

## Problem Set 6.

Trina

(1)

Q1a) Similar code and algorithm to P505

Q1b) used Sergio's code. Modified to P3's utility  
for w/L labor. This code is WORK-IN-PROGRESS  
• I use Algorithm 3 EGM: Fixed labor supply of  
fixed labor policy for to @ steady state LSS.  
• This algorithm uses EGM and VFI.

$u_c(c,e) = u_c(c)$  <sup>updates</sup> <sup>iterates on value for</sup>  
<sup>policy for</sup>  
<sup>@ each step</sup>

- The update of labor policy for in the code is done within "EGM" function. It updates also  $X\_grid$  and  $MPK\_mat$ .
- I also added "update\\_labor" for to evaluate labor from old policy  $\tilde{L}_{ij} = l(\tilde{z}_i, \tilde{k}_{ij})$ .
- As I mentioned the code needs further work like safety checks if you get out of bounds. (in this case you need to revert to VFI)
- To get consumption, need to solve  $u_c = \beta E(V_k(z', k')/z)$ . This is nonlinear and is to be solved numerically in "T-EGM" function.

c) Envelope Condition:  $V_k(z, k) = u_c(c, e) f_k(z, k, e)$   
using ECM Algorithm 7: Endogenous labour supply with separable utility. Steps:  
1) get labor  $l_{ij}$  numerically. For this I added routine using "Nlsolve" within EGM for which solves nonlinear for labor, then  $X\_grid$  and  $MPK\_mat$  are computed.  
2) consumption calculated from envelope condition

3)  $K'$  is found as  $Y$ -grid-6c  
4)  $V_k$  is updated.

(2)

d) data simulated, plotted & moments reported  
I attached code but I have errors to be  
fixed which prevent me from plotting. Sorry  
about that.

Q2) I used Canada's GDP for 1960-2001 from  
World Bank. After detrending, the variance =  
0.00496. of growth rate  
of detrended.

I used calibration function to  $\min(\text{model var} -$   
 $\text{target var})^2$  by employing "BFGS" optimizer.

$0.00496$   
This gives optimal parameters to match moments:  
 $\beta$  and  $\eta$ .

To implement this, I use simulated data for Q1d  
to get simulated variance. I use "calibration"  
fn to do it.