Note:

- The assignment is designed to practice constructor, getter/setter and toString method.
- Create a separate project for each question and create separate file for each class.
- Try to test the functionality by using menu-driven program.

1. Loan Amortization Calculator

Implement a system to calculate and display the monthly payments for a mortgage loan. The system should:

- 1. Accept the principal amount (loan amount), annual interest rate, and loan term (in years) from the user.
- 2. Calculate the monthly payment using the standard mortgage formula:
 - Monthly Payment Calculation:
 - monthlyPayment = principal * (monthlyInterestRate * (1 +
 monthlyInterestRate)^(numberOfMonths)) / ((1 +
 monthlyInterestRate)^(numberOfMonths) 1)
 - Where monthlyInterestRate = annualInterestRate / 12 / 100 and numberOfMonths = loanTerm * 12
 - Note: Here ^ means power and to find it you can use Math.pow()
 method

Display the monthly payment and the total amount paid over the life of the loan, in Indian Rupees (₹).

Define the class LoanAmortizationCalculator with fields, an appropriate constructor, getter and setter methods, a toString method and business logic methods. Define the class LoanAmortizationCalculatorUtil with methods acceptRecord, printRecord, and menuList. Define the class Program with a main method and test the functionality of the utility class.

```
Ans:
```

```
package com.example.loanCalculator;
import java.util.Scanner;
class LoanAmortizationCalculator {
  private double principal;
  private double annualInterestRate;
  public LoanAmortizationCalculator(double principal, double annualInterestRate, int loanTerm) {
  this.principal = principal;
  this.annualInterestRate = annualInterestRate;
  this.loanTerm = loanTerm;
  }
  public double getPrincipal() {
    return principal;
  }
  public void setPrincipal(double principal) {
    this.principal = principal;
  }
}
```

```
public double getAnnualInterestRate() {
return annualInterestRate;
public void setAnnualInterestRate(double annualInterestRate) {
this.annualInterestRate = annualInterestRate;
return loanTerm;
}
public void setLoanTerm(int loanTerm) {
this.loanTerm = loanTerm
public double calculateMonthlyPayment() {
double monthlyInterestRate = annualInterestRate / 12 / 100;
int numberOfMonths = loanTerm * 12;
return principal * (monthlyInterestRate * Math.pow(1 + monthlyInterestRate,
numberOfMonths)) /
(Math.pow(1 + monthlyInterestRate, numberOfMonths) - 1);
}
public double calculateTotalPayment() {
return calculateMonthlyPayment() * loanTerm * 12;
}
@Override
public String toString() {
return "LoanAmortizationCalculator{" +"principal=" + principal +
        ", annualInterestRate=" + annualInterestRate +
        ", loanTerm=" + loanTerm +
}
```

```
₽rogram.java ×
  1 package com.example.loanCalculator;
  3 import java.util.Scanner;
  5 class LoanAmortizationCalculator {
  6
        private double principal;
        private double annualInterestRate;
  8
        private int loanTerm;
 10∘
        public LoanAmortizationCalculator(double principal, double annualInterestRate, int loanTer
 11
            this.principal = principal;
            this.annualInterestRate = annualInterestRate;
 12
 13
            this.loanTerm = loanTerm;
        }
 14
 15
        public double getPrincipal() {
 169
 17
            return principal;
 18
        }
 19
        public void setPrincipal(double principal) {
 20⊜
 21
            this.principal = principal;
 22
 23
 24∘
        public double getAnnualInterestRate() {
 25
            return annualInterestRate;
 26
 27
```

```
Program.java ×
 25
            return annualInterestRate;
 26
 27
        public void setAnnualInterestRate(double annualInterestRate) {
 28⊜
 29
            this.annualInterestRate = annualInterestRate;
 30
 31
 32⊜
        public int getLoanTerm() {
 33
            return loanTerm;
 34
 35
 36⊜
        public void setLoanTerm(int loanTerm) {
 37
            this.loanTerm = loanTerm;
 38
 39
 40∘
        public double calculateMonthlyPayment() {
 41
            double monthlyInterestRate = annualInterestRate / 12 / 100;
 42
            int numberOfMonths = loanTerm * 12;
 43
            return principal * (monthlyInterestRate * Math.pow(1 + monthlyInterestRate, numberOfMo
 44
                    (Math.pow(1 + monthlyInterestRate, numberOfMonths) - 1);
 45
 46
 47⊜
        public double calculateTotalPayment() {
            return calculateMonthlyPayment() * loanTerm * 12;
 48
 49
 50
51∘
        @Override
```

```
🔑 Program.java 🗵
 49
        }
