- 2. Key words are: and else end if int do float not or print prog scan then while.
- 3. *ic* stands for an unsigned integer constant, *id* is a C-like identifier, *fc* is a floating point constant, *str* is a string such as "IIIT Kalyani".
- 4. Most of the other terminals are usual, where := is for assignment e.g. a := b + 2*c and = is the relational operator 'equal' etc.
- 5. Write a C function (without using Lex/Flex) int yylex() that will return a token corresponding to each terminal. A few global variables should hold attribute and other values related to a token: the actual text (lexeme) is available in yytext[], the attribute value is available in yylval, line number in yyline and starting character position at yypos.
- 6. Key-words are reserved with specific meaning. Store them in a fixed array of character strings along with the corresponding tokens. While reading from the input, read both an identifier and a key word in a similar manner. Search the key-word in the table, if there is a match, return the appropriate token; otherwise return the token of an identifier.
- 7. The name of the C++ scanner file should be myLex.c++ with the header file myLex.h. The program should print the stream of token in human understandable form. As an example the (token, value) stream for

```
prog
    int a, b;
    scan a
    b := a + 5;
    print b
end

is

<514,"prog"> <507,"int"> <505, "a"> <44,","> <505, "b">
<59, ";"> <515, "sacn> <505, "a"> <505, "b"> <500, ":=">
<505, "a"> <43, "+"> <504, "5"> <59, ";"> <513, "print">
<505, "b"> <503, "end">
```

\$ tar cvf <RollNo ass3>.tar myLex.c myLex.h

8. Prepare a .tar file

Send us the .tar file.