

$$\begin{aligned}1. \quad & x + 2y + 3z = 3 \\& 2x + 3y + 8z = 4 \\& 5x + 8y + 19z = 11\end{aligned}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 8 & 4 \\ 5 & 8 & 19 & 11 \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' = (-5)R_1 + R_3$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 8 & 4 \\ 0 & -2 & 4 & -4 \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' = (-5)R_1 + R_3$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 4 & -4 \end{array} \right] \quad R_2' = (-2)R_1 + R_2$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' = (-2)R_2 + R_3$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] R_2' = (-1)R_2$$

$$x + 2y + 3z = 3$$

$$y - 2z = 2$$

$$\text{let, } y = 2 + 2z$$

$$\therefore x = 3 - 2y - 3z$$

$$= 3 - 2(2 + 2z) - 3z$$

$$= 3 - 4 - 4z - 3z$$

$$= -1 - 7z$$

$$\therefore x = -1 - 7z$$

$$y = 2 + 2z$$

$$\text{let, } z = t$$

$$\therefore x = -1 - 7t$$

$$y = 2 + 2t$$

set, $t=0$

$$x = -1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = 2 \\ z = 0 \end{array}$$

set, $t=1$

$$x = -1 - f(1)$$

$$= -1 - 7$$

$$= -8$$

$$y = 2 + 2(1)$$

$$= 2 + 2$$

$$= 4$$

$$x = -8$$

$$y = 4$$

$$z = 1$$

$$2. \quad x_1 - x_2 + x_3 - x_4 + x_5 = 1$$

$$2x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 + 4x_5 = 2$$

$$3x_1 - 2x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 + x_5 = 1$$

$$x_1 + x_3 + 2x_4 + x_5 = 0$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 0 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 0 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & -1 \end{array} \right] \quad R'_4 = (-1)R_1 + R_4$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 4 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & -1 \end{array} \right] \quad R_2' = 2R_1 + R_2$$

$$R_3' = 3R_1 + R_3$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 2 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -2 & -1 \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' = (-1)R_2 + R_3$$

$$R_4' = (-1)R_2 + R_4$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -2 & -1 \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' = -\frac{1}{2}R_3$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R'_4 = R_3 + R_4$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R'_4 = -\frac{1}{2}R_4$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + x_3 - x_4 + x_5 = 1$$

$$x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 + 2x_5 = 0$$

$$x_3 - x_4 = 10$$

$$x_5 = 0$$

$$x_3 = 1 + x_4$$

$$x_2 = -x_3 - 2x_4 - 2x_5$$

$$= -(1 + x_4) - 2x_4 - 2(0)$$

$$= -1 - 3x_4$$

$$= -1 - 3x_4$$

$$x_1 = 1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4 - x_5$$

$$= 1 + (-1 - 3x_4) - (1 + x_4) + x_4 - 0$$

$$= 1 - 1 - 3x_4 - 1 - x_4 + x_4$$

$$= -3x_4 - 1$$

$$x_1 = x_2 = -1 - 3x_4$$

$$x_3 = 1 + x_4$$

$$x_5 = 0$$

$$\text{Set, } x_4 = t$$

$$\therefore x_1 = x_2 = -1 - 3t$$

$$x_3 = 1 + t$$

$$\text{Set, } t = 0$$

$$\therefore x_1 = x_2 = -1$$

$$x_3 = 1$$

$$\therefore x_1 = -1, x_2 = -1, x_3 = 1, x_4 = 0, x_5 = 0$$

$$\text{Set, } t = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore x_1 &= x_2 = -1 - 3(1) \\ &= -1 - 3 = -4\end{aligned}$$

$$x_3 = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\therefore x_1 = -4, x_2 = -4, x_3 = 2, x_4 = 1, x_5 = 0$$

3.