 50
 51⊜
        @Override
        public String toString() {
 52
             return "LoanAmortizationCalculator{" +
 53
 54
                     "principal=" + principal +
                     ", annualInterestRate=" + annualInterestRate +
", loanTerm=" + loanTerm +
 55
 56
 57
 58
        }
 59 }
 60
 61 class LoanAmortizationCalculatorUtil {
 62
        private LoanAmortizationCalculator loanCalculator;
 63
 64∘
        public void acceptRecord() {
 65
             Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
             System.out.print("Enter Principal Amount: ");
 66
             double principal = sc.nextDouble();
 67
 68
             System.out.print("Enter Annual Interest Rate (in %): ");
             double annualInterestRate = sc.nextDouble();
 69
 70
             System.out.print("Enter Loan Term (in years): ");
 71
             int loanTerm = sc.nextInt();
 72
 73
             loanCalculator = new LoanAmortizationCalculator(principal, annualInterestRate, loanTer
 74
        }
 75
```

```
₽ Program.java ×
 73
            loanCalculator = new LoanAmortizationCalculator(principal, annualInterestRate, loanTer
 74
        }
 75
 76∘
        public void printRecord() {
            double monthlyPayment = loanCalculator.calculateMonthlyPayment();
 77
            double totalPayment = loanCalculator.calculateTotalPayment();
 78
 79
 80
            System.out.printf("Monthly Payment: ₹%.2f%n", monthlyPayment);
            System.out.printf("Total Payment over the life of the loan: ₹%.2f%n", totalPayment);
 81
 82
        }
 83
        public void menuList() {
 84⊜
            System.out.println("1. Accept Record");
 85
            System.out.println("2. Print Record");
            System.out.println("3. Exit");
 87
 88
        }
 89 }
 91 public class Program {
 92∘
        public static void main(String[] args) {
 93
           LoanAmortizationCalculatorUtil util = new LoanAmortizationCalculatorUtil();
 94
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 95
            int choice;
 96
 97
            do {
                util.menuList();
                System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
 99
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
       LoanAmortizationCalculatorUtil util = new LoanAmortizationCalculatorUtil();
94
         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 95
        int choice;
 96
 97
            util.menuList();
 98
 99
            System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
100
            choice = sc.nextInt();
101
102
           switch (choice) {
103
               case 1:
104
                  util.acceptRecord();
105
                 break;
106
               case 2:
107
                 util.printRecord();
108
                  break;
109
               case 3:
                  System.out.println("Exiting...");
111
                  break;
112
                  System.out.println("Invalid choice! Please try again.");
113
114
         } while (choice != 3);
115
116
      }
117 }
🥷 Problems 🚜 Servers 🧬 Terminal 🗯 Data Sour... 🔲 Properties 💂 Console 🗴 🏺 🗔
                                   <terminated > Program (1) [Java Application] C:\Eclipse\eclipse\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.o

    Accept Record

Print Record
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter Principal Amount: 4500000
Enter Annual Interest Rate (in %): 15
Enter Loan Term (in years): 25

    Accept Record
```

Print Record

```
Problems Servers Preminal Data Sour... Properties Console × F console × Nonthly Program (1) [Java Application] C:\Eclipse\eclipse\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.o.

Enter your choice: 2

Monthly Payment: ₹57637.38

Total Payment over the life of the loa

1. Accept Record

2. Print Record

3. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Exiting...
```

2. Compound Interest Calculator for Investment

Develop a system to compute the future value of an investment with compound interest. The system should:

- 1. Accept the initial investment amount, annual interest rate, number of times the interest is compounded per year, and investment duration (in years) from the user.
- 2. Calculate the future value of the investment using the formula:
 - Future Value Calculation:
 - futureValue = principal * (1 + annualInterestRate numberOfCompounds)^(numberOfCompounds * years)
 - o Total Interest Earned: totalInterest = futureValue principal
- **3.** Display the future value and the total interest earned, in Indian Rupees (R) .

