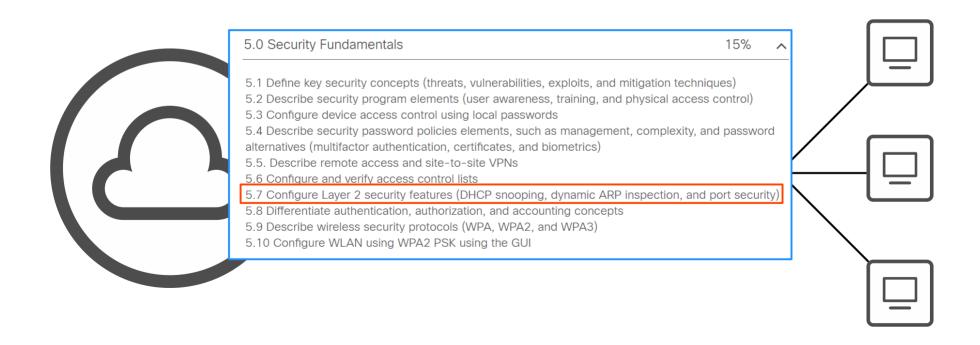


CCNA Day 50



Things we'll cover

· What is DHCP Snooping?

· How does it work?

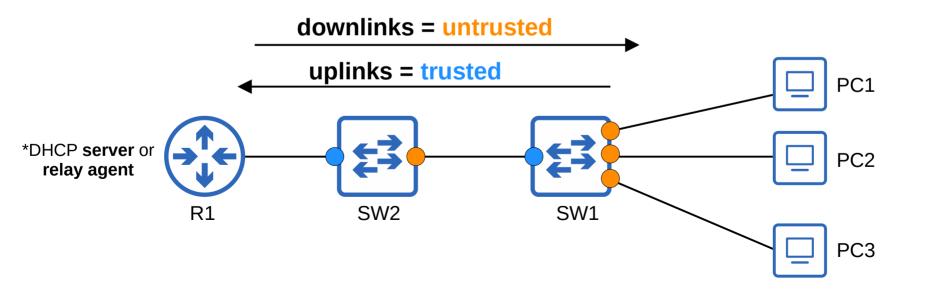
· What attacks does it prevent?

• DCHP Snooping configuration



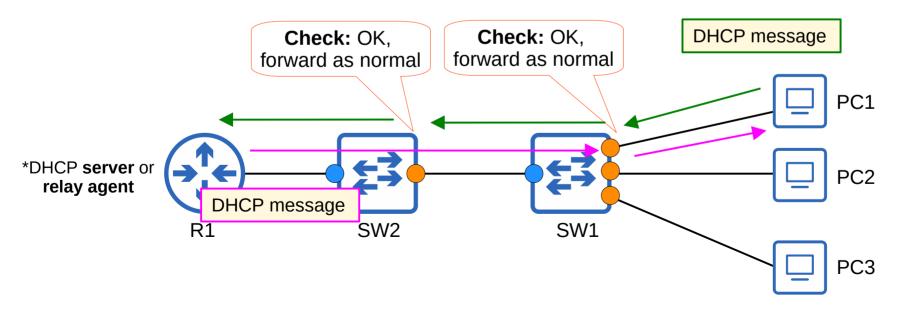


- DHCP snooping is a security feature of switches that is used to filter DHCP messages received on *untrusted* ports.
- DHCP snooping only filters DHCP messages. Non-DHCP messages aren't affected.
- All ports are untrusted by default.
 - → Usually, **uplink** ports are configured as *trusted* ports, and **downlink** ports remain *untrusted*.



