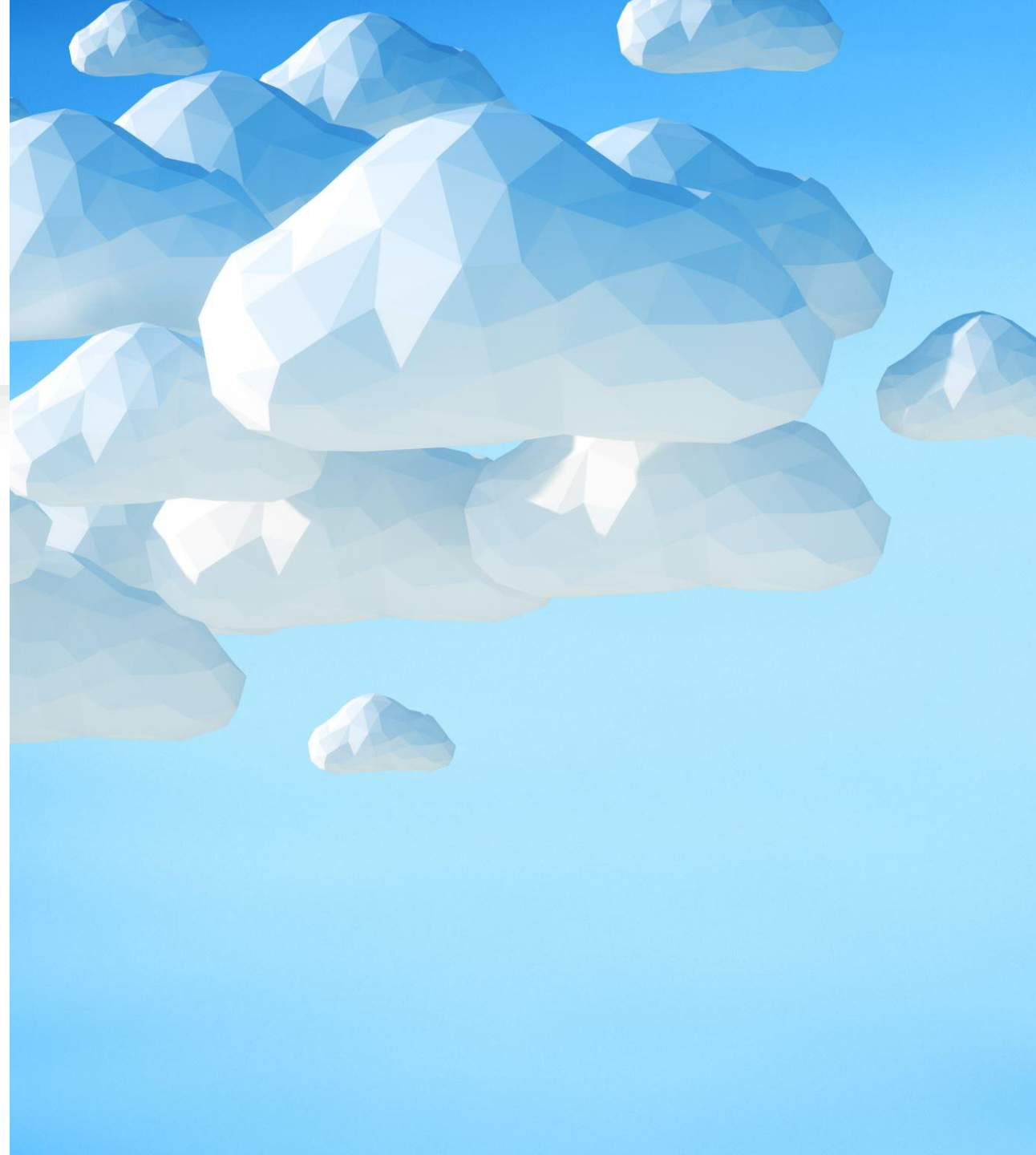


Goals

- Understand the reasons why hosting PostgreSQL in the cloud may be useful
- Learn about the difference between various cloud vendor offerings
- Know the possible challenges that cloud-based hosting introduces



