

### **COURSE STRUCTURE**

Course Code	SCI102B	SCI102B				
Course Category	Basic Scie	Basic Science				
Course Title	Physics	Physics				
<b>Teaching Scheme and Credits</b>	L	T	Laboratory	Credits		
Weekly load hrs	03 hours	01 hour	02 hours	02+01+01=04		
Pro-requisites: Physics in 12th standard (Roard or CRSE)						

<u>Pre-requisites</u>: Physics in 12<sup>th</sup> standard (Board or CBSE)

### **Course Objectives:**

To equip engineering students with the fundamentals of and latest trends in Physics required for Engineering and to inculcate a scientific and analytical aptitude in them

**1.Knowledge** (i) To understand the properties and applications of light and matter

(ii) To understand the working of some notable Physics based instruments

2.Skills (i) To acquire skills of using light and laser in various applications

(ii) To acquire experimental and analytical skills required for engineering

A positive attitude towards Physics and it's connection with engineering 3.Attitude

### **Course Outcomes:**.

After learning Physics, the engineering students shall demonstrate ability to:

- 1. Relate the use of fundamentals of optics in precision measurements and other relevant engineering applications – (CL-II)
- 2. Identify the use of lasers and photonic devices in emerging frontiers of engineering. (CL-III)
- 3. Summarize applications of quantum mechanics in advanced engineering instrumentation and upcoming technologies. – (CL-II)
- 4. Relate to developments and new applications of semiconductors -- (CL-II)
- 5. Outline the properties, synthesis methods and applications of nanoparticles—(CL-II)

#### **Course Contents:**

### **Optics and Photonics:**

A brief review of interference due to thin films and its applications (interferometers and their applications: Newton's rings and Michelson's interferometer), antireflection and antitransmission coatings), use of interference in measurements and analysis, Diffraction (basics of single slit diffraction and its correlation with diffraction grating and its applications, Polarization



(types of polarization, principles and devices involved in producing and detecting polarized light, applications of polarization in LCD, polarizing sunglasses, photoelasticity etc., Physics behind lasers, design and applications of a number of lasers (He Ne, Semiconductor and CO<sub>2</sub> lasers)

### **Preparatory Quantum Mechanics:**

Wave nature of matter at subatomic level, De Broglie's hypothesis and its applications, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, wave function, Schrodinger's equations, quantum mechanics of subatomic particles entrapped in rigid and non-rigid potential boxes, tunnel effect and its applications, a brief discussion of applications of quantum mechanics in understanding matter and energy at subatomic level, some quantum-mechanics- based instruments such as electron microscope, X ray diffractometer and electron diffractometer, tunnel diode, SQUIDs etc, a brief introduction to qubits, quantum superposition and quantum entanglement, Schrodinger's cat

# **Condensed Matter Physics:**

Band theory of solids, Fermi Dirac statistics, discussion of the semiconductors and semiconducting devices (such as diodes, transistors, solar cells etc) on the basis of energy band diagrams and Fermi levels, Hall effect and its applications, Four probe method, Physics involved in nano-particles, their properties, synthesis and applications, a brief review of carbon based nanostructures such as graphene, carbon nanotubes, fullerene and quantum dots.

### **Laboratory Exercises / Practical:**

#### **Outcomes**

After performing the Physics experiments, students shall demonstrate ability to

- 1. Analyze some properties and a few applications of light, mainly measurements and analysis
- 2. Evaluate the performance of some semiconductors and devices, especially band gap, characteristics of photodiode, LED, solar cells etc.

# List of experiments

- 1. Determination of Radius of Curvature of plano-convex lens by Newton's rings
- 2. Determination of wavelengths of spectral lines of Mercury (Hg) source by using diffraction grating
- 3. Law of Malus
- 4. Laser based experiment (beam divergence)
- 5. Laser based experiment (measuring width of a narrow slit, diameter of a thin wire, counting number of slits of grating)
- 6. Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor
- 7. Characteristics of a Solar cell and determination of its fill factor
- 8. Study of Photodiode
- 9. Hall effect
- 10. Measurement of conductivity using four probe method





