



Magento®



Search entire store here...

Search

Default welcome msg!

[My Account](#) | [My Wishlist](#) | [My Cart](#) | [Checkout](#) | [Log In](#)

Home Page

**COMPARE PRODUCTS**

You have no items to compare.



**MY CART**

You have no items in your shopping cart.

What is your favorite color

- Green
- Red
- Black
- Magenta

**Vote**

# MAGENTO EXPLAINED



## *in 30 Minutes*



SOMETHING

TO SAY?

ON TWITTER PLEASE TAG #MHRH



# BY AND WITH **RIBIAN BLECHTZEL**

RICO NEITZEL *and* FABIAN BLECHSCHMIDT

**TODAY PRESENTED BY  
FABIAN BLECHSCHMIDT**

# SLIDES ARE ONLINE

Slides are here:

<http://theslidesareonline.de/>

**CONTENT:  
A LOT WHAT A MAGENTO  
DEVELOPER SHOULD KNOW  
INDEX.PHP**

- ▶ Apache Configuration (never allowed)
- ▶ .htaccess changes (not often allowed)
- ▶ index.php hacks (Standard)

*„Avoid Changes  
in index.php.“*

– Ribian Blechtzel

# DEVMODE

# ACTIVATE ERROR REPORTING

it starts to show or shows more errors in frontend,  
the show stopper for missing classes and methods

```
uncomment ini_set('display_errors', 1);
```

# "LESS" TRANSLATIONS

**Block Object and Translations have to be in the same module**

**It will only be translated what is in the translate CSV of the Module  
(app/locale/de\_DE/My\_Module.csv),**

*Translation may need the Standard-Data-Helper  
MyCompany\_MyModule\_Helper\_Data*

# AVOID BLOCK OVERWRITES

When two blocks have the same name...

```
# .../core/Mage/Core/Model/Layout.php:450
...
} elseif (isset($this->_blocks[$name]) && Mage::getIsDeveloperMode()) {
    //Mage::throwException(Mage::helper('core')->__('Block with name "%s" already exists', $name));
}
...
```

but the code is commented, so here happens nothing. Not even in DevMode!

**DEVMODE ON/OFF**

**VHOST CONFIGURATION OR .HTACCESS**

`SetEnv MAGE_IS_DEVELOPER_MODE`

*no value needed, just set it*

# DEVMODE ON/OFF

Ugliest but most often used solution:

INDEX.PHP:

```
if (true || isset($_SERVER['MAGE_IS_DEVELOPER_MODE'])) {
```

**START DIFFERENT  
WEBSITES/STORES DIRECTLY**

# VHOST CONFIGURATION/.HTACCESS

SetEnv MAGE\_RUN\_CODE {storecode}

or

SetEnvIf Host www\ .domain2\ .com MAGE\_RUN\_CODE={storecode}

or

SetEnv MAGE\_RUN\_CODE {websitecode}

SetEnv MAGE\_RUN\_TYPE website

**works well and non-destructiv, because:**

```
# index.php:82
$mageRunCode = isset($_SERVER['MAGE_RUN_CODE']) ? $_SERVER['MAGE_RUN_CODE'] : '';
$mageRunType = isset($_SERVER['MAGE_RUN_TYPE']) ? $_SERVER['MAGE_RUN_TYPE'] : 'store';
```

# INDEX.PHP

And here again

Ugliest but most often used solution

```
switch($_SERVER['SERVER_NAME']):  
    case 'domain1.de':  
    case 'www.domain1.de':  
        $_SERVER['MAGE_RUN_CODE'] = '{storeviewcode}';  
        break;  
    case 'domain2.de':  
    case 'www.domain2.de':  
        $_SERVER['MAGE_RUN_CODE'] = '{websitecode}';  
        $_SERVER['MAGE_RUN_TYPE'] = 'website';  
        break;  
endswitch;
```

...

# CUSTOM MODULES IN MAGENTO

*where else?*

**MODULES ARE GROUPED  
IN NAMESPACES**

# NAMESPACES

are only directories  
*no magic*

exist to structure  
*everything from one module sticks together*

to have less conflicts  
*same module name, different namespaces*

# FOR YOUR MODULE, YOU NEED THREE THINGS:

1. A good idea
2. a declaration file (`/app/etc/modules/`)
3. a configuration file (`./etc/config.xml`)

# DECLARE YOUR OWN MODULE

Create a file in app/etc/modules/

{Namespace}\_{Module}.xml

*Advice:* Both parts should start with a capital letter!

# CONTENT OF {NAMESPACE}\_{MODULE}.XML

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<config>
    <modules>
        <{Namespace}_{Module}>
            <active>{true|false}</active>
            <codePool>{local|community}</codePool>
            <depends>
                <Mage_Catalog />
                <Mage_Customer />
            </depends>
        </{Namespace}_{Module}>
    </modules>
</config>
```

# TYPICAL ERROR

<codePool> is spelled with a capital P!  
(see later: <frontName>)

# WHERE TO PUT THE CODE?

The whole module code is placed in

app/code/{codePool}/{Namespace}/{Module}/

# INACTIV

While checking whether a module is active or not,  
Magento expects the string 'true'

so <active>1</active>

or <active>TRUE</active>

for Magento is "No, therefore it's inactive"

# .../core/Mage/Core/Model/Config.php:807

# MODULE JUNKIES

If your module depends on other modules:

```
<depends>
    <Mage_Catalog />
</depends>
```

# CONFIGURATION IS NEEDED

## CONFIG.XML

We need the config.xml in the module directory to configure the whole module. Here all PHP classes are (pre-)configured and files are "linked"

# explained example of a small but complete config.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<config>
    <!-- Versioning: important for install scripts (setup and data) -->
    <modules>
        <Namespace_Module>
            <version>0.1.0</version>
        </Namespace_Module>
    </modules>

    <!-- Nodes for the global configuration -->
    <global>
        <models>
            <!-- this node is called class-group and is later used in Mage::getModel() -->
            <namespace_Module>
                <!-- the class-group 'namespace_module' is solved by magento to 'Namespace_Module_Model' -->
                <class>Namespace_Module_Model</class>
                <resourceModel>namespace_Module_resource</resourceModel>
            </namespace_Module>
            <!-- this node is called class-group too and is later used indirectly by Mage::getResourceModel()
            <namespace_Module_resource>
                <class>Namespace_Module_Model_Resource</class>
                <entities>
                    <!-- this node is called entity and is used to find table names -->
                    <developer>
                        <!-- the table name itself -->
                        <table>developer</table>
                    </developer>
                </entities>
            </namespace_Module_resource>
        </models>
        <blocks>
            <!-- this node is again a class-group and is used by Mage::getBlock() -->
            <namespace_Module>
                <!-- the class-group 'namespace_module' is solved by Magento to 'Namespace_Module_Block' -->
                <class>Namespace_Module_Block</class>
            </namespace_Module>
        </blocks>
        <helpers>
            <!-- hey, a class-group. This is used in Mage::helper() -->
            <namespace_Module>
                <!-- and the solution this time is: 'Namespace_Module_Helper' -->
                <class>Namespace_Module_Helper</class>
            </namespace_Module>
        </helpers>
        <resources>
            <!-- this node defines the name of the sub directory name in ./sql und ./data for the install scripts -->
            <namespace_Module_setup>
                <setup>
                    <module>Namespace_Modul</module>
                </setup>
            </namespace_Module_setup>
        </resources>
    </global>
</config>
```

# SUBNODES

## IN CONFIG.XML

# MODULES

```
<modules>
  <{Namespace_Modul}>
    <version>
```

# GLOBAL /1

```
<models>
  <{namespace_modul}>
    <class>
      <resourceModel>
        <{namespace_modul}_resource>
          <deprecatedNode>
            <entities>
              <{entity}>
                <table>
                  <rewrite>
                    <{model}>
```

# GLOBAL /2

```
<helpers>
  <{namespace_modul}>
    <class>
      <rewrite>
        <{helper}>
```

```
<blocks>
  <{namespace_modul}>
    <class>
      <rewrite>
        <{block}>
```

# GLOBAL /3

```
<index>
  <indexer>
    <{indexer_code}>
      <model>
        <depends>
          <{indexer_code}>

<cache>
  <types>
    <{cache_code}>
      <label>
      <description>
      <tags>
```

# GLOBAL /4

```
<resources>
  <{namespace_modul}_setup>
    <connection>
      <use>
    <setup>
      <module>
      <class>

<template>
  <email>
    <{email_template_code}>
      <label>
      <file>
      <type>

<page>
  <layouts>
    <{page_template_code}>
      <label>
      <template>
      <layout_handle>
      <is_default>
```

# GLOBAL /5

```
<events>
  <{event_name}>
    <observers>
      <{namespace_modul}>
        <type>
          <model>
          <class>
          <method>
```

# GLOBAL /6

```
<sales>
  <quote>
    <item>
      <product_attributes>
        <sku/>
        <type_id/>
        <name/>
        <status/>
        <visibility/>
        <price/>
        <weight/>
        <url_path/>
        <url_key/>
      ...
    </item>
  </quote>
</sales>
```

# INSTALL

```
<events>
  <{event_name}>
    <observers>
      <{namespace_modul}>
        <type>
          <model>
          <class>
          <method>

<translate>
  <modules>
    <{Namespace_Modul}>
      <file>
        <default>
        <others>

<layout>
  <updates>
    <{namespace_modul}>
      <file>
```

# ADMIN

```
<routers>
  <{routename}>
    <use>
    <args>
      <module>
      <frontName>
      <modules>
        <{Namespace_Modul}>
```

# ADMINHTML /1

```
<events>
    <{event_name}>
        <observers>
            <{namespace_modul}>
                <type>
                <model>
                <class>
                <method>

<translate>
    <modules>
        <{Namespace_Modul}>
            <file>
                <default>
                <others>
```

# ADMINHTML /2

```
<layout>
    <updates>
        <{namespace_modul}>
            <file>

<global_search>
    <{entity}>
        <class>
        <acl>
```

# FRONTEND /1

```
<category>
  <collection>
    <attributes>
      <{category_attributecode_to_load}>

<product>
  <collection>
    <attributes>
      <{product_attributecode_to_load}>

<routers>
  <{routername}>
    <use>
    <args>
      <module>
      <frontName>
      <modules>
        <{Namespace_Modul}>
```

# FRONTEND /2

```
<events>
  <{event_name}>
    <observers>
      <{namespace_modul}>
        <type>
          <model>
          <class>
          <method>

<translate>
  <modules>
    <{Namespace_Modul}>
      <file>
        <default>
        <others>

<layout>
  <updates>
    <{namespace_modul}>
      <file>
```

# CRONTAB

```
<crontab>
  <jobs>
    <{cronjob_identifier}>
      <schedule>
        <cron_expr>
      <run>
        <model>
```

# FACTORY NAMES

In Magento new `classname()` doesn't exist

Instead Factories with FactoryNames via XML-Configuration are used

*and yes, that is one reason, why magento is so damn complex*

# ONE EXAMPLE BASED ON A BLOCKS

catalog/product\_view  
is solved to

Mage\_Catalog\_Block\_Product\_View

and lives in the file

/app/code/core/Mage/Catalog/Block/Product/View.php

**The part BEFORE / is explained later.**

**The part AFTER / is solved with this method:**

```
str_replace(" ", DS, ucfirst(str_replace("_", " ", $secondPart))).'.php'
```

# IN CLEAR WORDS

1. replace all \_ with spaces
2. change all words to first letter uppercase
3. replace all spaces with the constant DS
4. add .php at the end

DS means DirectorySeparator and, depending on the Operating System,  
contains / or \ \* ... \* \o/ YAY!