Grant Fritchey

DevOps Advocate

Microsoft PostgreSQL MVP
AWS Community Builder

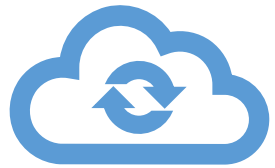
 @gfritchey

 grant@scarydba.com

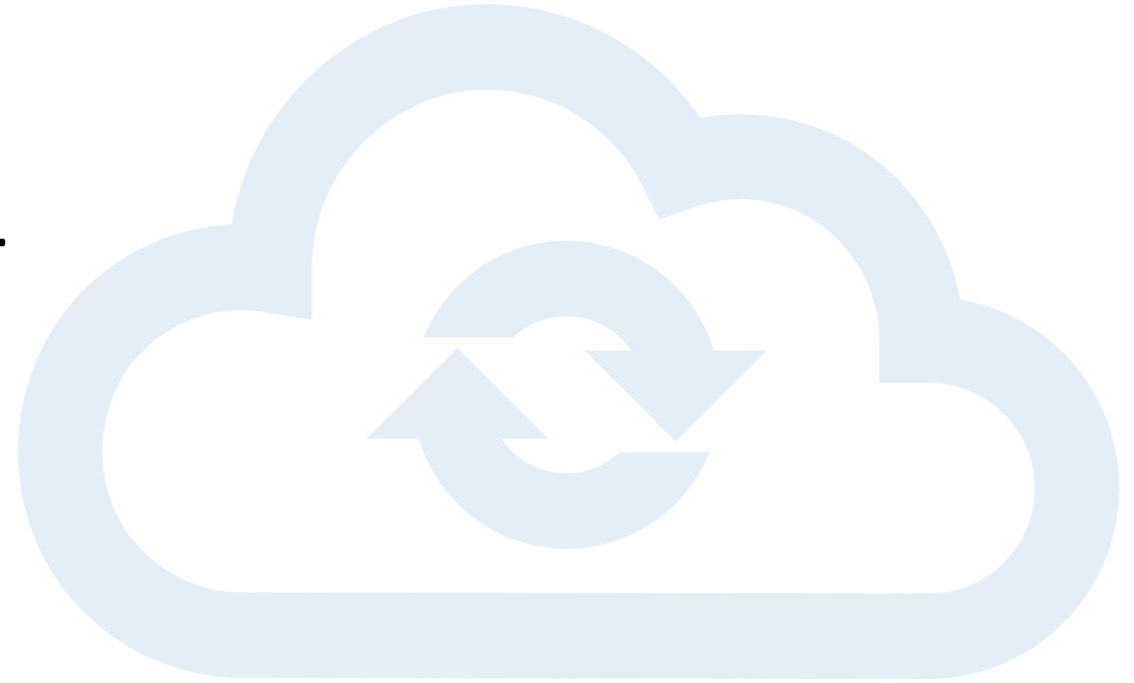
 /in/gfritchey

 scarydba.com





Why PostgreSQL in the Cloud?





Why PostgreSQL in the Cloud?

The Cloud =
Someone Else's Server

But First...



Infrastructure as a Service (AKA
Virtual Machines, IaaS or IAAS)



Containers (Kubernetes,
everybody drinks)



Platform as a Service (PaaS or
PAAS)

Why PostgreSQL in the Cloud?

- Cost
- Capability



Cost of ~~the Cloud~~ On Premises



Servers



Data centers



Electricity



Personnel



HA/DR



TIME!

Capability



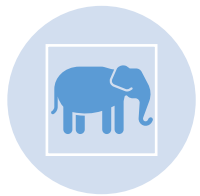
Knowledge of (see previous slide)



Security



Unique value



PostgreSQL



TIME!



Cloud Advantages

- Scale
- Security
- Knowledge
- **SPEED!**

Cloud Disadvantages

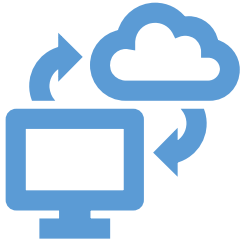
- Someone else's server
- No OS internals
- Limits on PostgreSQL Extensions
- Bandwidth
- Cost (TANSTAAFL)
- KNOWLEDGE!



The image features a dark blue background with a decorative border at the top composed of various shades of gray, stylized cloud shapes. The clouds have a layered, paper-cut appearance. Centered horizontally across the middle of the image is the text "Cloud Vendor Offerings" in a white, clean, sans-serif typeface.

