sparkcognition™

Darwin™ Python SDK Guide

A SparkCognition™ Education Document

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SparkCognition Darwin Python SDK Guide

Contents

About this guide

This guide describes using the Darwin™ SDK to access and use the Darwin API in automated model building. It is intended for data scientists, software engineers and analysts who want to use the Darwin API to interact with Darwin to create and train models, test the generated models, monitor jobs and perform analysis. The SDK also provides some convenience functions. Note that throughout this document, long key and token values are truncated, indicated by ellipses (...).

The Darwin SDK has an independent version number to allow for release outside of the normal Darwin product release window. As of this printing, the Darwin SDK is at version 1.44.0.

Expectation

This document assumes experience of the data scientist or software engineer that is commensurate with data science techniques and associated programming tasks.

Darwin overview

Darwin is a SparkCognition™ tool that automates model building processes to solve specific problems. This tool enhances data scientist potential because it automates various tasks that are often manually performed. These tasks include data cleaning, latent relationship extraction, and optimal model determination. Darwin promotes rapid and accurate feature generation through both automated windowing and risk generation. Darwin quickly creates highly-accurate, dynamic models using both supervised and unsupervised learning methods.

The general workflow for simple modeling includes:

- Upload training data
- Analyze training data
- Clean training data
- Create model
- Wait for job to complete
- Upload test data
- Clean test data
- Run the model
- Wait for job to complete
- Download the result artifact

Note: Darwin expects all uploaded ingestion files to be in a *rectangular* format. This means a flat file with features that span columns and data samples that span rows. Plan your data file so it fits this expectation to help prevent errors.

See the SDK examples for modeling examples of supervised, unsupervised, and normal behavior modeling (NBM) problems.

For additional information on Darwin, contact your local SparkCognition partner for access to the white paper titled: *Darwin - A Neurogenesis Platform.*

Accessing the API

This document describes the python SDK and explains how to access the Darwin API and its functionality. Additional methods to access the Darwin API include:

- through the `https://darwin-api.sparkcognition.com/v1/` end point
- optionally, through user created `curl` commands

For additional information on the Darwin API, contact your local SparkCognition partner for access to see the *SparkCognition Darwin API User Guide*.

Notes:

- An *api key* is necessary to use the Darwin SDK.
  Contact SparkCognition or your IT manager for an appropriate key.
- All methods return a 2-tuple, for example:

```
(True,  <context-dependent-return-object>)
(False, <some-helpful-message>)
```

Darwin SDK interface

Setup Darwin SDK

Perform the following to download and setup the Darwin SDK:

1. Install Python 3.5 or greater. Alternatively, install *Miniconda*, from https://conda.io/miniconda.html.

2. Create a directory to receive the git repository clone.

3. Change (*cd*) into the new directory.

4. Clone the *darwin-sdk* repository:

   ```
   git clone https://github.com/sparkcognition/darwin-sdk
   ```

5. Change into the new root directory of the *darwin-sdk* cloned darwin-sdk project:

   ```
   cd darwin-sdk
   ```

   Note: By default this is the *master* trunk.

6. Ensure code is from master trunk:

   ```
   git pull
   ```

7. Setup the SDK:

   ```
   python setup.py install
   ```

   The SDK defaults to using the production URL: https://darwin-api.sparkcognition.com/v1/

   Note: Ensure you have a trailing slash (/) on the production URL.

   ON-PREM ONLY: For on-prem installations, the product URL will be in the form:

```
https://customerdomainname.customerdomain.com:8000/v1/
```

Note: On-prem installation must add port 8000 to the product URL.

8. Verify the connection.

Use `get_url()` and `set_url()` to verify connection to the correct Darwin service. See the URL Get/Set methods below for more information.

Set up Users

Before you can set up any user accounts, you need to know your api key, also known as an admin key. This key can be obtained from SparkCognition support or your IT manager. The api key is a long string, for example:

```
'RsJ74ZS5AvwznbHh0AfVSgrchhS9KxACDy3jefaQnxb9f6QTSDBFmhnGa0cOIWtNAIFRAG9ToOTpi0mn'
```

Set up Admin account

Register the api key using the `auth_register()` method.

The purpose of this method is to create a password and an email address for the Darwin admin account. This method must be invoked once for each api key to establish an admin account for that key.

Example

```
>>> from amb_sdk.sdk import DarwinSdk
>>> s = DarwinSdk()
>>> s.auth_register('adminpassword', 'iRgwut4kGs0ymULiuKtMd0WFvBYLMWSj16q2uysQeteq\
UvcysnPojRpfycLVHa2IlN1IlrfEk1YMA', 'admin@company.com')
(True,'Bearer eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJleHAiOjE1MTU1MzM4NjEsImlh\
dCI6MTUxNTUzMDI2MS ... F56xZQiBT-89nrRz1nIXD5LfawHIj_MlUHQqM36vU')
```

Set up User accounts

While you can use the SDK as an admin, it is more convenient to create additional user accounts so that you can have certain datasets/models be owned by specific users. Perform the following to create additional user accounts:

Log in to the *service* as an admin. In the following example, you need to enter your admin password and the api key.

Example

```
>>> s.auth_login('adminpassword', 'iRgwut4kGs0ymULiuKtMd0WFvBYLMWSj16q2uysQeteq\
UvcysnPojRpfycLVHa2IlN1IlrfEk1YMA')
(True,'Bearer iLCJhbGciOeyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJleHAiOjE1MTU1MzQxNzIsImlh\
dUxNTUCI6MTzMD ... UQQfoXqYFKJSoRXXDNPE985-a08cE6_o')
```

Notes:

- Although `Bearer <auth-token>`, returned by `auth_login()`, is used in subsequent calls to validate authenticity, it is not required for each method.
- The SDK remembers the auth token for the DarwinSdk object. Although an auth token is currently valid for 2 hours, if the DarwinSdk object session life time exceeds 2 hours, the SDK will request another auth token until the session ends.

Register a new user by calling the `auth_register_user()` method. You need to input the username, password, and email address for the new user.

Example

```
>>> s.auth_register_user('user1', 'user1-password', 'user1@company.com')
(True,
 'Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJqdGkiOiJkNjY0MmJjOC1iMmU5LTQxO\
DctODFlNS00YjI2MD ... 5zMp_1FfxU')
```

You can repeat this procedure for additional users.

The user can now log in by using the `auth_login_user()` method. The user needs to input the username and password.

Example

```
>>> s.auth_login_user('user1', 'user1-password')
(True,
 'Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJqdGkiOiI3NGYzYmUxZS0yOTlmLTRhN\
zMtODU5ZC01NGRmM2F ... u1zGCeCONA')
```

The user is now logged in and can perform other functions. See the following sections for other SDK methods.

Darwin SDK methods

URL Get/Set methods

DarwinSdk.get_info()

Get info on the routes available and the API version. The `local` flag will return `True` for an on-prem installation.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
(True, {available_routes: {}, local: False})
```

Example

```
In [29]: s.get_info()

Out[29]: (True,
```

```
{'available_routes': {'Info': True,
'Auth': True,
'Job': True,
'Metadata': True,
'Train': True,
'Risk': True,
'Upload': True,
'Download': True,
'Analyze': True,
'Run': True,
'Admin': True,
'Clean': True,
'Model': True},
'local': False, 'api_version': '1.34.0'})
```

DarwinSdk.get_sdk_version()

Get the version of the SDK.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
(True, '1.44.0')
```

Example

```
In [8]: s.get_sdk_version()

Out[8]: (True, '1.44.0')
```

DarwinSdk.get_url()

Get Darwin service url.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
(True, <url-string>)
```

Example

```
In [10]: s.get_url()

Out[10]: (True, 'https://darwin-api.sparkcognition.com/v1/')
```

DarwinSdk.set_url(*url, version='v1'*)

Set Darwin service url and version.

Parameters:

- **url** - URL to the Darwin service

- **version** - Set to 'v1'

Returns:

```
(True, <url>) or (False, 'invalid url')
```

Example for SaaS

```
In [9]: s.set_url('https://darwin-api.sparkcognition.com/v1/')


Out[9]: (True, 'https://darwin-api.sparkcognition.com/v1/')
```

Example for On-prem

```
In [9]: s.set_url('https://customerdomainname.customerdomain.com:8000/v1/')


Out[9]: (True, 'https://customerdomainname.customerdomain.com:8000/v1/')
```

Authentication methods

DarwinSdk.auth_register(*password, api_key, email*)

Register the api key, also known as an admin key, as a service and establish an admin account. The purpose of this method is to set a password and an email address for the Darwin Admin account. This method is invoked only once for each api key to establish a password and Admin account. After registration, the admin can log in to the service using the *auth_login*() method.

Parameters:

- *password* - The service level password for the admin

- *api_key* - The api key for the service

- *email* - Email address

Returns:

```
(True, 'Bearer <auth-token>') or (False, <error-message>)
```

`Bearer <auth-token>` is used in subsequent calls to validate authenticity.
The SDK remembers the auth token for the DarwinSdk object.
Note: Although an auth token is currently valid for 2 hours, if the DarwinSdk object session life time exceeds 2 hours, the SDK will request another auth token until the session ends.

Example

```
In [4]: s.auth_register('adminpassword', 'RsJ74ZS5AvwznbHh0AfVSgrchhS9KxACDy\
3jefaQnxb9f6QTSDBFmhnGa0cOIWtNAIFRAG9ToOTpi0mnEo3zFA', 'admin@company.com')

Out[4]:
(True,
 'Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJleHAiO...iSdU8xlF4yJk')
```

DarwinSdk.auth_login(*password, api_key*)

Log in to the *service* as an admin.
Note: A service must have a password set using `auth_register()` to login successfully.

Parameters:

- *password* - The service level password for the admin

- *api_key* - The api key for the service

Returns:

    (True, 'Bearer <auth-token>') or (False, <error-message>)

`Bearer <auth-token>` is used in subsequent calls to validate authenticity. The SDK remembers the auth token for the DarwinSdk object.
Note: Although an auth token is currently valid for 2 hours, if the DarwinSdk object session life time exceeds the 2 hour limit, the SDK will acquire another auth token until the session ends.

Example

```
In [5]: s.auth_login('adminpassword',
'iRgwut4kGs0ymULiuKtMd0WFvBYLMWSj16q2uysQeteqH9ssc+EETUvcysnPojRpfyc\
LVHa2IlN1IlrfEk1YMA')

Out[5]:
(True,
    'Bearer eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJleHAiOjE1MTU1MzQxN....')
```

DarwinSdk.auth_register_user(username, *password, email*)

Register a user. This method registers a new user.
Note: You must be logged in as a service to create a user.

Parameters:

- *username* - The new end user's username

- *password* - The new end user's password

- *email* - The new end user's email address

Returns:

```
    (True, 'Bearer <auth-token>') or (False, <error-message>)
```

`Bearer <auth-token>` is used in subsequent calls to validate authenticity. The SDK remembers the auth token for the DarwinSdk object.

Note: Although an auth token is currently valid for 2 hours, if the DarwinSdk object session life time exceeds the 2 hour limit, the SDK will acquire another auth token until the session ends.

Example

```
In [8]: s.auth_register_user('user1', 'user1-password', 'user1@company.com')

Out[8]:
(True,
    'Bearer eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJleHAiOjE1MTU1MzQyN....')
```

DarwinSdk.auth_set_email(*username, email*)

Add or change a user's email address.

Parameter:

- *username* - The end user's username
- *email* - The end user's email address

Returns:

```
    (True, None) or (False, <error-message>)
```

User must be logged in to add or change an email address. For cloud installations, this email address will be used for password resets and other notifications. For on-prem installations, password resets are executed using a new default password, there is no email sent. If you do not know the default password, contact Darwin support.

Example

```
In [9]: s.auth_set_email('user1', 'user1@company.com')

Out [9]: (True, None)
```

DarwinSdk.auth_login_user(*username, password*)

Login as a user.

Note: A user must have a username and password set using **auth_register_user**() to successfully login.

Parameters:

- *username* - The end user's username

- *password* - The end user's password

Returns:

```
(True, 'Bearer <auth-token>') or (False, <error-message>)
```

`Bearer <auth-token>` is used in subsequent calls to validate authenticity. The SDK remembers the auth token for the DarwinSdk object.

Note: Although an auth token is currently valid for 2 hours, if the DarwinSdk object session life time exceeds the 2 hour limit, the SDK will acquire another auth token until the session ends.

Example

```
In [9]: s.auth_login_user('user1', 'user1-password')