### **Learning Resources:**

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. D. Halliday, R. Resnick, J. Walker, Fundamentals of Physics, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, (John Wiley and Sons)
- 2. Avadhanulu M.N., Kshirsagar P.G., "A Textbook of Engineering Physics" 10<sup>th</sup> edition, (S. Chand)
- 3. R. P. Feynman, R.B. Leighton, M. Sands, The Feynman Lectures on Physics, Volume I, II and III, revised and extended edition, (Narosa Publihing House)

### **Supplementary Reading:**

- 1. A. Beiser, Concepts of Modern Physics, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, (Tata McGraw Hill)
- 2. F. Jenkins, H. White, Fundamentals of Optics, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, (Tata McGraw Hill)
- 3. C. Poole, F. Owens, Introduction to Nanotechnology, (John Wiley and Sons)

#### Web Resources:

## **Optics and Photonics**

- 1. https://www.photonics.com/
- 2. SPIE the international society for optics and photonics: *spie.org/*
- 3. Optical Society of America (OSA): <a href="http://www.osa.org/">http://www.osa.org/</a>
- 4. Optical Society of India: www.osiindia.org/
- 5. https://www.laserworld.com/
- 6. www.lasertech.com/
- 7. Indian laser association (www.ila.org.in/)
- 8. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/115105083/13

### **Preparatory Quantum Mechanics**

- 9. <a href="https://quantumphysics.iop.org/">https://quantumphysics.iop.org/</a>
- 10. <a href="https://quantumphysicsmadesimple.com/">https://quantumphysicsmadesimple.com/</a>
- 11. <a href="http://nptel.ac.in/courses/115102023/">http://nptel.ac.in/courses/115102023/</a>

### **Semiconductor Physics**

- 12. www.electronics-tutorials.ws
- 13. www.hyperphysics.com

#### **Nanotechnology**

14. "Richard Feynman's prophetic speech in 1959 in front of American Physical Society.

There is plenty of room at the bottom

http://www.pa.msu.edu/~yang/RFeynman\_plentySpace.pdf

15. www.nanotech-now.com/





- 16. www.understandingnano.com
- 17. https://www.nanowerk.com
- 18. <a href="http://nptel.ac.in/courses/118102003/2">http://nptel.ac.in/courses/118102003/2</a>

## MOOCs (Coursera)

- 1. <a href="https://www.coursera.org/courses?languages=en&query=PHYSICS">https://www.coursera.org/courses?languages=en&query=PHYSICS</a>
- 2. https://www.coursera.org/learn/nanotechnology
- 3. <a href="https://www.coursera.org/learn/philosophy-physical-sciences">https://www.coursera.org/learn/philosophy-physical-sciences</a>

## **MIT Opencourseware**

# **Optics**

https://ocw.mit.edu/high-school/physics/exam-prep/physical-optics/interference-diffraction/

# **Quantum Mechanics**

https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-04-quantum-physics-i-spring-2016/

## **Pedagogy:**

- 1. Co-teaching
- 2. Group activity
- 3. Tutorials
- 4. Audio- video techniques
- 5. Assignments and class tests
- 6. Expert lecture

## **Assessment Scheme:**

Class Continuous Assessment (CCA): 50 marks

Assignments	Test	Presentations	Case study	MCQ	Oral	Any other
		(Group activity)				(Attendance
						and
						initiative)
15/50 marks	15/50 marks	15/50 marks				5/50 marks
(30%)	(30%)	(30%)				(10%)



# Tutorial Continuous Assessment (TCA): 50 marks

# Extensive problem solving in tutorial sessions

Tutorial Exam I	Tutorial Exam II		
25 marks	25 marks		
(50%)	(50%)		

# Laboratory Continuous Assessment (LCA): 50 marks

Regularity and punctuality	Understanding of objective	Understanding of procedure	Experimental skills	Ethics	
10/50 marks	10/50 marks	10/50 marks	10/50 marks	10/50 marks	
(20%)	(20%)	(20%)	(20%)	(20%)	

**Term End Examination: 50 marks** 

## **Syllabus**:

Module	Module No. Contents		Workload in Hrs		
No.			Lab	Assess	
1	Optics and Photonics: (Interference, Diffraction, Polarization, Lasers)	11	12		
2	Preparatory Quantum Mechanics	07	1		
3	Condensed Matter Physics (Semiconductor Physics, Nanotechnology)	12	08		

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