$$x + 2y - 3z = 9$$

$$x + 3y + z = 11$$

$$2x + 5y - 4z = 13$$

$$2x + 6y + 2z = 22$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -3 & 9 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 11 \\ 2 & 5 & -4 & 13 \\ 2 & 6 & 2 & 22 \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 5 & -4 & 13 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 & 11 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 & 2 & 22 \end{array} \right] \quad R_1 \leftrightarrow R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 5 & -4 & 13 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 3 & \frac{9}{2} \\ 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 & 2 & 22 \end{array} \right] \quad R'_2 = R_2 - \frac{1}{2}R_1$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 5 & -4 & 13 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 3 & \frac{9}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & -1 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 2 & 6 & 2 & 22 \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' = R_3 - \frac{1}{2}R_1$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 5 & -4 & 13 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 3 & \frac{9}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & -1 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 6 & 9 \end{array} \right] \quad R_4' = R_4 - R_1$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 5 & -4 & 13 \\ 0 & 1 & 6 & 9 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & -1 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 3 & \frac{9}{2} \end{array} \right] \quad R_2 \leftrightarrow R_4$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 5 & -4 & 13 \\ 0 & 1 & 6 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 3 & \frac{9}{2} \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' = R_3 + \frac{1}{2}R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 5 & -4 & 13 \\ 0 & 1 & 6 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R_4' = R_4 - \frac{1}{2}R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 5 & -4 & 13 \\ 0 & 1 & 6 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' = \frac{1}{2}R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 5 & -4 & 13 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R_2' = R_2 - 6R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 5 & 0 & 17 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] R'_1 = R_1 + 4R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] R'_1 = R_1 - 5R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] R'_1 = \frac{1}{2} R_1$$

$$X = 1$$

$$Y = 3$$

$$Z = 1$$

$$4. \quad 10x_2 - 4x_3 + 2x_4 = 1$$

$$x_1 + 4x_2 - x_3 + 2x_4 = 2$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 5$$

$$-3x_1 - 8x_2 + 2x_3 - 2x_4 = -4$$

$$x_1 - 6x_2 + 3x_3 = 1$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & 10 & -4 & 1 & | & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & -1 & 1 & | & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 2 & | & 5 \\ -3 & -8 & 2 & -2 & | & -4 \\ 1 & -6 & 3 & 0 & | & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 3 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 9 & -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 10 & -4 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -8 & 2 & -2 & -4 \\ 1 & -6 & 3 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad R_1 \leftrightarrow R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 3 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & \frac{10}{3} & -\frac{4}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 10 & -4 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -6 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{20}{3} & \frac{8}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} \end{array} \right] \quad R'_2 = R_2 - \frac{1}{3}R_1$$

$$R'_4 = R_4 + R_1$$

$$R'_5 = R_5 - \frac{1}{3}R_1$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 3 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 10 & -4 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{10}{3} & -\frac{4}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & -6 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{20}{3} & \frac{8}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} \end{array} \right] \quad R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 3 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 10 & -4 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{8}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad \begin{aligned} R'_3 &= R_3 - \frac{1}{3} R_2 \\ R'_4 &= R_4 + \frac{3}{5} R_2 \\ R'_5 &= R_5 + \frac{2}{3} R_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 3 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 10 & -4 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{8}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R_3 \leftrightarrow R_4$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 3 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 10 & -4 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & \frac{8}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' = \frac{5}{3} R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 3 & 2 & 0 & 1 & \frac{7}{3} \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 5 & \frac{35}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & \frac{8}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R_2' = R_2 + 4R_3' \\ R_1' = R_1 - R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 3 & 2 & 0 & 1 & \frac{7}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{7}{6} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & \frac{8}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R_2' = \frac{1}{10} R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{7}{6} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & \frac{8}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R_1' = R_1 - 2R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{7}{6} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & \frac{8}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad R_1' = \frac{1}{3} R_1$$

$$\therefore x_1 = 0$$

$$x_2 + \frac{1}{2}x_3 = \frac{x}{6}$$

$$x_3 + x_4 = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\therefore x_1 = 0$$

$$x_2 = \frac{7}{6} - \frac{1}{2}x_4$$

$$x_3 = \frac{8}{3} - x_4$$

now set $x_4 = r$

$$\therefore x_1 = 0$$

$$x_2 = \frac{7}{6} - \frac{1}{2}r$$

$$x_3 = \frac{8}{3} - r$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{7}{6} - \frac{1}{2}r \\ \frac{8}{3} - r \\ r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{7}{6} \\ \frac{8}{3} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + r \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.