Out[9]:
(True,
    'Bearer eyJ0eXAiOiJKV1QiLCJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJleHAiOjE1MTU1MzQzM....')
```

DarwinSdk.auth_change_password(*curpass, newpass*)

Change the current user's password.

Parameters::

- *curpass* - User's current password
- *newpass* - User's new password

Returns:

```
(True, None) or (False, <error-message>)
```

User must be logged in to change password. If the current password is forgotten, use the following **DarwinSdk.auth_reset_password (username)** method to reset it. For cloud installations, an email will be generated with a temporary password. For on-prem installations, password resets are executed using a new default password, there is no email sent. If you do not know the default password, contact Darwin support.

Example

```
In [10]: s.auth_change_password('user1-password', 'user1-newpassword')

Out[10]: (True, None)
```

DarwinSdk.auth_reset_password(*username*)

Reset a user's password. Any user can reset another user's password. You do not have to be an admin to execute this function. For cloud installation, a temporary password will be sent to the user's email

address. For on-prem installations, password resets are executed using a new default password, there is no email sent. If you do not know the default password, contact Darwin support.

Parameter:

- *username* - Username to reset password for.

Returns:

> (True, None) or (False, <error-message>)

Example

```
In [8]: s.auth_reset_password('user1')


Out[8]: (True, None)
```

DarwinSdk.auth_delete_user(*username*)

Remove/Unregister a user. This can only be performed by an admin account.

Parameter:

- *username* - Username of the user to be deleted.

Returns:

> (True, <deleted-user-id>) or (False, <error-message>)

Example

```
In [8]: s.lookup_username('testuser2')

Out[8]:
(True,
 [{'client_api_key': 'RsJ74ZS5AvwznbHh0AfVSgrch...Eo3zFA',
   'created_at': '2018-01-03T12:54:30.653478',
   'parent_id': '2516b462-df85-11e7-bdd1-e37424c63ea4',
   'tier': 0,
   'username': 'testuser2'}])

In [9]: s.auth_delete_user('testuser2')


Out[9]: (True, '87d721fc-f0b7-11e7-b58d-a3441423b160')


In [10]: s.auth_delete_user('testuser2')


Out[10]:
(False,
 '404: NOT FOUND - {\n    "message": "Username not found. \
 You have requested this URI [/v1/auth/register/user/testuser2] \
```

```
but did you mean /v1/auth/register/user/ <username> or /v1/auth/register/user \
or /v1/auth/register ?"\n}\n')
```

DarwinSdk.disable_ssl_cert_check()

For on-prem customers, this disables the SSL certificate check when calling `auth_login_user(<username>, <password>`

If you want to re-enable the SSL certificate check, call the `enable_ssl_cert_check()` method.

Parameters: None

DarwinSdk.enable_ssl_cert_check()

For on-prem customers, this enables the SSL certificate check when calling `auth_login_user(<username>, <password>`

If you want to disable the SSL certificate check, call the `disable_ssl_cert_check()` method.

Parameters: None

Job status methods

DarwinSdk.lookup_job_status*(age=None, status=None)*

Get status information for all jobs belonging to the current user or service.

Parameters:

- *age* - (optional) Filter jobs that are less than *X* units old, for example 3w, 2d, or 1h.
- Optional parameters:
    - *status* - If not specified, returns all jobs.
    - *running* (Note that only 2 jobs can be running concurrently.)
    - *requested*
    - *complete*
    - *failed*

Returns:

```
(True, <list-of-jobs>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [6]:  s.lookup_job_status(status='Complete')


Out[6]:
```

```
(True,
 [{'artifact_names': None,
   'dataset_names': ['cancer-train'],
   'endtime': '2018-02-01T10:53:50.451598',
   'generations': 0,
   'job_name': 'eeef500d629e4a2185eb8af6e18a83b4',
   'job_type': 'TrainModel',
   'loss': 2.0,
   'model_name': 'cancer-model',
   'percent_complete': 100,
   'starttime': '2018-02-01T10:52:42.280929',
   'status': 'Complete'}])
```

DarwinSdk.lookup_job_status_name(*job_name*)

Get job status information for a job by its name.

Parameters:

- *job_name* - The name of the job you want status on

Returns:

> ```
> (True, <job-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
> ```

Example

```
In [19]: s.lookup_job_status_name('eeef500d629e4a2185eb8af6e18a83b4')

Out[19]:
(True,
 {'artifact_names': None,
  'dataset_names': ['cancer-train'],
  'endtime': None,
  'generations': 0,
  'job_error': "MultipleDateColumns: multiple date columns \
    - ['Date' 'PeakMonth' 'PeakQuarter']",
  'job_type': 'TrainModel',
  'loss': None,
  'model_name': 'cancer-model',
  'percent_complete': 0,
  'starttime': '2018-02-01T10:52:42.280929',
  'status': 'Running'})

In [20]: s.lookup_job_status('Running')
```

DarwinSdk.delete_job(*job_name*)

Delete a job.

Parameter:

- *job_name* - The name of the job you want to delete

Returns:

```
(True, None) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [17]: s.lookup_job_status_name('7df54dfddfa046d581522f7540e3256c')

Out[17]:
(True,
 {'artifact_names': ['7a245119ca3b42efadc27006e75a225d'],
  'dataset_names': ['market-train'],
  'endtime': '2018-03-06T14:23:59.975793',
  'generations': None,
  'job_error': '',
  'job_type': 'AnalyzeData',
  'loss': None,
  'model_name': None,
  'percent_complete': 100,
  'starttime': '2018-03-06T14:23:57.18095',
  'status': 'Complete'})

In [18]: s.delete_job('7df54dfddfa046d581522f7540e3256c')

Out[18]: (True, None)

In [19]: s.lookup_job_status_name('7df54dfddfa046d581522f7540e3256c')

Out[19]: (False, '404: NOT FOUND - {\n    "message": "Job name not found"\n}\n')
```

DarwinSdk.stop_job(*job_name*)

Stop a running job. The job will not stop right away, but it will stop when the current generation is complete.

Parameter:

- *job_name* - The name of the job you want to stop.

Returns:

```
(True, 'Job is scheduled to stop') or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [21]: s.stop_job('34787793a48b42b48a319bbbf68f13ea')


Out[21]: (True, 'Job is scheduled to stop')
```

Lookup methods

DarwinSdk.lookup_artifact(*type=None*)

Get a list of artifacts belonging to the current user or service.

Parameter:

- *type* - (optional) specifies the type of artifact. Values can be 'Model', 'Dataset', 'Run'.

Returns:

```
(True, <artifact-list>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example:

```
In [30]: s.lookup_artifact('Run')
http://localhost:5000/v1/lookup/artifact


Out[30]:
(True,
 [{'created_at': '2018-02-01T11:09:55.731040',
   'id': 'b9a9205a-0772-11e8-a003-3b1c8766dad0',
   'mbytes': 0.0,
   'name': '8a63e21030d1483abb0f892963c1728f',
   'type': 'Run'},
  {'created_at': '2018-02-01T11:11:17.560360',
   'id': 'ea6f3f80-0772-11e8-9abe-77bc32e350c5',
   'mbytes': 0.0,
   'name': 'artifact-1',
   'type': 'Run'}]
```

DarwinSdk.lookup_artifact_name(*artifact_name*)

Get information for an artifact specified by its name.

Parameter:

- *artifact* - specifies an artifact by its name

Returns:

```
(True, <job-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example:

```
In [31]: s.lookup_artifact_name('artifact-1')

Out[31]:
(True,
 {'created_at': '2018-02-01T11:11:17.560360',
  'mbytes': 0.0,
  'name': 'artifact-1',
  'type': 'Run'})
```

DarwinSdk.lookup_limits()

Get a client's metadata. A client is the current user or service in context.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
(True, <client-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [21]: s.lookup_limits()

Out[21]:
(True,
 {'job_limit': None,
  'model_limit': None,
  'tier': 0,
  'upload_limit': None,
  'user_limit': None,
  'username': None})
```

DarwinSdk.lookup_dataset()

Get the dataset(s) metadata for a user. The user is the current user or service in the current context. This is useful for listing all created datasets.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
(True, <list-of-dataset-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [4]: s.lookup_dataset()

Out[4]:
(True,
 [{'categorical': None,
   'imbalanced': None,
   'mbytes': 0.02019977569580078,
   'minimum_recommended_train_time': "string"
   'name': 'unittest-cancer-dataset2',
   'sequential': None,
   'updated_at': '2018-01-31T15:37:28.310994'},
  {'categorical': None,
   'imbalanced': None,
   'mbytes': 0.02019977569580078,
   'minimum_recommended_train_time': "string"
   'name': 'cancer-train',
   'sequential': None,
   'updated_at': '2018-02-01T10:52:06.076279'}])
```

DarwinSdk.lookup_dataset_name(*dataset_name*)

Get a specific dataset's metadata.

Parameters:

- *dataset_name* - The dataset name. The dataset name is established in the **upload_dataset**() method.

Returns:

```
(True, <dataset-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [36]: s.lookup_dataset_name('cancer-train')

Out[36]:
(True,
 {'categorical': None,
  'imbalanced': None,
  'mbytes': 0.02019977569580078,
  'minimum_recommended_train_time': "string"
  'sequential': None,
  'updated_at': '2018-02-01T10:52:06.076279'})
```

DarwinSdk.lookup_model()

Get the model(s) metadata for a user. The user is the current user or service in the current context. This is useful for listing all models.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
    (True, <list-of-model-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [37]: s.lookup_model()

Out[37]:
(True,
 [{'generations': 0,
   'loss': 2.0,
   'name': 'cancer-model',
   'parameters': {'target': 'Diagnosis'},
   'trained_on': ['cancer-train'],
   'updated_at': '2018-02-01T10:53:50.443166',
   'description': {"best_genome": "DeepNet(\n  (l0): LSTM(20, 18, num_layers=2)\n
    (l1): Linear(in_features=18, out_features=1, bias=True)\n)", "recurrent": True}
 }]
)
```

DarwinSdk.lookup_model_name(*model_name*)

Get a specific model's metadata. The name of a model is established in the *create_model()* method.

Parameters:

- *model_name* - The name of the model

Returns:

```
    (True, <model-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [40]: s.lookup_model_name('cancer-model')

Out[40]:
(True,
 [{'generations': 0,
   'loss': 2.0,
   'parameters': {'target': 'Diagnosis'},
   'trained_on': ['cancer-train'],
```

```
  'updated_at': '2018-02-01T10:53:50.443166',
  'description': {"best_genome": "DeepNet(\n  (l0): LSTM(20, 18, num_layers=2)\n
    (l1): Linear(in_features=18, out_features=1, bias=True)\n)", "recurrent": True}
 }]
)
```

DarwinSdk.lookup_tier()

Get metadata for all tiers. A tier specifies certain usage limits such as *number of models* and *datasets*.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
    (True, <list-of-tier-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [41]: s.lookup_tier()

Out[41]:
(True,
 [{'job_limit': None,
   'model_limit': None,
   'tier': 0,
   'upload_limit': None,
   'user_limit': None},
  {'job_limit': 10000,
   'model_limit': 10000,
   'tier': 1,
   'upload_limit': 10000,
   'user_limit': 1000}])
```

DarwinSdk.lookup_tier_num(*tier_num*)

Get a specific tier's metadata. A tier specifies certain usage limits such as the *number of models* or *datasets*.

Parameters:

- *tier_num* - The number of the tier

Returns:

```
    (True, <tier-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [44]: s.lookup_tier_num(1)

Out[44]:
(True,
 {'job_limit': 10000,
  'model_limit': 10000,
  'tier': 1,
  'upload_limit': 10000,
  'user_limit': 1000})
```

DarwinSdk.lookup_user()

Returns information for users that were created with the current api_key.

Note: Each customer site is assigned a *unique api_key*. All users from that site have the same api_key.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
(True, <list-of-user-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [25]: s.lookup_user()

Out[25]:
(True,
 [{'client_api_key': 'RsJ74ZS5AvwznbHh0AfVSgrchhS9...3zFA',
   'created_at': '2018-01-03T12:54:30.653478',
   'parent_id': '2516b462-df85-11e7-bdd1-e37424c63ea4',
   'tier': 0,
   'username': 'testuser2'},
  {'client_api_key': 'RsJ74ZS5AvwznbHh0AfVSgrchhS9...3zFA',
   'created_at': '2018-01-03T13:14:36.188371',
   'parent_id': '2516b462-df85-11e7-bdd1-e37424c63ea4',
   'tier': 0,
   'username': 'testuser5'},
  {'client_api_key': 'RsJ74ZS5AvwznbHh0AfVSgrchhS9...3zFA',
   'created_at': '2018-01-03T13:21:21.099148',
   'parent_id': '2516b462-df85-11e7-bdd1-e37424c63ea4',
   'tier': 0,
   'username': 'testuser6'}])
```

DarwinSdk.lookup_username(*username*)

Returns information for a user.