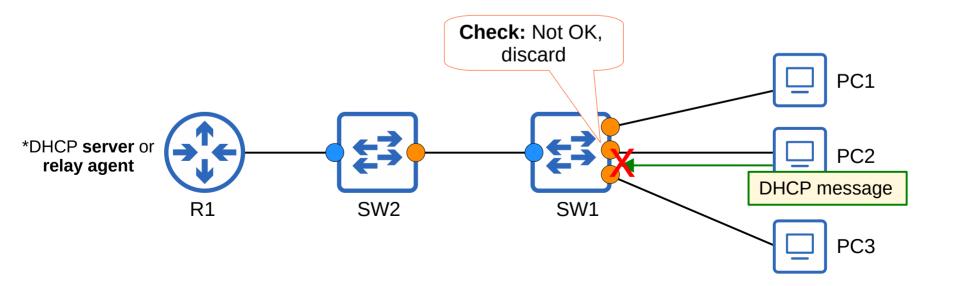


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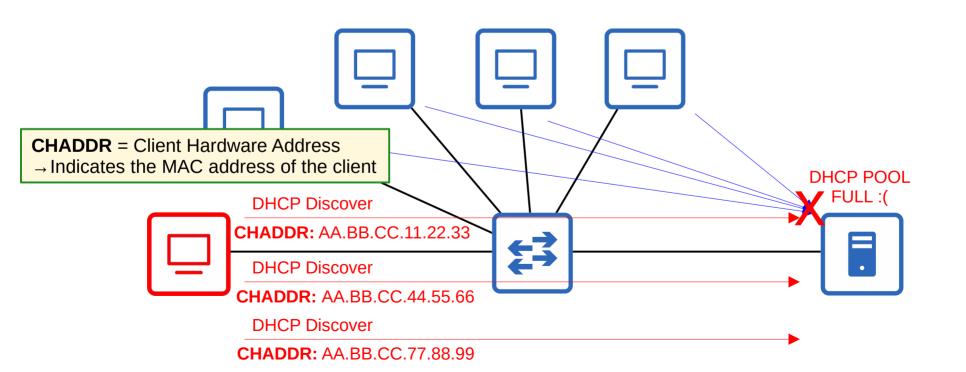
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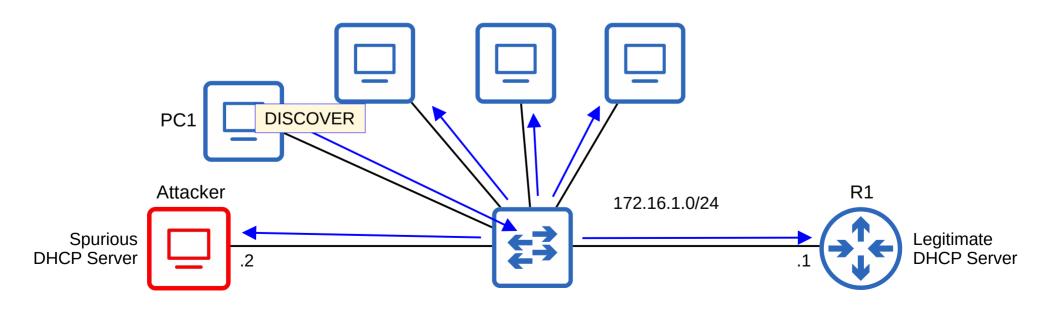
DHCP Starvation

- An example of a DHCP-based attack is a DHCP starvation attack.
- An attacker uses spoofed MAC addresses to flood DHCP Discover messages.
- The target server's DHCP pool becomes full, resulting in a denial-of-service to other devices.



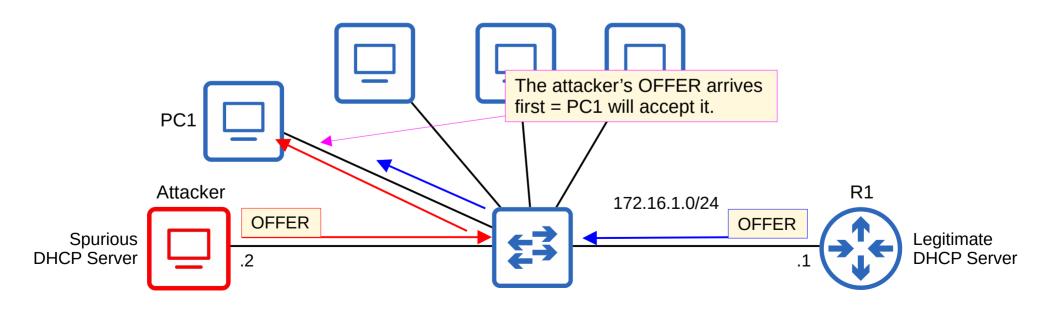


- Similar to ARP Poisoning, DHCP Poisoning can be used to perform a Man-in-the-Middle attack.
- A spurious DHCP server replies to clients' DHCP Discover messages and assigns them IP addresses, but makes the clients use the spurious server's IP as the default gateway.
 *Clients usually accept the first Offer message they receive.
- This will cause the client to send traffic to the attacker instead of the legitimate default gateway.
- The attacker can then examine/modify the traffic before forwarding it to the legitimate default gateway.