# MIXED LOWER AND UPPERCASE

my\_module/mixedlowerRandUppERCaSe

is translated to

My\_Module\_Block\_MixedlowerRandUppERCaSe

and lives in the file

/app/code/local/My/Module/Block/MixedlowerRandUppERCaSe.php

# ROUTING WORKFLOW FROM INDEX.PHP TO CONTROLLER

# CUSTOM FRONTNAME (ROUTE)

## IN CONFIG.XML

```
<config>
  <frontend>
    <routers>
      <{namespace_module}>
        <use>standard</use>
        <args>
          <module>{Namespace_Module}</module>
          <frontName>{frontname}</frontName>
        </args>
      </{namespace_module}>
    </routers>
  </frontend>
</config>
```

# HINT

The node `frontName` is spelled with a capital N!  
(see also `<codePool>`)

So in the frontend you can access:

`http://domain.tld/{frontname}/`

Example:

`http://domain.tld/ribian/  
<frontName>ribian</frontName>`

# CUSTOM CONTROLLER

In your own module create the file `IndexController.php`  
in the controllers directory  
*(Attention: lower case and plural!)*

The classname contains parts of the directory path:

Namespace\_Module\_IndexController

This class has to extend

Mage\_Core\_Controller\_Front\_Action.

So you can use

http://domain.tld/{frontname}/index/  
in frontend

# THE SECOND PART OF THE URL

http://domain.tld/{frontname}/{controller}/

(here {controller}) is the start of the filename  
in the controllers directory: {Controller}Controller.php.

*Attention:* The first letter has to be **UPPERCASE**,  
because magento loads the class automatically

example:

`http://domain.tld/ribian/blechtzel/`

# is looking for  
`./controllers/BlechtzelController.php`

# CUSTOM ACTION

http://domain.tld/{frontname}/{controller}/{action}/

**Actions are public methods in the Controller class.**

**The name of this method is always made up of the URL part {action} and "Action"**

`http://domain.tld/ribian/blechtzel/mergeface`

`public function mergefaceAction()`

*Attention: Here the first letter has to be lowercase!*

`http://domain.tld/ribian/blechtzel/mergeface`

`ribian <frontName>ribian</frontName>`  
`blechtzel ./controllers/BlechtzelController.php`  
`mergeface public function mergefaceAction()`

# FRONTNAME/CONTROLLER/ACTION SUMMARY

## CUSTOM ACTION

Layout handle will be build with the NODE name!

```
<routers>
  <companyModule_frontend>
    <use>standard</use>
    <args>
      <module>Company_Module</module>
      <frontName>frontend</frontName>
    </args>
  </companyModule_frontend>
</routers>
```

Route: frontend/<controllerName>/<actionName>

Layout Handle: companyModulefrontendcontrollerName\_actionName

# ADDING YOUR OWN GET PARAMETER

GET parameters can be added via /key/value to the URL

http://domain.tld/ribian/blechtzel/mergeface/key/value

```
array("key" => "value");
```

ROUTING WORKFLOW

END EDITION

Index.php **calls** Mage::run()

`Mage::run()` calls `Mage_Core_Model_App::run()`

`Mage_Core_Model_App::run()` loads  
`Mage_Core_Controller_Varien_Front ('FrontController');`

**FrontController gathers all available Routes of all active modules**

**afterwards run() calls dispatch() on the FrontController**

`dispatch()` `match()`'es the requested URL against all Routes

**match() checks all available Controller classes**

**match() checks for available Action methods  
in the found Controller classes**

after that dispatch() is called  
on the found Controller class

(which is implemented in Mage\_Core\_Controller\_Varien\_Action)

`dispatch()` finally calls the Action method on the Controller class.

# AYOUT-WORKFLOW FROM LAYOUT-XML TO HTML

# LOCAL.XML

Just throw a local.xml in your own theme

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<layout>
    <default>
        </default>
</layout>
```

# LOCAL.XML

So you can modify the layout with your own layout.xml  
The local.xml is loaded automatically by magento AT THE END!

Advantage: The local.xml will not be overwritten during an update!

# ADD AND REMOVE CSS FILES

```
<!-- load block with the name 'header' -->
<reference name="head">
    <!-- call the method 'addItem' on the block -->
    <action method="addItem">
        <!-- pass the following four parameters to the method -->
        <!-- define the HTML tag type and the root directory for the file -->
        <type>skin_css</type>
        <!-- relative path to the file -->
        <filename>{relative/path/in/theme/file.css}</filename>
        <!-- define html attributes if needed, if not, pass an empty node: <params/> -->
        <!-- when there is no <if> needed, you can skip the parameters -->
        <params>{attribute="value"}</params>
        <!-- add a conditional comment -->
        <if>{lt IE 7}</if>
    </action>
</reference>
```

# ADD AND REMOVE JAVASCRIPT FILES

```
<reference name="head">
  <action method="addItem">
    <type>skin_js</type>
    <filename>{relative/path/in/theme/file.js}</filename>
    <params>{attribute="value"}</params>
    <if>{lt IE 7}</if>
  </action>
</reference>
```

# ALLOWED VALUES FOR <type>

- ▶ skin\_css – CSS file relative to the theme directory (css for theme)
- ▶ skin\_js – JavaScript files relative to the theme directory (js for theme)
- ▶ js\_css – CSS files relative to the root /js directory (CSS for js libs)
  - ▶ js – JS files relative to the root /js directory (JS libs)

# UNUSUAL VALUES FOR <type>

- ▶ rss - RSS-URL
- ▶ link\_rel - <link> URL

# CUSTOM BLOCK

For your own block you need a config.xml  
and a class file with one of the following classes extended:

Mage\_Core\_Block\_Abstract  
or Mage\_Core\_Block\_Template

Think about setting the \$template property

# CONFIG.XML

