APACHE SPARK INTRODUCTION

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APACHE SPARK

Fast and general engine for large-scale data processing and cloud computing

APACHE SPARK ECOSYSTEM

Spark SQL structured data

Spark streaming real-time

MLlib machine learning

Graph X graph processing

Spark Core

DISTRIBUTED COMPUTE

Fast and general engine for large-scale data processing

RESILIENT DISTRIBUTED DATASET (RDD)

Collection of elements partitioned across the nodes of the cluster that can be operated on in parallel

RDD FEATURES

- Distributed collection
- Immutable
- Fault tolerance
- Lazy evaluations
- Functional transformations
- Data processing formats
- RDD API is available in Java, Scala, Python and R
- Spark.mllib class is built on top of RDD

RDD LIMITATIONS

- No inbuilt optimization engine
- Handling structured data

DATAFRAME/DATASET

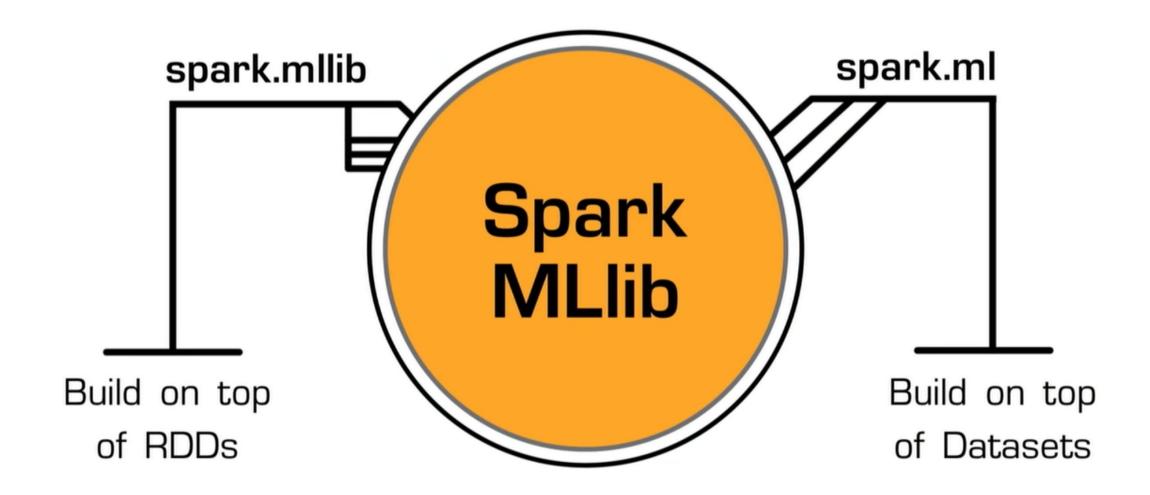
Immutable distributed collection of data that data is organized into a table with named columns

DATAFRAME/DATASET FEATURES

- Distributed collection of Row Object
- Data Processing
- Optimization using catalyst optimizer
- Hive Compatibility
- Tungsten
- Dataframe API is available in Java,
 Scala, Python and R
- More modern spark.ml class

DATAFRAME/DATASET LIMITATIONS

- Compile-time type safety
- Cannot operate on domain
 Object (lost domain object)