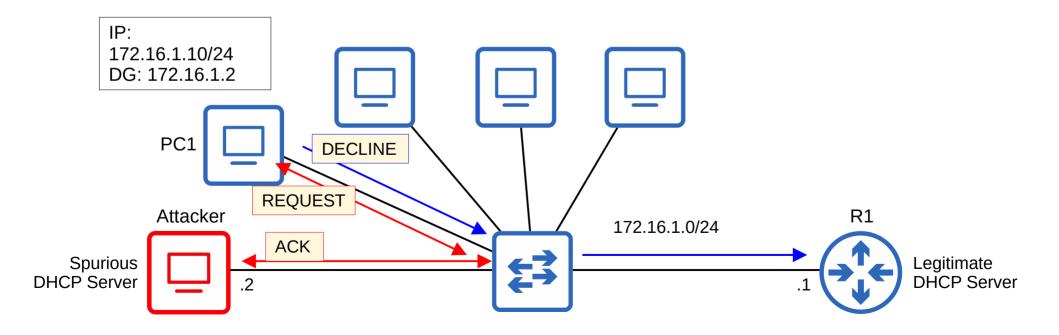


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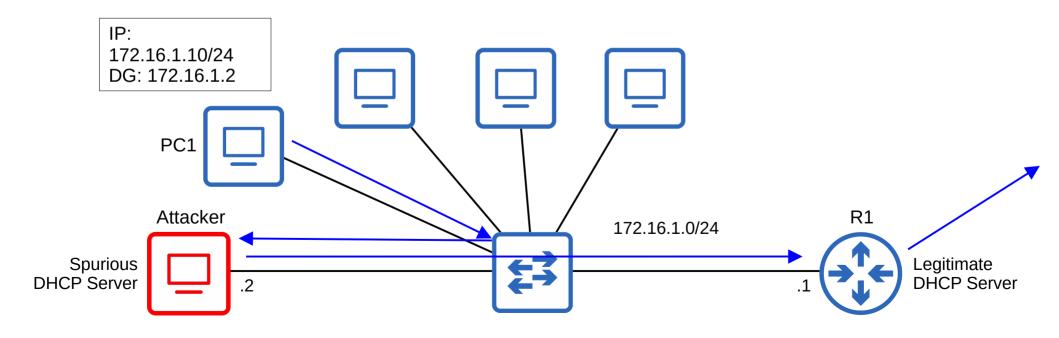


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DHCP Messages

- When DHCP Snooping filters messages, it differentiates between DHCP Server messages and DHCP Client messages
- Messages sent by DHCP Servers:
 - → OFFER
 - → ACK
 - → NAK = Opposite of ACK, used to decline a client's REQUEST

- Messages sent by DHCP Clients:
 - → DISCOVER
 - → REQUEST
 - \rightarrow RELEASE = Used to tell the server that the client no longer needs its IP address
 - → DECLINE = Used to decline the IP address offered by a DHCP server



DHCP Snooping Operations

- If a DHCP message is received on a **trusted port**, forward it as normal without inspection.
- If a DHCP message is received on an **untrusted port**, inspect it and act as follows:
 - → If it is a **DHCP Server** message, discard it.
 - → If it is a **DHCP Client** message, perform the following checks:

DISCOVER/REQUEST messages: Check if the frame's source MAC address and the DHCP message's CHADDR fields match. Match = forward, mismatch = discard

RELEASE/DECLINE messages: Check if the packet's source IP address and the receiving interface match the entry in the *DHCP Snooping Binding Table*. Match = forward, mismatch = discard

• When a client successfully leases an IP address from a server, create a new entry in the DHCP Snooping Binding Table.



```
SW2(config)#ip dhcp snooping
SW2(config)#ip dhcp snooping vlan 1
SW2(config)#no ip dhcp snooping information option-
                                                           I will explain this later!
SW2(config)#interface g0/0
SW2(config-if)#ip dhcp snooping trust
SW1(config)#ip dhcp snooping
SW1(config)#ip dhcp snooping vlan 1
                                                      RELEASE/DECLINE messages will be checked to make sure
SW1(config)#no ip dhcp snooping information option
                                                      their IP address/interface ID match the entry in the DHCP
SW1(config)#interface g0/0
                                                      snooping table.
SW1(config-if)#ip dhcp snooping trust
SW1#show ip dhcp snooping binding
MacAddress
                   IpAddress
                                     Lease(sec)
                                                                 VLAN
                                                                       Interface
                                                  Type
0C:29:2F:18:79:00
                    192.168.100.10
                                     86294
                                                  dhcp-snooping
                                                                        GigabitEthernet0/3
0C:29:2F:90:91:00
                    192.168.100.11
                                     86302
                                                  dhcp-snooping
                                                                        GigabitEthernet0/1
0C:29:2F:67:E9:00 192.168.100.12
                                     86314
                                                  dhcp-snooping
                                                                        GigabitEthernet0/2
Total number of bindings: 3
                                                                 G0/1
                                                                                    PC1
                                                                  G0/2
                                               G0/1 G0/0
                                                                                    PC2
                                                                   G0/3
                      R1
                                        SW<sub>2</sub>
                                                          SW1
                                         192.168.100.0/24
```



