

Chapter 4

1.

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1                                ; 8086 PROGRAM   F4-01.ASM
2                                ;ABSTRACT   : This program averages two temperatures
3                                ; named HI_TEMP and LO_TEMP and puts the
4                                ; result in the memory location AV_TEMP.
5                                ;REGISTERS : Uses DS, CS, AX, BL
6                                ;PORTS    : None used
7
8 0000                                DATA    SEGMENT
9 0000 92                                HI_TEMP DB 92H    ; Max temp storage
10 0001 52                               LO_TEMP DB 52H    ; Low temp storage
11 0002 ??                               AV_TEMP DB ?      ; Store average here
12 0003                                DATA    ENDS
13
14 0000                                CODE    SEGMENT
15                                ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA
16 0000 B8 0000s                        START: MOV  AX, DATA    ; Initialize data segment
17 0003 8E D8                            MOV  DS, AX
18 0005 A0 0000r                        MOV  AL, HI_TEMP    ; Get first temperature
19 0008 02 06 0001r                    ADD  AL, LO_TEMP    ; Add second to it
20 000C B4 00                            MOV  AH, 00H      ; Clear all of AH register
21 000E 80 D4 00                        ADC  AH, 00H      ; Put carry in LSB of AH
22 0011 B3 02                            MOV  BL, 02H      ; Load divisor in BL register
23 0013 F6 F3                            DIV  BL          ; Divide AX by BL. Quotient in AL,
24                                ; and remainder in AH
25 0015 A2 0002r                        MOV  AV_TEMP, AL    ; Copy result to memory
26 0018                                CODE    ENDS
27                                END    START

```

Fig. 4.1 8086 program to average two temperatures.

2.

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1                                ; 8086 PROGRAM F4-05.ASM
2                                ;ABSTRACT   : Program produces a packed BCD byte from 2 ASCII-encoded digits
3                                ; The first ASCII digit (5) is loaded in BL.
4                                ; The second ASCII digit (9) is loaded in AL.
5                                ; The result (packed BCD) is left in AL
6                                ;REGISTERS ; Uses CS, AL, BL, CL
7                                ;PORTS    : None used
8
9 0000                                CODE    SEGMENT
10                                ASSUME CS:CODE
11 0000 B3 35                        START: MOV  BL, '5'    ; Load first ASCII digit into BL
12 0002 B0 39                        MOV  AL, '9'    ; Load second ASCII digit into AL
13 0004 80 E3 0F                      AND  BL, 0FH    ; Mask upper 4 bits of first digit
14 0007 24 0F                        AND  AL, 0FH    ; Mask upper 4 bits of second digit
15 0009 B1 04                        MOV  CL, 04H    ; Load CL for 4 rotates required
16 000B D2 C3                        ROL  BL, CL    ; Rotate BL 4 bit positions
17 000D 0A C3                        OR   AL, BL    ; Combine nibbles, result in AL
18 000F                                CODE    ENDS
19                                END    START

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Fig. 4.5 List file of 8086 assembly language program to produce packed BCD form two ASCII characters.

3.

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1          ; 8086 PROGRAM F4-14A.ASM
2          ;ABSTRACT : Program section for PC board making machine.
3          ; This program section reads the temperature of a cleaning bath
4          ; solution and lights one of two lamps according to the
5          ; temperature read. If the temp <30°C, a yellow lamp will be
6          ; turned on. If the temp is ≥30°C, a green lamp will be turned on.
7          ;REGISTERS: Uses CS, AL, DX
8          ;PORTS : Uses FFF8H - temperature input
9          ; FFFAH - lamp control output (yellow=bit 0, green=bit 1)
10
11 0000      CODE    SEGMENT
12          ASSUME CS:CODE
13          ;initialize SDK-86 port FFFAH as output port, FFF8H as input port
14 0000 BA FFFE      MOV DX, 0FFFEH      ; Point DX to port control register
15 0003 80 99        MOV AL, 99H         ; Load control word to initialize ports
16 0005 EE          OUT DX, AL          ; Send control word to port control register
17
18 0006 BA FFF8      MOV DX, 0FF8H       ; Point DX at input port
19 0009 EC          IN AL, DX           ; Read temp from sensor on input port
20 000A 3C 1E        CMP AL, 30         ; Compare temp with 30°C
21 000C 72 03        JB YELLOW          ; IF temp <30 THEN light yellow lamp
22 000E EB 0A 90     JMP GREEN          ; ELSE light green lamp
23 0011 80 01        YELLOW: MOV AL, 01H ; Load code to light yellow lamp
24 0013 BA FFFA      MOV DX, 0FFFAH     ; Point DX at output port
25 0016 EE          OUT DX, AL          ; Send code to light yellow lamp
26 0017 EB 07 90     JMP EXIT           ; Go to next mainline instruction
27 001A 80 02        GREEN: MOV AL, 02H ; Load code to light green lamp
28 001C BA FFFA      MOV DX, 0FFFAH     ; Point DX at output port
29 001F EE          OUT DX, AL          ; Send code to light green lamp
