

2. String Anagram

An anagram of a string is another string with the same characters in the same frequency, in any order. For example 'abc', 'bca', 'acb', 'bac', 'cba', 'cab' are all anagrams of the string 'abc'. Given two arrays of strings, for every string in one list, determine how many anagrams of it are in the other list. Write a function that receives *dictionary* and *query*, two string arrays. It should return an array of integers where each element *i* contains the number of anagrams of *query[i]* that exist in *dictionary*.

Example

```
dictionary = ['hack', 'a', 'rank', 'khac', 'ackh', 'kran', 'rankhacker', 'a', 'ab', 'ba', 'stairs', 'raits']
query = ["a", "nark", "bs", "hack", "stair"]
```

query[0] = 'a' has 2 anagrams in *dictionary*: 'a' and 'a'.

query[1] = 'nark' has 2 anagrams in *dictionary*: 'rank' and 'kran'.

query[2] = 'bs' has 0 anagrams in *dictionary*.

query[3] = 'hack' has 3 anagrams in *dictionary*: 'hack', 'khac' and 'ackh'.

query[4] = 'stair' has 1 anagram in *dictionary*: 'raits'. While the characters are the same in 'stairs', the frequency of 's' differs, so it is not an anagram.

The final answer is [2, 2, 0, 3, 1].

Function Description

Complete the function *stringAnagram* in the editor below.

stringAnagram has the following parameters:

string dictionary[*n*]: an array of strings to search in

string query[*q*]: an array of strings to search for

Returns

int[*q*]: an array of integers where the *i*th value is the answer to *query*[*i*]

Constraints

Language Python 3

Environment

Autocomplete Ready



```
1 > #!/bin/python3 ...
10
11 #
12 # Complete the 'stringAnagram' function below.
13 #
14 # The function is expected to return an INTEGER_ARRAY.
15 # The function accepts following parameters:
16 # 1. STRING_ARRAY dictionary
17 # 2. STRING_ARRAY query
18 #
19
20 def stringAnagram(dictionary, query):
21     # Write your code here
22
23 > if __name__ == '__main__': ...
```

Test
Results

Custom
Input

Run Code

Run Tests

Submit