MIT WORLD PEACE UNIVERSITY

Wireless Devices and Mobile Security Third Year B. Tech, Semester 5

CONFIGURATION OF APN OF A ROUTER, AND MANAGE ITS ACCESS CONTROL FOR SECURITY.

Lab Assignment 7

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Contents

1	Aim	1
2	Objectives	1
3	Theory 3.1 Access Point Name (APN) 3.2 Access Control 3.3 Router Security 3.4 Connecting a Device to a Router	$1\\1\\2$
4	3.5 Different Wi-Fi Security Protocols	3 3 4
5	Platform	8
6	Conclusion	8
Re	References	

1 Aim

To Learn about the Configuration of APN of a router, and manage its access control for Security.

2 Objectives

- 1. To learn how to configure APN of a router.
- 2. To learn how to manage access control of a router.
- 3. To learn how to secure a router.
- 4. To learn how to connect a device to a router.

3 Theory

3.1 Access Point Name (APN)

- 1. **Definition:** APN, or Access Point Name, is a gateway between a mobile network and another computer network. It is used to connect mobile devices to the internet and other resources.
- 2. **Configuration:** Users can configure APN settings on their devices, specifying the network to which they want to connect.
- 3. **Use in Mobile Networks:** APNs play a crucial role in enabling data communication for mobile devices, facilitating internet access and multimedia messaging.
- 4. **Security Considerations:** Configuring APN settings securely is important to prevent unauthorized access and potential security vulnerabilities.

3.2 Access Control

- 1. **Definition:** Access control refers to the practice of restricting access to a system or resource only to authorized entities and preventing unauthorized access.
- 2. **Key Components:** Access control systems typically include authentication, authorization, and auditing mechanisms.
- 3. **Implementation:** Access control can be implemented through methods like role-based access control (RBAC), mandatory access control (MAC), or discretionary access control (DAC).
- 4. **Importance in Security:** Proper access control is crucial for protecting sensitive information, ensuring privacy, and preventing unauthorized activities.

3.3 Router Security

- 1. **Router Configuration:** Securing a router involves configuring settings such as passwords, firewalls, and firmware updates.
- 2. **Firewall Settings:** Routers often include built-in firewalls that can be configured to filter incoming and outgoing traffic.

- 3. **Firmware Updates:** Regularly updating router firmware is essential to patch vulnerabilities and improve overall security.
- 4. **Guest Network Considerations:** Many routers offer guest network features, allowing users to separate guest and private networks for enhanced security.

3.4 Connecting a Device to a Router

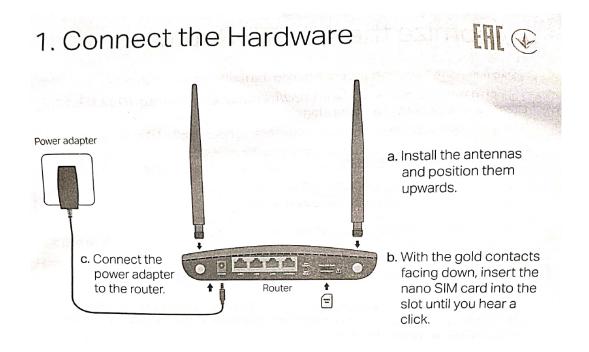
- SSID and Password: To connect a device to a router, users typically need to enter the router's SSID (Service Set Identifier) and the associated password.
- 2. **Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS):** Some routers support WPS, a simplified method for connecting devices without entering a password.
- 3. **Security Considerations:** Using strong passwords and avoiding public Wi-Fi networks are important for securing device connections.
- 4. **Troubleshooting:** In case of connection issues, troubleshooting steps may involve checking router settings, restarting devices, or updating network drivers.

3.5 Different Wi-Fi Security Protocols

- 1. **WEP** (**Wired Equivalent Privacy**): An older and less secure protocol, susceptible to various attacks.
- 2. **WPA** (**Wi-Fi Protected Access**): Introduced as a more secure replacement for WEP, with variations like WPA2 and WPA3.
- 3. **WPA3:** The latest Wi-Fi security protocol, providing stronger encryption and improved security features.
- 4. **Choosing Security Protocols:** Users should select the most secure protocol supported by their devices and routers.