Define the class <code>CompoundInterestCalculator</code> with fields, an appropriate constructor, getter and setter methods, a <code>toString</code> method and business logic methods. Define the class <code>CompoundInterestCalculatorUtil</code> with methods <code>acceptRecord</code>, <code>printRecord</code>, and <code>menuList</code>. Define the class <code>Program</code> with a main method to test the functionality of the utility class.

3. BMI (Body Mass Index) Tracker

Create a system to calculate and classify Body Mass Index (BMI). The system should:

- 1. Accept weight (in kilograms) and height (in meters) from the user.
- 2. Calculate the BMI using the formula:
 - o **BMI Calculation:** BMI = weight / (height * height)
- 3. Classify the BMI into one of the following categories:
 - o Underweight: BMI < 18.5
 - o Normal weight: $18.5 \le BMI < 24.9$
 - Overweight: $25 \le BMI < 29.9$
 - \circ Obese: BMI \geq 30
- 4. Display the BMI value and its classification.

Define the class BMITracker with fields, an appropriate constructor, getter and setter methods, a toString method, and business logic methods. Define the class BMITrackerUtil with methods acceptRecord, printRecord, and menuList. Define the class Program with a main method to test the functionality of the utility class.

```
Ans:
```

```
BMITracker.java
package com.example.bmicalculator;

public class BMITracker {
   private double weight;
   private double height;
   private double bmi;
```

```
private String classification;
// Constructor
public BMITracker(double weight, double height) {
  this.weight = weight;
  this.height = height;
  calculateBMI();
  classifyBMI();
}
// Getters and Setters
public double getWeight() {
  return weight;
}
public void setWeight(double weight) {
  this.weight = weight;
  calculateBMI();
  classifyBMI();
}
public double getHeight() {
  return height;
}
public void setHeight(double height) {
  this.height = height;
  calculateBMI();
  classifyBMI();
}
public double getBMI() {
  return bmi;
}
public String getClassification() {
  return classification;
}
// Business Logic Methods
private void calculateBMI() {
  this.bmi = weight / (height * height);
}
private void classifyBMI() {
  if (bmi < 18.5) {
    classification = "Underweight";
```

```
} else if (bmi < 24.9) {
           classification = "Normal weight";
       } else if (bmi < 29.9) {
           classification = "Overweight";
       } else {
           classification = "Obese";
       }
   }
    @Override
   public String toString() {
       return "BMI: " + bmi + ", Classification: " + classification;
   }
☐ BMITracker.java × ☐ BMITrackerUtil.java ☐ Program.java
  1 package com.example.bmicalculator;
  public class BMITracker {
    private double weight;
    private double height;
    private double bmi;
          private String classification;
         // Constructor
public BMITracker(double weight, double height) {
 10⊝
             this.weight = weight;
this.height = height;
calculateBMI();
 11
12
 13
14
15
16
17
18<sup>©</sup>
19
20
21
22<sup>©</sup>
23
24
25
26
27
              classifyBMI();
          // Getters and Setters
         public double getWeight() {
              return weight;
         public void setWeight(double weight) {
   this.weight = weight;
   calculateBMI();
              classifyBMI();
28°
29
30
31
32°
33
34
35
36
37
          public double getHeight() {
              return height;
          public void setHeight(double height) {
              this.height = height;
               calculateBMI();
              classifyBMI();
```

```
☑ BMITracker.java × ☑ BMITrackerUtil.java ☑ Program.java

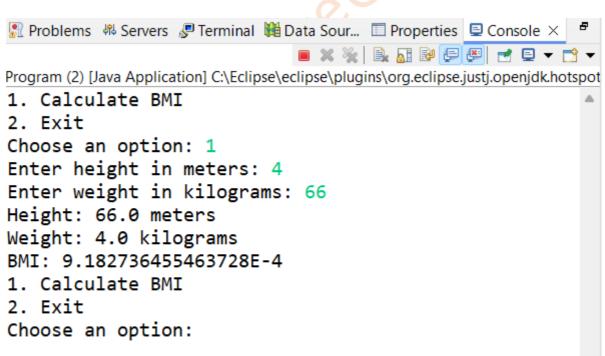
32⊜
         public void setHeight(double height) {
              this.height = height;
calculateBMI();
33
34
35
              classifyBMI();
         }
36
37
38⊜
         public double getBMI() {
39
              return bmi;
40
41
         public String getClassification() {
    return classification;
42⊖
43
44
45
46
         // Business Logic Methods
         private void calculateBMI() {
479
              this.bmi = weight / (height * height);
48
49
50
         private void classifyBMI() {
51⊜
52
             if (bmi < 18.5) {
53
54
                   classification = "Underweight";
              } else if (bmi < 24.9) {
    classification = "Normal weight";
55
56
57
58
              } else if (bmi < 29.9) {
    classification = "Overweight";</pre>
              } else {
59
60
                   classification = "Obese";
              }
61
        }
62
63⊜
         @Override
64
         public String toString() {
    return "BMI: " + bmi + ", Classification: " + classification;
65
66
67 }
```