Notes:

- The user in question should have been created using the current api_key.
- Each customer site is assigned a *unique api_key*. All users from that site have the same api_key.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
(True, <user-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [26]: s.lookup_username('testuser2')

Out[26]:
(True,
 [{'client_api_key': 'RsJ74ZS5AvwznbHh0AfVSgrchhS9...3zFA',
   'created_at': '2018-01-03T12:54:30.653478',
   'parent_id': '2516b462-df85-11e7-bdd1-e37424c63ea4',
   'tier': 0,
   'username': 'testuser2'}])
```

DarwinSdk.display_population(*model_name*)

Get a specific model's population data. The name of the model is established in the **create_model()** method.

Parameters:

- *model_name* - The name of the model

Returns:

```
(True, <population-info>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [40]: s.display_population('cancer-model')

Out[40]:
        (True,
        {
          "population": {
            "model_types": {
              "DeepNeuralNetwork": {
                "model_description": [
                  {
                    "layer 1": {
```

```
          "type": "LinearLayer",
          "parameters": {
            "activation": "leakyrelu",
            "numunits": 221
          }
        }
      },
      {
        "layer 2": {
          "type": "LinearLayer",
          "parameters": {
            "activation": "relu",
            "numunits": 2
          }
        }
      }
    ],
    "loss_function": "CrossEntropy",
    "fitness": 1.9667300770467946
  },
  "RandomForest": {
    "model_description": {
      "type": "RandomForestClassifier",
      "parameters": {
        "bootstrap": true,
        ....
      }
    },
    "loss_function": "CrossEntropy",
    "fitness": 1.9321841524601422
  }
}
}
})
```

Datasets and artifact methods

DarwinSdk.upload_dataset(*dataset*, *dataset_name=None*)

Upload a dataset.

Note: Supported file formats are .csv and .h5.

Note: For .csv files, ensure they are encoded to one of the following standards:

- utf-8
- us-ascii
- iso-8859-1
- iso-8859-2
- ascii

Note: The maximum size that can be uploaded is 10GB due to only supporting uploading data via http. Files larger than ~2GB can be processed by analyze_data() only. Model creation might not be successful for files larger than ~2GB until Big Data is fully supported. Analyze_data() is the only method that supports Big Data.

Parameters:

- *dataset*- Path to dataset

- *dataset_name* - Name to be given to dataset, or defaults to filename

Returns:

```
(True, {dataset_name: <name-given-to-dataset>})  or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [5]: s.upload_dataset('sets/cancer_train.csv', 'unittest-cancer-dataset')


Out[5]:
(True,
 {'dataset_name': 'unittest-cancer-dataset'})
```

DarwinSdk.download_dataset(*dataset_name*)

Download a dataset artifact given its name.

Parameters:

- *dataset_name* - Name of the dataset to be downloaded.

Returns:

```
(True, <path-to-file>) or (True, <python-list>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [5]: s.download_dataset('cancer-cleandata3', \
    artifact_path='/Users/username/Downloads/artifacts')


Out[5]:
(True,
  {'filename': \
  '/Users/username/Downloads/artifacts/cancer-cleandata3-cleaned-8m38g07j.csv'})
```

DarwinSdk.delete_dataset(*dataset_name*)

Delete the named dataset.

Parameters:

- *dataset_name* - Name of the dataset to be deleted.

Returns:

    (True, None) or (False, <error-message>)

Example

```
In [6]: s.delete_dataset('unittest-cancer-dataset')


Out[6]:
(True, None)
```

DarwinSdk.download_model(*model_name*)

Download a supervised model given its name.

Parameters:

- *model_name* - Name of the model to be downloaded.

- *path* - (optional) Relative or absolute path of the directory to download the model to. This directory must already exist prior to model download. If the path is not specified, the current directory is used. There are two files associated with a model: *'model'* and *'data_profiler'*.

- *model_type* - (optional) Model type of the model to be downloaded. Possible values include the following: *DeepNeuralNetwork, RandomForest, GradientBoosted*.

- *model_format* - (optional) Format in which the model is to be downloaded. Possible values include: *json, onnx*. The ONNX format is only available for neural network models.

Returns:

    (True, None) or (False, <error-message>)

Example

```
In [6]: s.download_model('my-model-name', path='Users/auser/Downloads/mymodel')


Out[6]:
(True, None)
% ls -l ~/Downloads/mymodel
total 272
-rw-r--r-- 1 auser staff 58609 Oct 10 15:55 data_profiler
-rw-r--r-- 1 auser staff 75507 Oct 10 15:55 model
```

DarwinSdk.download_artifact(*artifact_name*, *artifact_path=None*)

Download artifact given its name. The methods that return artifacts are:

- *analyze_data()*
- *analyze_model()*
- *analyze_predictions()*
- *run_model()*

Note: The artifact for *analyze_model()* is a pandas Series. The artifact displays a two-column series where the name of the feature is in the first column and the second column is a number between 0 and 1 indicating how much that feature influenced the model's predictions over the entire dataset that the model was trained on.

Note: The artifact for *analyze_predictions* is a pandas DataFrame. The artifact has one column for each feature that indicates how much that feature influenced the model's prediction, plus additional columns for the average model prediction ("base_value"), and the model prediction for each row ("predicted_value" for regression or "predicted-class" and "predicted_probability" for classification).

Parameters:

- *artifact_name* - Name of the artifact to download.

- *artifact_path*: *(optional)* Relative path of the directory to download the artifact to (only applicable for the artifacts where a temporary file is created). This directory must already exist prior to artifact download.

Returns:

```
(True, <path-to-file>) or (True, <python-list>) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example *run_model()* or prediction artifact

```
In [16]: s.download_artifact('5da17d64be9c4441899316edb9afd403')

Out[16]:
(True,      Diagnosis  prob_BENIGN  prob_MALIGNANT
 0       BENIGN     0.999400     6.002134e-04
 1       BENIGN     1.000000     3.600000e-09
 2       BENIGN     0.999999     8.689000e-07
 3       BENIGN     1.000000     2.500000e-09
 4    MALIGNANT     0.004159     9.958413e-01
 5    MALIGNANT     0.002674     9.973264e-01
 ..        ...          ...              ...

 92   MALIGNANT     0.002499     9.975013e-01
 93      BENIGN     1.000000     5.250000e-08
 94      BENIGN     1.000000     3.100000e-08
 95      BENIGN     0.999901     9.866350e-05
 96      BENIGN     1.000000     9.230000e-08
 97   MALIGNANT     0.003884     9.961160e-01
 98   MALIGNANT     0.002777     9.972232e-01
```

```
99   MALIGNANT     0.003686    9.963139e-01


[100 rows x 3 columns])
```

Example *analyze_data()* artifact

```
In [97]: s.download_artifact('1a38f1af934c4cbabb9136ee94f72718')


Out[97]:
(True,
                                count   drop   is_date low_samples max   \
name
Code                           599   False   False       []   8233704.0
 Clump Thickness               599   False   False       []       10.0
 Uniformity of Cell Size       599   False   False       []       10.0
 Uniformity of Cell Shape      599   False   False       []       10.0
 Marginal Adhesion             599   False   False       []       10.0
 Single Epithelial Cell Size   599   False   False       []       10.0
 Bare Nuclei                   599   False   False       []       10.0
 Bland Chromatin               599   False   False       []       10.0
 Normal Nucleoli               599   False   False       []       10.0
 Mitoses                       599   False   False       []       10.0
Diagnosis                      599   False   False       []        NaN



mean           min          missing   num_uniques        stddev  \
1.044171e+06  6.163400e+04     0.0          557      4.140964e+05
4.555927e+00  1.000000e+00     0.0           10      2.887488e+00
3.215359e+00  1.000000e+00     0.0           10      3.044601e+00
3.287145e+00  1.000000e+00     0.0           10      2.971045e+00
2.859766e+00  1.000000e+00     0.0           10      2.873655e+00
3.290484e+00  1.000000e+00     0.0           10      2.275159e+00
-2.309692e+17 -9.223372e+18    0.0           11      1.442374e+18
3.520868e+00  1.000000e+00     0.0           10      2.369500e+00
2.966611e+00  1.000000e+00     0.0           10      3.084466e+00
1.607679e+00  1.000000e+00     0.0            9      1.734369e+00
NaN           NaN              0.0            2          NaN


top_unique_values                 treatment    type   type_note \
    []                             numeric     int64
    []                             numeric     int64
    []                             numeric     int64
    []                             numeric     int64
    []                             numeric     int64
    []                             numeric     int64
    []                             numeric     int64
```

```
    []                                  numeric    int64
    []                                  numeric    int64
    []                                  numeric    int64
[[BENIGN, 379], [MALIGNANT, 220]]  categorical  object


uniques
[61634, 63375, 76389, 95719, 128059, 142932, 1...
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
[-9223372036854775808, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8,...
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
   [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10]
          [BENIGN, MALIGNANT])
```

Example *analyze_model()* or prediction artifact

```
  In [5]: s.download_artifact('6e4861de29424cb7ad09e467d1869c17',\
  'path_to_download_dir/')


  Out[5]:
  True RM           0.216088
CRIM          0.141956
LSTAT         0.134069
DIS           0.104101
PTRATIO       0.089905
AGE           0.078864
NOX           0.074132
B             0.067823
TAX           0.045741
INDUS         0.023659
ZN            0.011041
RAD = 4.0     0.009464
RAD = 5.0     0.001577
RAD = 6.0     0.001577
RAD = 24.0    0.000000
RAD = 3.0     0.000000
RAD = 7.0     0.000000
CHAS = 1.0    0.000000
RAD = 8.0     0.000000
RAD = 2.0     0.000000
dtype: float64
```

Example *analyze_predictions()* artifact

```
In [8]: (code, fis) = s.download_artifact('34b461c7a52a48318e982068f87e6562',\
 'path_to_download_dir/')


In [9]: fis.head()
Out[9]:    ##Sample return for regression, has predicted_value column
        AGE         B  CHAS = 1.0       CRIM       DIS      INDUS     LSTAT  \
0   0.000000  0.000000    0.000000  -0.664664 -0.923219 -0.720941  2.328635
1  -1.220243 -0.648893    0.000000   0.000000  1.187539 -0.630767  3.506132
2  -0.456561 -0.226880   -0.424802   0.000000 -0.077616 -0.333270 -0.292705
3  -0.195096  0.352712    0.000000  -1.867664 -0.152037  0.273082 -3.583178
4   0.632119  0.079678    0.000000   0.076080 -0.488128 -0.016690 -0.102031


        NOX   PTRATIO  RAD = 2.0        ...       RAD = 4.0  RAD = 5.0  \
0  -0.342404  0.224360        0.0       ...        -0.641678  -0.570788
1  -0.556636 -2.168356        0.0       ...         0.000000  -0.741561
2   0.000000  1.458677        0.0       ...         0.000000  -0.340486
3  -0.945060 -1.068743        0.0       ...         0.000000   0.217991
4   0.309544  0.298940        0.0       ...         0.000000  -0.047708


   RAD = 6.0  RAD = 7.0  RAD = 8.0        RM       TAX        ZN  base_value  \
0        0.0        0.0        0.0 -1.835851 -0.563795 -0.600155    21.63455
1        0.0        0.0        0.0 -1.016655 -0.699813 -0.727181    21.63455
2        0.0        0.0        0.0 -1.137559  0.000000 -0.310209    21.63455
3        0.0        0.0        0.0 -1.220045  0.156790  0.256763    21.63455
4        0.0        0.0        0.0 -0.999328 -0.149627 -0.045493    21.63455


   predicted_value
0        24.620939
1        26.128595
2        24.200972
3        11.255393
4        21.982929


[5 rows x 22 columns]


Out[9]: ##Sample return for classification, returns predicted_class as well

   petal length (cm)  petal width (cm)  sepal length (cm)  sepal width (cm)  \
0           0.217699          0.424209           0.026237          0.005834
1           0.292612          0.315358           0.019236          -0.014442
2           0.325615          0.329229           0.003208          0.016954
3           0.232265          0.410938           0.043014          0.004154
4           0.317190          0.339065           0.015227          0.003523


   base_value  predicted_value predicted_class
```

```
0      0.309628          0.983607        virginica
1      0.365378          0.978142        versicolor
2      0.324994          1.000000        setosa
3      0.309628          1.000000        virginica
4      0.324994          1.000000        setosa
```

DarwinSdk.delete_artifact(*artifact_name*)

Delete the artifact given its name.