Since, R is in reduced row echelon form,

$$\text{so, } d = [4 \ 0 \ 0]^T$$

The other two vectors provide special solution for R , showing that R has rank 1: again, since it is in reduced row echelon form, the bottom two rows must be all 0, and the top row is $[1 \ -2 \ -5]^T$

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$6. \quad -2x + y + z = a$$

$$x - 2y + z = b$$

$$x + y - 3z = c$$

$$\therefore \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -2 & 1 & 1 & a \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & b \\ 1 & 1 & -3 & c \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -2 & 1 & 1 & a \\ 0 & -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{2b+a}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{3}{2} & -\frac{5}{2} & \frac{2c+a}{2} \end{array} \right] \quad R_2' = R_2 + \frac{1}{2}R_1$$
$$R_3' = R_3 + \frac{1}{2}R_1$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -2 & 1 & 1 & a \\ 0 & -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{2b+a}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & a+b+c \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' = R_3 + R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -2 & 1 & 1 & a \\ 0 & -\frac{3}{2} & 0 & \frac{4a+5b+3c}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & a+b+c \end{array} \right] \quad R'_2 = R_2 + \frac{3}{2}R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -2 & 1 & 1 & a \\ 0 & -\frac{3}{2} & 0 & \frac{4a+5b+3c}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -a-b-c \end{array} \right] \quad R'_3 = (-1)R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -2 & 1 & 0 & 2a+b+c \\ 0 & -\frac{3}{2} & 0 & \frac{4a+5b+3c}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -a-b-c \end{array} \right] \quad R'_1 = R_1 - R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -2 & 1 & 0 & 2a+b+c \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{4a+5b+3c}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -a-b-c \end{array} \right] \quad R'_2 = -\frac{2}{3}R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -2 & 0 & 0 & \frac{10a+8b+6c}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{-4a+5b+3c}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -a-b-c \end{array} \right] \quad R_1' = R_1 - R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{5a+4b+3c}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{4a+5b+3c}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -a-b-c \end{array} \right] \quad R_1' = -\frac{1}{2}R_1$$

$$X = -\frac{5a+4b+3c}{3}$$

$$Y = -\frac{4a+5b+3c}{3}$$

$$Z = -a-b-c$$

are the condition for which given equations has a solution.

$$2. \quad x+2y-3z=a$$

$$2x+6y-11z=b$$

$$2x-4y+14z=2c$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -3 & a \\ 2 & 6 & -11 & b \\ 2 & -4 & 14 & 2c \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 6 & -11 & b \\ 1 & 2 & -3 & a \\ 2 & -4 & 14 & 2c \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 6 & -11 & b \\ 0 & -1 & \frac{5}{2} & \frac{2a-b}{2} \\ 0 & -10 & 25 & 2c-b \end{array} \right]$$

$$R'_2 = R_2 - \frac{1}{2}R_1$$

$$R'_3 = R_2 - R_1$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 6 & -11 & b \\ 0 & -10 & 25 & 2c-b \\ 0 & -1 & \frac{5}{2} & \frac{2a-b}{2} \end{array} \right] R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 6 & -11 & b \\ 0 & -10 & 25 & 2c-b \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{-2b+5a-c}{5} \end{array} \right] R'_3 = R_3 - \frac{1}{10}R_2$$

hence, last row state that

$$0x+0y+0z = \frac{-2b+5a-c}{5}$$

0 cannot equal $\frac{-2b+5a-c}{5}$. So

this system of linear equations has no solution.

$$2. A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[A|I] = \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 5 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] R'_1 = R_1 - R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 & 8 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] R'_2 = R_2 - R_1$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 & 8 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 1 & 0 & -2 \end{array} \right] R'_3 = R_1 - R_3$$

$$\bullet = \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 & 8 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & 1 & -5 \end{array} \right] R'_3 = 3R_3 + R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & 15 & 9 & -39 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & 1 & -5 \end{array} \right] R'_2 = 8R_3 + R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 16 & 9 & -40 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & 15 & 9 & -39 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & 1 & -5 \end{array} \right] R'_1 = R_1 + R_2$$

$$[I|A^{-1}] = \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 16 & 9 & -40 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -5 & -3 & 13 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 & 5 \end{array} \right] R'_2 = -\frac{1}{3}R_2 \\ R'_3 = (-1)R_3$$

$$\therefore A^{-1} = \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 16 & 9 & -40 \\ -5 & -3 & 13 \\ -2 & -1 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$10. \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 9 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B^{-1} = \frac{1}{|B|} \text{adj}(B); |B| \neq 0$$

$$|B| = 3(0-3) - 4(-4-6) - 1(1-0)$$

$$= -9 + 40 - 1$$

$$= 30$$

$|B| \neq 0$; so inverse of B exist.