BMITrackerUtil.java

```
☑ BMITracker.java
☑ BMITrackerUtil.java ×
☑ Program.java
 1 package com.example.bmicalculator;
 3 import java.util.Scanner;
 4
5 class BMITrackerUtil {
        public Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
 89
         public void menuList() {
             System.out.println("1. Calculate BMI");
System.out.println("2. Exit");
 9
10
11
12
13⊝
         public BMITracker acceptRecord() {
             System.out.print("Enter height in meters: ");
14
15
             double height = scanner.nextDouble();
16
             System.out.print("Enter weight in kilograms: ");
17
              double weight = scanner.nextDouble();
18
             return new BMITracker(height, weight);
19
20
21<sup>©</sup>
22
         public void printRecord(BMITracker bmiTracker) {
             System.out.println("Height: " + bmiTracker.getHeight() + " meters");
System.out.println("Weight: " + bmiTracker.getWeight() + " kilograms");
23
24
             System.out.println("BMI: " + bmiTracker.getBMI());
25
26 }
```

Program.java

```
☑ BMITracker.java
☑ BMITrackerUtil.java
☑ Program.java ×
 1 package com.example.bmicalculator;
 2 public class Program {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
           BMITrackerUtil util = new BMITrackerUtil();
           while (true) {
               util.menuList();
               System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
               int choice = util.scanner.nextInt();
 9
               util.scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
               if (choice == 1) {
11
                    BMITracker bmiTracker = util.acceptRecord();
                    util.printRecord(bmiTracker);
12
13
               } else if (choice == 2) {
14
                    System.out.println("Exiting...");
15
                    break;
16
17
                    System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
18
       }
19
20
21 }
22
```



4. Discount Calculation for Retail Sales

Design a system to calculate the final price of an item after applying a discount. The system should:

- 1. Accept the original price of an item and the discount percentage from the user.
- 2. Calculate the discount amount and the final price using the following formulas:
 - o Discount Amount Calculation: discountAmount = originalPrice *
 (discountRate / 100)
 - Final Price Calculation: finalPrice = originalPrice discountAmount
- 3. Display the discount amount and the final price of the item, in Indian Rupees (₹).

Define the class DiscountCalculator with fields, an appropriate constructor, getter and setter methods, a toString method, and business logic methods. Define the class DiscountCalculatorUtil with methods acceptRecord, printRecord, and menuList. Define the class Program with a main method to test the functionality of the utility class.