Parameters:

- *artifact_name* - Name of the artifact to be deleted.

Returns:

> (True, None) or (False, <error-message>)

Example

```
In [8]: s.delete_artifact('6c482eac9f894cdb9b0e1e487e41730a')


Out[8]:
(True, None)
```

Data Analysis and Data Cleaning methods

DarwinSdk.analyze_data(*dataset_name, **kwargs*)

Analyze the dataset given its *name*. Basic statistics about the data are returned. This method supports Big Data (greater than 2GB) although *upload_dataset()* is currently artificially limited to 10GB due to only supporting uploading data via http.

Note: Please contact us if you have data greater than 10GB. We would like to see a sampling of the large datasets that you'd like to see supported.

Note: You can only analyze a dataset once. If you try to analyze the dataset a second time, you will get a `400: BAD REQUEST` error.

Parameters:

dataset_name - (required) The name of the dataset to be analyzed.

****kwargs* - variable number of keyword arguments, described below:

- *job_name* - (optional) If not specified, a uuid will be created as the job_name.

- *artifact_name*: (optional) If not specified, a uuid will be created as the *artifact_name*.

- *max_unique_values*: Expected input/type: *integer*. Default value of 15. Threshold for automatic pruning of categorical columns prior to one hot encoding based on the number of unique values.

Note: If a categorical column contains at least *max_unique_values*, it is dropped during preprocessing prior to one hot encoding.

Returns:

```
(True, {"job_name": <string>, "artifact_name": <string>})  or (False, <error-message>)
```

Statistics included in the artifact:

- *col_name* - name of the column (any periods ('.') in the column name will be replaced by underscores ('_'))
- *col_type* - type of column
- *drop* - returns True if column is dropped for modeling. Also returns True if the number of unique values is greater than the number defined in *max_unique_values* (default of 15) or if it has more than 80% missing values or has a standard deviation of 0.
- *is_cat* - returns True for categorical otherwise returns False
- *max* - column maximum
- *mean* - column mean
- *min* - column minimum
- *missing* - percentage of missing values
- *num_uniques* - number of unique values if the distinct count is less than the number defined in *max_unique_values* (default of 15), otherwise the value is the approximate number of unique values.
- *scalable* - returns True if column is scalable
- *stddev* - column standard deviation
- *uniques* - actual unique values if there are less than the number defined in *max_unique_values* (default of 15). Otherwise, nothing is returned, see *num_uniques* for the approximate number of unique values.

Example

```
      In [6]: s.analyze_data('boston')
      Out[6]:
      (True,
       {'artifact_name': 'db968d77d2c4444ab731777d01e5e0c0',
         'job_name': '8c12f0df4c39485f9a488fa63196e00c'})


      In [8]: s.download_artifact('db968d77d2c4444ab731777d01e5e0c0')
      Out[8]:
      (True,
                        col_name    col_type   drop is_cat        max  \
      0                      PID  StringType   True  False  2205663001_
      1                   ST_NUM  StringType   True  False          999
      2                  ST_NAME  StringType   True  False       ZELLER
      3              ST_NAME_SUF  StringType   True  False           XT
      4                  ZIPCODE  StringType   True  False       02467_
      5           Assessed_Value       int64   True  False     23095700
      6                 Lot_Area       int64   True  False       107158
      7               Gross_Area       int64   True  False        23335
      8              Living_Area       int64   True  False        21711
```

```
9                 Owner_Occupied  categorical  False   True           None
10                    Year_Built        int64   True  False           2016
11              Number_of_Floors      float64  False  False            5.0
12         Total_Number_of_Rooms        int64   True  False             27
13           Number_of_Bedrooms   categorical  False   True           None
14         Number_of_Full_Baths   categorical  False   True           None
15         Number_of_Half_Baths   categorical  False   True           None
16          Number_of_Kitchens    categorical  False   True           None
17                       Has_AC   categorical  False   True           None
18         Number_of_Fireplaces   categorical  False   True           None
19  Year_Since_Remodel_or_Build        int64   True  False            307
20                Year_Remodeled   StringType   True  False    Unremodeled
21                Structure_Type  categorical  False   True           None
22                Building_Style   StringType   True  False      Victorian
23                     Roof_Type  categorical  False   True           None
24               Exterior_Finish  categorical  False   True           None
25           Main_Bathroom_Style  categorical  False   True           None
26            Main_Kitchen_Style  categorical  False   True           None
27                  Heating_type  categorical  False   True           None
28            Exterior_Condition  categorical  False   True           None
29             Overall_Condition  categorical  False   True           None
30            Interior_Condition  categorical  False   True           None
31               Interior_Finish  categorical  False   True           None
32                          View  categorical  False   True           None

                mean           min   missing  num_uniques  scalable  \
0               None   0100021000_  0.000000        28578      True
1   122.09705524787249        1005R  0.010223         1922      True
2               None    ABBOTSFORD  0.000000         2246      True
3               None            ST  0.003015           21      True
4               None        02108_  0.000000           28      True
5    534716.6815977456        101300  0.000000         7737      True
6    5116.273150271971           375  0.000000         8342      True
7   2931.1126220591127           510  0.000000         4472      True
8   1752.7717084999017           332  0.000000         3169      True
9   0.8408480241169146          None  0.000000            2     False
10   1926.970935185792          1710  0.000000          225      True
11  1.8748115866046269           1.0  0.000000            9      True
12   7.233632610262796             2  0.000000           26      True
13  3.3851169801428664          None  0.000000           12     False
14  1.4273543482534898          None  0.000000           10     False
15  0.5716953928828888          None  0.000000            7     False
16  1.0287043711907726          None  0.000000            4     False
17  0.18733206632151517         None  0.000000            2     False
18   0.590995478078511          None  0.000000           13     False
```

```
19    60.88419948882627              1   0.000000          190    True
20    2000.3376960831488          1890   0.000000           82    True
21                  None           None   0.000000            5    False
22                  None       Bi-Level   0.000000           17    True
23                  None           None   0.000000            7    False
24                  None           None   0.000000           13    False
25                  None           None   0.000000            4    False
26                  None           None   0.000000            4    False
27                  None           None   0.000000            6    False
28                  None           None   0.000000            5    False
29                  None           None   0.000000            5    False
30                  None           None   0.000000            5    False
31                  None           None   0.000000            3    False
32                  None           None   0.000000            5    False


                  stddev                                               uniques
0                   None                                                  None
1      294.1511958893473                                                  None
2                   None                                                  None
3                   None                                                  None
4                   None                                                  None
5      634750.7826113638                                                  None
6      3218.286557124007                                                  None
7     1069.3847598444354                                                  None
8      758.9874732061347                                                  None
9     0.3658237412175791                                                [0, 1]
10     34.9170355483078                                                   None
11    0.5737101635770085                                                  None
12    1.8082562295656077                                                  None
13    1.0095185504254367         [12, 9, 1, 5, 2, 6, 3, 10, 7, 4, 11, 8]
14    0.6850264359951297             [12, 9, 1, 5, 2, 6, 3, 7, 4, 8]
15    0.5645602408681473                   [0, 1, 5, 2, 6, 3, 4]
16   0.17162236936210065                          [0, 1, 2, 3]
17    0.3901842537872663                                [0, 1]
18    0.8584446055814273      [0, 12, 9, 1, 5, 2, 6, 3, 10, 7, 4, 11, 8]
19    43.323487380439225                                                  None
20    13.578956800881818                                                  None
21                  None   ['Residential', 'Wood/Frame', 'Unknown', 'Bric...
22                  None                                                  None
23                  None   ['Shed', 'Gambrel', 'Flat', 'Other', 'Mansard'...
24                  None   ['Cement Board', 'Frame/Clapboard', 'Wood Shak...
25                  None   ['Semi-Modern', 'Luxury', 'No Remodeling', 'Mo...
26                  None   ['Semi-Modern', 'Luxury', 'No Remodeling', 'Mo...
27                  None   ['Electric', 'Other', 'None', 'Hot Water', 'Sp...
28                  None    ['Poor', 'Good', 'Excellent', 'Average', 'Fair']
```

```
        29                None    ['Poor', 'Good', 'Excellent', 'Average', 'Fair']
        30                None    ['Poor', 'Good', 'Excellent', 'Average', 'Fair']
        31                None             ['Elaborate', 'Normal', 'Substandard']
        32                None    ['Poor', 'Good', 'Excellent', 'Average', 'Fair'] )
```

DarwinSdk.clean_data(*dataset_name, **kwargs*)

Clean the dataset given its name. The output is the cleaned dataset which is scaled and one-hot-encoded based on parameters in *analyze_data()*. Use *download_dataset()* to retrieve the cleaned dataset. *clean_data()* needs to be performed prior to creating a model and again before running a model. When you run *clean_data()* before creating a model, you must specify a dataset_name and a target. When you run *clean_data()* before running a model, you must specify a dataset_name and a model_name. *clean_data()* can also be used for visualizing what Darwin would do with the dataset or for when you want to use the cleaned data outside of Darwin.

Parameters:

- *dataset_name* - (required) The name of the dataset to be analyzed.
- ****kwargs* - variable number of keyword arguments, described below:
    - *job_name* : (optional) If not specified, a uuid will be created as the job_name.
    - *artifact_name*: (optional) If not specified, a uuid will be created as the *artifact_name*.
    - *model_name*: (Mandatory for running a model) Specify the model name when you clean data before running a model.
    - *target*: (Mandatory for Supervised Model Building) String denoting target prediction column in input data.
    - *index*: String denoting the date/time column name to use as an index.
    - *impute*: String alias that indicates how to fill in missing values in input data.

ALIAS	DESCRIPTION	COMPLEXITY
'ffill'	**(Default)** Forward Fill: Propagate values forward from one example into the missing cell of the next example. Might be useful for timeseries data, but also applicable for both numerical and categorical data.	Linear Fast
'bfill'	Backward Fill: Propagate values backward from one example into the missing cell of the previous example. Might be useful for timeseries data, but also applicable for both numerical and categorical data.	Linear Fast
'mean'	Mean Fill: Computes the mean value of all non-missing examples in a column to fill in missing examples. The result may or might not be interpretable in terms of the input space for categorical variables.	Linear Fast

- *max_int_uniques*: Expected input/type: *integer*. Threshold for automatic encoding of categorical variables. If a column contains less than *max_int_uniques* unique values, it is treated as

categorical and one hot encoded during preprocessing. **Note:** If the target has more numeric values than the *max_int_uniques* set point, the problem is treated as a regression and will use MSE.

  – *max_unique_values*: Expected input/type: *integer*. Threshold for automatic pruning of categorical columns prior to one hot encoding based on the number of unique values.

    Note: If a categorical column contains at least *max_unique_values*, it is dropped during preprocessing prior to one hot encoding.

Example

```
In [16]: s.clean_data('pacman-cancer', target='Diagnosis')
Out[16]:
    (True,
        {'job_name': '77b47b391b0d483699fe0741cc52e6ad',
        'job_id': '72756658-a63b-11e9-824c-c75a5cadd55f',
        'profile_name': '60f9429a0a2141d9ad98c3d073b8425f',
        'profile_id': '7276d1d2-a63b-11e9-824c-6be79b2f3967'})
```

Modeling and analysis methods

DarwinSdk.create_model(*dataset_names, **kwargs*)

Create a model trained on the dataset identified by dataset_names. You must clean the data using *clean_data()*. The name of a model is specified in a parameter in kwargs.
Note: If no name is specified, the model is named with a *uuid-like* name.

Parameters:

dataset_names - (required) A single dataset name as a string or a list of dataset string names to be used for training. The maximum file size is 500 MB for unsupervised and NBM and 10 GB for supervised.

fit_profile_name: (required) This is the *profile_name* that is generated from the *clean_data* call.

***kwargs** - variable number of keyword arguments, described in *parameters*.

parameters -

- *val_size*: Portion of the dataset to be used as a validation set during training, expressed as a decimal that is greater than 0 and less than 1. Default value is 0.2 (i.e., 20%).

- *cv_kfold*: k-fold cross-validation, where k is the number of groups that a given data sample is to be split into for training/validation. Default is 1 for non-timeseries data or 3 for timeseries data. Maximum value allowed is 10.

- *model_name*: The string identifier of the model to be trained. If no name is specified, the model is named with a *uuid-like* name.