$$\text{adj}(B) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -4 & 2 & -4 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 4 & -1 & 3 & -1 & 3 & 9 \\ & 1 & -4 & 2 & -4 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -1 & 3 & 3 & -1 & 3 & 9 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} (0-3) & -(4-6) & (1-0) \\ (16+1) & (-12+2) & -(3-8) \\ (12-0) & -(9+1) & (0-4) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 10 & 1 \\ 15 & -10 & 5 \\ 12 & -10 & -4 \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 15 & 12 \\ 10 & -10 & -10 \\ 1 & 5 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore B^{-1} = \frac{1}{30} \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 15 & 12 \\ 10 & -10 & -10 \\ 1 & 5 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{10} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{2}{5} \\ \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{30} & \frac{1}{6} & -\frac{2}{15} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$12. \quad x+y+z=6$$

$$2x+3y+4z=20$$

$$3x-2y+z=2$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 6 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 20 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

first find the inverse of main matrix.

$$\det = 1(3+8) - 1(2+12) + 1(-4-9)$$

$$= 11 + 10 - 13$$

$$= 8$$

so, inverse exist.

Now find the Adj.

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 8 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 9 \\ -2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & -\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 9 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \\ -\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & -\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 9 \end{vmatrix} & -\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 9 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} (63+8) & -(2-12) & (4-9) \\ -(1+2) & (1-3) & -(-2-3) \\ (9-3) & -(4-2) & (3-2) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 10 & -13 \\ -3 & -2 & 5 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & -2 \\ -13 & 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \text{inverse} = \frac{1}{8} \begin{bmatrix} 14 & -3 & 1 \\ 10 & -2 & -2 \\ -13 & 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{14}{8} & -\frac{3}{8} & \frac{1}{8} \\ -\frac{5}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{13}{8} & \frac{5}{8} & \frac{1}{8} \end{bmatrix}$$

Now multiply the inverse matrix by the solution vector.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{11}{8} & -\frac{3}{8} & \frac{1}{8} \\ \frac{5}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{13}{8} & \frac{5}{8} & -\frac{1}{8} \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 20 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{11}{8} \times 6 - \frac{3}{8} \times 20 + \frac{1}{8} \times 2 \\ \frac{5}{4} \times 6 - \frac{1}{4} \times 20 - \frac{1}{4} \times 2 \\ -\frac{13}{8} \times 6 + \frac{5}{8} \times 20 + \frac{1}{8} \times 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = 1 \\ y = 2 \\ z = 3 \end{array}$$