30 0020 BA FFFC      EXIT: MOV DX, 0FFCH ; Next mainline instruction
31 0023 EC          IN AL, DX           ; Read ph sensor
32 0024      CODE    ENDS

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33          END
(a)

20 000A 3C 1E        CMP AL, 30         ; Compare temp with 30°C
21 000C 73 03        JAE GREEN          ; IF temp ≥30 THEN light green lamp
22 000E EB 0A 90     JMP YELLOW         ; ELSE light yellow lamp
23 0011 80 02        GREEN: MOV AL, 02H ; Load code to light green lamp
24 0013 BA FFFA      MOV DX, 0FFFAH     ; Point DX at output port
25 0016 EE          OUT DX, AL          ; Send code to light green lamp
26 0017 EB 07 90     JMP EXIT           ; Go to next mainline instruction
27 001A 80 01        YELLOW: MOV AL, 01H ; Load code to light yellow lamp
28 001C BA FFFA      MOV DX, 0FFFAH     ; Point DX at output port
29 001F EE          OUT DX, AL          ; Send code to light yellow lamp
30 0020 BA FFFC      EXIT: MOV DX, 0FFCH ; Next mainline instruction
31 0023 EC          IN AL, DX           ; Read ph sensor
32 0024      CODE    ENDS
33          END
(b)

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Fig. 4.14 List file for printed-circuit-board-making machine program, (a) Below 30° version. (b) Program section for above 30° version

4.

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1          ; 8086 PROGRAM F4-16.ASM
2          ;ABSTRACT : This program section reads the temperature of a cleaning bath
3          ; solution and lights one of three lamps according to the
4          ; temperature read. If the temp < 30°C, a yellow lamp will be
5          ; turned on. If the temp ≥ 30° and < 40°, a green lamp will be
6          ; turned on. Temperatures ≥ 40° will turn on a red lamp.
7          ;REGISTERS : Uses CS, AL, DX
8          ;PORTS : Uses FFF8H - temperature input
9          ; FFFAH - lamp control output, yellow=bit 0, green=bit 1, red=bit 2
10 0000 CODE SEGMENT
11          ASSUME CS:CODE
12          ;initialize port FFFAH for output and port FFF8H for input
13 0000 BA FFFE          MOV DX, OFFFEH          ; Point DX to port control register
14 0003 B0 99           MOV AL, 99H             ; Load control word to set up output port
15 0005 EE             OUT DX, AL              ; Send control word to control register
16
17 0006 BA FFF8          MOV DX, OFFF8H          ; Point DX at input port
18 0009 EC             IN AL, DX               ; Read temp from sensor on input port
19 000A BA FFFA          MOV DX, OFFFAH          ; Point DX at output port
20 0000 3C 1E           CMP AL, 30              ; Compare temp with 30°C
21 000F 72 0A          JB YELLOW              ; IF temp < 30 THEN light yellow lamp
22 0011 3C 28           CMP AL, 40              ; ELSE compare with 40°
23 0013 72 0C          JB GREEN              ; IF temp < 40 THEN light green lamp
24 0015 B0 04          RED: MOV AL, 04H          ; ELSE temp ≥ 40 so light red lamp
25 0017 EE             OUT DX, AL              ; Send code to light red lamp
26 0018 EB 0A 90        JMP EXIT              ; Go to next mainline instruction
27 0018 B0 01          YELLOW: MOV AL, 01H       ; Load code to light yellow lamp
28 001D EE             OUT DX, AL              ; Send code to light yellow lamp
29 001E EB 04 90        JMP EXIT              ; Go to next mainline instruction
30 0021 B0 02          GREEN: MOV AL, 02H       ; Load code to light green lamp
31 0023 EE             OUT DX, AL              ; Send code to light green lamp
32 0024 BA FFFC          EXIT: MOV DX, OFFFCH     ; Next mainline instruction
33 0027 EC             IN AL, DX               ; Read ph sensor
34 0028 CODE ENDS
35          END

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5.

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1                                ; 8086 PROGRAM F4-18A.ASM
2                                ;ABSTRACT : Program turns heater off if temperature  $\geq 100^{\circ}\text{C}$ 
3                                ; and turns heater on if temperature  $< 100^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
4                                ;REGISTERS : Uses CS, DX, AL
5                                ;PORTS : Uses FFF8H - temperature data input
6                                ; FFFAH - MSB for heater control output, 0=off, 1=on
7 0000 CODE SEGMENT
8                                ASSUME CS:CODE
9                                ; Initialize port FFFAH for output, and port FFF8H for input
10 0000 BA FFFE MOV DX, OFFFEH ; Point DX to port control register
11 0003 B0 99 MOV AL, 99H ; Control word to set up output port
12 0005 EE OUT DX, AL ; Send control word to port
13
14 0006 BA FFF8 TEMP_IN: MOV DX, OFFF8H ; Point at input port
15 0009 EC IN AL, DX ; Input temperature data
16 000A 3C 64 CMP AL, 100 ; If temp  $\geq 100$  then
17 000C 73 08 JAE HEATER_OFF ; turn heater off
18 000E B0 80 MOV AL, 80H ; else load code for heater on
19 0010 BA FFFA MOV DX, OFFFAH ; Point DX to output port
20 0013 EE OUT DX, AL ; Turn heater on
21 0014 EB F0 JMP TEMP_IN ; WHILE temp  $< 100$  read temp again
22 0016 B0 00 HEATER_OFF: MOV AL, 00 ; Load code for heater off
23 0018 BA FFFA MOV DX, OFFFAH ; Point DX to output port
24 001B EE OUT DX, AL ; Turn heater off
25 001C CODE ENDS
26 END