- *job_name*: If no name is specified, the job is named with a *uuid-like* name.

- *max_train_time* (supervised only): Sets the training time for the model in 'HH:MM' format. Default value is `00:01`.

- *max_epochs*: Expected input/type: *numeric*. Sets the training time for the model in epochs. Default value is `10`.

- *recurrent*: Expected input/type: *True/False*. Enables recurrent connections to be evolved in the model. This can result in slower model evolution.

- *anomaly*: Setting this parameter to **True** indicates that an isolation forest should be built for anomaly detection. If set to **True**, clustering will automatically be interpreted as **False**.

- *clustering* (unsupervised only): Enables clustering for unsupervised problems. If False, detects outliers.

- *n_clusters* (unsupervised only): Expected input/type: *integer*. Specifies the number of clusters. **Note**: If this value is not provided, the number of clusters will be heuristically determined.

- *forecast_horizon* (forecasting only): Integer indicating how long in the future you want to forecast predictions. For example, if you have 6 months of time-series data and each row represents a 1 day interval and you want to predict the next week of data, you should set `forecast_horizon=7`. If each row is a 1 hour interval, then you should set `forecast_horizon=168`. (168 = 7*24)

  Note: For best results, be sure that the minimum length to run the model is 5 times of the *forecast_horizon* specified.

- *anomaly_prior* (unsupervised only): Expected input/type: *between [0,1]*. Significance level at which a point is defined as anomalous. This is only used for unsupervised problems if *clustering* is disabled.

- *class_weights*: A string to indicate how relatively important each class is for predictive correctness. This is done by providing a numeric value to each class. Note that the class name is case-sensitive. The following is an example *class_weights* setting:

  ```
  class_weights = "{'BENIGN': 4, 'MALIGNANT': 6}"
  ```

- *loss_fn_name*: Specify the loss function. Possible values include: *"CrossEntropy"*, *"MSE"*, *"BCE"*, *"L1"*, *"NLL"*, *"BCEWithLogits"*, *"SmoothL1"*.

  "CrossEntropy", *"BCE"*, and *"BCEWithLogits"* can be used for classification data, while all others can be used for regression data. The default value is *CrossEntropy* if this field is left empty.

- *fitness_fn_name*: Specify the fitness function. This represents the name of the fitness function used for evolution of the model population during training. Possible values include: *"Accuracy"*, *"F1"*, *"R2"*, *"MSE"*. "F1" is the default for classification and "R2" is the default for regression problems. "Accuracy" and "F1" are for classification only. "R2" and "MSE" are for regression only.

- *lead_time_days* (*nbm* only): Expected input/type: *integer*. Default value is `60`. The number of days prior to failure when the behavior starts trending toward either abnormal behavior or failure.

- *nbm_window_size* (*nbm* only): Expected input/type: *integer*. Default value is `256`. The number of sample points to consider for each failure detection.

- *nbm* (*nbm* only): Expected input/type: *True/False*. Default value is `False`. Set value to `True` for a normal behavioral model (NBM).

- *failure_dates* (*nbm* only): Expected input/type: *string*. List of failure dates to use for the calculation. Currently, only a list of one date can be used in the query. Example date format: `"07/01/2015"`

- *recovery_dates* (*nbm* only): Expected input/type: *string*. List of recovery dates to use for the calculation. Currently, only a list of one date can be used in the query. Example date format: `"11/01/2015"`

Returns:

> `(True, {'job_id': <uuid1>, model_name: <model_name>}) or (False, <error-message>)`

Example

```
In [18]: s.create_model('pacman-cancer', \
  fit_profile_name='60f9429a0a2141d9ad98c3d073b8425f', max_train_time='00:02')
Out[18]:
  (True,
    {'job_name': 'b29d680547f94d1e87bf0e6ae6913ae0',
    'job_id': '81a68bde-a63b-11e9-aa27-2ba9c50e485f',
    'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226'})
```

DarwinSdk.delete_model(*model_name*)

Delete a model named by *model_name*.

Parameters:

- *model_name* - Name of the model to be deleted.

Returns:

> `(True, None) or (False, <error-message>)`

Example

```
In [5]: s.delete_model('unittest-cancer-model')
Out[5]: (True, None)
```

DarwinSdk.resume_training_model(*model_name, dataset_names, **kwargs*)

Resume training for a model on the dataset(s) identified by *dataset_names*.

Parameters:

- *model_name* - Name of the model to be trained.
- *dataset_name*- Name of dataset(s) used for training.
- ***kwargs* - variable number of keyword arguments, described below:.
  - *job_name* - If not specified, a uuid is created as the *job_name*.
  - *max_train_time* - If not specified, the *default* is used.

Returns:

```
(True, {"job_id""<uuid>", "model_name": "<model_name>"}) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [39]: s.resume_training_model('1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', \
    'pacman-cancer', max_train_time='00:01')
Out[39]:
    (True,
        {'job_name': '30ba83c61814459f95b668a8316e647f',
         'job_id': '66e3ef92-a63d-11e9-9792-a38b3282194d',
         'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226'})
```

DarwinSdk.analyze_model(*model_name, job_name=None, artifact_name=None*)

Analyze the universal feature importances for a particular model given the model name.

Note: This method is not supported in forecasting models.

Parameters:

- *model_name* - (required) The name of the model to be analyzed.

- *job_name* - (optional) If not specified, a uuid is created as the *job_name*.

- *artifact_name* - (optional) If not specified, a uuid is created as the *artifact_name*.

- *category_name* - (optional) The name of the class for supervised or cluster for unsupervised to get feature importance for. If this is not specified, the feature importance will be over all classes/clusters.

- *model_type*: (optional) Model type from the population. Possible values include: *DeepNeuralNetwork, RandomForest, GradientBoosted*.

Returns:

```
(True, {"job_name": <string>, "artifact_name": <string>})  or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [5]: s.analyze_model('unittest-cancer-model')
Out [5]:
(True, {'artifact_id': '71a8ae55f2934014b45c13a3975f419c', 'job_id': \
'4e59ffc425e047e1a3b872f1e7396976'})
```

DarwinSdk.analyze_predictions(*model_name, dataset_name, job_name=None, artifact_name=None*)

Analyze specific feature importances for a particular sample or samples given the model name and sample data. Analyze predictions cannot be used if you trained your model with a dataset that is larger than 500 MB.

Note: This method is not supported in forecasting models.

Parameters:

- *dataset_name* - (required) The name of the dataset containing the data to analyze predictions for. This is a new dataset that was not used during training for which you want feature importance scores for each row of this dataset. This dataset has a limit of 500 rows. There is no limit for columns.

- *model_name* - (required) The name of the model to be analyzed.

- *job_name* - (optional) If not specified, a uuid is created as the *job_name*.

- *artifact_name* - (optional) If not specified, a uuid is created as the *artifact_name*.

- *start_index* - (optional) Index to start at in the dataset when analyzing model predictions. All numeric and datetime data types can be indexes. When specifying an index as a datetime, the preferred timestamp format is `2019-02-15 19:46:48`.

- *end_index* - (optional) Index to stop at in the dataset when analyzing model predictions. All numeric and datetime data types can be indexes. When specifying an index as a datetime, the preferred timestamp format is `2019-02-15 19:46:48`.

- *model_type*: (optional) Model type from the population. Possible values include: *DeepNeuralNetwork, RandomForest, GradientBoosted*.

Returns:

```
(True, {"job_name": <string>, "artifact_name": <string>}) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [5]: s.analyze_predictions('model_name', 'dataset_name')
Out [5]:
(True, {'artifact_name': '71a8ae55f2934014b45c13a3975f419c', 'job_name': \
'4e59ffc425e047e1a3b872f1e7396976'})
```

DarwinSdk.run_model(*dataset_name, model_name, job_name=None, artifact_name=None*)

Run the model given its name and a dataset to use. Use **upload_dataset**() to upload a data set.

Parameters:

- *dataset_name* - The name of a dataset to use for running the model.

- *model_name* - The name of the model to run.

- *anomaly*: Setting this parameter to **True** indicates that an isolation forest should be built for anomaly detection. If set to **True**, clustering will automatically be interpreted as **False**.

- *supervised* - (**Deprecated**: This argument exists only for backward compatibility.) (optional) A boolean (True/False) indicating whether the model is supervised or not, for example, set this to *False* for *unsupervised*.

- *job_name* - (optional) If not specified, a uuid is created as the *job_name*.

- *artifact_name* - (optional) If not specified, a uuid is created as the *artifact_name*.

- *model_type* - (optional) Model type of the model to be downloaded. Possible values include the following: *DeepNeuralNetwork, RandomForest, GradientBoosted.*

Returns:

```
(True, {"job_name": <string>, "artifact_name": <string>}) or (False, <error-message>)
```

Example

```
In [21]: s.run_model('pacman-cancer', '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226')
Out[21]:
    (True,
     {'job_name': 'dfd758d43bda429cb19b4d9460db689d',
      'job_id': '612b7b2a-a63c-11e9-acd6-7b9b48091c5f',
      'artifact_name': '2f8502b4e3494ba3b5ce2133e066ec1a'})
```

Convenience methods

DarwinSdk.delete_all_datasets()

Deletes user datasets. This method deletes all datasets in the current user or service context.
Note: Use *lookup_dataset()* to view/verify the datasets for deletion.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
    (True, None) or (False, <error-message>)
```

DarwinSdk.delete_all_models()

Delete all models for a user. This method will delete all models in the current user's or service's context.
Note: Use *lookup_model()* to review and verify that you want to delete all listed models.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
    (True, None) or (False, <error-message>)
```

DarwinSdk.delete_all_artifacts()

Delete all artifacts for a user. This method will delete all artifacts in the current user's or service's context.
Note: Use *lookup_artifact()* to review and verify that you want to delete all listed artifacts.

Parameters: None

Returns:

```
(True, None) or (False, <error-message>)
```

DarwinSdk.wait_for_job(*job_name, time_limit=600*)

Synchronously wait for a job to complete, limited by *time_limit* that defaults to 600 seconds. If the *time_limit* is reached, your job will continue to run but **wait_for_job** will discontinue monitoring it. You can re-run **wait_for_job** or modify the *time_limit* parameter.

Parameters:

- *job_name* - The id for the job
- *time_limit* - (optional) defaults to 600 seconds

Returns:

```
(True, None) or (False, <error-message>)
```

DarwinSdk.help()

Shows all the methods available.

Parameters: None

Example

```
In [5]: s.help()
Out [5]:
analyze_data (self, dataset_name, **kwargs)
analyze_model (self, model_name, job_name=None, artifact_name=None, \
  category_name=None, model_type=None)
analyze_predictions (self, model_name, dataset_name, job_name=None, \
  artifact_name=None, model_type=None)
auth_change_password (self, curpass, newpass)
auth_delete_user (self, username)
auth_login (self, password, api_key)
auth_login_user (self, username, password)
auth_register (self, password, api_key, email)
auth_register_user (self, username, password, email)
auth_reset_password (self, username)
auth_set_email (self, username, email)
clean_data (self, dataset_name, **kwargs)
create_model (self, dataset_names, **kwargs)
delete_all_artifacts (self)
delete_all_datasets (self)
delete_all_models (self)
```

```
delete_artifact (self, artifact_name)
delete_dataset (self, dataset_name)
delete_job (self, job_name)
delete_model (self, model_name)
disable_ssl_cert_check (self)
display_population (self, model_name)
download_artifact (self, artifact_name, artifact_path=None)
download_dataset (self, dataset_name, file_part=None, artifact_path=None)
download_model (self, model_name, path=None, model_type=None, model_format=None)
enable_ssl_cert_check (self)
get_info (self)
get_url (self)
lookup_artifact (self, type=None)
lookup_artifact_name (self, artifact_name)
lookup_dataset (self)
lookup_dataset_name (self, dataset_name)
lookup_job_status (self, age=None, status=None)
lookup_job_status_name (self, job_name)
lookup_limits (self)
lookup_model (self)
lookup_model_name (self, model_name)
lookup_tier (self)
lookup_tier_num (self, tier_num)
lookup_user (self)
lookup_username (self, username)
resume_training_model (self, model_name, dataset_names, **kwargs)
run_model (self, dataset_name, model_name, **kwargs)
set_url (self, url, version='v1')
stop_job (self, job_name)
upload_dataset (self, dataset_path, dataset_name=None, has_header=True)
wait_for_job (self, job_name, time_limit=600)
```

Reference

- SDK modeling example
- Revision table

SDK modeling examples

The following section details modeling examples for the following types of problems:

- Supervised
- Unsupervised
- NBM

Supervised modeling example

```
---
In [1]: from amb_sdk.sdk import DarwinSdk

In [2]: s = DarwinSdk()

In [3]: s.auth_login_user('your-username', 'your-password')
Out[3]:
(True,
    'Bearer eyJ0eXAiOiJK...A8sj4pAzX1FpMMscwY_rMJbnGo0YQ_4')

In [14]: s.upload_dataset('sets/cancer_train.csv', 'pacman-cancer')
Out[14]: (True, {'dataset_name': 'pacman-cancer'})

In [15]:  s.analyze_data('pacman-cancer')
Out[15]:
(True,
{'job_name': '3b3a54324a68427583ccae1194822fdd',
 'job_id': '688d5aba-a63b-11e9-b969-d3fc6b14b182',
 'artifact_name': '5b38f0d797cd45c5a7081a0c1b02ccad'})

In [16]: s.clean_data('pacman-cancer', target='Diagnosis')
Out[16]:
(True,
{'job_name': '77b47b391b0d483699fe0741cc52e6ad',
 'job_id': '72756658-a63b-11e9-824c-c75a5cadd55f',
 'profile_name': '60f9429a0a2141d9ad98c3d073b8425f',
 'profile_id': '7276d1d2-a63b-11e9-824c-6be79b2f3967'})

In [18]: s.create_model('pacman-cancer', \
 fit_profile_name='60f9429a0a2141d9ad98c3d073b8425f', max_train_time='00:02')
Out[18]:
(True,
{'job_name': 'b29d680547f94d1e87bf0e6ae6913ae0',
 'job_id': '81a68bde-a63b-11e9-aa27-2ba9c50e485f',
 'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226'})

In [19]: s.wait_for_job('b29d680547f94d1e87bf0e6ae6913ae0')
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:30:11.995459', \
 'endtime': None, 'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'TrainModel', \
 'loss': None, 'generations': 0, 'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], \
 'artifact_names': None, 'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', \
 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:30:11.995459', \
 'endtime': None, 'percent_complete': 50, 'job_type': 'TrainModel', \
```

```
'loss': 0.20505395531654358, 'generations': 1, 'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], \
'artifact_names': None, 'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226',\
 'job_error': ''}
...
'generations': 29, 'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], 'artifact_names': None, \
'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:30:11.995459', \
'endtime': '2019-07-14T08:34:40.40471', 'percent_complete': 100, \
'job_type': 'TrainModel', 'loss': 0.20505395531654358, 'generations': 31, \
'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], 'artifact_names': None, \
'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', 'job_error': ''}
Out[19]: (True, 'Job completed')

In [21]: s.run_model('pacman-cancer', '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226')
Out[21]:
(True,
{'job_name': 'dfd758d43bda429cb19b4d9460db689d',
 'job_id': '612b7b2a-a63c-11e9-acd6-7b9b48091c5f',
 'artifact_name': '2f8502b4e3494ba3b5ce2133e066ec1a'})

In [22]: s.wait_for_job('dfd758d43bda429cb19b4d9460db689d')
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:36:26.997233', \
 'endtime': '2019-07-14T08:36:40.418987', 'percent_complete': 100, \
 'job_type': 'RunModel', 'loss': 0.20505395531654358, 'generations': 31, \
 'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], \
 'artifact_names': ['2f8502b4e3494ba3b5ce2133e066ec1a'], \
 'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', 'job_error': ''}
Out[22]: (True, 'Job completed')

In [23]: s.download_artifact('2f8502b4e3494ba3b5ce2133e066ec1a')
Out[23]:
(True,       Diagnosis  prob_BENIGN  prob_MALIGNANT
    0          BENIGN     0.896724        0.103276
    1       MALIGNANT     0.313960        0.686040
    ...
    597        BENIGN     0.886773        0.113227
    598        BENIGN     0.931960        0.068040

    [599 rows x 3 columns])

In [26]: s.upload_dataset('sets/cancer_test.csv', 'pacman-cancertest')
Out[26]: (True, {'dataset_name': 'pacman-cancertest'})

In [27]: s.clean_data('pacman-cancertest', \
model_name='1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226')
```

```
Out[27]:
(True,
{'job_name': '462ade77431d4fde92b780ddc00573d9',
 'job_id': 'a868dd5c-a63c-11e9-94d1-8b9399879e43',
 'artifact_name': 'd8d4e61a4c624e70abb8bf66fde42e45',
 'artifact_id': 'a86a8a30-a63c-11e9-94d1-93c25fc085f5'})

In [28]: s.run_model('pacman-cancertest', \
'1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226')
Out[28]:
(True,
    {'job_name': '015bc7fa826c4f36b5ca2b4e8b27dba0',
     'job_id': 'b3eff6c4-a63c-11e9-bfd4-2387a41a7f36',
     'artifact_name': 'f5e5de3ac8bc413385d94ff9203ed919'})

In [29]: s.wait_for_job('015bc7fa826c4f36b5ca2b4e8b27dba0')
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-15T12:53:34.483154', \
'endtime': '2019-07-15T12:53:42.266985', 'percent_complete': 100, \
'job_type': 'RunModel', 'loss': 0.4324471354484558, 'generations': 21, \
'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], \
'artifact_names': ['f5e5de3ac8bc413385d94ff9203ed919'], \
'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', 'job_error': ''}
Out[29]: (True, 'Job completed')

In [30]: s.download_artifact('f5e5de3ac8bc413385d94ff9203ed919')
Out[30]:
(True,      Diagnosis  prob_BENIGN  prob_MALIGNANT
    0         BENIGN     0.816393         0.183607
    1         BENIGN     0.947398         0.052602
    2         BENIGN     0.947646         0.052354
    3         BENIGN     0.947398         0.052602
    4      MALIGNANT     0.189687         0.810313
    5      MALIGNANT     0.256924         0.743076
   ...
    98     MALIGNANT     0.225788         0.774212
    99     MALIGNANT     0.202293         0.797707
    100       BENIGN     0.816393         0.183607
    101       BENIGN     0.816393         0.183607

    [102 rows x 3 columns])


In [31]: s.analyze_model('1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226')
Out[31]:
    (True,
```

```
      {'job_name': '173bc091175c41c3a03d2cef9b4344fb',
       'job_id': 'eef624aa-a63c-11e9-94d1-2bccd93a7796',
       'artifact_name': '4d4684c1956844df8b412119637e890b'})


In [32]: s.wait_for_job('173bc091175c41c3a03d2cef9b4344fb')
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:40:24.885663', \
'endtime': '2019-07-14T08:40:26.360908', 'percent_complete': 100, \
'job_type': 'AnalyzeModel', 'loss': 0.20505395531654358, 'generations': 31, \
'dataset_names': None, 'artifact_names': ['4d4684c1956844df8b412119637e890b'], \
'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', 'job_error': ''}
Out[32]: (True, 'Job completed')


In [33]: s.download_artifact('4d4684c1956844df8b412119637e890b')
Out[33]:
(True, Diagnosis = BENIGN            0.143460
       Single Epithelial Cell Size  0.141226
       Bland Chromatin              0.114085
       Normal Nucleoli              0.112659
       Mitoses                      0.100054
       Marginal Adhesion            0.091280
       Uniformity of Cell Size      0.070170
       Uniformity of Cell Shape     0.066997
      Code                          0.058587
       Clump Thickness              0.053780
      Diagnosis = MALIGNANT         0.046033
       Bare Nuclei                  0.001669
     dtype: float64)


In [34]:  s.analyze_predictions('1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', \
          'pacman-cancertest')
Out[34]:
    (True,
     {'job_name': 'b8e93f64e00f41819886cccbd2cad488',
      'job_id': 'f9f081a0-a729-11e9-8035-c3c7e048165a',
      'artifact_name': 'cbb36947ba5e4511846a80668207c77c'})


In [35]: s.wait_for_job('b8e93f64e00f41819886cccbd2cad488')
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-15T12:57:14.029058', \
'endtime': None, 'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'AnalyzePredictions', \
'loss': 0.4324471354484558, 'generations': 21, 'dataset_names': None, \
'artifact_names': ['cbb36947ba5e4511846a80668207c77c'], \
'model_name': '9f3ffa24162448158bdb1c0f3fe8c21e', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-15T12:57:14.029058', \
'endtime': None, 'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'AnalyzePredictions', \
'loss': 0.4324471354484558, 'generations': 21, 'dataset_names': None, \
```

```
'artifact_names': ['cbb36947ba5e4511846a80668207c77c'], \
'model_name': '9f3ffa24162448158bdb1c0f3fe8c21e', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-15T12:57:14.029058', \
'endtime': '2019-07-15T13:05:26.715496', 'percent_complete': 100, \
'job_type': 'AnalyzePredictions', 'loss': 0.4324471354484558, 'generations': 21, \
'dataset_names': None, 'artifact_names': ['cbb36947ba5e4511846a80668207c77c'], \
'model_name': '9f3ffa24162448158bdb1c0f3fe8c21e', 'job_error': ''}
Out[35]: (True, 'Job completed')


In [36]: s.download_artifact('cbb36947ba5e4511846a80668207c77c')
Out[36]:
(True,
Code_shap    Clump Thickness_shap    Uniformity of Cell Size_shap    Uniformity of ... \
     0        0.001568               0.029792                        0.068253
     1        0.000836               0.039068                        0.052454
     2        0.000584               0.039056                        0.052201
     3        0.002181               0.037539                        0.052797
     4       -0.001198               0.012781                        0.124094


    ...
    98       -0.001878               0.000495                        0.131678
    99       -0.000813               0.000495                        0.141285
   100        0.001568               0.029792                        0.068253
   101        0.001568               0.029792                        0.068253


    [102 rows x 13 columns])


In [39]: s.resume_training_model('1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', \
'pacman-cancer', max_train_time='00:01')
Out[39]:
    (True,
     {'job_name': '30ba83c61814459f95b668a8316e647f',
      'job_id': '66e3ef92-a63d-11e9-9792-a38b3282194d',
      'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226'})


In [40]: s.wait_for_job('30ba83c61814459f95b668a8316e647f')
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:43:46.090825', 'endtime': None, \
'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'UpdateModel', 'loss': 0.20505395531654358, \
'generations': 31, 'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], 'artifact_names': None, \
'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:43:46.090825', 'endtime': None, \
'percent_complete': 13, 'job_type': 'UpdateModel', 'loss': 0.20505395531654358, \
'generations': 40, 'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], 'artifact_names': None, \
'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:43:46.090825', 'endtime': None, \
```

```
'percent_complete': 35, 'job_type': 'UpdateModel', 'loss': 0.20505395531654358, \
'generations': 43, 'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], 'artifact_names': None, \
'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:43:46.090825', 'endtime': None, \
'percent_complete': 61, 'job_type': 'UpdateModel', 'loss': 0.20505395531654358, \
'generations': 47, 'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], 'artifact_names': None, \
'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:43:46.090825', 'endtime': None, \
'percent_complete': 95, 'job_type': 'UpdateModel', 'loss': 0.20505395531654358, \
'generations': 52, 'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], 'artifact_names': None, \
'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:43:46.090825', 'endtime': \
'2019-07-14T08:46:07.389587', 'percent_complete': 100, 'job_type': 'UpdateModel', \
'loss': 0.20505395531654358, 'generations': 52, 'dataset_names': ['pacman-cancer'], \
'artifact_names': None, 'model_name': '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226', \
'job_error': ''}
Out[40]: (True, 'Job completed')

In [41]: s.run_model('pacman-cancer', '1f871bd9b0b3405680a2bce0c3b2b226')
Out[41]:
    (True,
     {'job_name': 'cc623240c5b1453eb73cdcdc93777f55',
      'job_id': 'c4380d18-a63d-11e9-85df-2337b425c294',
      'artifact_name': '48d74e4277944412ac032879fc23c5ba'})



In [45]: s.download_artifact('48d74e4277944412ac032879fc23c5ba')
Out[45]:
(True,        Diagnosis  prob_BENIGN  prob_MALIGNANT
     0          BENIGN     0.920420        0.079580
     1       MALIGNANT     0.461758        0.538242
    '''
     597        BENIGN     0.834559        0.165441
     598        BENIGN     0.949016        0.050984


    [599 rows x 3 columns])
```

