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Performed On: 15/02/2022

ASSIGNMENT 05

Experiment 5: Laser based experiment II: Measuring width of an ultra-thin slit, diameter of an ultra-thin wire and counting number of slits in diffraction grating using He Ne laser

Aim:

Using He-Ne laser to

1. Measure width of a narrow slit
2. Measure diameter of a thin wire
3. Counting the number of slits in a diffraction grating.

Apparatus: He-Ne laser, a narrow slit, thin wire, and diffraction grating, optical bench with stands to mount slit, wire and grating, screen, scale etc.

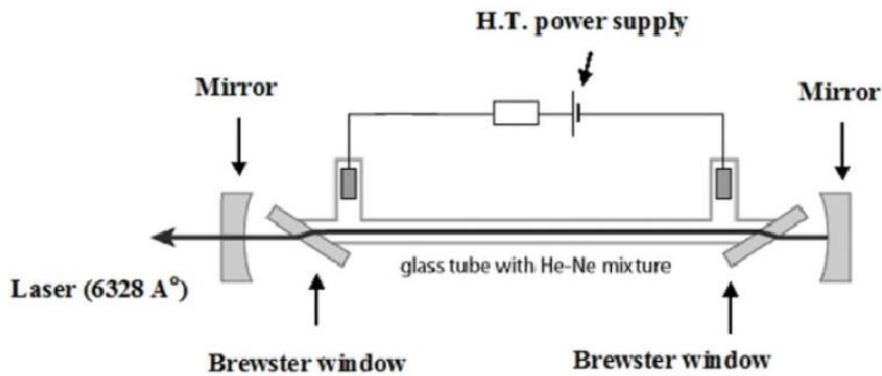


Fig. 5.1: Schematic diagram of He-Ne laser

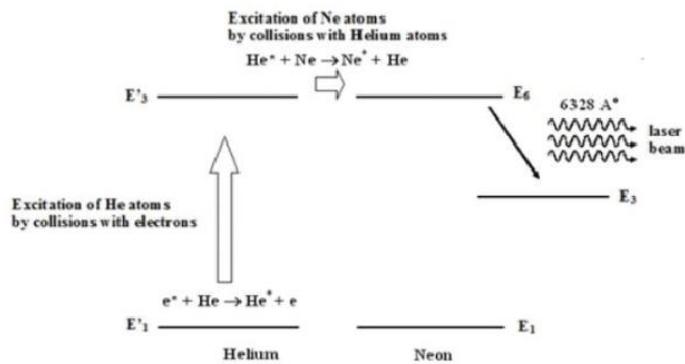


Fig. 5.2. The simplified energy level diagram of He-Ne laser

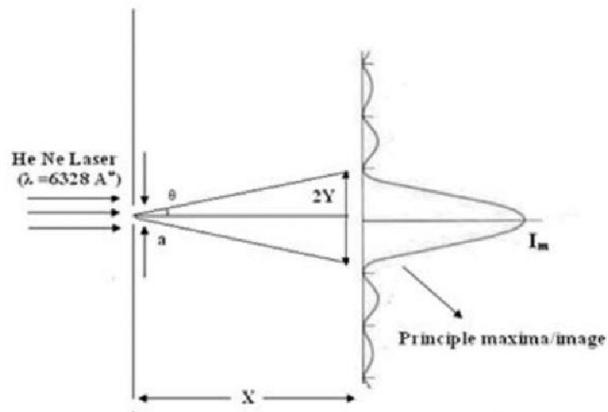


Figure 5.3: Diffraction pattern of single slit. Linear width of a central maximum (principle image of the slit) is quite wider than the slit itself.