SPARK.MLLIB FEATURES

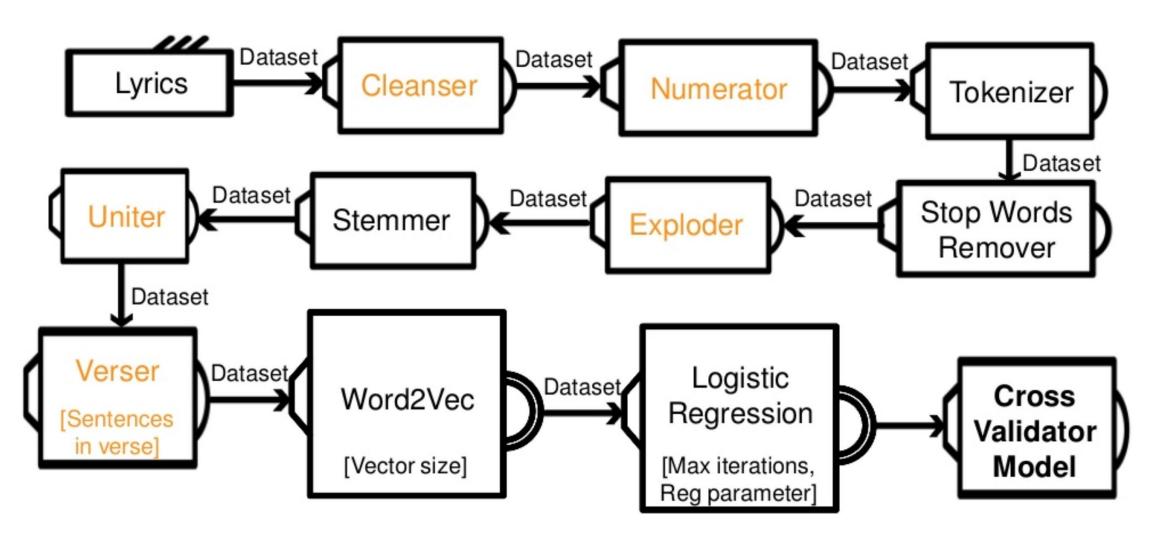
- Utilities: linear algebra, statistics, etc.
- Feature extraction, features transformations, etc.
- Regression
- Classification
- Clustering

SPARK.ML FEATURES

- Utilities: linear algebra, statistics, etc.
- Feature extraction, features transformations, etc.
- Regression
- Classification
- Clustering
- Pipelines with persistence
- Model Selection and tuning
 - Train/validate/split
 - K-fold cross validation

Inspired by Python's SKLearn

EXAMPLE SPARK ML PIPELINE



SPARK ML PIPELINE EXAMPLE

```
// Create model.
Word2Vec word2Vec = new Word2Vec().setInputCol(VERSE.getName()).setOutputCol("features").setMinCount(0);
LogisticRegression logisticRegression = new LogisticRegression();
Pipeline pipeline = new Pipeline().setStages(
        new PipelineStage[]{
                cleanser,
                numerator,
                tokenizer,
                stopWordsRemover,
                exploder,
                stemmer,
                uniter,
                verser,
                word2Vec,
                logisticRegression});
// Use a ParamGridBuilder to construct a grid of parameters to search over.
ParamMap[] paramGrid = new ParamGridBuilder()
        .addGrid(verser.sentencesInVerse(), new int[]{4, 8, 16})
        .addGrid(word2Vec.vectorSize(), new int[] {100, 200, 300})
        .addGrid(logisticRegression.regParam(), new double[] {0.01D})
        .addGrid(logisticRegression.maxIter(), new int[] {100, 200})
        .build();
```

PYTHON SKLEARN PIPELINE EXAMPLE

```
lm = Lemmatizer()
tfidf = TfidfVectorizer(max_features=max_features)
lr = LogisticRegression()
nb = NBFeaturer(1)
p = Pipeline([
    ('lm', lm),
    ('tfidf', tfidf),
    ('nb', nb),
    ('lr', lr)
cross_val_score(estimator=p, X=x, y=y, scoring=scoring, cv=cv, n_jobs=n_jobs)
```

SUMMARY

Why Move to Apache Spark?

- Swift Processing
- Dynamic in Nature
- In-Memory Computation
- Re-Usability
- Fault Tolerance

Why Admire from Afar?

- Expensive
- Latency
- Manual Optimization
- No File Management
- Problem With Small Files

INTRODUCTORY SPARK USES CASES

- Link 1: <u>HealthCare Use Case With Apache Spark</u>
- Link 2: Introduction to Spark RDD and Basic Operations in RDD
- Link 3: <u>Analyzing New York Crime Data Using SparkSQL</u>
- Link 4: Spark Use Case Travel Data Analysis
- Link 5: Spark Use Case Uber Data Analysis
- Link 6: Spark Use Case Analyzing MovieLens Dataset
- Link 7: <u>Spark Use Case Social Media Analysis</u>