Unsupervised modeling example

```
  ---
  In [47]: s.upload_dataset('sets/pulsars.csv', 'pacman-pulsars')
  Out[47]: (True, {'dataset_name': 'pacman-pulsars'})
```

```
In [48]: s.analyze_data('pacman-pulsars')
Out[48]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '294ed354f3484b2ebebe658033284128',
  'job_id': '80193b9c-a63e-11e9-85df-fba3623db3bc',
  'artifact_name': 'b3d8dacf77fc409b9dd48030b2dda07b'})


In [49]: s.clean_data('pacman-pulsars')
Out[49]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '454f781b2a02403ea74d915a4b6b530c',
  'job_id': '8763baf8-a63e-11e9-900b-4335c8f0f324',
  'artifact_name': 'b9820a205bf140b1ae24bc6b1b133d2d',
  'artifact_id': '876560d8-a63e-11e9-900b-7f0b539a80a9'})


In [50]: s.create_model('pacman-pulsars',\
 fit_profile_name='b9820a205bf140b1ae24bc6b1b133d2d')
Out[50]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '2a9a1e55f8e34ddd828326ecee2b42f4',
  'job_id': '97a92592-a63e-11e9-a08f-cf415e11311a',
  'model_name': 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265'})


In [51]: s.wait_for_job('2a9a1e55f8e34ddd828326ecee2b42f4')
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:52:17.412985', 'endtime': None,\
 'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'TrainModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0, \
 'dataset_names': ['pacman-pulsars'], 'artifact_names': None, \
 'model_name': 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:52:17.412985', 'endtime': None,\
 'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'TrainModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0,\
  'dataset_names': ['pacman-pulsars'], 'artifact_names': None,\
   'model_name': 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265', 'job_error': ''}
...
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:52:17.412985', \
'endtime': '2019-07-14T08:53:53.736499', 'percent_complete': 100, \
'job_type': 'TrainModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0, \
 'dataset_names': ['pacman-pulsars'], 'artifact_names': None, \
 'model_name': 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265', 'job_error': ''}
Out[51]: (True, 'Job completed')


In [53]: s.run_model('pacman-pulsars', 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265')
Out[53]:
(True,
 {'job_name': 'c72ef79400014a3fb9e0a5821adf0826',
  'job_id': '0b58fb52-a63f-11e9-9f7b-53a24e4e1e2a',
```

```
    'artifact_name': '05380df9e93c4650ab6f7e5e67e23f72'})


In [54]: s.wait_for_job('c72ef79400014a3fb9e0a5821adf0826')
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:55:31.501449', \
'endtime': '2019-07-14T08:55:34.679054', 'percent_complete': 100, \
'job_type': 'RunModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0, \
'dataset_names': ['pacman-pulsars'],\
'artifact_names': ['05380df9e93c4650ab6f7e5e67e23f72'], \
'model_name': 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265', 'job_error': ''}
Out[54]: (True, 'Job completed')


In [55]: s.download_artifact('05380df9e93c4650ab6f7e5e67e23f72')
Out[55]:
(True,
 {'filename': '/var/folders/wc/w7ktf3392_s7c6t2djlhyb9/T/artifact-6ac2m9yp.csv'})


n [17]: s.analyze_model('b7d28ee423d4430fafa51a017be827ac')
Out[17]:
(True,
 {'job_name': 'b36800c1a47f4c559c231d155a12fd85',
   'job_id': '8c5dfd70-a8f5-11e9-88ca-173db83c1239',
   'artifact_name': 'a417260dfabc409a8204fa1ceeae112f'})


In [18]: s.wait_for_job('b36800c1a47f4c559c231d155a12fd85')
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T19:46:58.691115',\
 'endtime': '2019-07-17T19:47:02.152927', 'percent_complete': 100,\
  'job_type': 'AnalyzeModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0,\
   'dataset_names': None, 'artifact_names': ['a417260dfabc409a8204fa1ceeae112f'],\
    'model_name': 'b7d28ee423d4430fafa51a017be827ac', 'job_error': ''}
Out[18]: (True, 'Job completed')


In [19]: s.download_artifact('a417260dfabc409a8204fa1ceeae112f')
Out[19]:
(True, kurt_dmsnr      0.0
 skew_dmsnr      0.0
 skew_profile    0.0
 kurt_profile    0.0
 class           0.0
 std_profile     0.0
 mean_dmsnr      0.0
 mean_profile    0.0
 std_dmsnr       0.0
 dtype: float64)


In [22]: s.upload_dataset('sets/pulsars_predict.csv', 'pulsars-test')\
```

```
   # Need to trim original dataset to have fewer than 500 rows.
Out[22]: (True, {'dataset_name': 'pulsars-test'})


In [23]: s.clean_data('pulsars-test', model_name='b7d28ee423d4430fafa51a017be827ac')
Out[23]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '8324da8dea734455a73daeeddd3e0b5f',
  'job_id': 'fc2a4974-a8f5-11e9-9074-7fa762e40db7',
  'profile_name': 'bccde471e8514ef59b0b106fa7af6be9',
  'profile_id': 'fc2c0e76-a8f5-11e9-9074-13d39d00d68d'})


In [24]: s.analyze_predictions ('b7d28ee423d4430fafa51a017be827ac', 'pulsars-test')
Out[24]:
(True,
 {'job_name': 'def26ef5be3a4d5b822542fd125c8600',
  'job_id': '12995024-a8f6-11e9-89b8-cf7654542d20',
  'artifact_name': 'd726a45761a1431d8bbe381c4f4f2782'})


In [25]: s.wait_for_job('def26ef5be3a4d5b822542fd125c8600')
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T19:50:43.895873',\
 'endtime': '2019-07-17T19:50:49.098101', 'percent_complete': 100,\
  'job_type': 'AnalyzePredictions', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0,\
   'dataset_names': None, 'artifact_names': ['d726a45761a1431d8bbe381c4f4f2782'],\
    'model_name': 'b7d28ee423d4430fafa51a017be827ac', 'job_error': ''}
Out[25]: (True, 'Job completed')
In [26]: s.download_artifact('d726a45761a1431d8bbe381c4f4f2782')
Out[26]:
(True,
    std_dmsnr_shap   mean_dmsnr_shap   kurt_dmsnr_shap   mean_profile_shap   ... \
 0           0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 1           0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 2           0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 3           0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 4           0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 5           0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 6           0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 7           0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 8           0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 [9 rows x 12 columns])
```