```
<config>
  <global>
    <blocks>
      <!-- this node is called: class-group
      (and is later used in Mage::getBlock()) -->
      <{namespace_module}>
        <!-- the class-group '{namespace_module}'
        is solved by Magento to 'Namespace_Module_Block' -->
        <class>{Namespace_Module}_Block</class>
      </{namespace_module}>
    </blocks>
  </global>
</config>
```

```
<!-- Layout XML -->
<block type="namespace_module/ribian" ...>`  
  
<!-- config.xml -->
<global>
    <blocks>
        <{namespace_module}>
            <!-- NO LINE BREAK in <class>!! -->
            <class>Namespace_Module_Block</class>
```

**then add the 2nd part of the factory name: \_Ribian**

Namespace\_Module\_Block\_Ribian

# CLASS FILE

The class file for Namespace\_Module\_Block\_Ribian have,  
according to its name, to live in  
app/code/local/Namespace/Module/Block/  
and is named Ribian.php.

# INHERITANCE

Most of the block classes, if they use a phtml file, extend the class  
`Mage_Core_Block_Template`.

It is NOT enough to extend `Mage_Core_Block_Abstract`.

# PRESET TEMPLATE

Block with Template? Then predefined the phtml file, in case the frontend dev forgets it.

Can be done in `_construct()`'or

```
protected function _construct()
{
    $this->setTemplate('{Module}/path/to/the/file.phtml');
    parent::__construct();
}
```

# BLOCK CACHING

You need:

- ▶ Lifetime in seconds
- ▶ Key, to distinguish the variants
- ▶ CacheTag, to group them and bulk delete them

# BLOCK CACHING

```
// app/code/core/Mage/Core/Block/Abstract.php:904 - shortened

final public function toHtml()
{
    $html = $this->_loadCache();
    if ($html === false) {
        $this->_beforeToHtml();
        $html = $this->_toHtml();
        $this->_saveCache($html);
    }
    $html = $this->_afterToHtml($html);
}
```

# SURPRISING FINDING

is only called when not cached:

```
$this->_beforeToHtml();
```

is called every time even when cached:

```
$html = $this->_afterToHtml($html);
```

# BLOCK CACHING

```
# .../core/Mage/Core/Block/Abstract.php:1362
```

```
public function getCacheLifetime()  
{  
    if (!$this->hasData('cache_lifetime')) {  
        return null;  
    }  
    return $this->getData('cache_lifetime');  
}
```

**overwrite** `getCacheLifetime()` or  
`$this->setCacheLifetime(120)`

# BLOCK CACHING

```
# .../core/Mage/Core/Block/Abstract.php:1289
```

```
public function getCacheKey()
{
    if ($this->hasData('cache_key')) {
        return $this->getData('cache_key');
    }
    $key = $this->getCacheKeyInfo();
    $key = array_values($key); // ignore array keys
    $key = implode(' | ', $key);
    $key = sha1($key);
    return $key;
}
```

# BLOCK CACHING

```
protected function getCacheKeyInfo() {}
```

**overwrite or**

```
$this->setCacheKey(  
    $storeId.  
    $customerId.  
    $productId  
) ;
```

# BLOCK CACHING

```
# .../core/Mage/Core/Block/Abstract.php:1311

public function getCacheTags()
{
    if (!$this->hasData('cache_tags')) {
        $tags = array();
    } else {
        $tags = $this->getData('cache_tags');
    }
    $tags[] = self::CACHE_GROUP;
    return $tags;
}
```

# BLOCK-CACHING

```
$this->setCacheTags(array(  
    Mage_Catalog_Model_Product::CACHE_TAG,  
    'STORE_'.$storeId.'-PRODUCTS',  
));
```

One cache entry can have multiple cache tags.

# CUSTOM LAYOUT.XML

# CUSTOM LAYOUT.XML

## CONFIG.XML

```
<frontend>
  <layout>
    <updates>
      <namespace_module>
        <file>namespace/modul.xml</file>
```

**lives in /app/design/frontend/base/default/layout/**

PHTANDARD LAYOUT-HANDLE

PHTEVEN?



IS THAT YOU?



**PHTEVEN?**

**PHTANDARD LAYOUT-HANDLE**

**IS THAT YOU?...**

# The most important Layout-Handles which don't belong to a page:

- ▶ <default> (all pages)
- ▶ <customer\_logged\_(in|out)> (customer status)
- ▶ <catalog\_category\_default> (category w/o LN)
- ▶ <catalog\_category\_layered> (category with LN)
- ▶ <catalog\_category\_view> (all categories)
- ▶ <catalog\_product\_view> (product detail page)

# SPECIAL LAYOUT-HANDLE

```
<PRODUCT_TYPE_(simple|configurable|grouped|virtual|downloadable|
bundle{|giftcard})
```

# CUSTOM LAYOUT HANDLE

Easiest: add one with an observer

```
public function addMyOwnLayoutHandle(){
    Mage::app()->getLayout()->addHandle('my_own_handle');
}
```

than you can use in layout XML

```
<layout>
    <my_own_handle>
```

# CUSTOM PAGE TEMPLATE

# LET'S CALL IT 4COLUMNS.PHTML

config.xml for page template and fourcolumns.xml

```
<frontend>
    <layout>
        <updates>
            <file>fourcolumns.xml</file>
<global>
    <page>
        <layouts>
            <four_columns module="page" translate="label">
                <label>4 columns</label>
                <template>page/4columns.phtml</template>
                <layout_handle>page_four_columns</layout_handle>
            </four_columns>
```

# create fourcolumns.xml

