

check_effect_transformation

Sayani Gupta

01/09/2021

```
library(gravitas)
library(tidyverse)

## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.0.2
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.0 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.3      v purrr  0.3.4
## v tibble  3.1.0      v dplyr  1.0.5
## v tidyr   1.1.3      v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   1.4.0      v forcats 0.5.1
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.0.2
## Warning: package 'tibble' was built under R version 4.0.2
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.0.2
## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 4.0.2
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.0.2
## Warning: package 'forcats' was built under R version 4.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()
library(gracsr)
library(tsibble)

## Warning: package 'tsibble' was built under R version 4.0.2
##
## Attaching package: 'tsibble'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## intersect, setdiff, union
# Feed in data and other inputs
sm <- smart_meter10 %>%
filter(customer_id %in% c("10006704", "10017936", "10006414", "10018250"))
gran1 = "hour_day"
gran2 = NULL
response = "general_supply_kwh"

# Scale the data
```

```
v2 <- suppressWarnings(robust_scale_data(sm, "hour_day")) %>%
  dplyr::rename( "kwh_robust" = "scaled_response") %>%
  dplyr::mutate(kwh_nqt = stats::qqnorm(general_supply_kwh, plot.it=FALSE)$x)
```

C

```
## function (object, contr, how.many, ...)
## {
##   if (isFALSE(as.logical(Sys.getenv("_R_OPTIONS_STRINGS_AS_FACTORS_"))))
##     object <- as.factor(object)
##   if (!nlevels(object))
##     stop("object not interpretable as a factor")
##   if (!missing(contr) && is.name(Xcontr <- substitute(contr)))
##     contr <- switch(as.character(Xcontr), poly = "contr.poly",
##       helmert = "contr.helmert", sum = "contr.sum", treatment = "contr.treatment",
##       SAS = "contr.SAS", contr)
##   if (missing(contr)) {
##     oc <- getOption("contrasts")
##     contr <- if (length(oc) < 2L)
##       if (is.ordered(object))
##         contr.poly
##       else contr.treatment
##     else oc[1 + is.ordered(object)]
##   }
##   if (missing(how.many) && missing(...))
##     contrasts(object) <- contr
##   else {
##     if (is.character(contr))
##       contr <- get(contr, mode = "function")
##     if (is.function(contr))
##       contr <- contr(nlevels(object), ...)
##     contrasts(object, how.many) <- contr
##   }
##   object
## }
## <bytecode: 0x7fd9a8da3c70>
## <environment: namespace:stats>

quantile_q2 <- function(x){
  y = quantile(x, probs = c(0.5))
  #c(y[1], y[2]) %>% as_tibble() %>% bind_cols(names(y)) %>% set_names(c("quant_value", "quantile"))
}

quantile_q1 <- function(x){
  y = quantile(x, probs = c(0.25))
  #c(y[1], y[2]) %>% as_tibble() %>% bind_cols(names(y)) %>% set_names(c("quant_value", "quantile"))
}

quantile_q3 <- function(x){
  y = quantile(x, probs = c(0.75))
  #c(y[1], y[2]) %>% as_tibble() %>% bind_cols(names(y)) %>% set_names(c("quant_value", "quantile"))
}
```