```



```

14 0006 BA FFF8 TEMP_IN: MOV DX, OFFF8H ; Point DX at input port
15 0009 EC IN AL, DX ; Read in temperature data
16 000A 3C 64 CMP AL, 100 ; If temp  $< 100^{\circ}$  then
17 000C 72 03 JB HEATER_ON ; turn heater on
18 000E EB 09 90 JMP HEATER_OFF ; else temp  $\geq 100$  so turn heater off
19 0011 B0 80 HEATER_ON: MOV AL, 80H ; Load code for heater on
20 0013 BA FFFA MOV DX, OFFFAH ; Point DX at output port
21 0016 EE OUT DX, AL ; Turn heater on
22 0017 EB ED JMP TEMP_IN ; WHILE temp  $< 100^{\circ}$  read temp again
23 0019 B0 00 HEATER_OFF: MOV AL, 00 ; Load code for heater off
24 001B BA FFFA MOV DX, OFFFAH ; Point DX at output port
25 001E EE OUT DX, AL ; Turn heater off
26 001F CODE ENDS
27 END

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(b)

Fig. 4.18 List file for heater control program, (a) First approach, (b) Improved version of WHILE-DO section of program.

6.

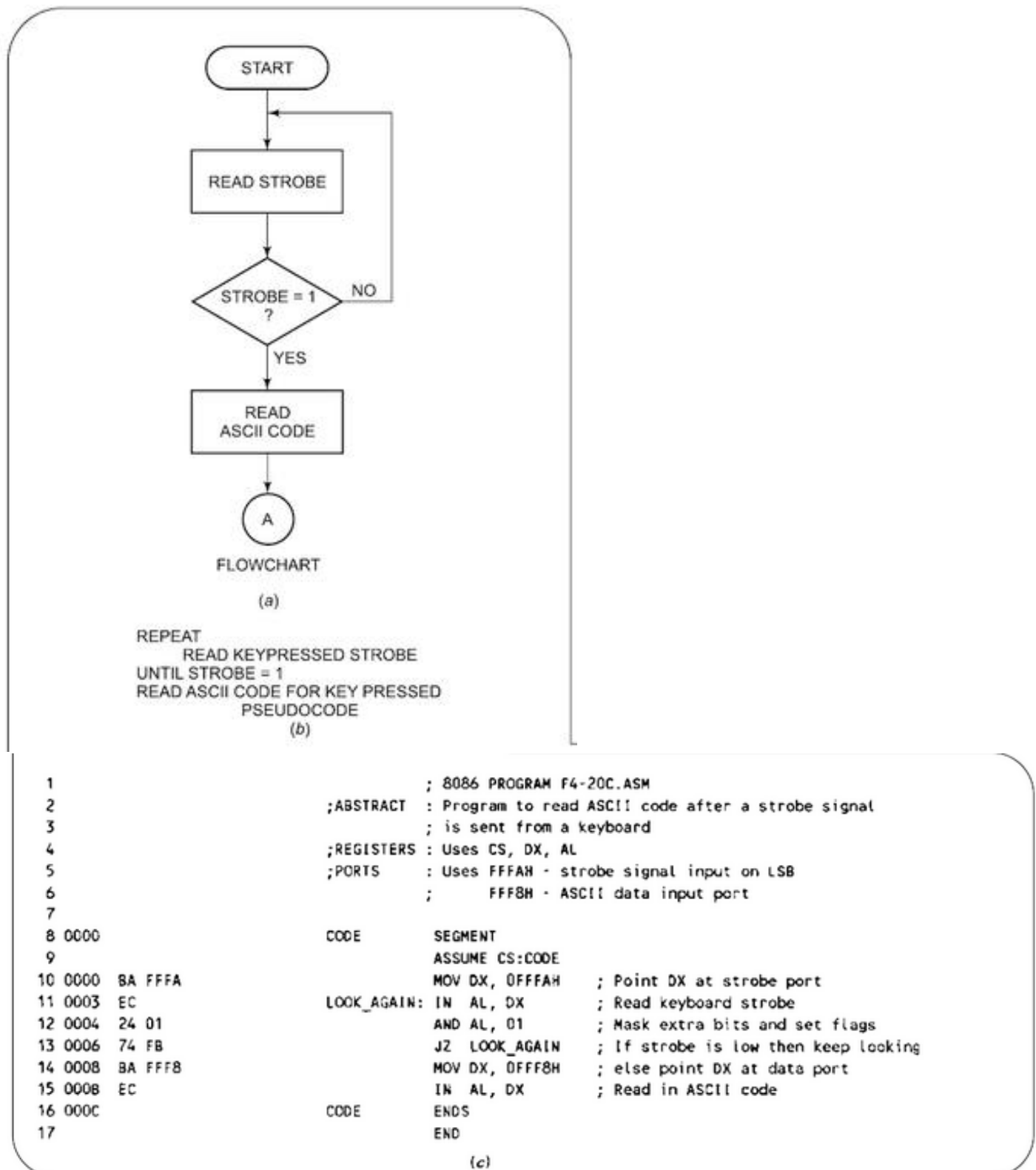
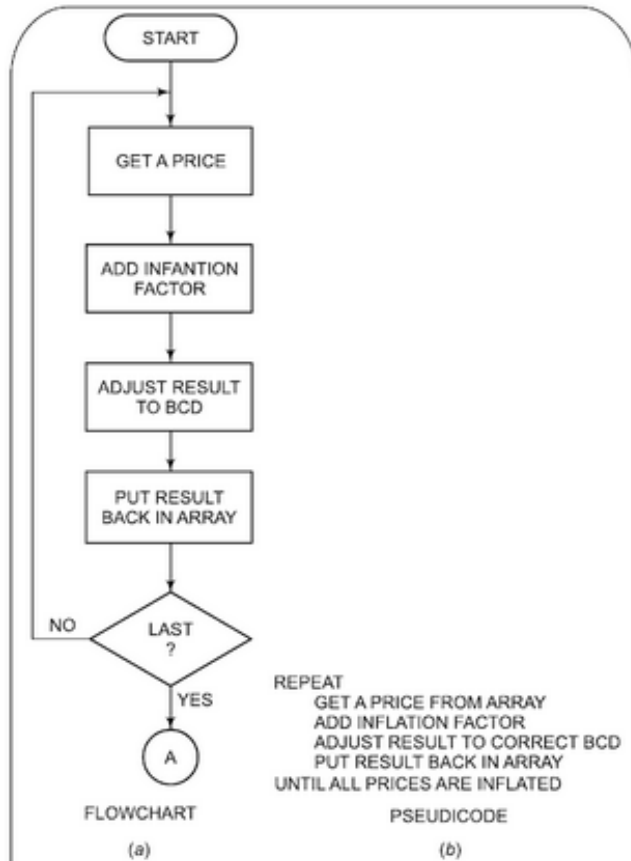


Fig. 4.20 Flowchart, pseudocode, and assembly language for reading ASCII code when a strobe is present. (a) Flowchart, (b) Pseudocode, (c) List file program.

7.



