



Exercise 1:

Create a neural network to learn the function

$$f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \sin(x_1 x_2) \\ \cos(x_1 + x_2) \\ (x_1 x_2)^2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 within the bounds $x_1, x_2 \in [-2, 2]$

Hints:

- Try out more than one hidden layer
- Experiment with different learning rates, optimizer (SGD vs. Adam), activation functions (Tanh vs. ReLU) and the size of the hidden layers



Exercise 2:

Improve your neural network from the previous exercise:

- Plot train and test error: Create a second test dataset of the same function with different sampling points. Calculate the loss of the test dataset (but don't optimize on this dataset!) and plot it together with the loss of the train dataset
- Use minibatches: At each iteration, do not learn on the entire train dataset, but a random subset (e.g. 128 randomly selected samples ← batch size = 128)



Exercise 3:

Try to approximate the policy for a given gridworld environment from the previous exercises environment with a neural network

- Create an environment and learn a policy using policy iteration / value iteration / SARSA / Q-learning
- Use the env._obs_to_state() function to create samples of the form x_train = (x, y)
 y_train = argmax(p_up, p_right, p_down, p_left)
- Learn the policy and visualize it also for non-integer values (e.g. (x, y) = (1.1, 2.7)

Note:

- Use a Softmax output layer and a NLLLoss function or no Softmax output layer and a CrossEntropyLoss function
- When using RL there is in general no test dataset available