$$13. x + y + z - 2t = -4$$

$$x - 2y + 3z + 4t = 10$$

$$2x + 3y - z + 2t = 9$$

$$4x - y + 2z - t = -7$$

Let's,

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[A|I] = \left[\begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 & 4 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 4 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 & 4 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] R_1 \leftrightarrow R_4$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 4 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{7}{4} & \frac{5}{2} & \frac{17}{4} & 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{7}{2} & -2 & \frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{7}{4} & 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \end{array} \right] \begin{aligned} R'_2 &= R_2 - \frac{1}{4}R_1 \\ R'_3 &= R_3 - \frac{1}{2}R_1 \\ R'_4 &= R_4 - \frac{1}{4}R_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 4 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{7}{2} & -2 & \frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{7}{4} & \frac{5}{2} & \frac{17}{4} & 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{7}{4} & 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 4 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{7}{2} & -2 & \frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{11}{2} & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{17}{14} & -\frac{37}{14} & 1 & 0 & \frac{5}{14} & \frac{1}{14} \end{array} \right] \quad \begin{aligned} R'_3 &= R_3 + \frac{1}{2}R_2 \\ R'_4 &= R_4 - \frac{5}{14}R_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 4 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{7}{2} & -2 & \frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{11}{2} & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{149}{21} & 1 & -\frac{17}{21} & -\frac{16}{21} & \frac{1}{3} \end{array} \right] \quad R'_4 = R_4 - \frac{18}{21}R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 4 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{7}{2} & -2 & \frac{5}{2} & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{11}{2} & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{21}{149} & \frac{17}{149} & \frac{16}{149} & -\frac{7}{149} \end{array} \right] \quad R_4' = -\frac{21}{149}R_4$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 4 & -1 & 2 & 0 & -\frac{21}{149} & \frac{17}{149} & \frac{16}{149} & \frac{142}{149} \\ 0 & \frac{7}{2} & -2 & 0 & \frac{105}{298} & -\frac{85}{298} & \frac{109}{149} & -\frac{57}{149} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} & 0 & \frac{231}{298} & \frac{111}{298} & -\frac{27}{298} & -\frac{36}{298} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{21}{298} & \frac{17}{149} & \frac{16}{149} & -\frac{7}{149} \end{array} \right] \quad \begin{aligned} R_1' &= R_1 + R_4 \\ R_2' &= R_2 - \frac{5}{2}R_4 \\ R_3' &= R_3 - \frac{11}{2}R_4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 4 & -1 & 2 & 0 & -\frac{21}{149} & \frac{17}{149} & \frac{16}{149} & \frac{142}{149} \\ 0 & \frac{7}{2} & -2 & 0 & \frac{105}{298} & -\frac{85}{298} & \frac{109}{149} & -\frac{57}{149} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{77}{149} & \frac{37}{149} & -\frac{9}{149} & -\frac{29}{149} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{21}{149} & \frac{17}{149} & \frac{16}{149} & -\frac{7}{149} \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' - \frac{2}{3}R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 4 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{175}{149} & -\frac{57}{149} & \frac{39}{149} & \frac{190}{149} \\ 0 & \frac{7}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{413}{298} & \frac{63}{298} & \frac{91}{149} & -\frac{105}{149} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{77}{149} & \frac{37}{149} & \frac{9}{149} & \frac{-29}{149} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{21}{149} & \frac{17}{149} & \frac{16}{149} & \frac{-7}{149} \end{array} \right] \quad R_1' = R_1 - 2R_3$$

$$R_2' = R_2 + 2R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 4 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{175}{149} & -\frac{57}{149} & \frac{39}{149} & \frac{190}{149} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{59}{149} & \frac{9}{149} & \frac{26}{149} & \frac{-30}{149} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{77}{149} & \frac{37}{149} & \frac{-9}{149} & \frac{-29}{149} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{21}{149} & \frac{17}{149} & \frac{16}{149} & \frac{-7}{149} \end{array} \right] \quad R_2' = -\frac{1}{2}R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} -\frac{116}{149} \\ \frac{59}{149} \\ \frac{77}{149} \\ -\frac{21}{149} \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} -\frac{48}{149} \\ \frac{9}{149} \\ \frac{37}{149} \\ \frac{17}{149} \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{60}{149} \\ \frac{26}{149} \\ -\frac{9}{149} \\ \frac{16}{149} \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{160}{149} \\ -\frac{30}{149} \\ \frac{29}{149} \\ -\frac{7}{149} \end{array} \right] \quad R_1' = R_1 + R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} -\frac{29}{149} \\ \frac{59}{149} \\ \frac{77}{149} \\ -\frac{21}{149} \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} -\frac{12}{149} \\ \frac{9}{149} \\ \frac{37}{149} \\ \frac{17}{149} \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{15}{149} \\ \frac{26}{149} \\ -\frac{9}{149} \\ \frac{16}{149} \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{40}{149} \\ -\frac{30}{149} \\ \frac{29}{149} \\ -\frac{7}{149} \end{array} \right] \quad R_1' = \frac{1}{4}R_1$$