DiscountCalculator.java

```
package com.example.discountcalculation;
```

```
public class DiscountCalculator {
  private double originalPrice;
  private double discountRate;
  private double discountAmount;
  private double finalPrice;
  public DiscountCalculator(double originalPrice, double discountRate) {
    this.originalPrice = originalPrice;
    this.discountRate = discountRate:
    calculateDiscountAmount();
    calculateFinalPrice();
  }
  public double getOriginalPrice() {
    return originalPrice;
  }
  public void setOriginalPrice(double originalPrice) {
    this.originalPrice = originalPrice;
    calculateDiscountAmount();
    calculateFinalPrice();
  }
  public double getDiscountRate() {
    return discountRate;
```

```
}
public void setDiscountRate(double discountRate) {
  this.discountRate = discountRate;
  calculateDiscountAmount();
  calculateFinalPrice();
}
public double getDiscountAmount() {
  return discountAmount;
}
public double getFinalPrice() {
  return finalPrice;
}
private void calculateDiscountAmount() {
  this.discountAmount = originalPrice * (discountRate / 100);
}
private void calculateFinalPrice() {
  this.finalPrice = originalPrice - discountAmount;
}
@Override
public String toString() {
  return "Original Price: ₹" + originalPrice + "\n" +
      "Discount Rate: " + discountRate + "%\n" +
      "Discount Amount: ₹" + discountAmount + "\n" +
      "Final Price: ₹" + finalPrice;
}
```

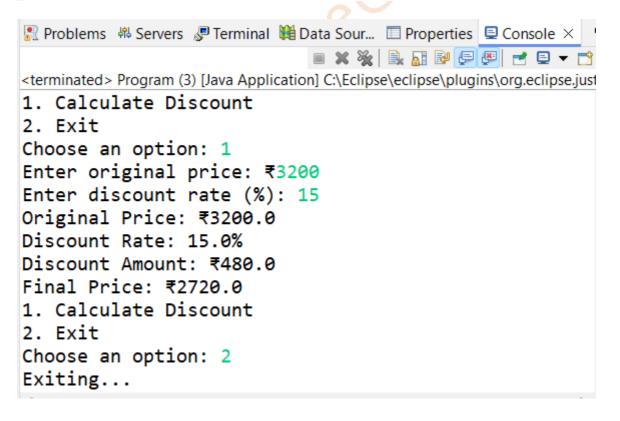
```
}
```

```
1 package com.example.discountcalculation;
 3 public class DiscountCalculator {
      private double originalPrice;
      private double discountRate;
private double discountAmount;
      private double finalPrice;
      public DiscountCalculator(double originalPrice, double discountRate) {
10
11
          this.originalPrice = originalPrice;
this.discountRate = discountRate;
12
13
          calculateDiscountAmount();
          calculateFinalPrice();
14
15
      public double getOriginalPrice() {
17
18
          return originalPrice;
19
20°
21
22
23
24
25
       public void setOriginalPrice(double originalPrice) {
          this.originalPrice = originalPrice;
          calculateDiscountAmount();
          calculateFinalPrice();
26<sup>©</sup>
27
       public double getDiscountRate() {
          return discountRate:
28
29
30
      public void setDiscountRate(double discountRate) {
31
32
          this.discountRate = discountRate;
calculateDiscountAmount();
33
34
          calculateFinalPrice();
       }
35
       public double getDiscountAmount() {
DiscountCalculatorUtil.java
package com.example.discountcalculation;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class DiscountCalculatorUtil {
  public Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  public void menuList() {
     System.out.println("1. Calculate Discount");
     System.out.println("2. Exit");
  }
  public DiscountCalculator acceptRecord() {
     System.out.print("Enter original price: ₹");