```
<layout>
  <page_four_columns>
    <reference name="root">
      <block type="core/text_list" name="four" />
    <action method="setTemplate">
      <file>page/4columns.phtml</file>
```

# create 4columns.phtml

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang=<?php echo $this->getLang() ?>" lang=<?php echo $this->getLang() ?>">
<head>
<?php echo $this->getChildHtml('head') ?>
</head>
<body<?php echo $this->getBodyClass()?' class="'. $this->getBodyClass(). '' : '' ?>>
<?php echo $this->getChildHtml('after_body_start') ?>
<div class="wrapper">
    <?php echo $this->getChildHtml('global_notices') ?>
    <div class="page">
        <?php echo $this->getChildHtml('header') ?>
        <div class="main-container col3-layout">
            <div class="main">
                <?php echo $this->getChildHtml('breadcrumbs') ?>
                <div class="col-wrapper">
                    <div class="col-main">
                        <?php echo $this->getChildHtml('global_messages') ?>
                        <?php echo $this->getChildHtml('content') ?>
                    </div>
                    <div class="col-left sidebar"><?php echo $this->getChildHtml('left') ?></div>
                </div>
                <div class="col-right sidebar"><?php echo $this->getChildHtml('right') ?></div>
            </div>
            <div class="col-right sidebar"><?php echo $this->getChildHtml('four') ?></div>
        </div>
        <?php echo $this->getChildHtml('footer') ?>
        <?php echo $this->getChildHtml('global_cookie_notice') ?>
        <?php echo $this->getChildHtml('before_body_end') ?>
    </div>
</div>
<?php echo $this->getAbsoluteFooter() ?>
</body>
</html>
```

# CUSTOM BLOCK TEMPLATE

Templates are PHP+HTML files (.phtml)

# CUSTOM BLOCK TEMPLATE

Define the template inside of block class

```
$this->setTemplate('folder/filename.phtml');
```

or in layout XML

```
<block type="core/template" name="..." template="folder/filename.phtml" />
<!-- or -->
<reference name="blockname">
    <action method="setTemplate">
        <val>folder/filename.phtml</val>
    </action>
</reference>
```

# THEME FALBACK

1. *your theme for file type in your package*
2. *your default theme in your package*
3. **default theme in your package**
4. **default theme in base package**

# THEME FALBACK

You want to have a custom fallback?

.../core/Mage/Core/Model/Design/Package.php:392

*have fun ...*

# IMPLEMENT OBSERVERS

**FIND THE RIGHT EVENT**

# MODELS

## Before and after every ->load()

```
# .../core/Mage/Core/Model/Abstract.php:255
Mage::dispatchEvent($this->_eventPrefix.'_load_before', $params);

# .../core/Mage/Core/Model/Abstract.php:267
Mage::dispatchEvent($this->_eventPrefix.'_load_after', $this->_getEventData());
```

## Before and after every ->save()

```
# .../core/Mage/Core/Model/Abstract.php:391
Mage::dispatchEvent($this->_eventPrefix.'_save_before', $this->_getEventData());

# .../core/Mage/Core/Model/Abstract.php:466
Mage::dispatchEvent($this->_eventPrefix.'_save_after', $this->_getEventData());
```

# Before, during and after every ->delete()

```
# .../core/Mage/Core/Model/Abstract.php:501
Mage::dispatchEvent($this->_eventPrefix.'_delete_before', $this->_getEventData());

// Whilst the database transaction!
# .../core/Mage/Core/Model/Abstract.php:529
Mage::dispatchEvent($this->_eventPrefix.'_delete_after', $this->_getEventData());

// after the transaction
# .../core/Mage/Core/Model/Abstract.php:541
Mage::dispatchEvent($this->_eventPrefix.'_delete_commit_after', $this->_getEventData());
```

# BLOCKS

## before and after `_prepareLayout()`

```
# .../core/Mage/Core/Block/Abstract.php:237
Mage::dispatchEvent('core_block_abstract_prepare_layout_before',
array('block' => $this));

$this->_prepareLayout();

Mage::dispatchEvent('core_block_abstract_prepare_layout_after',
array('block' => $this));
```

## At the beginning of `_toHtml()`

```
# .../core/Mage/Core/Block/Abstract.php:850
Mage::dispatchEvent('core_block_abstract_to_html_before',
array('block' => $this));
```

## At the end of `_toHtml()`

```
# .../core/Mage/Core/Block/Abstract.php:886
Mage::dispatchEvent('core_block_abstract_to_html_after',
array('block' => $this, 'transport' => self::$_transportObject));
```

**Both are fired although active block caching is enabled!**

# EXAMPLES

```
# .../core/Mage/Checkout/Model/Cart.php:296
Mage::dispatchEvent('checkout_cart_product_add_after',
array('quote_item' => $result, 'product' => $product));

# .../core/Mage/Checkout/Model/Cart.php:396
Mage::dispatchEvent('checkout_cart_update_items_before',
array('cart'=>$this, 'info'=>$data));

// Change the price of a quote item -> change product
Mage::dispatchEvent('sales_quote_item_set_product', array(
    'product' => $product,
    'quote_item'=>$this
));
```

# SEARCH, SEARCH, SEARCH

There is an event for everything, almost everything  
(except sending mails)

# CONFIG.XML

```
<events>
    <sales_order_save_before>
        <observers>
            <namespace_module>
                <type>singleton</type>
                <class>Namespace_Module_Model_Observer</class>
                <method>salesOrderSaveBefore</method>
```

<type>

- ▶ singleton
- ▶ model or object
- ▶ disabled

Mage::getModel(...)

Mage::getSingleton(...)