```

1                                     ; 8086 PROGRAM : F4-21C.ASM
2                                     ;ABSTRACT : Program adds an inflation factor to a series of prices
3                                     ; in memory. It copies the new price over the old price.
4                                     ;REGISTERS : Uses DS, CS, AX, BX, CX
5                                     ;PORTS : None used
6
7 0000                                ARRAYS SEGMENT
8 0000 20 28 15 26 19 27 16 +        COST DB 20H, 28H, 15H, 26H, 19H, 27H, 16H, 29H
9 29
10 0008 36 55 27 42 38 41 29 +       PRICES DB 36H, 55H, 27H, 42H, 38H, 41H, 29H, 39H
11 39
12 0010                                ARRAYS ENDS
13
14 0000                                CODE SEGMENT
15                                ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:ARRAYS
16 0000 88 0000s                      START: MOV AX, ARRAYS ; Initialize data segment
17 0003 8E 08                        MOV DS, AX ; register
18 0005 80 1E 0008r                  LEA BX, PRICES ; Initialize pointer
19 0009 89 0008                      MOV CX, 0008H ; Initialize counter
20 000C 8A 07                        DO_NEXT: MOV AL, [BX] ; Copy a price to AL
21 000E 04 03.                      ADD AL, 03H ; Add inflation factor
22 0010 27                          DAA ; Make sure result is BCD
23 0011 88 07                        MOV [BX], AL ; Copy result back to memory
24 0013 43                          INC BX ; Point to next price
25 0014 49                          DEC CX ; Decrement counter
26 0015 75 F5                        JNZ DO_NEXT ; If not last, go get next
27 0017                                CODE ENDS
28                                END START
  
```

Fig. 4.21 Adding a constant to a series of values in memory. (a) Flowchart, (b) Pseudocode, (c) List file of program.

8.

```

1                                ; 8086 PROGRAM F4-23.ASM
2                                ;ABSTRACT : Program adds a profit factor to each element in a
3                                ; COST array and puts the result in a PRICES array.
4                                ;REGISTERS : Uses DS, CS, AX, BX, CX
5                                ;PORTS : None used
6
7                                = 0015      PROFIT EQU 15H ; profit = 15 cents
8 0000      ARRAYS SEGMENT
9 0000 20 28 15 26 19 27 16 + COST DB 20H, 28H, 15H, 26H, 19H, 27H, 16H, 29H
10      29
11 0008 08*(00)      PRICES DB 8 DUP(0)
12 0010      ARRAYS ENDS
13
14 0000      CODE SEGMENT
15      ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:ARRAYS
16 0000 88 0000s      START: MOV AX, ARRAYS ; Initialize data segment
17 0003 8E D8      MOV DS, AX ; register
18 0005 B9 0008      MOV CX, 0008H ; Initialize counter
19 0008 BB 0000      MOV BX, 0000H ; Initialize pointer
20 000B 8A 87 0000r      DO_NEXT: MOV AL, COST[BX] ; Get element [BX] from COST
21 000F 04 15      ADD AL, PROFIT ; Add the profit to value
22 0011 27      DAA ; Decimal adjust result
23 0012 88 87 0008r      MOV PRICES[BX], AL ; Store result in PRICES at [BX]
24 0016 43      INC BX ; Point to next element in arrays
25 0017 49      DEC CX ; Decrement the counter
26 0018 75 F1      JNZ DO_NEXT ; If not last element, do again
27 001A      CODE ENDS
28      END START

```

Fig. 4.23 List file of "price-calculating" program.

Chapter 5

1.