     double originalPrice = scanner.nextDouble();
     System.out.print("Enter discount rate (%): ");
     double discountRate = scanner.nextDouble();
     return new DiscountCalculator(originalPrice, discountRate);
  }
  public void printRecord(DiscountCalculator discountCalculator) {
     System.out.println(discountCalculator);
  }
```

```
DiscountCalculator.java

☑ DiscountCalculatorUtil.java × ☑ Program.java
  1 package com.example.discountcalculation;
  3 import java.util.Scanner;
  4
  5 public class DiscountCalculatorUtil {
  6
        public Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  7
 89
        public void menuList() {
            System.out.println("1. Calculate Discount");
 9
            System.out.println("2. Exit");
10
 11
12
13⊝
        public DiscountCalculator acceptRecord() {
 14
            System.out.print("Enter original price: ₹");
 15
            double originalPrice = scanner.nextDouble();
            System.out.print("Enter discount rate (%): ");
16
17
            double discountRate = scanner.nextDouble();
18
            return new DiscountCalculator(originalPrice, discountRate);
19
        }
20
21⊝
        public void printRecord(DiscountCalculator discountCalculator) {
22
            System.out.println(discountCalculator);
23
24 }
 25
Program.java
package com.example.discountcalculation;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class DiscountCalculatorUtil {
  public Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  public void menuList() {
    System.out.println("1. Calculate Discount");
    System.out.println("2. Exit");
  }
  public DiscountCalculator acceptRecord() {
    System.out.print("Enter original price: ₹");
    double originalPrice = scanner.nextDouble();
    System.out.print("Enter discount rate (%): ");
    double discountRate = scanner.nextDouble();
    return new DiscountCalculator(originalPrice, discountRate);
  }
  public void printRecord(DiscountCalculator discountCalculator) {
    System.out.println(discountCalculator);
  }
}
```

```
☑ DiscountCalculator.java
☑ DiscountCalculatorUtil.java × ☑ Program.java
 1 package com.example.discountcalculation;
 3 import java.util.Scanner;
 5 public class DiscountCalculatorUtil {
       public Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
 7
 8⊜
       public void menuList() {
 9
            System.out.println("1. Calculate Discount");
10
            System.out.println("2. Exit");
11
12
13⊝
       public DiscountCalculator acceptRecord() {
14
            System.out.print("Enter original price: ₹");
15
            double originalPrice = scanner.nextDouble();
            System.out.print("Enter discount rate (%): ");
16
17
            double discountRate = scanner.nextDouble();
18
           return new DiscountCalculator(originalPrice, discountRate);
19
       }
20
21⊝
       public void printRecord(DiscountCalculator discountCalculator) {
22
           System.out.println(discountCalculator);
23
24 }
25
```