$$= [I | A^{-1}]$$

Now multiply the A^{-1} with result vector.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{29}{149} & -\frac{12}{149} & \frac{15}{149} & \frac{40}{149} \\ \frac{59}{149} & \frac{9}{149} & \frac{26}{149} & -\frac{30}{149} \\ \frac{77}{149} & \frac{37}{149} & -\frac{9}{149} & \frac{29}{149} \\ -\frac{21}{149} & \frac{17}{149} & \frac{16}{149} & -\frac{7}{149} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 10 \\ 9 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left[\left(-\frac{29}{149} \right) 4 + \left(-\frac{12}{149} \right) \cdot 10 + \frac{15}{149} \cdot 9 + \frac{40}{149} (-7) \right] \\
 &\quad \left[\frac{59}{149} \cdot 4 + \frac{9}{149} \cdot 10 + \frac{26}{149} \cdot 9 + \left(-\frac{30}{149} \right) (-7) \right] \\
 &\quad \left[\frac{77}{149} \cdot 4 + \frac{37}{149} \cdot 10 + \left(-\frac{9}{149} \right) 9 + \left(-\frac{24}{149} \right) (-7) \right] \\
 &\quad \left[\left(-\frac{21}{149} \right) \cdot 4 + \frac{17}{149} \cdot 10 + \frac{16}{149} \cdot 9 + \left(\frac{7}{149} \right) (-7) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left[\begin{array}{c} -\frac{381}{149} \\ \frac{770}{149} \\ \frac{765}{149} \\ \frac{279}{149} \end{array} \right] \quad X = -\frac{381}{149} \\
 &\quad Y = \frac{770}{149} \\
 &\quad Z = \frac{765}{149} \\
 &\quad f = \frac{279}{149}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$14. A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 \\ 7 & 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[A|I] = \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 7 & 3 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 7 & 3 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] R_1 \leftrightarrow R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 7 & 3 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{19}{7} & \frac{26}{7} & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{7} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{7} & \frac{16}{7} & 1 & 0 & -\frac{3}{7} & 0 \end{array} \right] R'_2 = R_2 - \frac{4}{7}R_1 \\ R'_3 = R_3 - \frac{3}{7}R_1$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 7 & 3 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{19}{7} & \frac{26}{7} & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{7} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{62}{19} & 1 & \frac{5}{19} & -\frac{14}{19} & 0 \end{array} \right] R'_3 = R_3 + \frac{5}{19}R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 7 & 3 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{19}{7} & \frac{26}{7} & 0 & 1 & -\frac{9}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{19}{62} & \frac{5}{62} & -\frac{11}{62} \end{array} \right] \quad R_3' = \frac{19}{62} R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 7 & 3 & 0 & \frac{57}{62} & \frac{15}{62} & \frac{29}{62} \\ 0 & -\frac{19}{7} & 0 & -\frac{247}{217} & \frac{152}{217} & \frac{19}{217} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{19}{62} & \frac{5}{62} & -\frac{11}{62} \end{array} \right] \quad \begin{aligned} R_1' &= R_1 + 3R_3 \\ R_2' &= R_2 - \frac{26}{7}R_3 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 7 & 3 & 0 & \frac{57}{62} & \frac{15}{62} & \frac{29}{62} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{13}{31} & -\frac{8}{31} & -\frac{1}{31} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{19}{62} & \frac{5}{62} & -\frac{11}{62} \end{array} \right] \quad R_2' = -\frac{7}{19} R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{21}{62} & \frac{63}{62} & \frac{35}{62} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{13}{31} & -\frac{8}{31} & -\frac{1}{31} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{19}{62} & \frac{5}{62} & -\frac{11}{62} \end{array} \right] \quad R'_1 = R_1 - 3R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{3}{62} & \frac{9}{62} & \frac{5}{62} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{13}{31} & -\frac{8}{31} & -\frac{1}{31} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{19}{62} & \frac{5}{62} & -\frac{11}{62} \end{array} \right] \quad R'_1 = \frac{1}{2} R_1$$

$$= [I | A^{-1}]$$

$$\therefore A^{-1} = \left[\begin{array}{ccc} -\frac{3}{62} & \frac{9}{62} & \frac{5}{62} \\ \frac{13}{31} & -\frac{8}{31} & -\frac{1}{31} \\ \frac{19}{62} & \frac{5}{62} & -\frac{11}{62} \end{array} \right]$$

$$3x + 4y + 7z = 14$$

$$2x - y + 3z = 9$$

$$x + 2y - 3z = 0$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 4 & 7 & 14 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 9 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 4 & 7 & 14 \\ 0 & -\frac{11}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} & -\frac{16}{3} \\ 0 & \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{16}{3} & -\frac{14}{3} \end{array} \right] \quad R_2' = R_2 + \frac{2}{3}R_1, \quad R_3' = R_3 - \frac{1}{3}R_1$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 4 & 7 & 14 \\ 0 & -\frac{11}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} & -\frac{16}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{62}{11} & -\frac{62}{11} \end{array} \right] R_3' = R_3 + \frac{2}{11} R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 4 & 7 & 14 \\ 0 & -\frac{11}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} & -\frac{16}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] R_3' = -\frac{11}{62} R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 4 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -\frac{11}{3} & 0 & -\frac{11}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] R_2' = R_2 + \frac{5}{3} R_3 \\ R_1' = R_1 - 7R_3$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 4 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] R_2' = -\frac{3}{11} R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad R'_1 = R_1 - 4R_2$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad R'_1 = \frac{1}{3}R_1$$