4 Implementation

4.1 Configuration Instructions



2. Verify the Hardware Connection

Check the following LEDs' status. If the Internet LED $\mathcal Q$ is on, your router is connected to the internet successfully.



Note: If the Internet LED does not turn on, please refer to Need Help? > Q2 on the back page.

For better internet connection, make sure 2 or 3 bars of the Signal Strength LED ••• are lit. Otherwise, try relocating the router to a spot that may receive a stronger mobile network signal, such as near a window.

3. Enjoy the Internet

- Wired
 - Connect your computer to the router's LAN port via an Ethernet cable.
- Wireless
- a. Find the SSID (network name) and wireless password printed on the label at the bottom of the router.

Note: For a dual-band router, you can find two default SSIDs. Choose one to join the Wi-Fi.



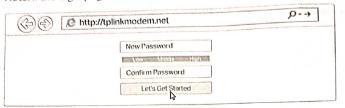
 b. Click the network icon of your computer or go to Wi-Fi settings of your smart device, and then select the SSID to join the network.

4.2 Set up Instructions

Customize the 4G LTE Router

- 1. Make sure your computer is connected to the router (wired or wireless).
- Launch a web browser and type in http://tplinkmodem.net or http://192.168.1.1.
 Create a new password for future logins.

Note: If the login page does not appear, please refer to Need Help? > Q1 in this guide.



3. Follow the step-by-step instructions of the Quick Setup to complete the initial configuration.

Note: The router can also be used (or configured) in Wireless Router Mode for DSL/Cable connections. For more advanced configurations, please refer to the user guide on TP-Link official website at www.tp-link.com.

4.3 The Router



Figure 1: Ports of the router



Figure 2: The Router

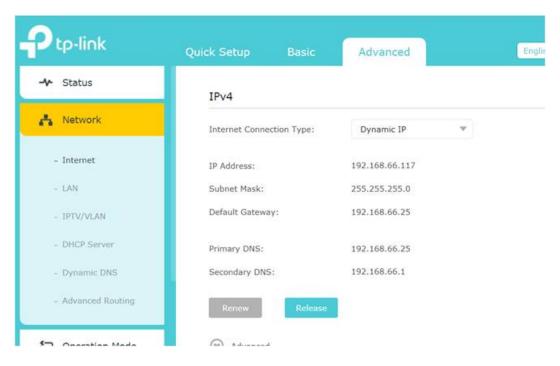


Figure 3: The Admin page of the TP Link Router

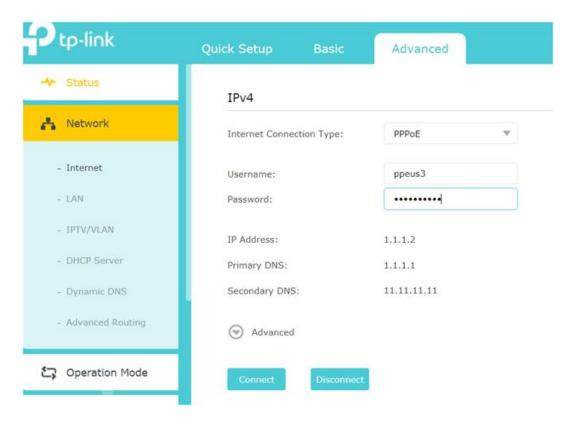


Figure 4: The Admin page of the TP Link Router

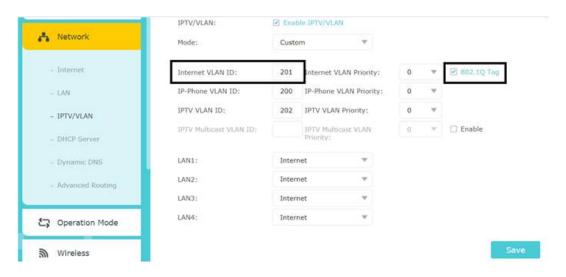


Figure 5: The Admin page of the TP Link Router

5 Platform

Operating System: Arch Linux x86-64

IDEs or Text Editors Used: Visual Studio Code **Compilers or Interpreters**: Python 3.10.1

6 Conclusion

Thus, we have learnt about the Configuration of APN of a router, and manage its access control for Security.

References

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