5. Toll Booth Revenue Management

Develop a system to simulate a toll booth for collecting revenue. The system should:

- 1. Allow the user to set toll rates for different vehicle types: Car, Truck, and Motorcycle.
- 2. Accept the number of vehicles of each type passing through the toll booth.
- 3. Calculate the total revenue based on the toll rates and number of vehicles.
- 4. Display the total number of vehicles and the total revenue collected, in Indian Rupees (₹).

• Toll Rate Examples:

Car: ₹50.00 Truck: ₹100.00 Motorcycle: ₹30.00

Define the class TollBoothRevenueManager with fields, an appropriate constructor, getter and setter methods, a toString method, and business logic methods. Define the class TollBoothRevenueManagerUtil with methods acceptRecord, printRecord, and menuList. Define the class Program with a main method to test the functionality of the utility class.

Ans:

```
TollBoothRevenueManager.java
```

this.carRate = carRate;

```
package com.example.toolboothcalculation;
public class TollBoothRevenueManager {
  private double carRate;
  private double truckRate;
  private double motorcycleRate;
  private int carCount;
  private int truckCount;
  private int motorcycleCount;
  private double totalRevenue;
  public TollBoothRevenueManager(double carRate, double truckRate, double
motorcycleRate) {
   this.carRate = carRate;
    this.truckRate = truckRate;
    this.motorcycleRate = motorcycleRate;
  }
  public double getCarRate() {
    return carRate;
  }
  public void setCarRate(double carRate) {
```

```
}
public double getTruckRate() {
  return truckRate;
}
public void setTruckRate(double truckRate) {
  this.truckRate = truckRate;
}
public double getMotorcycleRate() {
  return motorcycleRate;
}
public void setMotorcycleRate(double motorcycleRate) {
  this.motorcycleRate = motorcycleRate;
}
public int getCarCount() {
  return carCount;
}
public void setCarCount(int carCount) {
  this.carCount = carCount;
}
public int getTruckCount() {
  return truckCount;
}
public void setTruckCount(int truckCount) {
  this.truckCount = truckCount;
}
public int getMotorcycleCount() {
  return motorcycleCount;
}
public void setMotorcycleCount(int motorcycleCount) {
  this.motorcycleCount = motorcycleCount;
}
public double getTotalRevenue() {
  return totalRevenue;
}
public void calculateTotalRevenue() {
```

```
this.totalRevenue = (carCount * carRate) + (truckCount * truckRate) +
(motorcycleCount * motorcycleRate);
  }
   @Override
   public String toString() {
      return "Total Vehicles: " + (carCount + truckCount + motorcycleCount) + "\n" +
           "Total Revenue: ₹" + totalRevenue;
  }
}
1 package com.example.toolboothcalculation;
  3 public class TollBoothRevenueManager {
       private double carRate;
        private double truckRate;
        private double motorcycleRate;
        private int carCount;
       private int truckCount;
private int motorcycleCount;
 10
11
        private double totalRevenue;
        public TollBoothRevenueManager(double carRate, double truckRate, double motorcycleRate) {
 13
14
15
16
17
18<sup>©</sup>
           this.carRate = carRate;
this.truckRate = truckRate;
            this.motorcycleRate = motorcycleRate;
       public double getCarRate() {
 19
20
           return carRate;
 21
22<sup>©</sup>
23
       public void setCarRate(double carRate) {
           this.carRate = carRate;
 24
25
 26<sup>®</sup> 27 28 29 30<sup>®</sup>
       public double getTruckRate() {
           return truckRate;
       public void setTruckRate(double truckRate) {
 31
32
33
34<sup>©</sup>
            this.truckRate = truckRate;
        public double getMotorcycleRate() {
           return motorcycleRate;
```

```
⚠ TollBoothRevenueManager.java × ☑ TollBoothRevenueManagerUtil.java ☑ Program.java
 38⊜
        public void setMotorcycleRate(double motorcycleRate) {
 39
             this.motorcycleRate = motorcycleRate;
 40
 41
       public int getCarCount() {
 42⊜
 43
           return carCount;
 44
 45
        public void setCarCount(int carCount) {
 47
             this.carCount = carCount;
 48
 49
 500
        public int getTruckCount() {
 51
            return truckCount;
 53
 54⊜
       public void setTruckCount(int truckCount) {
 55
56
             this.truckCount = truckCount;
 58⊜
        public int getMotorcycleCount() {
 59
            return motorcycleCount;
 60
 61
 620
        public void setMotorcycleCount(int motorcycleCount) {
 63
             this.motorcycleCount = motorcycleCount;
 64
 65
669
67
        public double getTotalRevenue() {
             return totalRevenue;
68
69
70⊜
        public void calculateTotalRevenue() {
    this.totalRevenue = (carCount * carRate) + (truckCount * truckRate) + (motorcycleCount * motorcycleRate);
71
72
☑ TollBoothRevenueManager,java × ☑ TollBoothRevenueManagerUtil.java ☑ Program,java
        public void setCarCount(int carCount) {
 469
            this.carCount = carCount;
 48
       public int getTruckCount() {
    return truckCount;
}
 50⊜
 51
 52
53
 54⊜
55
        public void setTruckCount(int truckCount) {
            this.truckCount = truckCount;
 57
        public int getMotorcycleCount() {
 59
           return motorcycleCount;
 60
 61
62⊖
        public void setMotorcycleCount(int motorcycleCount) {
 63
64
            this.motorcycleCount = motorcycleCount;
 65
        public double getTotalRevenue() {
 66⊜
 67
68 }
        public void calculateTotalRevenue() {
    this.totalRevenue = (carCount * carRate) + (truckCount * truckRate) + (motorcycleCount * motorcycleRate);
 70⊜
 71
72
73
 740
        @Override
        75
 76
77
 78
79 }
```