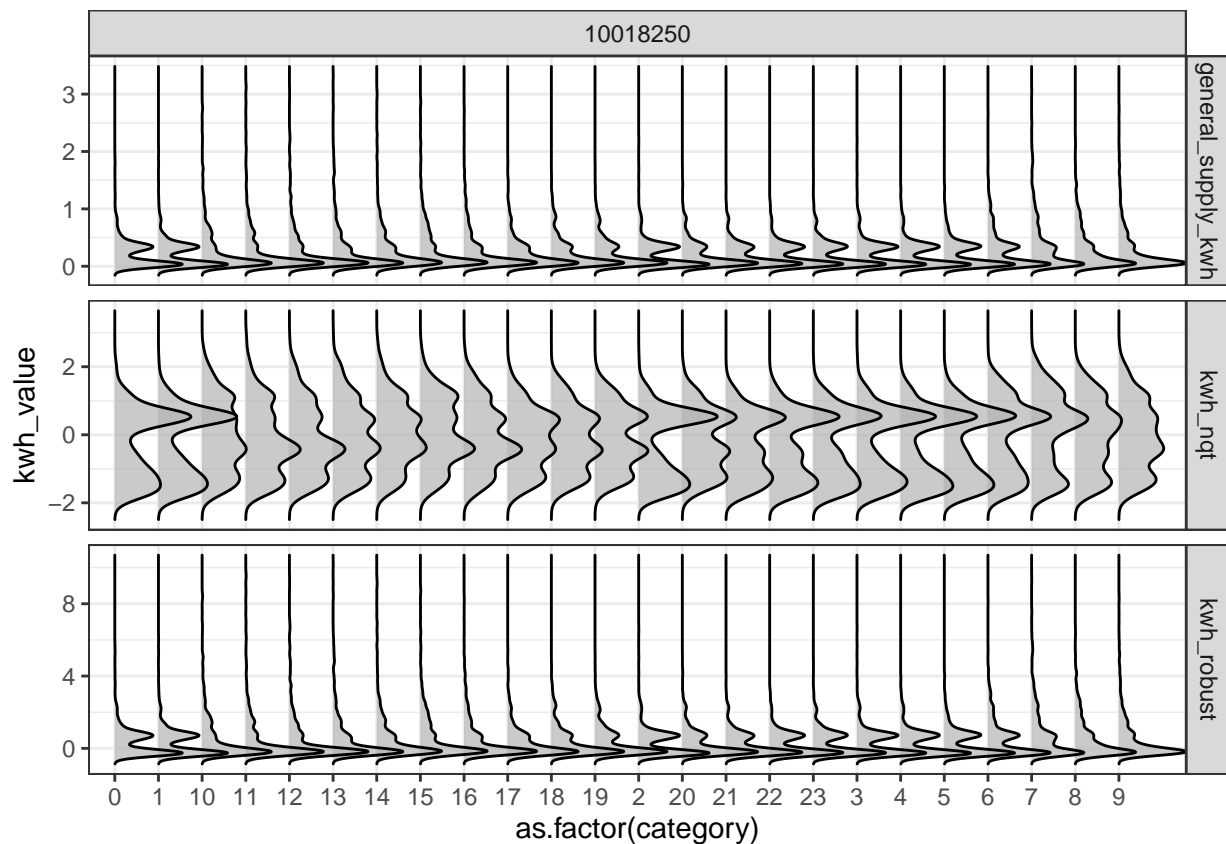
```
}
```

```
v2 %>%
dplyr::filter(customer_id %in% c("10018250")) %>%
  pivot_longer(c("general_supply_kwh", "kwh_robust", "kwh_nqt"),
    names_to = "kwh_type",
    values_to = "kwh_value") %>% ggplot(fill = "#999999") +
  ggribges::geom_density_ridges(aes(x = kwh_value, y = as.factor(category)), alpha = 0.7) +
  facet_grid(kwh_type~customer_id, scales = "free") +
  coord_flip() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
  theme_bw()
```

```
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.0522
```

