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PROGRAMMING IN

C LAB :-

EXPERIMENT - 1

1) Write a C programme to print "Hello World"

:- #include <stdio.h>
int main()

printf ("HELLO WORLD");

return 0;

}

RESULT :- HELLO WORLD

Red Pen

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2) write a C program to print the address in multiple lines.

:- #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

printf("I am Sayra Sood.\n");

printf(" I live in Moga,\n");

printf(" Punjab, India.\n");

return 0;

}

RESULT :- I am Sayra Sood.

I live in Moga,

Punjab, India.

3) write a program that prompts the user to enter their name and age.

∴ #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

char name [50]

int age;

printf ("Enter your name: ");

fgets (*name, sizeof(name), stdin);

printf ("Enter your age: ");

scanf ("%d", &age);

printf ("\nHello, %s", name);

printf ("You are %d years old.\n", age);

return 0;

}

RESULT :- Enter your name: Sayra

Enter your age: 18

Hello, Sayra

You are 18 years old.

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Q) Write a C program to add two numbers, take no from user

:- #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

 int num1, num2, sum;

 printf("enter the first number: ");

 scanf("%d", &num1);

 printf("enter the second number: ");

 scanf("%d", &num2);

 sum = num1 + num2;

 printf("the sum of %d and %d is %d\n", num1, num2, sum);

 return 0;

}

RESULT :- enter the first number: 5

enter the second number: 6

the sum of 5 and 6 is 11



EXPERIMENT - 2

1) WAP a C program to calculate the area and perimeter of a rectangle based length and width.

:-

```
#include <Stdio.h>
int main() {
```

```
    int length, width;
```

```
    int area, perimeter;
```

```
    printf("enter length");
```

```
    Scanf("%d", &length);
```

```
    printf("enter width");
```

```
    Scanf("%d", &width);
```

```
    area = length * width;
```

```
    perimeter = 2 * (length + width);
```

```
    printf("the area is %.d and perimeter is %.d", area,
           perimeter);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

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RESULT :- enter length 40
enter width 50

the area is 2000 and perimeter is 180



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2) WAP a C program to Convert temperature from Celsius to Fahrenheit using the formula.

$$F = (C * 9/5) + 32$$

:- include <stdio.h>

```
int main() {
```

```
    float celsius, fahrenheit;
```

```
    printf("Enter temperature in Celsius: ");
```

```
    scanf("%f", &celsius);
```

```
    fahrenheit = (celsius * 9/5) + 32;
```

```
    printf("%.2f Celsius = %.2f Fahrenheit\n", celsius,  
           fahrenheit);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

RESULT :- Enter the temperature in Celsius: 35

35.00 Celsius = 95.00 Fahrenheit

X

X

EXPERIMENT - 11

Q) Write a program to apply bitwise OR, AND and NOT operators on bit level:

:- #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int a=3;

int b=5;

printf("bitwise a and b is %d\n", a&b);

printf("bitwise a or b is %d\n", a|b);

printf("bitwise a not b is %d\n", ~a);

return 0;

}

RESULT :- Bitwise a and b is 1

Bitwise a or b is 7

Bitwise a not b is -4

2) write a program to apply left shift and right shift operators.

:- include <stdio.h>

```
int main() {  
    int a = 3;  
    int b = 5;
```

```
    printf("left shift of a %d\n", a<<1);  
    printf("left shift of a %d\n", a<<2);  
    printf("right shift of b %d\n", b>>1);  
    printf("right shift of b %d\n", b>>2);
```

```
    return 0;  
}
```

RESULT :-

left shift of a 6
left shift of a 12
right shift of b 2
right shift of b 1

EXPERIMENT - 3.1

- 5) WAP using ternary operator, the user should input the length and breadth of rectangle, one has to find out which rectangle has the highest perimeter. The minimum no. of rectangles should be 3