$$X = 1$$

$$Y = 1$$

$$Z = 1$$

$$15. A = \begin{bmatrix} x+y & y+z & z+x \\ z & x & y \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}|A| &= (x+y)(x-y) - (y+z)(z-y) + (z+x)(z-x) \\&= x^2 - y^2 - z^2 + y^2 + z^2 - x^2 \\&= 0\end{aligned}$$

17.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & \frac{1}{2} & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & -2 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{3} & \frac{5}{3} & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{7}{3} & 2 \\ 0 & \frac{7}{3} & \frac{10}{3} & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R'_2 = R_2 - \frac{1}{3} R_1$$

$$R'_3 = R_3 + \frac{1}{3} R_1$$

$$R'_4 = R_4 - \frac{2}{3} R_1$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & \frac{7}{3} & \frac{10}{3} & -3 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{7}{3} & 2 \\ 0 & \frac{5}{3} & \frac{5}{3} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad R_2 \leftrightarrow R_4$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & \frac{7}{3} & \frac{10}{3} & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{13}{7} & \frac{17}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{7} & \frac{22}{7} \end{bmatrix} \quad R'_3 = R_3 - \frac{1}{7} R_2 \\ R'_4 = R_4 - \frac{5}{7} R_2$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & \frac{7}{3} & \frac{10}{3} & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{13}{7} & \frac{17}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{53}{13} \end{bmatrix} \quad R'_4 = R_4 + \frac{5}{13} R_3$$

$$\therefore \det = 3 \cdot \frac{7}{3} \cdot \frac{13}{7} \cdot \frac{53}{13}$$

$$= 53$$

18.

$$x+y+2-2t = -4$$

$$x-2y+3z+4t = 10$$

$$2x+3y-2+2t = 9$$

$$4x-y+2z-t = -7$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

now find the determinant.

$$\begin{aligned}
 D = 1 & \left\{ -2(1-4) - 3(-3+2) + 4(6-1) \right\} - 1 \left\{ 1(1-4) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. - 3(-2-8) + 4(4+4) \right\} + 1 \left\{ 1(-3+2) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + 2(-2-8) + 4(-2-12) \right\} + 2 \left\{ (-1) + 2(6+4) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + 3(-2-12) \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= (6+3+20) - (-3+30+3) + (-1-20-56) \\ + 2(5+16-42)$$

$$= 29 - 59 - 77 - 42$$

$$\Delta = -149$$

Now replace first column with solution vector.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 10 & -2 & 3 & 4 \\ 9 & 3 & -1 & 2 \\ -7 & -1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta_1 = -4 \left\{ -2(-4) - 3(-3+2) + 4(6-1) \right\} - 1 \left\{ 10(-1-4) \right. \\ \left. - 3(-9+4) + 4(18-7) \right\} + 1 \left\{ 10(-3+2) + 2(-9+4) \right. \\ \left. + 4(-9+2) \right\} + 2 \left\{ 10(6-1) + 2(18-7) + 3(-9+2) \right\}$$

$$= -9(6+3+20) - (-30-15+49) + (-10+10+48)$$
$$+ 2(50+22+36)$$

$$= -116 + 1 + 48 + 216$$

$$D_1 = 199$$

Now replace second column with
solution vector.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 10 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 9 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & -7 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore D_2 &= 1 \left\{ 10(1-4) - 3(-9+4) + 4(18-7) \right\} \\
 &\quad - 4 \left\{ 1(1-4) - 3(-2-8) + 4(4+4) \right\} + 1 \left\{ 1(-9+4) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 10(-2-8) + 4(-14-36) \right\} + 2 \left\{ 1(18-7) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 10(4+4) + 3(-14-36) \right\} \\
 &= (-30 - 15 + 44) + 4(-3 + 30 + 32) + (5 + 100 - 200) \\
 &\quad + 2(11 - 80 - 150) \\
 &= -1 + 236 - 95 - 438 \\
 &= -298
 \end{aligned}$$

