R PROGRAMMING

EXPERIMENT-1

ADDITION: AIM:

To prove the program for addition using R-tool.

PROGRAM:

```
num1=as.integer(readline(prompt = "enter the first number:"))
num2=as.integer(readline(prompt = "enter the second number:"))
num3=num1+num2
print(num3)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter a number1 : 2
Enter a number2 : 2
[1] 4
```

RESULT:

Thus the basic program addition are executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-2

SUBTRACTION:

AIM:

To prove the program for subtraction using R-tool.

PROGRAM:

```
num1=as.integer(readline(prompt = "enter the first number:"))
num2=as.integer(readline(prompt = "enter the second number:"))
num3=num1-num2
print(num3)
```

```
Enter a number1 : 4
Enter a number2 : 2
[1] 2
```

Thus the basic program subtraction are executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-3

MULTIPLICATION:

AIM:

To prove the program for multiplication using R-tool.

PROGRAM:

```
num1=as.integer(readline(prompt = "enter the first number:"))
num2=as.integer(readline(prompt = "enter the second number:"))
num3=num1*num2
print(num3)
```

OUTPUT:

```
> source("~/.active-rstudio-document")
enter the first number:3
enter the second number:2
[1] 6
> |
```

RESULT:

Thus the basic program multiplication are executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-4

DIVISION:

AIM:

To prove the program for division using R-tool.

PROGRAM:

```
num1=as.integer(readline(prompt = "enter the first number:"))
num2=as.integer(readline(prompt = "enter the second number:"))
num3=num1/num2
print(num3)
```

OUTPUT:

```
R 4.2.2 · ~/ 
> source("~/.active-rstudio-document")
enter the first number:10
enter the second number:2
[1] 5
>
```

RESULT:

Thus the basic program division was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-5

ODD OR EVEN:

AIM:

To write the program for odd or even using R-tool.

PROGRAM:

```
num=as.integer(readline(prompt="enter a number:"))
if((num%%2)==0)
{
    print("number is a even")
}else{
    print("number is odd")
}
```

Thus the basic program odd or even was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-6

MEAN, MEDIAN, MODE:

AIM:

To write the program for mean, median, mode.

PROGRAM:

MEAN

```
names<-c("siri","mahi","chiru")
age<-c(23,24,25)
marks<-c(88,78,25)
df<-data.frame(names,age,marks)
mean(df $age)
write.csv(df,"datafr.csv")
MEDIAN
names<-c("siri","mahi","chiru")
age<-c(23,24,25)
marks<-c(88,78,25)
df<-data.frame(names,age,marks)
median(df $age)
```

write.csv(df,"datafr.csv")

```
MODE
```

```
names<-c("siri","mahi","chiru")
age<-c(23,24,25)
marks<-c(88,78,25)
df<-data.frame(names,age,marks)
mode(df $age)
write.csv(df,"datafr.csv")
```

OUTPUT:

```
> mode(df $age)
[1] "numeric"
> mean(df $age)
[1] 27.33333
> median(df $age)
[1] 24
> mode(df $age)
[1] "numeric"
```

RESULT:

Thus the central tendency and measure of dispersion is executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-7

SUMMARY:

AIM:

To write the program for summary using R-tool.

PROGRAM:

```
names<-c("siri","mahi","chiru")
age<-c(23,24,25)
marks<-c(88,78,25)
df<-data.frame(names,age,marks)
summary(df $age)
write.csv(df,"datafr.csv")
```

OUTPUT:

```
> summary(df $age)
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
23.00 23.50 24.00 27.33 29.50 35.00
```

RESULT:

Thus the central tendancy and measure of dispersion is executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-8

GREATER AMONG THREE NUMBERS:

AIM:

To write the program for the greatest among three numbers.