Cloud Vendor Offerings

The Big 3 (in alphabetical order)



Amazon Web Services
(AWS)



Google Cloud Platform
(GCP)



Microsoft Azure
(Azure)

Anyone EXCEPT Them

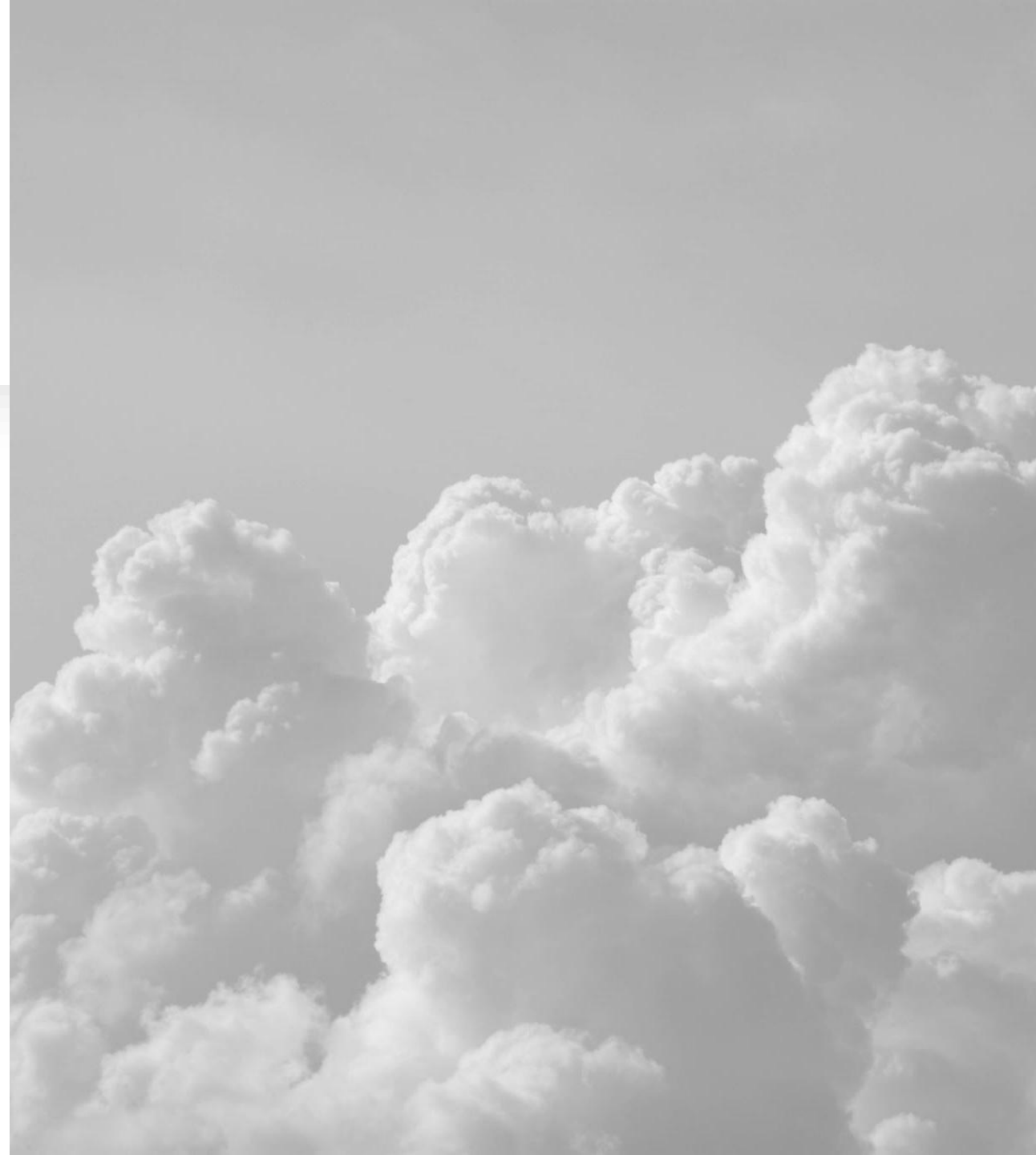
- IBM Cloud (yeah, who knew)
- Heroku
- EnterpriseDB
- Rackspace
- Kamatera
- Vultr
- DigitalOcean
- Linode
- OVHcloud



Meanwhile, back at the ranch...

Common to Big Three Cloud Providers

- No OS
- Defined SLA
- Backups are handled
- Integrity is handled
- Internals are up to you
- Some level of HA/DR built in
- Limitations on extensions
- Data is encrypted at rest and in motion



AWS RDS PostgreSQL

- PostgreSQL versions 9.6 – 16
- Secured through Amazon Virtual Private Cloud
- Secondary availability zones and read only secondaries



AWS Aurora PostgreSQL



- Maintained fork of PostgreSQL
- Versions supported: 12.18, 13.14, 14.11, 15.6, 16.2
- Mostly the same as RDS
- Automatically in three (3) availability zones at no added cost
- Enhanced I/O

