

Tutorial - 4.

$$Q.1 \quad (x^4 e^x - 2mxy^2)dx + (2m x^2 y)dy = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

This is in $Mdx + Ndy = 0$ form.

$$M = x^4 e^x - 2mxy^2 \quad \text{and} \quad N = 2mx^2 y$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [x^4 e^x - 2mxy^2] \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x^4 e^x) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (2mxy^2) \\ &= 0 - 2mn(2y)\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = -4mny - \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial x} = 2my(2n)$$

$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial x} = 4mny - \text{--- (3)}$$

so, $\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} \neq \frac{\partial N}{\partial x}$ so not exact diff. eq.
and not homogeneous eq.

Also not in $y(f(xy)dx) + x.g(xy)dy = 0$

$$N = 2m x^2 y = n(2mny)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{1}{N} \left[\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} \right] &= \frac{1}{n(2mny)} [-4mny - 4mny] \\ &= \frac{-8mny}{n(2mny)} \\ &= -\frac{8}{n} = f(x) \text{ only.}\end{aligned}$$

$$S_6 \quad I.F. = e^{\int f(x) dx} \\ = e^{-n \log x} = e^{\log x^{-n}} = x^{-1}$$

$$S_6 \quad \frac{1}{x^4} \left[(x^4 e^x - 2mn y^2) dx + 2mn^2 y dy \right] = 0 \\ = \left[\frac{x^4 e^x - 2mn y^2}{x^4} \right] dx + \left[\frac{2mn^2 y}{x^4} \right] dy = 0$$

$$\left[\frac{e^x - 2my^2}{x^3} \right] dx + \frac{2my}{x^2} dy = 0$$

$$(M_1) \cdot dx + (N_1) dy$$

$$\frac{\partial M_1}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial N_1}{\partial x} \quad \text{as eqn is now exact P.E.}$$

$$\frac{\partial M_1}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial (e^x)}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial (2my)}{\partial y} \frac{1}{x^3}$$

$$= -\frac{2my}{x^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial N_1}{\partial x} = 2my \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{1}{x^2} \right] = 2my (-2x^{-3}) \\ = -4my x^{-3} \\ = -\frac{4my}{x^3}$$

so gen. solution is

$$\int M_1 dx + \int [\text{Term of } N \text{ without } x] dy = c.$$

$$\text{Q. } \int (e^x - 2ny^2) dx = \int 0 dy = C$$

$$e^x = \left(2ny^2 + \frac{x^2}{2} \right) = C$$

$$\therefore e^x + ny^2(x^2) = C$$

$$e^x + \frac{ny^2}{x^2} = C$$

$$\text{Q. 2. } (ny - 2y^2) dx - (n^2 - 3ny) dy = 0$$

eqn can be written as-

$$(ny - 2y^2) dx = (n^2 - 3ny) dy$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{t^2(n^2 - 3xny - 2y^2)}{t^2(n^2 - 3ny)}$$

$$= \frac{dy}{dx}$$

so it is homogeneous

so

$$I.F. = \frac{1}{n.M + N.y}$$

$$M = ny - 2y^2$$

$$-N = 3ny + n^2$$

$$I.F. = \frac{1}{n^2y - 2y^2n - 3ny^2 + n^2y}$$

$$= \frac{1}{ny^2}$$

so DE becomes exact

$$M = \frac{1}{y} - \frac{2}{x}$$

$$N = \frac{3}{y} - \frac{x}{y^2}$$

So solution

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{y} - \frac{2}{x} \right) dx + \int \frac{3}{y} dy = c$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{1}{y} x^2 - 2 \log x + 3 \log y = c}$$

$$Q.3 (x^2 y^2 + 2) y dx + (2 - 2x^2 y^2) x dy = 0$$

$$M = x^2 y^3 + 2y$$

$$N = 2x - 2x^3 y^2$$

$$I.F. = 1$$

$$\frac{d.M - y.N}{N}$$

$$= 1$$

$$x^3 y^3 + 2xy - (2xy - 2x^3 y^3)$$

$$= \frac{1}{x^3 y^3 + 2xy - 2xy + 2x^3 y^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3x^3 y^3}$$

$$\boxed{IF = 1}$$

$$3n^3y^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{so } N_1 &= N/IF \\ &= \frac{n^2y^3}{3n^3y^3} + \frac{2y}{3n^3y^3} \\ &= \frac{1}{3n} + \frac{2}{3n^3y^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} N_1 &= N/IF \\ &= \frac{2x}{3n^3y^3} - \frac{2x^3y^2}{3n^3y^3} \\ N_1 &= \frac{2}{3x^2y^3} - \frac{2}{3y} \end{aligned}$$

$$x \frac{2}{3}$$

So solution,

$$\begin{aligned} &\int \frac{1}{3x} + \frac{2}{3n^3y^2} + \int \frac{-2}{3y} = c \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \log x + \frac{-2}{3y^2} \cdot n^{-2} + \frac{-2}{3} \log y = c \\ &= \left[\frac{\log x}{3} - \frac{1}{3n^2y^2} - \frac{2}{3} \log y \right] = c \end{aligned}$$

$$Q.9. \quad y(2x^2y + e^x)dx = (e^x + y^3)dy.$$

$$(2x^2y^2 + ye^x)dx - (e^x + y^3)dy = 0$$

which is $M \cdot dx + N \cdot dy = 0$ form.
where,

$$M = 2x^2y^2 + ye^x$$

$$N = -(e^x + y^3)$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [2x^2y^2 + ye^x]$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = 4x^2y + e^x$$

$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (-e^x - y^3)$$

$$= -e^x$$

$$\therefore \frac{\partial M}{\partial y} \neq \frac{\partial N}{\partial x}$$

$$y(2x^2y + e^x)dx - (e^x + y^3)dy = 0$$

$$= 2x^2y^2dx + ye^xdx - e^xdy - y^3dy = 0$$

$$= 2x^2y^2dx - y^3dy + ye^xdx - e^xdy = 0$$

$$f(x) = e^x$$

$$f'(x) = e^x$$

$$\text{if } \frac{d}{dx} f(x) = e^x \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^x \\ = d - e^x dx$$

$$2x^2y^2 dx - y^3 dy + y \cdot d(e^x) - e^x dy = 0$$

$$\left[\because y \cdot d(e^x) - e^x dy \text{ is } dz \right] \\ = d\left(\frac{e^x}{y}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{y^2} [2x^2y^2 dx - y^3 dy + y \cdot d(e^x)]$$

$$= 2x^2 dx - y dy + \frac{d(e^x)}{y} = 0$$

$$\int 2x^2 dx - \int y dy + \int \frac{d(e^x)}{y} = 0$$

$$\boxed{\frac{2x^3}{3} - \frac{y^2}{2} + \frac{e^x}{y} = c}$$