ALTER Table Query: 'ALTER TABLE' statement is used to modify the structure of an existing table.

- **Adding a Column:** Add a new column to an existing table.

  - ```
    ALTER TABLE table-name
    ADD  column-name data-type [constraint];
    ```

  - ```
    ALTER TABLE Employees
    ADD  BirthDate DATE;
    ```

- **Droping a column:** To remove a column from an existing table.

  - ```
    ALTER TABLE table-name
    DROP COLUMN column-name;
    ```

  - ```
    ALTER TABLE Employees
    DROP COLUMN BirthDate;
    ```

- **Modifying a Column:** To change the data type of an existing table.

> "
> ALTER TABLE table-name
> ALTER COLUMN column-name new-data-type;

> "
> ALTER TABLE Employees
> MODIFY COLUMN Salary DECIMAL (10,2);

- **Renaming a Column:** To rename an existing column.

> "
> ALTER TABLE table_name
> CHANGE old-column-name new-column-name data-type;

> "
> ALTER TABLE Employees
> CHANGE BirthDate DateOfBirth DATE;

- ADDING a constraint:

- Dropping a constraint

- Adding a primary-key

- Dropping a primary key

- Adding a foreign key

- Dropping a foreign key