GCP CloudSQL for PostgreSQL

- Versions 9.6 – 15 of PostgreSQL
- Replication with failover is supported
- Query monitoring
- Explain plans available



GCP AlloyDB for PostgreSQL



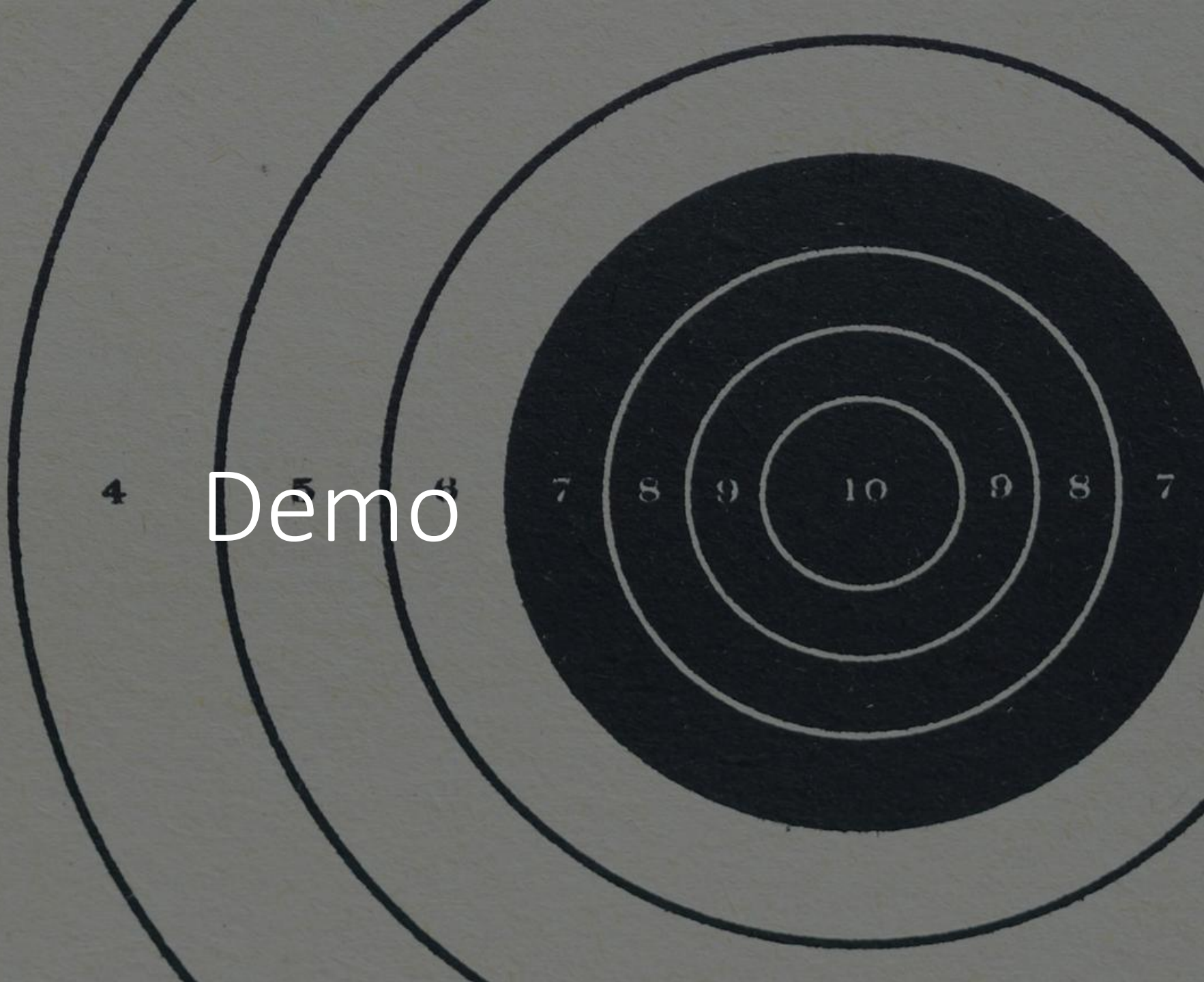
- Maintained fork of PostgreSQL
- Key word, “Compatible”
- Available both in the cloud and on-prem
- Actually a cluster of Virtual Machines

Azure Database for PostgreSQL

- Supports versions 11 – 16
- Customized extensions
- Query Store
- Multiple levels of security including Kerberos
- Additional HA/DR scenarios available
- Readable secondaries




Demo



It was a dark and stormy night...