: - #include <stdio.h>

int main() {

float l₁, b₁, l₂, b₂, l₃, b₃;

float p₁, p₂, p₃, max;

printf("Enter length and breadth of rectangle 1: ");

scanf("%f %f", &l₁, &b₁);

printf("Enter length and breadth of rectangle 2: ");

scanf("%f %f", &l₂, &b₂);

printf("Enter length and breadth of rectangle 3: ");

scanf("%f %f", &l₃, &b₃);

$$P_1 = 2 * (l_1 + b_1);$$

$$P_2 = 2 * (l_2 + b_2);$$

$$P_3 = 2 * (l_3 + b_3);$$

$$\max = (P_1 > P_2) ? ((P_1 > P_3) ? P_1 : P_3) : ((P_2 > P_3) ? P_2 : P_3);$$

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point f ("highest perimeter is : %2f \n", max);

return 0;

}

RESULT - enter length and breadth of rectangle 1 ; 10

20

enter length and breadth of rectangle 2 ; 40

100

enter length and breadth of rectangle 3 ; 30

90

Highest perimeter is : 280.00

2) WAP to compute the BMI index of person and print the BMI values as per the following ranges. You can use the following formula to compute $BMI = \frac{weight(kg)}{Height(mts) \times Height(mts)}$

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    float h, w;
```

```
    printf("enter your height :");
```

```
    scanf("%f", &h);
```

```
    printf("enter your weight :");
```

```
    scanf("%f", &w);
```

```
    float BMI;
```

```
    BMI = w / (h * h);
```

```
    printf("Your BMI is : %f", BMI);
```

```
    if (BMI < 15) {
```

```
        printf("Starvation");
```

```
}
```

```
else if (BMI >= 15.1 & & BMI < 17.5) {
```

```
    printf("Anorexic");
```

```
}
```

```
else if (BMI >= 17.6 & & BMI < 18.5) {
```

```
    printf("Underweight");
```

```
}
```

```
else if (BMI >= 25 & & BMI < 25.9) {
```

```
else if (BMI >= 18.6 & BMI < 24.9) {
```

```
    printf ("ideal ");
```

```
}
```

```
else if (BMI >= 25 & BMI < 25.9) {
```

```
    printf ("overweight ");
```

```
}
```

```
else {
```

```
    printf ("obese ");
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

RESULT :- enter your height :- 165 metres

enter your weight :- 80kg

Your BMI is : 29.38

3) WAP to check if 3 points $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2)$ and (x_3, y_3) are collinear or not

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3
```

```
    int area;
```

```
    printf("Enter coordinates of first point (x1, y1): ");
```

```
    scanf("%d %d", &x1, &y1);
```

```
    printf("Enter coordinates of second point (x2, y2): ");
```

```
    scanf("%d %d", &x2, &y2);
```

```
    printf("Enter coordinates of third point (x3, y3): ");
```

```
    scanf("%d %d", &x3, &y3);
```

$$\text{area} = x_1 * (y_2 - y_3) + x_2 * (y_3 - y_1) + x_3 * (y_1 - y_2);$$

```
if (area == 0)
```

```
    printf("The points are collinear.\n");
```

```
else
```

```
    printf("The points are not collinear.\n");
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