```

1                                     ; 8086 PROGRAM F5-03.ASM
2                                     ;ABSTRACT : This program inputs a password and sounds an alarm
3                                     ; if the password is incorrect
4                                     ;REGISTERS : Uses CS, DS, ES, AX, DX, CX, SI, DI
5                                     ;PORTS : Uses FFFAH - Port 2B on SDK-86 for alarm output
6
7 0000                                DATA SEGMENT
8 0000 46 41 49 4C 53 41 46 +        PASSWORD DB 'FAILSAFE' ; Password
9 45
10 * 0008                            STR_LENGTH EQU ($ - PASSWORD) ; Compute length of string
11 0008 08*(00)                      INPUT_WORD DB 8 DUP(0) ; Space for user password input
12 0010                                DATA ENDS
13
14 0000                                CODE SEGMENT
15                                ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA, ES:DATA
16 0000 BB 0000s                      MOV AX, DATA
17 0003 8E DB                          MOV DS, AX ; Initialize data segment register
18 0005 8E C0                          MOV ES, AX ; Initialize extra segment register
19 0007 BA FFFE                          MOV DX, OFFFEH ; These next three instructions
20 000A BD 99                          MOV AL, 99H ; set up an output port on
21 000C EE                              OUT DX, AL ; the SDK-86 board
22 000D 80 36 0000r                    LEA SI, PASSWORD ; Load source pointer
23 0011 80 3E 0008r                    LEA DI, INPUT_WORD ; Load destination pointer
24 0015 B9 0008                        MOV CX, STR_LENGTH ; Load counter with password length
25 0018 FC                              CLD ; Increment DI & SI
26 0019 F3> A6                        REPE CMPSB ; Compare the two string bytes
27 001B 75 03                          JNE SOUND_ALARM ; If not equal, sound alarm
28 001D EB 08 90                      JMP OK ; else continue
29 0020 B0 01                        SOUND_ALARM:MOV AL, 01 ; To sound alarm, send a 1
30 0022 BA FFFA                      MOV DX, FFFAH ; to the output port whose
31 0025 EE                              OUT DX, AL ; address is in DX
32 0026 F4                              HLT ; and HALT.
33 0027 90                            OK: NOP ; Program continues if password is OK
34 0028                                CODE ENDS
35                                END

```

Fig. 5.3 Assembly language program for comparing strings.

2.

```

1          ; 8086 PROGRAM F5-10.ASM
2          ;ABSTRACT : This program takes in data samples from a port at 1 ms
3          ; intervals, masks the upper 4 bits of each sample, and
4          ; puts each masked sample in successive locations in an array.
5          ;REGISTERS : Uses CS, SS, DS, AX, BX, CX, DX, SI, SP
6          ;PORTS    : Uses 0FFF8H - data samples input from port P2A on SDK-86
7          ;PROCEDURES: Uses WAIT_1MS
8
9          = FFF8          PRESSURE_PORT EQU 0FFF8H
10
11 0000          DATA SEGMENT
12 0000 64*(0000)      PRESSURES DW 100 DUP(0) ; Set up array of 100 words
13          = 0064      NBR_OF_SAMPLES EQU (($-PRESSURES)/2)
14 00C8          DATA ENDS
15
16 0000          STACK_SEG SEGMENT
17 0000 28*(0000)      DW 40 DUP(0) ; set stack length of 40 words
18          STACK_TOP LABEL WORD
19 0050          STACK_SEG ENDS
20
21 0000          CODE SEGMENT
22          ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DATA, SS:STACK_SEG
23 0000 B8 0000s      START: MOV AX, DATA ; Initialize data segment register
24 0003 8E D8          MOV DS, AX
25 0005 B8 0000s      MOV AX, STACK_SEG ; Initialize stack segment register
26 0008 8E D0          MOV SS, AX
27 000A BC 0050r      MOV SP, OFFSET STACK_TOP ; Intialize stack pointer to top of stack
28
29 0000 80 36 0000r      LEA SI, PRESSURES ; Point SI to start of array
30 0011 BB 0064          MOV BX, NBR_OF_SAMPLES ; Load BX with number of samples
31 0014 BA FFF8          MOV DX, PRESSURE_PORT ; Point DX at input port
32 0017 ED          NEXT_VALUE: IN AX, DX ; Read data from port
33 0018 25 0FFF          AND AX, 0FFFH ; Mask upper 4 bits
34 0018 89 04          MOV [SI],AX ; Store data word in array
35 001D E8 0006          CALL WAIT_1MS ; Delay 1 ms
36 0020 46          INC SI ; Point SI at next location in array
37 0021 46          INC SI
38 0022 4B          DEC BX ; Decrement sample counter
39 0023 75 F2          JNZ NEXT_VALUE ; Repeat until 100 samples done
40 0025 90          STOP: NOP
41
42 0026          WAIT_1MS PROC NEAR
43 0026 B9 23F2          MOV CX, 23F2H ; Load delay constant into CX
44 0029 E2 FE          HERE: LOOP HERE ; Loop until CX = 0
45 002B C3          RET
46 002C          WAIT_1MS ENDP
47
48 002C          CODE ENDS
49          END START

```

Fig. 5.10 Assembly language program to read in 100 samples of data at 1-ms intervals.