A large, fluffy white cloud is the central focus, set against a deep blue sky. A faint rainbow is visible behind the cloud, with its colors blending into the blue background. The text "Sunshine and Rainbows" is written in a clean, white, sans-serif font across the middle of the image.

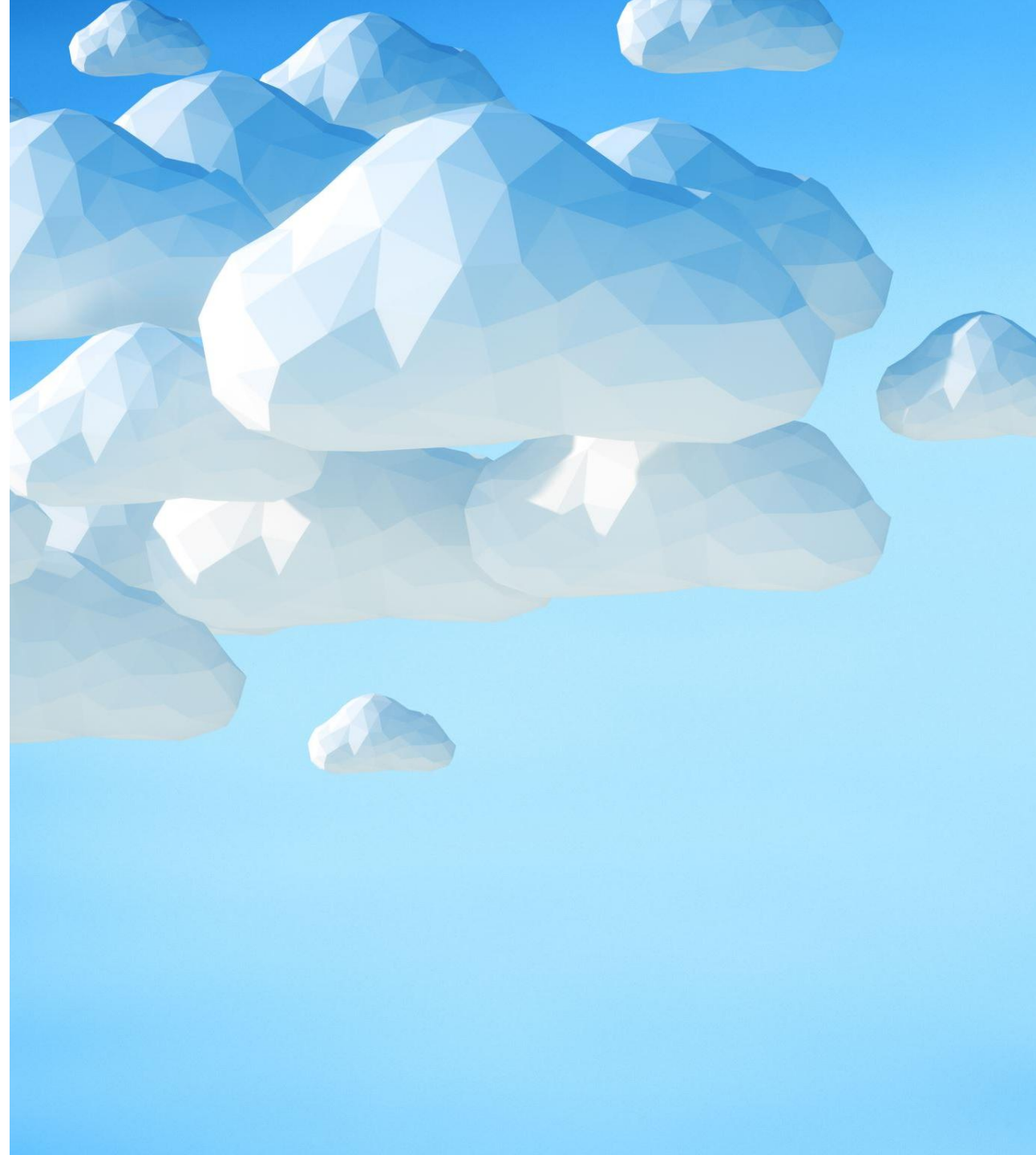
Sunshine and Rainbows

Further Reading

- DevRemote - [10 Best PostgreSQL Cloud Providers](#)
- SeveralNines – [Comparing Cloud Database Offerings for PostgreSQL](#)
- AWS [RDS](#) & [Aurora](#) Documentation
- [GCP Cloud SQL Documentation](#)
- [Azure Database for PostgreSQL Documentation](#)
- [Learning PostgreSQL with Grant](#)

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Questions?