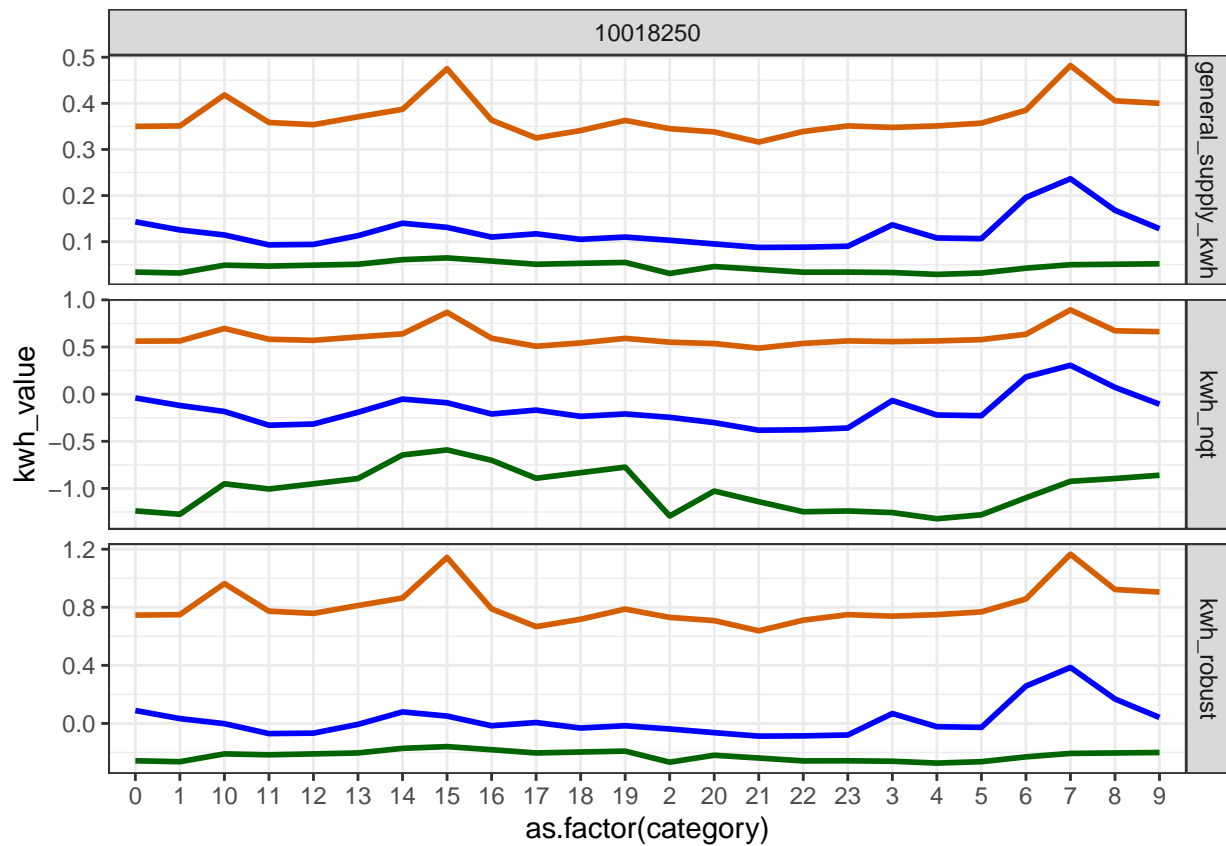
```
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.213
```

```
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.166
```



```
v2 %>%
dplyr::filter(customer_id %in% c("10018250")) %>%
  pivot_longer(c("general_supply_kwh", "kwh_robust", "kwh_nqt"),
    names_to = "kwh_type",
    values_to = "kwh_value") %>%
ggplot(aes(x = kwh_value, y = as.factor(category)), fill = "#999999") +
  #ggribges::geom_density_ridges(alpha = 0.7) +
  facet_grid(kwh_type~customer_id, scales = "free") +
```

```
coord_flip() +
stat_summary(
  fun = quantile_q2,
  geom = 'line',
  aes(group = 1), size = 1, color = "blue") +
theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
stat_summary(
  fun = quantile_q1,
  geom = 'line',
  aes(group = 1), size = 1, color = "darkgreen") +
theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
stat_summary(
  fun = quantile_q3,
  geom = 'line',
  aes(group = 1), size = 1, color = "#D55E00") +
theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
theme_bw()
```



```
# library(tidyverse)
#
# # for loop
#
# for (x in 1:2){
#   for(y in 1:2){
#     for(z in 1:5){
#       dist_data[x, y] = x*y + y*z
#     }
#   }
# }
```

```

#   }
#
# }
#
#
#
# tab <- expand.grid(x = 1:2, y = 1:2, z = 1:5)
# tab
#
# # Using map
#
#
#
# # using pmap
#
# dist_data <- purrr::pmap(tab,
#                             function(x, y, z){
#                               value3 =
#                                 x*y + y*z
#                             }) %>%
#   unlist () %>%
#   as_tibble() %>%
#   bind_cols(tab)

```