RESULT - 1) collinear points

Enter coordinates of first point (x_1, y_1) : 1 1

Enter coordinates of second point (x_2, y_2) : 2 2

Enter coordinates of third point (x_3, y_3) : 3 3

The points are collinear

2) Not Collinear

Enter coordinates of first point (x_1, y_1) : 0 0

Enter coordinates of second point (x_2, y_2) : 2 0

Enter coordinates of third point (x_3, y_3) : 4 3

The points are not collinear

Q) WAP to take check if the triangle is valid or not. If the validity is established, do check if the triangle is isosceles, equilateral, right angle or scalene. Take sides of triangle as input from user.

```
#include <Stdio.h>
int main() {
    int S1, S2, S3;
    printf("enter your first side : ");
    scanf("%d", &S1);
    printf("enter your Second side : ");
    scanf("%d", &S2);
    printf("enter your third side : ");
    scanf("%d", &S3);
    if (S1+S2>S3 && S2+S3>S1 && S3+S1>S2) {
        printf("This triangle exists.\n");
    }
    else {
        printf("Triangle is invalid.");
    }
    if (S1 == S2 && S2 == S3 && S3 == S1) {
        printf("It is an equilateral triangle");
    }
}
```

```
else if (s1 == s2 || s1 == s3 || s2 == s3) {  
    printf("It's an isosceles triangle");  
}
```

```
else if ((s1 + s2) ^ 2 == s3 ^ 2 || (s3 + s2) ^ 2 == s1 ^ 2  
        || (s1 + s3) ^ 2 == s2 ^ 2) {
```

```
    printf("It is a right angled triangle");
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

RESULT :- Enter your first side: 12

Enter your second side: 9

Enter your third side: 6

This triangle exists.

It is a right angled triangle

Q) Acc to gregorian calendar, it was Monday on the date 01/01/01. If any year is input through keyboard write a program to find out what is the day on 1 Jan. of this year.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main () {
```

```
    printf ("Enter year");  
    scanf ("%d", &year);
```

```
    for (int y=1; y<year; y++) {  
        if (y % 4 == 0) [
```

```
            days += 366;
```

```
        } else
```

```
            days += 365;
```

```
}
```

```
int day = days % 7;
```

```
char [ ] = { "Mon", "Tue", "Wed", "Thurs", "Fri",  
            "Sat", "Sun" };
```

```
printf ("1st January of year %d is %s\n", year, week  
                                day [day % 7]);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

Output:- Enter the year - 2025

1st January of year 2025 is wednesday

$$S^A E2 = S^A (S2 + E2) \quad | \quad S^A E2 = S^A (E2 + 12)$$

(["] repeat above no. 12) given

$$S^A E2 = S^A (S2 + E2) \quad | \quad S^A E2 = S^A (E2 + 12)$$

$$S^A E2 = S^A (E2 + 12) \quad | \quad$$

(["] repeat before step 6 in fig.) given

20 winter

• This twist may occur :-

• This twist may occur

• This twist may occur

• This twist may occur

EXPERIMENT - 3.2

1) WAP to enter numbers till the user wants. At the end, it should display the count of +ve, -ve, or zero.
#include <stdio.h>

```
int main() {
    int num, positive = 0, negative = 0, zero = 0;
    char choice = 'y';
    while (choice == 'y' || choice == 'Y') {
        printf ("Enter a number: ");
        scanf ("%d", &num);
        if (num > 0)
            positive++;
        else if (num < 0)
            negative++;
        else
            zero++;
        printf ("Do you want to enter another number? (Y, N):");
        scanf ("%c", &choice);
    }
    printf ("Total +ve numbers: %d\n", positive);
    printf ("Total -ve numbers: %d\n", negative);
    printf ("Total zeroes: %d\n", zero);
    return 0;
}
```

Y

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Output - Enter a number = 5
Do you want to enter another no? (y/n): y
Enter number : -2
Do you want to enter another no? (y/n): n

Count of positive numbers = 1
Count of negative numbers = 1
Count of zeroes = 0

2) WAP to print the multiplication table of the number entered by the user. It should be in the correct formatting. $\text{num} * i = \text{num}$

include <stdio.h>

```
int main() {
    int n, i;
    printf("Enter the value of n\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for (int i=1; i<=10; i++) {
        printf("%d * %d = %d\n", n, i, n*i);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output - enter value of n : 5

$$5 * 1 = 5$$

$$5 * 2 = 10$$

$$5 * 3 = 15$$

$$5 * 4 = 20$$

$$5 * 5 = 25$$

$$5 * 6 = 30$$

$$5 * 7 = 35$$

$$5 * 8 = 40$$

$$5 * 9 = 45$$

$$5 * 10 = 50$$

3) WAP to generate the following set of output:-

a. 1
2 3
4 5 6

include <stdio.h>

```
int main() {  
    int i, j, num = 1;  
    for (i = 1; i <= 3; i++) {  
        for (j = 1; j <= i; j++) {  
            printf("%d", num);  
            num++;  
        }  
    }
```

```
    printf("\n");  
}
```

```
return 0;  
}
```