NBM modeling example

```
---
In [13]: s.upload_dataset('sets/SmokyT025_full_raw.csv', 'pacman-smoky')
Out[13]: (True, {'dataset_name': 'pacman-smoky'})


In [14]: s.analyze_data('pacman-smoky')
Out[14]:
(True,
 {'job_name': 'af7d01c94e774b3aa5648bf675cf990f',
   'job_id': 'fc4e1f30-a895-11e9-be40-8b36979e9d84',
   'artifact_name': 'c267aa0daa43407fbb59f44c3644d2b8'})


In [15]: s.clean_data('pacman-smoky', index='timestamp')
Out[15]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '1950b29aef9a42afb1eb17125cea38a5',
   'job_id': '567ddbe4-a896-11e9-b2c6-c3499b5ebff0',
   'profile_name': '1700ee4ecb854ba8977a06f85efd1644',
   'profile_id': '567f38e0-a896-11e9-b2c6-770cfb81b384'})


In [18]: s.create_model('pacman-smoky', \
   fit_profile_name='1700ee4ecb854ba8977a06f85efd1644',\
   max_train_time='00:02', recurrent=False, failure_dates=['08/23/2015'], nbm=True)
Out[18]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '23ce4b284df14f0ca14c0a49f63806fc',
   'job_id': '8b91e172-a896-11e9-be40-df999689405b',
   'model_name': '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63'})


In [19]: s.wait_for_job('23ce4b284df14f0ca14c0a49f63806fc')
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T08:26:55.165137', 'endtime': None,\
 'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'TrainModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0,\
   'dataset_names': ['pacman-smoky'], 'artifact_names': None,\
    'model_name': '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T08:26:55.165137', 'endtime': None,\
 'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'TrainModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0,\
   'dataset_names': ['pacman-smoky'], 'artifact_names': None,\
    'model_name': '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63', 'job_error': ''}
...
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T08:26:55.165137',\
 'endtime': '2019-07-17T08:29:11.943704', 'percent_complete': 100,\
   'job_type': 'TrainModel', 'loss': 0.054839795631057814, 'generations': 1,\
    'dataset_names': ['pacman-smoky'], 'artifact_names': None,\
     'model_name': '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63', 'job_error': ''}
Out[19]: (True, 'Job completed')
```

```
In [21]: s.run_model('pacman-smoky', '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63')
Out[21]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '268b0fb872054ec58c0344053625e69c',
  'job_id': '1351b15a-a897-11e9-a06a-2b396d284046',
  'artifact_name': '4fd95f6ec4c442e586b941f7e2656dbf'})


In [24]: s.wait_for_job('268b0fb872054ec58c0344053625e69c')
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T08:30:42.913437',\
 'endtime': '2019-07-17T08:31:08.226901', 'percent_complete': 100,\
  'job_type': 'RunModel', 'loss': 0.054839795631057814, 'generations': 1,\
   'dataset_names': ['pacman-smoky'], \
   'artifact_names': ['4fd95f6ec4c442e586b941f7e2656dbf'],\
    'model_name': '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63', 'job_error': ''}
Out[24]: (True, 'Job completed')


In [25]: s.download_artifact('4fd95f6ec4c442e586b941f7e2656dbf')
Out[25]:
(True,            Risk
 0      0.000000
 1      0.000000
 2      0.000000
 3      0.000000
 4      0.000000
...
 51401  3.175640
 51402  3.153954
 51403  3.131895
 51404  3.109017
 51405  3.087970

 [51406 rows x 1 columns])


In [27]: s.upload_dataset('sets/SmokyT025_test_raw.csv', 'pacman-smokytest')
Out[27]: (True, {'dataset_name': 'pacman-smokytest'})


In [28]: s.clean_data('pacman-smokytest', \
 model_name='7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63')
Out[28]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '229b24bfc46d4601aef1ce8b017e4ff7',
  'job_id': 'bd369cca-a898-11e9-8ea7-2bc9c8ab84c4',
  'profile_name': 'b4f5cc08f980442f983a8137a756dc79',
  'profile_id': 'bd38ac40-a898-11e9-8ea7-9fb23d6a2658'})
```

```
In [29]: s.run_model('pacman-smokytest', '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63')
Out[29]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '35d9cd3b4a3b45a99eb8dc089ef9b152',
  'job_id': 'c7d0d5ce-a898-11e9-bfef-379c562f822e',
  'artifact_name': 'f750090766f14e82b3713e3f3ef9bcb5'})

In [30]: s.wait_for_job('35d9cd3b4a3b45a99eb8dc089ef9b152')
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T08:42:55.232948',\
 'endtime': '2019-07-17T08:43:01.540698', 'percent_complete': 100,\
  'job_type': 'RunModel', 'loss': 0.054839795631057814, 'generations': 1,\
   'dataset_names': ['pacman-smokytest'], \
   'artifact_names': ['f750090766f14e82b3713e3f3ef9bcb5'],\
   'model_name': '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63', 'job_error': ''}
Out[30]: (True, 'Job completed')

In [31]: s.download_artifact('f750090766f14e82b3713e3f3ef9bcb5')
Out[31]:
(True,          Risk
 0       0.000000
 1       0.000000
 2       0.000000
 3       0.000000
...
 17276  3.121538
 17277  3.098760
 17278  3.077858

 [17279 rows x 1 columns])

In [32]: s.analyze_model('7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63')
Out[32]:
(True,
 {'job_name': 'e54bfd3d620d44b083f5ea65dda12aec',
  'job_id': '605a6300-a899-11e9-bfef-6fedf02afe89',
  'artifact_name': 'd8ea781de54c4303ad49e17f0d208db3'})

In [33]: s.wait_for_job('e54bfd3d620d44b083f5ea65dda12aec')
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T08:47:11.149655', 'endtime': None,\
 'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'AnalyzeModel', 'loss': 0.054839795631057814,\
  'generations': 1, 'dataset_names': None, \
  'artifact_names': ['d8ea781de54c4303ad49e17f0d208db3'],\
  'model_name': '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T08:47:11.149655',\
 'endtime': '2019-07-17T08:47:27.795439', 'percent_complete': 100,\
```

```
   'job_type': 'AnalyzeModel', 'loss': 0.054839795631057814, 'generations': 1,\
    'dataset_names': None, 'artifact_names': ['d8ea781de54c4303ad49e17f0d208db3'],\
     'model_name': '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63', 'job_error': ''}
Out[33]: (True, 'Job completed')


In [34]: s.download_artifact('d8ea781de54c4303ad49e17f0d208db3')
Out[34]:
(True, ICA                  0.290290
 PSETKW              0.095161
 GENTMPSLIPDEGC      0.075301
 AMBTMPDEGC          0.062500
 NACTMPDEGC          0.040816
 XFMRTMPPHCDEGC      0.034540
 GENTMPPHADEGC       0.032311
 YAWDIRDEG           0.031473
 GENTMPPHCDEGC       0.027232
 WDRELDEG            0.026735
 HYDRPRESBAR         0.026336
 FREQHZ              0.022709
 XFMRTMPPHADEGC      0.020440
 GENTMPPHBDEGC       0.018139
 BRGTMPGENNDEDEGC    0.017267
 WD10MDEG            0.016984
 VANV                0.015967
 PF                  0.012871
 TMPCTRLTOPDEGC      0.012038
 IBA                 0.011195
 TMPSPINNERDEGC      0.011191
 BLDANGDEG           0.010891
 WS10MMPS            0.010032
 VBNV                0.009880
 VCNV                0.008443
 XFMRTMPPHBDEGC      0.007716
 OILTMPGBXDEGC       0.007068
 GENSPDRPM           0.006877
 TMPCTRLHUBDEGC      0.006240
 PEXPKW              0.005889
 WSMPS               0.005433
 BRGTMPGBXADEGC      0.004322
 QKVAR               0.004213
 HYDRTMPDEGC         0.003860
 P10MACTKW           0.003125
 RTRSPDRPM           0.002313
 IAA                 0.002204
 dtype: float64)
```

```
In [39]: s.upload_dataset('sets/SmokyT025_test_small.csv', 'pacman-smokytestsmall')
Out[39]: (True, {'dataset_name': 'pacman-smokytestsmall'})


In [40]: s.clean_data('pacman-smokytestsmall', \
   model_name='7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63')
Out[40]:
(True,
 {'job_name': 'a9a68568b4f44fe19661f0b5d4e8822d',
  'job_id': 'f68898c4-a899-11e9-9e51-2b93b6669bbd',
  'profile_name': '5c90c01159684d6491d956f035651c6f',
  'profile_id': 'f68a2a5e-a899-11e9-9e51-5bba6c3dc2d1'})


In [41]: s.analyze_predictions ('7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63',\
   'pacman-smokytestsmall')
Out[41]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '04e5d614672a4e598276bd19a06f7df9',
  'job_id': 'fe1c8906-a899-11e9-8ea7-cfc85b8e9384',
  'artifact_name': '96fd4aa1b57043d69b658e72071c35c9'})


In [42]: s.wait_for_job('04e5d614672a4e598276bd19a06f7df9')
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T08:51:35.824573', 'endtime': None,\
 'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'AnalyzePredictions', \
 'loss': 0.054839795631057814,'generations': 1, 'dataset_names': None, \
 'artifact_names': ['96fd4aa1b57043d69b658e72071c35c9'],\
 'model_name': '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T08:51:35.824573', 'endtime': None,\
 'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'AnalyzePredictions', \
 'loss': 0.054839795631057814, 'generations': 1, 'dataset_names': None, \
 'artifact_names': ['96fd4aa1b57043d69b658e72071c35c9'],\
 'model_name': '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63', 'job_error': ''}
...In [47]: s.upload_dataset('sets/pulsars.csv', 'pacman-pulsars')
Out[47]: (True, {'dataset_name': 'pacman-pulsars'})


In [48]: s.analyze_data('pacman-pulsars')
Out[48]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '294ed354f3484b2ebebe658033284128',
  'job_id': '80193b9c-a63e-11e9-85df-fba3623db3bc',
  'artifact_name': 'b3d8dacf77fc409b9dd48030b2dda07b'})


In [49]: s.clean_data('pacman-pulsars')
Out[49]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '454f781b2a02403ea74d915a4b6b530c',
```

```
    'job_id': '8763baf8-a63e-11e9-900b-4335c8f0f324',
    'artifact_name': 'b9820a205bf140b1ae24bc6b1b133d2d',
    'artifact_id': '876560d8-a63e-11e9-900b-7f0b539a80a9'})


In [50]: s.create_model('pacman-pulsars', \
 fit_profile_name='b9820a205bf140b1ae24bc6b1b133d2d')
Out[50]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '2a9a1e55f8e34ddd828326ecee2b42f4',
   'job_id': '97a92592-a63e-11e9-a08f-cf415e11311a',
   'model_name': 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265'})


In [51]: s.wait_for_job('2a9a1e55f8e34ddd828326ecee2b42f4')
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:52:17.412985', 'endtime': None, \
'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'TrainModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0, \
'dataset_names': ['pacman-pulsars'], 'artifact_names': None, \
'model_name': 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265', 'job_error': ''}
{'status': 'Running', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:52:17.412985', 'endtime': None, \
'percent_complete': 0, 'job_type': 'TrainModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0, \
'dataset_names': ['pacman-pulsars'], 'artifact_names': None, \
'model_name': 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265', 'job_error': ''}
....
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:52:17.412985', \
'endtime': '2019-07-14T08:53:53.736499', 'percent_complete': 100, \
'job_type': 'TrainModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0, \
'dataset_names': ['pacman-pulsars'], 'artifact_names': None, \
'model_name': 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265', 'job_error': ''}
Out[51]: (True, 'Job completed')


In [53]: s.run_model('pacman-pulsars', 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265')
Out[53]:
(True,
 {'job_name': 'c72ef79400014a3fb9e0a5821adf0826',
   'job_id': '0b58fb52-a63f-11e9-9f7b-53a24e4e1e2a',
   'artifact_name': '05380df9e93c4650ab6f7e5e67e23f72'})


In [54]: s.wait_for_job('c72ef79400014a3fb9e0a5821adf0826')
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-14T08:55:31.501449', \
'endtime': '2019-07-14T08:55:34.679054', 'percent_complete': 100, \
'job_type': 'RunModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0, \
'dataset_names': ['pacman-pulsars'], \
'artifact_names': ['05380df9e93c4650ab6f7e5e67e23f72'], \
'model_name': 'fa1b82cab28c46cdac3b44c8e8bc1265', 'job_error': ''}
Out[54]: (True, 'Job completed')
```

```
In [55]: s.download_artifact('05380df9e93c4650ab6f7e5e67e23f72')
Out[55]:
(True,
 {'filename': '/var/folders/wc/w7ktf3_h8br6t2djlhyb9/T/artifact-6ac2m9yp.csv'})


In [17]: s.analyze_model('b7d28ee423d4430fafa51a017be827ac')
Out[17]:
(True,
 {'job_name': 'b36800c1a47f4c559c231d155a12fd85',
  'job_id': '8c5dfd70-a8f5-11e9-88ca-173db83c1239',
  'artifact_name': 'a417260dfabc409a8204fa1ceeae112f'})


In [18]: s.wait_for_job('b36800c1a47f4c559c231d155a12fd85')
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T19:46:58.691115', \
'endtime': '2019-07-17T19:47:02.152927', 'percent_complete': 100, \
'job_type': 'AnalyzeModel', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0, \
'dataset_names': None, 'artifact_names': ['a417260dfabc409a8204fa1ceeae112f'], \
'model_name': 'b7d28ee423d4430fafa51a017be827ac', 'job_error': ''}
Out[18]: (True, 'Job completed')


In [19]: s.download_artifact('a417260dfabc409a8204fa1ceeae112f')
Out[19]:
(True, kurt_dmsnr      0.0
 skew_dmsnr      0.0
 skew_profile    0.0
 kurt_profile    0.0
 class           0.0
 std_profile     0.0
 mean_dmsnr      0.0
 mean_profile    0.0
 std_dmsnr       0.0
 dtype: float64)


In [22]: s.upload_dataset('sets/pulsars_predict.csv', 'pulsars-test') \
 # Need to trim original dataset to have fewer than 500 rows.
Out[22]: (True, {'dataset_name': 'pulsars-test'})


In [23]: s.clean_data('pulsars-test', model_name='b7d28ee423d4430fafa51a017be827ac')
Out[23]:
(True,
 {'job_name': '8324da8dea734455a73daeeddd3e0b5f',
  'job_id': 'fc2a4974-a8f5-11e9-9074-7fa762e40db7',
  'profile_name': 'bccde471e8514ef59b0b106fa7af6be9',
  'profile_id': 'fc2c0e76-a8f5-11e9-9074-13d39d00d68d'})
```

```
In [24]: s.analyze_predictions ('b7d28ee423d4430fafa51a017be827ac', \
'pulsars-test')
Out[24]:
(True,
 {'job_name': 'def26ef5be3a4d5b822542fd125c8600',
  'job_id': '12995024-a8f6-11e9-89b8-cf7654542d20',
  'artifact_name': 'd726a45761a1431d8bbe381c4f4f2782'})

In [25]: s.wait_for_job('def26ef5be3a4d5b822542fd125c8600')
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T19:50:43.895873', \
'endtime': '2019-07-17T19:50:49.098101', 'percent_complete': 100, \
'job_type': 'AnalyzePredictions', 'loss': None, 'generations': 0, \
'dataset_names': None, 'artifact_names': ['d726a45761a1431d8bbe381c4f4f2782'], \
'model_name': 'b7d28ee423d4430fafa51a017be827ac', 'job_error': ''}
Out[25]: (True, 'Job completed')
In [26]: s.download_artifact('d726a45761a1431d8bbe381c4f4f2782')
Out[26]:
(True,
     std_dmsnr_shap   mean_dmsnr_shap   kurt_dmsnr_shap   mean_profile_shap   ... \
 0            0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 1            0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 2            0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 3            0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 4            0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 5            0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 6            0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 7            0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0
 8            0.0               0.0               0.0                 0.0

 [9 rows x 12 columns])

In [27]:
{'status': 'Complete', 'starttime': '2019-07-17T08:51:35.824573', \
 'endtime': '2019-07-17T08:55:05.619098', 'percent_complete': 100, \
 'job_type': 'AnalyzePredictions', 'loss': 0.054839795631057814, \
 'generations': 1, 'dataset_names': None,\
 'artifact_names': ['96fd4aa1b57043d69b658e72071c35c9'],\
 'model_name': '7e080e51cc15408492d6136e07df2a63', 'job_error': ''}
Out[42]: (True, 'Job completed')

In [43]: s.download_artifact('96fd4aa1b57043d69b658e72071c35c9')
Out[43]:
(True,
       GENSPDRPM_shap   VANV_shap   PSETKW_shap   P10MACTKW_shap   ... \
 0          20.060011    5.785717      0.000000        -1.762059
 1          -1.002102   -4.857683     -1.833142         0.000000
```

```
2          0.641536   0.015167    0.000000       0.000000
3          0.000000  -1.827971    0.000000       0.000000
4         -5.824179   6.567310   10.847957      -5.231445
5        -16.634360   0.000000   -8.437045      -9.929700
..             ...        ...         ...            ...

396       -1.932885  -1.780289   -1.361495       0.000000
397        5.469176  -8.030168   38.908720      -1.336821
398       -0.598940  -8.100026   57.731217      17.159244

[399 rows x 39 columns])
```

Contact Support

The following methods enable you to research issues, create a support ticket, or contact SparkCognition:

- Use the Darwin support portal - Read Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ), download documentation, or log your issue.
- **Email Support** - Send email to darwin_support@sparkcognition.com.
- **Phone Support** - The SparkCognition support line is +1-512-400-2001.

Revision Table

Version	Date	Notes
v 1.6	16-Jan-2019	New endpoints: • DarwinSdk.display_population • DarwinSdk.delete_all_artifacts Updated endpoints: • DarwinSdk.analyze_data • DarwinSdk.download_artifact • DarwinSdk.create_model • DarwinSdk.clean_data
v 1.6.1	06-Feb-2019	Fixed issues only. See Release Notes. Added on-prem installation notes.
v 1.6.2	22-Mar-2019	New endpoints: • DarwinSdk.get_info • DarwinSdk.help Added Setup Users section. On-prem SDK users need to add port 8000 to the URL.

Version	Date	Notes
v 1.43.0	16-May-2019	Major change to version number to facilitate independent releases of the API New endpoints: • DarwinSdk.disable_ssl_cert_check • DarwinSdk.enable_ssl_cert_check • DarwinSdk.get_sdk_version Updated endpoints: • DarwinSdk.create_model
v 1.44.0	22-Jul-2019	Updated modeling examples for Supervised, Unsupervised, and NBM Added Analyze Training Data step to basic workflow Updated endpoints: • DarwinSdk.create_model: Added forecast_horizon, class_weights, cv_kfold, fit_profile_name