Today: · Review

- · Continu RL frakkun formulation. Statig actions

 - grals, remands
 - characterising states

Renim:

Policy: The (als) = Pr(At = a | St = s)

Grad of RL is to bonn the optimal policy from experience St E of where of is a sed of possible states At E A(St) where A(St) is the set of possible actions corresponding to St

Grab and rewards:

• $G_t = R_{t+1} + R_{t+2} + - - \cdot \cdot R_T$ (episodic) • $G_t = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} R_{t+k+1}$ (continuous).

Note that the above Gt could be unbounded even if ERAZ is finite

· Introduce r, a discount factor that his between 0 and 1 and define $G_t = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \gamma^k$. Retrit

Unipied grad definition:

$$G_{k} = \sum_{k=0}^{T} \gamma^{k} P_{t+k+1}$$

Where T = 00 in the conf. casi,

7 = 1 in the eprendic case Imp: Both these cannot be true simultaneously

Pub. review!

a: What is arv?

A: A RV \times (2): $\Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

Rs What is COF?

A: Fx(n) = Pr{X < n}

a: What is 1DF?

 $f_{x}(a) = \frac{d}{dx} F_{x}(a)$ (Continuous Esse)

PMF fx(a)= Pr{X=ay (direction).

a: Random process?

A! An induced set {xlt): ter} of random variables. I could be combably infiniti

Markov process: $f_{x_{n+1}}|_{x_n} = f_{x_{n+1}}|_{x_n} (x_{n+1}|_{x_n}, x_{n-1})$ $= f_{x_{n+1}}|_{x_n} (x_{n+1}|_{x_n})$