<class>

Parameters for getModel/getSingleton

**Best practice:** My\_Class instead of namespace/model

# CHANGE EVENT

- ▶ disable old observer: disabled
- ▶ implement your custom new one

<method>

it's the method name - *no kidding!?*

# OBSERVER.PHP

```
public function salesOrderSaveBefore(Varien_Event_Observer $observer)
{
    $order = $observer->getOrder();
    $order->setOldState($order->getState());
}
```

# SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

Provides fields and select boxes, etc.  
inside of System / Configuration

# SYSTEM.XML

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<config>
  <tabs />
  <sections>
    <groups>
      <fields />
    </groups>
  </sections>
</config>
```

# TABS

Tabs are on the left side

```
<tabs>
  <tabname translate="label" module="classgroup">
    <label>Label for tab</label>
    <sort_order>100</sort_order>
...
^module defines the used helper for translation!
---

# Sections

```xml
<sections>
  <sectionname translate="label" module="classgroup">
    <tab>tabname</tab>
    <label>Label for section</label>
    <sort_order>10</sort_order>
    <show_in_default>1</show_in_default>
    <show_in_website>1</show_in_website>
    <show_in_store>1</show_in_store>
    <groups />
```

sections are part of the tabs and are displayed on the left, too

# GROUPS

```
<sections>
  <sectionname translate="label" module="classgroup">
    <groups>
      <groupname translate="label" module="classgroup">
        <label>Label for group</label>
        <sort_order>10</sort_order>
        <show_in_default>1</show_in_default>
        <show_in_website>1</show_in_website>
        <show_in_store>1</show_in_store>
        <fields />
```

**groups are the expandable parts on the right**

# FIELDS

```
<sections>
  <sectionname translate="label" module="classgroup">
    <groups>
      <groupname translate="label" module="classgroup">
        <fields>
          <fieldname translate="label comment" module="classgroup">
            <label>Label for field</label>
            <comment><![CDATA[text for the comment]]></comment>
            <frontend_type>text</frontend_type>
            <!-- source_model>adminhtml/system_config_source_yesno</source_model -->
            <sort_order>10</sort_order>
            <show_in_default>1</show_in_default>
            <show_in_website>1</show_in_website>
            <show_in_store>1</show_in_store>
```

are the fields and selects on the right

# OFTEN USED FRONTEND TYPES

## TEXT, TEXTAREA, PASSWORD, SELECT, MULTISELECT

Attention: If you use select or multiselect you need a Source Model, which delivers the dataset for the dropdown

Want more? Have fun: /lib/Varien/Data/Form/Element/... and app/code/core/Mage/Adminhtml/Model/System/Config/Source/...

**The node names of section/group/field are merged to  
the XML path **in** system configuration!**

# **ADMIN ACL - ADMINHTML.XML**

## **ACCESS CONTROL LIST**

**without logout/login there is a 404,  
because the acl is saved in your session  
and is not up to date then**

► or just use this cool snippet (acl refresh):

```
$session = $adminuser = Mage::getSingleton('admin/session');
/* @var $adminuser Mage_Admin_Model_User */
$adminuser = $session->getUser();
$adminuser->setReloadAclFlag(true);
$session->refreshAcl();
```

# ADMINHTML.XML

```
<acl>
  <resources>
    <admin>
      <children>
        <system>
          <children>
            <config>
              <children>
                <sectionname translate="title" module="classgroup">
                  <title>Title of ACL</title>
```

So you can control the access for the sections of system configuration

**SYSTEM  
CONFIGURATION  
NOT IN THE DATABASE**

In config.xml is enough room for everything,  
also for the system configuration.

It's amazing to have system configuration  
in your XML instead of Database

Versioning, Reproducable, Reliable

# DEFAULT

```
<default>
    <general>
        <locale>
            <firstday>1</firstday>
        </locale>
    </general>
</default>
```

**Attention: When there is a value in core\_config\_data,  
magento uses the one from the database!**

# DEFAULTS FOR WEBSITES

What works with <default>  
can be set for different websites

**Just put the configuration in this path:**

```
<websites>
  <{website_code}>
```

# DEFAULTS FOR STORES

And again, you can store configuration  
for different stores

**Just put it in**

```
<stores>  
  <{store_code}>
```

# CUSTOM SETUP UND DATA SCRIPTS

stored in the directory `./sql` or `./data`

# CONFIG.XML

```
<resources>
    <namespace_module_setup>
        <setup>
            <class>Mage_Catalog_Model_Resource_Setup</class>
            <module>Namespace_Module</module>
        </setup>
    </namespace_module_setup>
</resource>
```

**Attention: When you create this XML, the setup scripts run. If there is no script nothing happens, but the version is updated in core\_resource. The next time WITH a setup script using the last version number Magento thinks it already ran and skips it.**

# VERSION NUMBER

Magento decides, based on version number of the module and the database, whether install scripts have to run

Naming convention for the files:

- ▶ `install-<version>.php`
- ▶ `upgrade-<version_from>-<version_to>.php`

# DATA SCRIPTS

The same applies to data scripts.

Naming convention:

- ▶ **data-install-<version>.php**
- ▶ **data-upgrade-<version\_from>-<version\_to>.php**

# HELPER

The default helper's name is always: Data  
This name is part of the filename.

# CONFIG.XML

```
<global>
  <helpers>
    <namespace_module>
      <class>Namespace_Module_Helper</class>
```

# INHERIT FROM MAGE\_CORE\_HELPER\_ABSTRACT

```
class Namespace_Module_Helper_Data
extends Mage_Core_Helper_Abstract

{
    public function pleaseHelpMe(){
        return true;
    }
}
```

# WHAT ARE HELPERS FOR?

only for methods like:

- ▶ `createCamelCase()`
- ▶ `escapeHtml()`

# REWRITES

# REWRITES

simple and relatively "pain-free"  
change functionality or  
add new features.

# REWRITES

## CLASSES YOU CAN'T REWRITE

- ▶ Mage
- ▶ Mage\_Core\_Model\_App
- ▶ Mage\_Core\_Model\_Config
- ▶ loaded via new Mage\_\*

```
// \Mage::run
self::$_app      = new Mage_Core_Model_App();
self::$_config   = new Mage_Core_Model_Config($options);
```

# MODEL

# Proxy for ORM layer and business logic container

*means*

it forwards saving, deleting, changing and  
may change or edit the dataset before.