DHCP Snooping Rate-Limiting

- DHCP snooping can limit the rate at which DHCP messages are allowed to enter an interface.
- If the rate of DHCP messages crosses the configured limit, the interace is err-disabled.
- Like with Port Security, the interface can be manually re-enabled, or automatically re-enabled with errdisable recovery.

```
SW1(config)#interface range g0/1 - 3
SW1(config-if-range)#ip dhcp snooping limit rate 1

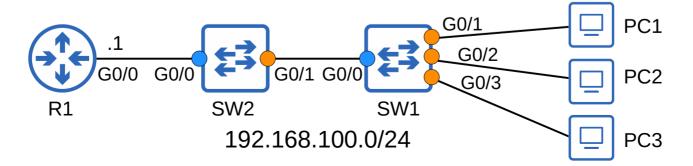
*Jun 5 13:15:14.180: %DHCP_SNOOPING-4-DHCP_SNOOPING_ERRDISABLE_WARNING: DHCP Snooping received 1 DHCP packets on interface Gi0/1

*Jun 5 13:15:14.181: %DHCP_SNOOPING-4-DHCP_SNOOPING_RATE_LIMIT_EXCEEDED: The interface Gi0/1 is receiving more than the threshold set

*Jun 5 13:15:14.182: %PM-4-ERR_DISABLE: dhcp-rate-limit error detected on Gi0/1, putting Gi0/1 in err-disable state

*Jun 5 13:15:15.185: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to down

*Jun 5 13:15:16.190: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to down
```





DHCP Snooping Rate-Limiting

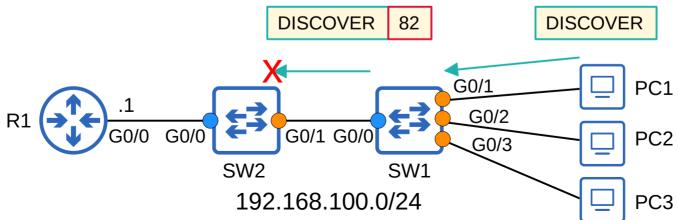
```
SW1(config)#errdisable recovery cause dhcp-rate-limit
SW1#show errdisable recovery
                            Timer Status
FrrDisable Reason
arp-inspection
                           Disabled
                           Disabled
bpduguard
                                                Rate-limiting can be very useful to protect
channel-misconfig (STP)
                           Disabled
dhcp-rate-limit
                                                against DHCP exhaustion attacks.
                           Enabled
dtp-flap
                           Disabled
gbic-invalid
                           Disabled
inline-power
                           Disabled
![output omitted due to length]
Timer interval: 300 seconds
Interfaces that will be enabled at the next timeout:
Interface
               Errdisable reason
                                      Time left(sec)
Gi0/1
              dhcp-rate-limit
                                      293
```



DHCP Option 82 (Information Option)

- Option 82, also known as the 'DHCP relay agent information option' is one of many DHCP options.
- It provides additional information about which DHCP relay agent received the client's message, on which interface, in which VLAN, etc.
- DHCP relay agents can add Option 82 to messages they forward to the remote DHCP server.
- With DHCP snooping enabled, by default Cisco switches will add Option 82 to DHCP messages they receive from clients, even if the switch isn't acting as a DHCP relay agent.
- By default, Cisco switches will drop DHCP messages with Option 82 that are received on an untrusted port.

SW2#
*Jun 6 01:36:15.298: %DHCP_SNOOPING-5-DHCP_SNOOPING_NONZERO_GIADDR: DHCP_SNOOPING drop message with non-zero giaddr or option82 value on untrusted port, message type: DHCPDISCOVER, MAC sa: 0c29.2f67.e900

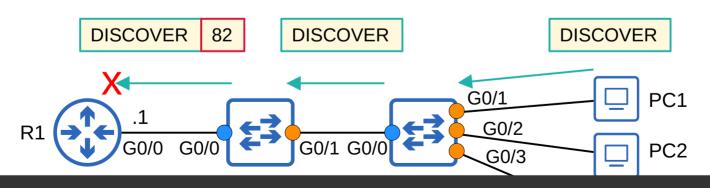




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SW1(config)#no ip dhcp snooping information option



