Computer Science and Engineering IIIT Kalyani, West Bengal

Compilers Design Laboratory (Spring: 2017 - 2018)

3rd Year CSE: 6th Semester

Assignment - 1 Marks: 10 Assignment Out: 5^{th} January, 2018 Report on or before: 12^{th} January, 2018

1. Translate the following C program using GCC/Linux to the assembly language program of x86-64 (Intel/AMD 64-bit processor).

Do not give any optimization option. The file name should be ${\tt ass1_} < roll \ number > . {\tt c}.$

Write comments corresponding to the assembly language code in the program file ass1_<roll number>.s. Comments should explain the assembly language instructions. It should also show the connection between the C code and the assembly language code.

```
/*
 * ass1.c Generate assembly code of x86-64 and comment
 */
#include <stdio.h>
#define ORD 20
void cs(int n, int data[][ORD]);
void po(int n, int data[][ORD], int type, int ind);
int main()
    int n, i, j;
    int data[ORD][ORD];
    printf("Enter the order of the square matrix: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the matrix in row-major order:\n");
    for(i=0; i<n; ++i)
        for(j=0; j<n; ++j) scanf("%d", &data[i][j]);</pre>
    printf("The input matrix is:\n");
    for(i=0; i<n; ++i){
        for(j=0; j<n; ++j) printf("%d ", data[i][j]);</pre>
        putchar('\n');
    printf("In cs order:\n");
    cs(n,data);
    return 0;
}
```

```
void cs(int n, int data[][ORD]){
     if(n == 0) {
          putchar('\n');
          return;
     if(n == 1) {
        printf("%d\n", data[0][0]);
        return ;
     po(n, data, 1, 0);
     cs(n-2, (int (*)[ORD])(&data[1][1]));
}
void po(int n, int data[][ORD], int type, int ind){
     switch(type){
        case 1:
               if(ind == n-1) po(n, data, 2, 0);
               else {
                      printf("%d ", data[0][ind]);
                      po(n, data, 1, ind+1);
               }
               return;
        case 2:
               if(ind == n-1) po(n, data, 3, n-1);
               else {
                      printf("%d ", data[ind][n-1]);
                      po(n, data, 2, ind+1);
               }
               return ;
        case 3:
               if(ind == 0) po(n, data, 4, n-1);
               else {
                      printf("%d ", data[n-1][ind]);
                      po(n, data, 3, ind-1);
               }
               return ;
        case 4:
               if(ind == 0) return;
               else {
                      printf("%d ", data[ind][0]);
                      po(n, data, 4, ind-1);
               }
               return ;
     }
}
```

- 2. The commented assembly language program should remain syntactically correct so that we can translate it to get the executable file a.out.
- 3. Reading materials are available at http://cse.iitkgp.ac.in/~goutam/