# CONFIG.XML

```
<global>
  <models>
    <namespace_module>
      <class>Namespace_Module_Model</class>
```

# EXTENDS MAGE\_CORE\_MODEL\_ABSTRACT

```
class Namespace_Module_Model_Hotel  
    extends Mage_Core_Model_Abstract  
{  
  
protected function _construct(){  
    $this->_init('namespace_model/hotel');  
}  
  
}
```

# RESOURCE MODEL

# ORM layer for entities from the database

*means*

Offers features like saving, creating and deleting  
for entities from the database.

*Easier*

You can save something to the database and delete.

# CONFIG.XML

```
<global>
  <models>
    <namespace_module>
      <class>Namespace_Module_Model</class>
      <resourceModel>namespace_module_resource</resourceModel>
    <namespace_module>
      <namespace_module_resource>
        <class>Namespace_Module_Model_Resource</class>
```

# EXTENDS MAGE\_CORE\_MODEL\_RESOURCE\_DB\_ABSTRACT

```
class Namespace_Module_Model_Resource_Hotel
    extends Mage_Core_Model_Resource_Db_Abstract
{
    protected function _construct(){
        $this->_init('namespace_model/hotel', 'id');
    }
}
```

These 2nd parameter is the table's primary key!

**RESOURCE COLLECTION AKA  
COLLECTION**

**Is a container,  
which loads multiple models at once  
from the database**

# CONFIG.XML

is not needed, is built automagically.

# EXTENDS MAGE\_CORE\_MODEL\_RESOURCE\_DB\_COLLECTION\_ABSTRACT

```
class Namespace_Module_Model_Resource_Hotel_Collection
    extends Mage_Core_Model_Resource_Db_Collection_Abstract
{
    protected function _construct(){
        $this->_init('namespace_model/hotel');
    }
}
```

# EAV VS. NORMAL COLLECTIONS

**EAV collections do not load all attributes automatically.**

**E A V**  
**ENTITY ATTRIBUTE VALUE**

EAV **saves** attribute values **in** different tables.

So it is highly flexible **for saving data**

**But** super slow **while saving and loading data**

- entity
  - + - entity-datetime
  - + - entity-decimal
  - + - entity-int
  - + - entity-text
  - + - entity-varchar

**Models without EAV save all data in one row in one table.**

**So you can say all those attributes are static.**

**EAV based models have static attributes too.**

**These are columns in the entity-table.**

# SQL ABSTRACTION

# SQL ABSTRACTION

## FILTER METHODS

```
$collection->addFieldToFilter($field, array($operator => $maybe_filter_value);  
$collection->addAttributerToFilter($field, array($operator => $maybe_filter_value);
```

# WHERE OPERANDS

Magento-Option		SQL
eq		=
neq		!=
like		LIKE
nlike		NOT LIKE
in		IN
nin		NOT IN
is		IS
notnull		IS NOT NULL
null		IS NULL
moreq		>=
gt		>
lt		<
gteq		>=
lteq		<=

**WHERE DOES THE  
PRICE COME  
FROM?**

# WHERE DOES THE PRICE COME FROM?

- ▶ on category pages
- ▶ on product detail pages

# CATEGORY PAGE

```
CREATE TABLE `catalog_product_index_price` (
    `entity_id` int(10) unsigned NOT NULL COMMENT 'Entity ID',
    `customer_group_id` smallint(5) unsigned NOT NULL COMMENT 'Customer Group ID',
    `website_id` smallint(5) unsigned NOT NULL COMMENT 'Website ID',
    `tax_class_id` smallint(5) unsigned DEFAULT '0' COMMENT 'Tax Class ID',
    `price` decimal(12,4) DEFAULT NULL COMMENT 'Price',
    `final_price` decimal(12,4) DEFAULT NULL COMMENT 'Final Price',
    `min_price` decimal(12,4) DEFAULT NULL COMMENT 'Min Price',
    `max_price` decimal(12,4) DEFAULT NULL COMMENT 'Max Price',
    `tier_price` decimal(12,4) DEFAULT NULL COMMENT 'Tier Price',
    ...
)
```

# PRODUCT DETAIL PAGE

```
// Mage_Catalog_Model_Product_Type_Price::getFinalPrice

1. $product->getPrice()
   // Price attribute
2. $this->_applyTierPrice($product, $qty, $finalPrice);
   // Tier prices
3. $this->_applySpecialPrice($product, $finalPrice);
   // Special price (from/to date)
4. Mage::dispatchEvent('catalog_product_get_final_price',
   array('product'=>$product, 'qty' => $qty));
   // change the price via event if needed
  4a. Mage_CatalogRule_Model_Observer::processFrontFinalPrice
      // catalog price rules
5. $this->_applyOptionsPrice($product, $qty, $finalPrice);
   // price of options are added
6. return max(0, $finalPrice);
   // price is at least 0
```

# REDIRECTIONS

- ▶ via Exception
- ▶ via Request

# VIA EXCEPTION

```
// heavily shortened
public function dispatch($action) {
    try {
        $this->preDispatch();
        if ($this->getRequest()->isDispatched()) {
            if (!$this->getFlag('', self::FLAG_NO_DISPATCH)) {
                $this->$actionMethodName();
                $this->postDispatch();
            }
        }
    }
    catch (Mage_Core_Controller_Varien_Exception $e) {
        // ...
    }
}

# class Mage_Core_Controller_Varien_Exception extends Exception
```

# BEST PRACTICE

try . . . catch tests  
for Mage\_Core\_Exception, not Exception!

otherwise  
Mage\_Core\_Controller\_Varien\_Exception  
would be catched by mistake.

