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TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCES

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Simulation and Modeling Lab
CSE 413

Project Report

Haunted House Simulation

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Haunted House Simulation

1. Introduction

This project creates an animated haunted house scene that transitions smoothly from day to night. Using mathematical models and real-time rendering, the simulation features dynamic elements including a bobbing ghost, moving clouds, glowing windows, random lightning flashes, and appearing stars. The animation demonstrates linear interpolation for color transitions and physics-based movements to create an immersive spooky atmosphere through computational graphics.

Features :

- Smooth day <-> night transition using a control variable `transition` in [0,1]
- Sun/Moon color interpolation
- Clouds that move horizontally (`cloudOffset`)
- Stars that fade in as night approaches
- House with windows that glow at night
- Ghost bobbing using a sine function
- Random lightning flashes during deep night
- Graveyard, fence, and spooky trees

Math / Modeling notes :

1. Day-Night transition: a scalar `transition(t) ∈ [0,1]` that is linearly advanced toward a target (day or night) with a constant rate `transitionSpeed`. This interpolates scene colors: $\text{color} = (1 - \text{transition})\text{day_color} + \text{transition}\text{night_color}$. (This is

linear interpolation — LERP.)

2. Ghost vertical bobbing: modeled with a sinusoid $y_{\text{ghost}}(t) = y_0 + A * \sin(\omega t)$ where A is amplitude and ω controls speed. This demonstrates simple harmonic motion (no restoring force in the simulation, purely aesthetic).
3. Lightning: modeled as a random impulsive $\alpha(t)$ that decays exponentially per frame when triggered. We use a Poisson-like chance each frame to trigger a flash, then decrease its alpha by a decay factor.
4. Clouds: horizontally translated by a slow $\text{cloudOffset}(t) = \text{cloudOffset} + v_{\text{cloud}} * dt$.
5. Windows glow intensity tied to `transition` (night), giving a visible coupling between environment state and lit objects.

2. Methodology

- Software/Tools: List the primary libraries used (e.g., `numpy`, `matplotlib.animation`, `ffmpeg-python`).
- Simulation Parameters: Detail the initial conditions and constants. You can copy relevant parameters from the code:
 - `FPS`, `TOTAL_TIME`, `FRAMES`
 - `transition` and `transition_speed`
 - `ghost_amplitude`, `ghost_omega`
 - `lightning_decay`, `lightning_prob_per_frame`
 - `cloud_speed`
- Core Algorithms/Formulas: Explain the mathematical models behind the dynamic elements (as noted in the code comments):
 - Day-Night Transition (LERP): `color = (1 - transition)*day_color +`

- `transition*night_color`
- Ghost Vertical Bobbing (SHM): $y_{\text{ghost}}(t) = y_0 + A * \sin(\omega t)$
 - Lightning: Random impulsive alpha with exponential decay.
 - Cloud Movement: Linear translation based on `cloud_speed`.
 - Scene Construction: Briefly describe how static and dynamic elements are drawn using `matplotlib.patches` and `artists`.

3. Results

- Observation of Dynamics: Describe how each animated element behaves over the 10-second simulation.
 - *Day-Night Cycle*: When does it transition? How do colors change?
 - *Ghost*: Describe its movement and appearance relative to the day-night cycle.
 - *Lightning*: How frequently does it strike? How does it fade?
 - *Clouds*: Describe their movement.
 - *Windows/Spiderweb*: When do they become active?
- Visual Output: Reference the generated `haunted_house_sim.mp4` video. You might consider including screenshots at different times (e.g., day, dusk, night with lightning).
- Quantitative Data (if any): If you were to track specific metrics (e.g., average lightning frequency), this section would be where you'd present them. For this simulation, it's mostly qualitative visual results.

4. Discussion

- Effectiveness of Models: Evaluate how well the mathematical models (LERP, sine wave, exponential decay) achieved the desired visual effects.
- Parameter Impact: Discuss how changing certain parameters (e.g., `transition_speed`, `ghost_amplitude`, `lightning_prob_per_frame`) might alter the simulation's aesthetics or realism.
- Strengths & Limitations:
 - *Strengths*: What aspects of the simulation are particularly effective or well-implemented?
 - *Limitations*: What could be improved? (e.g., more complex cloud shapes, more varied ghost movement, interactive elements).
- Unexpected Behaviors (if any): Did anything in the simulation behave in a way you didn't initially expect?

5. Conclusion

- Summary of Findings: Briefly summarize the main observations and the success of the simulation in meeting its objectives.
- Future Work: Suggest potential enhancements or extensions to the simulation (e.g., adding more characters, dynamic camera, environmental sounds, more realistic physics).