Table 5.1: Measuring the width of the slit

Sr. No.	Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	Full linear width of the central maximum	$2Y$	4	Cm
2	Half linear width of the central maximum	$Y = \frac{2Y}{2}$	2	Cm
3	Distance between the screen and the slit	X	184	Cm
4	Angular position of the first minimum	$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{Y}{X}$	0.6227	Deg
5	Width of the slit	$a_e = \frac{\lambda}{\sin\theta}$ Where $\lambda = \text{wavelength of He Ne laser}$ $= 6328 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mm}$	0.058	Mm
6	Standard width of the slit	a_s	0.05	Mm
7	Percentage deviation	$\% \text{ deviation} = \left \frac{a_e - a_s}{a_s} \right \times 100\%$	16.82	%

Table 5.2: Measuring the diameter of the thin wire

Sr. No.	Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
1	Distance between the first maximum on the upper side and first maximum on lower side	X	0.05	Mm
2	The distance between the screen and the wire	D	182	Mm
3	Diameter of the wire	$d_e = \frac{\lambda \times D}{x}$ Where $\lambda = \text{wavelength of He Ne laser}$ $= 6328 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mm}$	0.2303	Mm
6	Standard diameter of the wire	d_s	0.25	Mm
7	Percentage deviation	$\% \text{ deviation} = \left \frac{d_s - d_e}{d_s} \right \times 100\%$	7.86	%

Table 5.3: Counting the number of slits in the grating

Sr. No.	Parameter	Symbol/formula	Value	Unit
1	Distance between the first Maximum and the central maximum	Y_1	7.7	Cm
2	Distance between screen And the grating	X_1	14	Cm
3	Angle of diffraction of The first minimum	$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{Y_1}{X_1}$	28.8107	deg
4	Grating element	$d = \frac{\lambda}{\sin \theta}$	13130.84	A°
5	Number of slits per inch In the grating	$N = \frac{2.54 \times 10^3}{d(A)}$ Where d=grating element as calculated in (step 4), to be taken in A°	19344	Per inch
6	Standar value of the d of slits in the Number grating	N,	15000	Per inch
7	Percentage deviation	% Deviation— N	3.28	%

Calculations:

1/ Measuring the width of slit:

$$\Rightarrow 2Y = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow Y = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow Y = 2\text{cm}$$

now,

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(Y/x)$$

$$= \tan^{-1}(2/184)$$

$$= \tan^{-1}(1/92)$$

$$= 0.622755^\circ$$

$$\therefore a_e = \frac{\lambda}{\sin \theta}$$

$$= \frac{6328 \times 10^{-7}}{0.010869232}$$

$$= 0.05\text{m}$$

$$\text{so, \% deviation } \left| \frac{a_e - a_s}{a_s} \right| = \left| \frac{0.058 - 0.05}{0.05} \right| \times 100 \\ = \frac{0.008}{0.05} \times 100 \\ = 16.82\%$$

2/ Measuring the diameter of thin wire:

$$X = 0.5\text{mm}$$

$$D = 182\text{mm}$$

$$d_e = \frac{\lambda D}{X}$$

$$= \frac{6328 \times 10^{-7} \times 182}{0.5}$$

$$= 2303392\text{mm}$$

$$\text{and } d_s = 0.25\text{mm}$$

$$\therefore \% \text{ deviation} = \left| \frac{d_s - d_e}{d_s} \right| \times 100$$

$$= \left| \frac{0.25 - 0.2303}{0.25} \right| \times 100$$

$$= \frac{0.0197}{0.25} \times 100$$

$$= 0.0784 \times 100$$

$$= 7.84\%$$

3) Counting the number of slits in the grating.

$$Y = 7.7 \text{ cm}$$

$$X = 14 \text{ cm}$$

$$d = \frac{\lambda}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{y_1}{x_1} \right)$$

$$= 6328 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$= \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{7.7}{14} \right)$$

$$0.4819187498$$

$$= \tan^{-1} (0.55)$$

$$= 13130.84 \text{ A}^\circ$$

$$= 28.8107^\circ$$

$$N_e = \frac{2.54 \times 10^8}{d}$$

$$\% \text{ deviation} = \left| \frac{N_e - N_s}{N_s} \right| \times 100$$

$$= \frac{2.54 \times 10^8}{13130.84}$$

$$= \frac{|19344 - 20000|}{20000} \times 100$$

$$\approx 19344 \text{ per inch}$$

$$= \frac{656}{20000} \times 100$$

$$= 3.28\%$$