PROGRAM:

```
x <- as.integer(readline(prompt = "Enter first number :"))
y <- as.integer(readline(prompt = "Enter second number :"))
z <- as.integer(readline(prompt = "Enter third number :"))

if (x > y && x > z) {
    print(paste("Greatest is :", x))
} else if (y > z) {
    print(paste("Greatest is :", y))
} else{
    print(paste("Greatest is :", z))
}
```

```
R 4.2.2 · ~/ >> source("~/.active-rstudio-document")
Enter first number :5
Enter second number :6
Enter third number :4
[1] "Greatest is : 6"
> |
```

Thus the greatest among the three numbers was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-9

IQR:

AIM:

To write the program for central tendency and data dispersion measures using R tool.

PROGRAM:

```
names<-c("siri","mahi","chiru")

age<-c(23,24,25)

marks<-c(88,78,25)

df<-data.frame(names,age,marks)

IQR(df $age)

write.csv(df,"datafr.csv")
```

OUTPUT:

```
> IQR(df $age)
[1] 6
```

RESULT:

Thus the program for central tendency and data dispersion measures was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-10

QUANTILE:

AIM:

To write the program for central tendency and data dispersion measures.

PROGRAM:

```
names<-c("siri","mahi","chiru")
age<-c(23,24,25)
```

```
marks<-c(88,78,25)
df<-data.frame(names,age,marks)
quantile(df $age)
write.csv(df,"datafr.csv")
```

OUTPUT:

```
> quantile(df $age)
0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
23.0 23.5 24.0 29.5 35.0
```

RESULT:

Thus the program for central tendency and data dispersion measures was executed successfully

EXPERIMENT-11

MID RANGE:

AIM:

To write the program for central tendency and data dispersion measures.

PROGRAM:

```
names<-c("siri","mahi","chiru")
age<-c(23,24,25)
marks<-c(88,78,25)
df<-data.frame(names,age,marks)
mid range(df $age)
write.csv(df,"datafr.csv")
```

OUTPUT:

```
> range(df $age)
[1] 23 35
```

RESULT:

Thus the program for central tendency and data dispersion measures was executed successfully

EXPERIMENT-12

Z-SCOORE NORMALIZATION:

AIM:

To write the program for Z-scoore normalization using R-tool.

PROGRAM:

diabetest1<-read_excel("C:/Users/M.Geetha/Downloads/NARA.xlsx")
A<-c(diabetest1\$Age)
Mean<-mean(A)
Std<-sd(A)
Zscore<-(A-Mean)/Std
Zscore

OUTPUT:

```
> sd(A)
[1] 11.76023
>
```

RESULT.

Thus the Z-scoore normalization using R tool was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-13

MIN, MAX, MEAN, MINMAX:

AIM:

To write the program for the minimum, maximum, mean and minmax using r-TOOL

PROGRAM:

MEAN

diabetest1<-read_excel("C:/Users/M.Geetha/Downloads/NARA.xlsx")

A<-c(diabetest1\$Age)

Mean<-mean(A)

OUTPUT:

```
> mean(A)
[1] 33.24089
> .
```

MINIMUM

diabetest1<-read_excel("C:/Users/M.Geetha/Downloads/NARA.xlsx")

A<-c(diabetest1\$Age)

Minimum<-Min(diabetest1\$Age)

OUTPUT:

```
> Minimum
[1] 21
>
```

MAXIMUM

diabetest1<-read excel("C:/Users/M.Geetha/Downloads/NARA.xlsx")

A<-c(diabetest1\$Age)

Maximum<-Max(diabetest1\$Age)

OUTPUT:

```
> Maximum
[1] 81
```

MINMAX

diabetest1<-read excel("C:/Users/M.Geetha/Downloads/NARA.xlsx")

A<-c(diabetest1\$Age)

Maximum<-Max(diabetest1\$Age)

Minimum<-Min(diabetest1\$Age)

MinMax<-(A-Minimum)/(Maximum-Minimum)