TollBoothRevenueManager.java

package com.example.toolboothcalculation;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class TollBoothRevenueManagerUtil {

```
public Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
public void menuList() {
  System.out.println("1. Set Toll Rates");
  System.out.println("2. Enter Vehicle Counts");
  System.out.println("3. Calculate and Display Revenue");
  System.out.println("4. Exit");
}
public void acceptTollRates(TollBoothRevenueManager manager) {
  System.out.print("Enter toll rate for Car: ₹");
  manager.setCarRate(scanner.nextDouble());
  System.out.print("Enter toll rate for Truck: ₹");
  manager.setTruckRate(scanner.nextDouble());
  System.out.print("Enter toll rate for Motorcycle: ₹");
  manager.setMotorcycleRate(scanner.nextDouble());
}
public void acceptVehicleCounts(TollBoothRevenueManager manager) {
  System.out.print("Enter number of Cars: ");
  manager.setCarCount(scanner.nextInt());
  System.out.print("Enter number of Trucks: ");
  manager.setTruckCount(scanner.nextInt());
  System.out.print("Enter number of Motorcycles: ");
  manager.setMotorcycleCount(scanner.nextInt());
}
public void printRecord(TollBoothRevenueManager manager) {
  manager.calculateTotalRevenue();
  System.out.println(manager);
}
```

```
☑ TollBoothRevenueManagerJava
☑ TollBoothRevenueManagerUtil.java × ☑ Program.java
 1 package com.example.toolboothcalculation;
 3 import java.util.Scanner;
 5 public class TollBoothRevenueManagerUtil {
       public Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
       public void menuList() {
   System.out.println("1. Set Toll Rates");
   System.out.println("2. Enter Vehicle Counts");
   System.out.println("3. Calculate and Display Revenue");
11
           System.out.println("4. Exit");
13
       }
14
15<sup>©</sup>
16
17
18
        public void acceptTollRates(TollBoothRevenueManager manager) {
           System.out.print("Enter toll rate for Car: ₹");
            manager.setCarRate(scanner.nextDouble());
           System.out.print("Enter toll rate for Truck: ₹");
           manager.setTruckRate(scanner.nextDouble());
           System.out.print("Enter toll rate for Motorcycle: ₹"); manager.setMotorcycleRate(scanner.nextDouble());
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
       public void acceptVehicleCounts(TollBoothRevenueManager manager) {
           System.out.print("Enter number of Cars: "
manager.setCarCount(scanner.nextInt());
           System.out.print("Enter number of Truck
           manager.setTruckCount(scanner.nextInt());
System.out.print("Enter number of Motorcycles: ");
           manager.setMotorcycleCount(scanner.nextInt());
33
        public void printRecord(TollBoothRevenueManager manager) {
            manager.calculateTotalRevenue();
35
           System.out.println(manager);
Program.java
package com.example.toolboothcalculation;
public class Program {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      TollBoothRevenueManagerUtil util = new TollBoothRevenueManagerUtil();
      TollBoothRevenueManager manager = new TollBoothRevenueManager(50.0, 100.0,
30.0);
      while (true) {
         util.menuList();
         System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
         int choice = util.scanner.nextInt();
         util.scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
         if (choice == 1) {
            util.acceptTollRates(manager);
         } else if (choice == 2) {
           util.acceptVehicleCounts(manager);
         } else if (choice == 3) {
            util.printRecord(manager);
         } else if (choice == 4) {
            System.out.println("Exiting...");
            break;
         } else {
            System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
      }
```

```
}
}
☑ TollBoothRevenueManager.java
☑ TollBoothRevenueManagerUtil.java
☑ Program.java ×
 1 package com.example.toolboothcalculation;
 3 public class Program {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
    TollBoothRevenueManagerUtil util = new TollBoothRevenueManagerUtil();
         TollBoothRevenueManager manager = new TollBoothRevenueManager(50.0, 100.0, 30.0);
 8
            util.menuList();
            System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
10
            int choice = util.scanner.nextInt();
            util.scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
            if (choice == 1) {
13
14
15
16
                util.acceptTollRates(manager);
            } else if (choice == 2) {
   util.acceptVehicleCounts(manager);
            } else if (choice == 3) {
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
               util.printRecord(manager);
            } else if (choice == 4) {
    System.out.println("Exiting...");
                break;
            } else {
               System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
        }
🥷 Problems 🚜 Servers 🧬 Terminal 🗯 Data Sour... 🔲 Properties 📮 Console 🗵 🖰
                                              Program (4) [Java Application] C:\Eclipse\eclipse\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotsr
4. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter toll rate for Car: ₹150
Enter toll rate for Truck: ₹200
Enter toll rate for Motorcycle: ₹90

    Set Toll Rates

Enter Vehicle Counts
3. Calculate and Display Revenue
4. Exit
Choose an option: 2
Enter number of Cars: 4
Enter number of Trucks: 2
Enter number of Motorcycles: 5
```