Now replace third column with
solution vector.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -4 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 10 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 9 & 2 \\ 4 & -1 & -7 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_3 &= 1 \{-2(-9+19) - 10(-3+2) + 4(-2+9)\} \\
&\quad - 1 \{1(-9+19) - 10(-2-8) + 4(14-36)\} \\
&\quad - 4 \{1(3+2) + 9(-2-8) + 4(-2-12)\} + 2 \{1(2+9) \\
&\quad + 2(-14-36) + 10(-2-12)\} \\
&= (-10 + 10 - 48) - (5 + 100 - 200) \\
&\quad - 4(-1 - 20 - 56) + 2(-12 - 100 - 140) \\
&= -48 + 95 + 308 - 509 = -149
\end{aligned}$$

Now replace column four with solution vector

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & -4 \\ 1 & -2 & 3 & 10 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 & 9 \\ 4 & -1 & 2 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore D_4 &= 1 \{-2(7-18) - 3(-2+9) + 10(6-1)\} \\&\quad - 1 \{1(7-18) - 3(-14-36) + 10(9+4)\} \\&\quad + 1 \{1(-21+9) + 2(-14-36) + 10(-2-12)\} \\&\quad + 4 \{1(6-1) + 2(4+4) + 3(-2-12)\} \\&= (22+36+50) - (-11+150+80) + (-12-100-140) \\&\quad + 4(5+16-42) \\&= 108 - 219 - 252 - 84\end{aligned}$$

$$D_4 = -447$$

$$x = \frac{D_1}{D} = \frac{199}{-149} = -1$$

$$y = \frac{D_2}{D} = \frac{-298}{-149} = 2$$

$$z = \frac{D_3}{D} = \frac{-149}{-149} = 1$$

$$t = \frac{D_4}{D} = \frac{-447}{-149} = 3$$

20.

Let, $x = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4)$ be a vector
which is orthogonal to u, v and w .

Then we have that $(x, u) = 2x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 = 0$

$$(x, v) = -x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 + 2x_4 = 0 \text{ and}$$

$$(x, w) = 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3 + 4x_4 = 0$$

since, $2x_1 + x_2 - 4x_3 = 0$, $-x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 + 2x_4 = 0$

we have that $2x_1 + x_2 - 4x_3 + 2(-x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 + 2x_4) = 0$

$$= 0 + 2 \cdot 0 \text{ and } 3(-x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 + 2x_4) + 3x_1 + 2x_2$$

$$+ 5x_3 + 4x_4 = 3 \cdot 0 + 0 \text{ which gives us}$$

that $-x_2 + 4x_4 = 0$ and then $-x_2 + 10x_3$

$$+ 10x_4 = 0$$

Thus $x_2 = 4x_4$ and $x_3 = -\frac{6x_4}{11}$ and
 therefore since $2x_1 + x_2 - 4x_3 = 0$
 we have that $x_1 = -\frac{34x_4}{11}$

$$\therefore x = \left(-\frac{34x_4}{11}, 4x_4, -\frac{6x_4}{11}, x_4 \right)$$

Now in order for x to be unitary
 we must have $\|x\| = 1$ and then we
 must have $\sqrt{\left(-\frac{34x_4}{11}\right)^2 + (4x_4)^2 + \left(-\frac{6x_4}{11}\right)^2 + x_4^2} = 1$

$$\text{since } \sqrt{\left(-\frac{34x_4}{11}\right)^2 + (4x_4)^2 + \left(\frac{6x_4}{11}\right)^2 + x_4^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1156}{121}x_4^2 + 16x_4^2 + \frac{36}{121}x_4^2 + x_4^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1156}{121} + 16 + \frac{36}{121} + 1}x_4$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{3249}{121}}x_4 = \frac{57}{11}x_4 = 1$$

which gives us $|x_4| = \frac{11}{57}$

$$\therefore x_4 = \pm \frac{11}{57}$$

Thus $\kappa = \left(\frac{39}{57}, -\frac{44}{57}, \frac{6}{57} \right) - \frac{11}{57}$

and $\kappa' = \left(-\frac{39}{57}, \frac{44}{57}, -\frac{6}{57} \right) + \frac{11}{57}$

are two unit vectors which
are orthogonal to u, v and w .