6. Appendix :

Small summary of code:

Main Components:

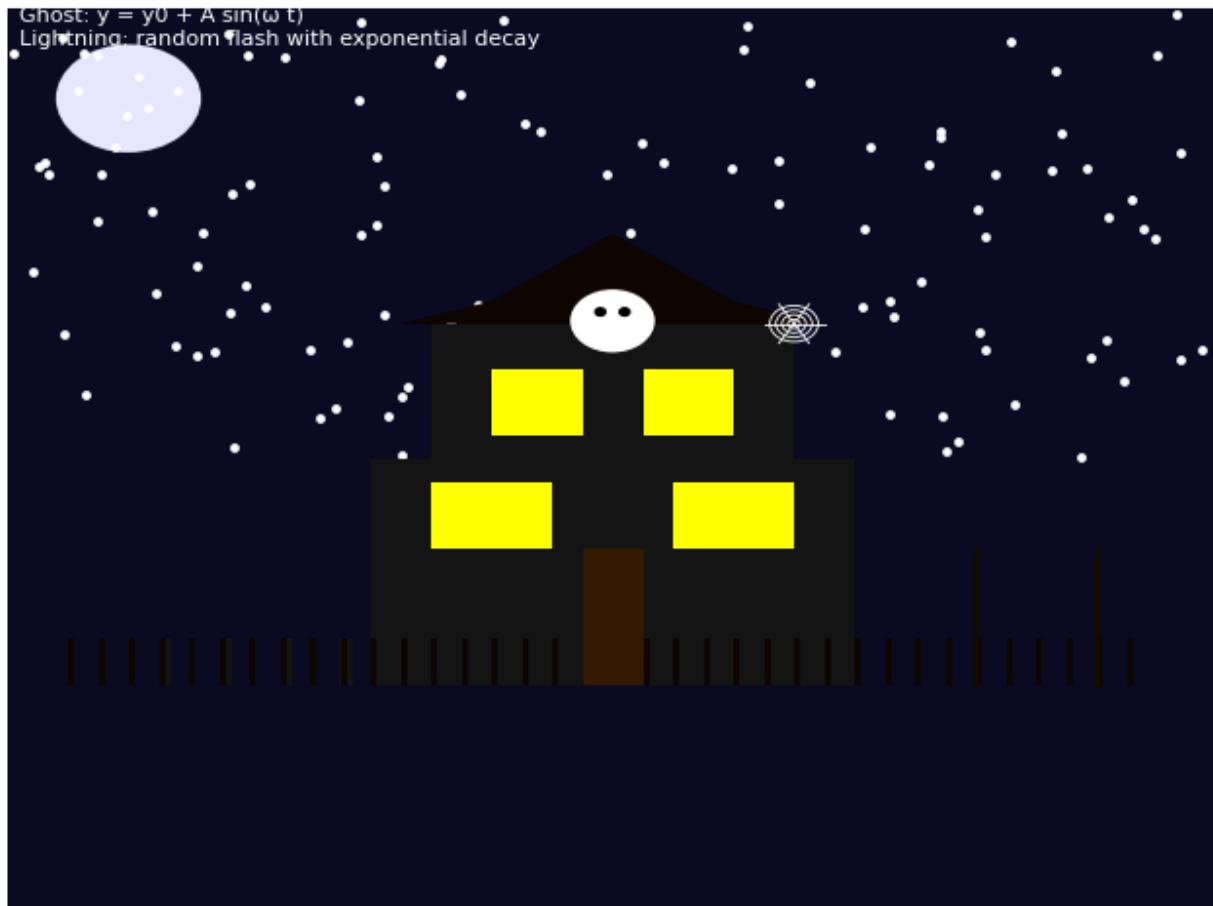
- **Scene Elements:** House, ghost, clouds, sun/moon, stars, trees, fence, graveyard, and lightning
- **Day-Night Transition:** Smooth color interpolation between day and night skies
- **Animations:**
 - Ghost bobbing up/down with sine wave motion
 - Moving clouds that fade out at night
 - Stars that appear gradually
 - Random lightning flashes during deep night
 - Spider web that appears at night
 - Glowing windows that intensify at night

Technical Features:

- Uses matplotlib for rendering and animation
- Linear interpolation (LERP) for color transitions
- Frame-by-frame updates for real-time effects
- Physics-based movements (sine waves, exponential decay)
- Exports to MP4 video format

The simulation runs for 10 seconds at 60 FPS, creating a spooky atmospheric animation that transitions from daytime to nighttime with appropriate visual changes.

Screenshots: Additional visual evidence from the simulation.



Github Link:

https://github.com/SazzadHossain103/SimulationLabProject/blob/main/Team_Shinobu.ipynb