MinMax

OUTPUT:

```
> MinMax
[1] 0.48333333 0.166666667 0.18333333 0.00000000 0.20000000
[6] 0.15000000 0.08333333 0.13333333 0.53333333 0.55000000
[11] 0.15000000 0.216666667 0.60000000 0.63333333 0.50000000
[16] 0.18333333 0.166666667 0.16666667 0.20000000 0.18333333
[21] 0.10000000 0.48333333 0.33333333 0.13333333 0.50000000
[26] 0.33333333 0.36666667 0.01666667 0.60000000 0.28333333
[31] 0.65000000 0.11666667 0.01666667 0.11666667 0.40000000
[36] 0.20000000 0.23333333 0.41666667 0.10000000 0.58333333
[41] 0.08333333 0.26666667 0.45000000 0.55000000 0.31666667
[46] 0.06666667 0.133333333 0.016666667 0.16666667 0.05000000
```

RESULT:

Thus the program for min, max, minmax, mean was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-14

BAR PLOT AND HORIZONTAL BAR:

AIM:

To draw the bar plot and horizontal bar using R-tool.

PROGRAM:

a<-c(55,67,89,80,90)

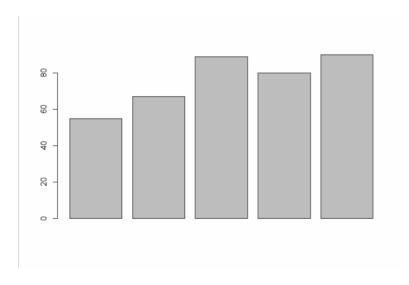
barplot(a)

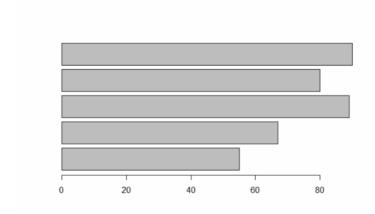
a<-c(55,67,89,80,90)

barplot(a)

barplot(a,horiz=TRUE)

OUTPUT:





RESULT:

Thus the bar and horizontal bar plot was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-15

BOX PLOT:

AIM:

To draw the box plot using R-tool.

PROGRAM:

names<-c("siri","chru","loki")</pre>

age<-c(23,24,25)

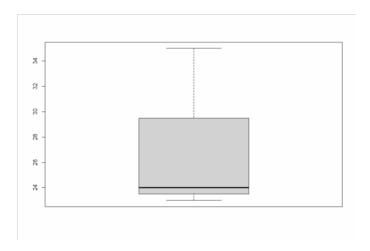
marks<-c(88,78,25)

df<-data.frame(names,age,marks)

hist(df\$age)

boxplot(df\$age)

OUTPUT:



RESULT:

Thus the box plot was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-16

HISTOGRAM:

AIM:

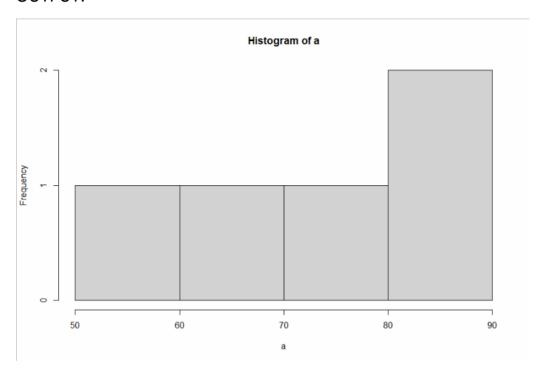
To draw the histogram plot using R-tooll.

PROGRAM:

a<-c(55,67,89,80,90)

hist(a)

OUTPUT:



RESULT:

Thus the histogram plot was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-17

CORRELATION ANALYSIS:

AIM:

To write the program for correlation analysis using R-tool.

PROGRAM:

diabetest1<-read_excel("C:/Users/M.Geetha/Downloads/NARA.xlsx")

diabetest1<-table(diabetest1 \$Age, diabetest1 \$Insulin)