R1#

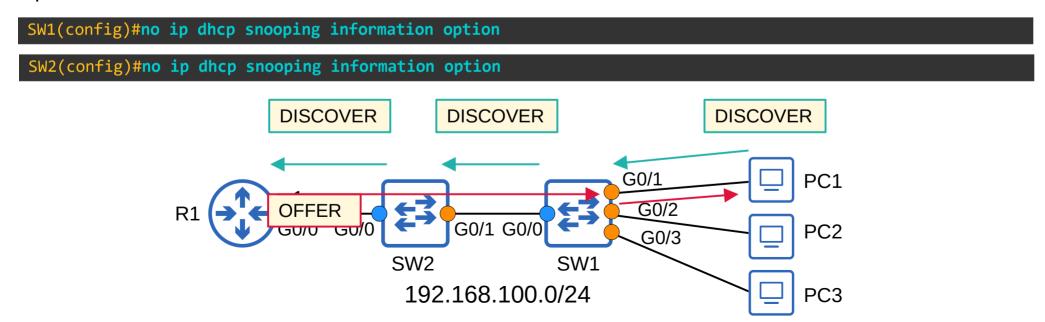
*Jun 6 01:46:46.763: DHCPD: inconsistent relay information.

*Jun 6 01:46:46.763: DHCPD: relay information option exists, but giaddr is zero.



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Command Review

```
SW1(config)# ip dhcp snooping
SW1(config)# ip dhcp snooping vlan vlan-number
SW1(config)# errdisable recovery cause dhcp-rate-limit
SW1(config)# no ip dhcp snooping information option
SW1(config-if)# ip dhcp snooping trust
SW1(config-if)# ip dhcp snooping limit rate packets-per-second
SW1# show ip dhcp snooping binding
```

Things we'll cover

· What is DHCP Snooping?

· How does it work?

· What attacks does it prevent?

• DCHP Snooping configuration



Which of the following DHCP message types will always be discarded if received on a DHCP snooping untrusted interface? (select three)

- a) DISCOVER
- b) REQUEST
- c) NAK
- d) OFFER
- e) DECLINE
- f) RELEASE
- g) ACK

Which of the following is NOT stored in the DHCP snooping binding database?

- a) IP address
- b) Interface
- c) VLAN
- d) Default gateway
- e) MAC address

SW1# show ip dhcp sn MacAddress	ooping binding IpAddress	Lease(sec)	Туре	VLAN	Interface
	192.168.100.10 192.168.100.11 192.168.100.12	86294 86302 86314	dhcp-snooping dhcp-snooping dhcp-snooping	1 1	GigabitEthernet0/3 GigabitEthernet0/1 GigabitEthernet0/2



Which of the following are functions of DHCP snooping? (select two)

- a) Limiting the rate of DCHP messages
- b) Filtering DHCP messages on trusted ports
- c) Filtering DHCP messages on untrusted ports
- d) Filtering all DHCP messages



When DHCP snooping inspects a DHCP DISCOVER message that arrives on an untrusted interface, what does it check? (select the two best answers)

- a) Source MAC address
- b) CHADDR
- c) IP address
- d) Interface



DHCP snooping rate-limiting is configured on SW1's G0/1 interface. What happens if DHCP messages are received on G0/1 at a rate faster than the configured limit?

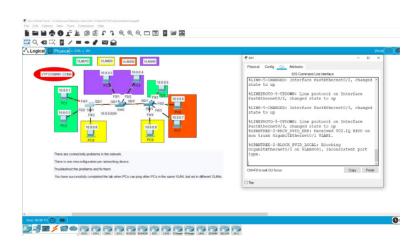
- a) The messages that cross the limit will be dropped
- b) The interface will be disabled
- c) All DHCP messages on the interface will be dropped
- d) A warning syslog message will be displayed



Supplementary Materials

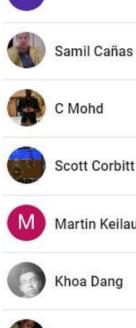
Review flash cards
 (link in the description)

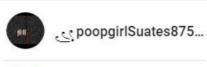
Packet Tracer lab





JCNP-Level Channel Members







Roger Bratseth



Gustavo BR



funnydart



Tebogo Kgoloane



Suki Ghuman



Prakaash Rajan



velvijaykum

Anand Karandikar



Kenneth Williams



Nasir Chowdhury

Channel has been deleted



Tom Oakes



Павел М



Seamus Mooney



Erlison Santos



M Yousif







Brandon Byers



Marko Barbaric



Boson Software





Marcel Lord



Daming Li



Devin Sukhu



Christopher brown

*as of June 7th, 2021





kone fine



Ed Velez



Yonatan Makara



Viktor Balogh



Donald Sabusap



john goff



Vance Simmons