diabetest1

chisq.test(diabetest1)

```
diabetes1
   0 14 15 16 18 22 23 25 29 32 36 37 38 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 48 49 50 51
21 28 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0
                           0
                              0
                                0
                                  0
                                     1
                                        0 0
                                              0
                                                      0 0
                                              0
                                                                 0
22 29 0 0
                                1
                                   0 0 0 0
                                                      0 0 0
23 10
      0
        1
           0
              0
                0
                   0
                      0
                        0
                           0
                              0
                                 1
                                   0
                                      0
                                        0
                                           0
                                              0
                                                 1
                                                   1
                                                      0
                                                        2
                                                              0
                                                        ō
24 15
           0 0
                                                   0
      0
                   0
                      0
                        0
                                   0
                                                 0
                                         0
                                           0
                0
25 18
      1
        0
           0
             1
                   0
                     0
                        0
                           0
                              0
                                 0
                                   1
                                      0
                                         1
  52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 63 64 65 66 67 68 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77
21 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
                                     1 0
                                           0
                                              0
                                                1
                                                   0
                                                      0
                                                        0
                                                              2
                0
                   1
                      0
                           0
                              1
                                   0
                                              0
                                                   0
                                                      0
                                         0
                                           0
```

Thus the correlation analysis was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-18

SCATTER PLOT:

AIM:

To draw the scatter plot using R-tool

PROGRAM:

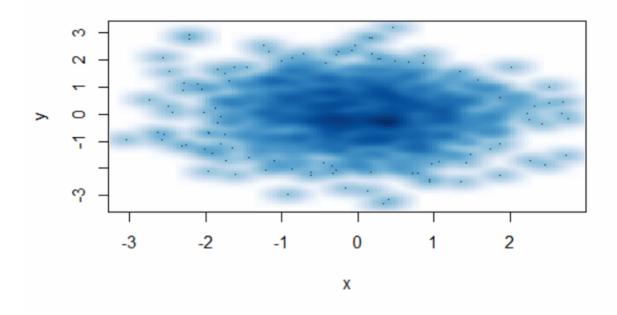
set.seed(9)

x <- rnorm(1000)

y <- rnorm(1000)

smoothScatter(y - x)

smoothScatter(x,y)



Thus the scatter plot was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-19

LINEAR REGRESSION:

AIM:

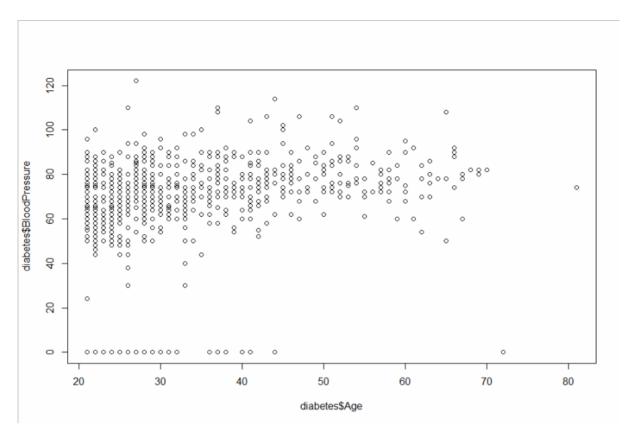
To write thr program for the linear regression using R-tool.

PROGRAM:

Relation <- Im(diabetes\$BloodPressure~diabetes\$Age)

Png<- (file="linear regression.png")

Plot(diabetes\$Age, diabetes\$BloodPressure, col="green", main= "Linear Regression Analysis", abline= (Im(diabetes\$BloodPressure~ diabetes\$Age)), xlab = "BloodPressure", ylanb= "Age")



Thus the linear regression program was executed successfully.

EXPERIMENT-20

MULTIPLE REGRESSION:

AIM:

To write the program for the multiple regression.

PROGRAM:

Input <- diabetes[,c("Age", "BloodPressure", "Glucose")]</pre>

Model <- Im(Age~ BloodPressure+Glucose,data=input)

Print(model)

A<- coef(model)[1]

Print(A)

OUTPUT:

```
> print(A)
(Intercept)
   14.33937
> |
```

xBloodPressure<- coef(model)[2]

yGlucose<- coef(model)[3]

print(xBloodPressure)

print(yGlucose)

OUTPUT:

```
> print(yGlucose)
   Glucose
0.08547277
>
```

y = A+xBloodPressure + yGlucose

print(y)

```
>
> print(y)
(Intercept)
    14.54883
>
```