# VIA EXCEPTION - 2

```
catch (Mage_Core_Controller_Varien_Exception $e) {
    list($method, $parameters) = $e->getResultCallback();
    switch ($method) {
        case Mage_Core_Controller_Varien_Exception::RESULT_REDIRECT:
            list($path, $arguments) = $parameters;
            $this->_redirect($path, $arguments);
            break;
        case Mage_Core_Controller_Varien_Exception::RESULT_FORWARD:
            list($action, $controller, $module, $params) = $parameters;
            $this->_forward($action, $controller, $module, $params);
            break;
        default:
            $actionMethodName = $this->getActionMethodName($method);
            $this->getRequest()->setActionName($method);
            $this->$actionMethodName($method);
            break;
    }
}
```

# FORWARD IN PRACTICE

```
$exception = new Mage_Core_Controller_Varien_Exception();
// $exception->prepareForward(
//     $actionName, $controllerName, $moduleName, $params
// );
$exception->prepareForward(
    'view', 'category', 'catalog', array('id' => $id)
);
throw $exception;
```

# REDIRECT IN PRACTICE

## Bug in Mage\_Core\_Controller\_Varien\_Exception::prepareRedirect()

- > extend Exception
- > override Method

```
public function prepareRedirect($path, $arguments = array())
{
    $this->_resultCallback = self::RESULT_REDIRECT;
    $this->_resultCallbackParams($path, $arguments); // ORIGINAL
    $this->_resultCallbackParams = array($path, $arguments); // CORRECT
    return $this;
}
```

## REDIRECT IN PRACTICE - 2

```
$exception = new My_Extended_Exception_Because_Of_The_Bug();
// $exception->prepareRedirect($path, $arguments);
$exception->prepareRedirect(
    'catalog/category/view', array('id' => $id)
);
throw $exception;
```

# NAME RESOLUTION FOR BLOCKS, MODELS, HELPER

# EXAMPLE OF A MODEL

```
$product = Mage::getModel('catalog/product');
```

getModel() 

# MODEL

Mage::getModel()

```
public static function getModel($modelClass = '', $arguments = array())
{
    return self::getConfig()->getModelInstance($modelClass, $arguments);
}
```

getModellnstance() 

# MODEL

`Mage_Core_Model_Config::getInstance()`

```
public function getModelInstance($modelClass='', $constructArguments=array())
{
    $className = $this->getModelClassName($modelClass);
    if (class_exists($className)) {
        $obj = new $className($constructArguments);
        return $obj;
    } else {
        return false;
    }
}
```

`getModelClassName()` 

## Mage\_Core\_Model\_Config::getModelClassName()

```
public function getModelClassName($modelClass)
{
    $modelClass = trim($modelClass);
    if (strpos($modelClass, '/') === false) {
        return $modelClass;
    }
    return $this->getGroupName('model', $modelClass);
}
```

getGroupName() 

# Mage\_Core\_Model\_Config::getGroupedClassName() -1

```
public function getGroupedClassName($groupType, $classId, $groupRootNode=null)
{
    if (empty($groupRootNode)) {
        $groupRootNode = 'global/'.$groupType.'s';
    }

    $classArr = explode('/', trim($classId));
    $group = $classArr[0];
    $class = !$empty($classArr[1]) ? $classArr[1] : null;

    if (isset($this->_classNameCache[$groupRootNode][$group][$class])) {
        return $this->_classNameCache[$groupRootNode][$group][$class];
    }

    $config = $this->_xml->global->{$groupType.'s'}->{$group};
}
```

# getGroupedClassName()

## Mage\_Core\_Model\_Config::getGroupedClassName() - 2

```
// First - check maybe the entity class was rewritten
$className = null;
if (isset($config->rewrite->$class)) {
    $className = (string)$config->rewrite->$class;
} else {
    if ($config->deprecatedNode) {
        $deprecatedNode = $config->deprecatedNode;
        $configOld = $this->_xml->global->{$groupType.'s'}->$deprecatedNode;
        if (isset($configOld->rewrite->$class)) {
            $className = (string) $configOld->rewrite->$class;
        }
    }
}
```

getGroupedClassName() 

## Mage\_Core\_Model\_Config::getGroupedClassName() - 3

```
// Second - if entity is not rewritten then use class prefix to form class name
if (empty($className)) {
    if (!empty($config)) {
        $className = $config->getClassName();
    }
    if (empty($className)) {
        $className = 'mage_'. $group . '_' . $groupType;
    }
    if (!empty($class)) {
        $className .= '_' . $class;
    }
    $className = uc_words($className);
}

$this->_classNameCache[$groupRootNode][$group][$class] = $className;
return $className;
```

BONUS TRACK

# URBAN LEGEND

The CronJob triggers no ModulUpdates

```
// cron.php  
Mage::app(); //doesn't call applyAllUpdates()
```

unlike here:

```
// index.php  
Mage::run(); //calls applyAllUpdates()
```

HIDDEN TRACK

W A Y

Blocks in LayoutXML have a  
NAME (`name="..."`)  
and an ALIAS (`as="..."`)

*fine*

Unset a Block (cut out from the Layout)

<action method="\_unsetChild\_" using Alias

*fine too*

**Insert a Block (make it available in the Layout again)**

`<action method="insert"> using Name`



WATI?

# NEWSLETTER MODULE

```
# .../core/Mage/Adminhtml/controllers/Newsletter/QueueController.php  
# Line 173
```

```
// Todo: put it somewhere in config!  
$countOfQueue = 3;  
$countOfSubscritions = 20;
```

# WAT?



# We declare an Array

```
# .../core/Mage/Core/Controller/Varien/Exception.php  
# Line 37
```

```
protected $_resultCallbackParams = array();
```

*fine*

**Later the Array will be casted ... to a Method**

```
$this->_resultCallbackParams($path, $arguments);
```

**WAT?**



# PRODUCT IMPORT - IMAGES

- ▶ \$productData['media\_label']
  - ▶ **lable instead of label**

**WAT!?**



# PRODUCT IMPORT – LOGGING

```
# .../core/Mage/ImportExport/Model/Abstract.php
```

```
# Line 89
```

```
$dirPath = Mage::getBaseDir('var') . DS . Mage_ImportExport_Model_Scheduled_Operation::LOG_DIRECTORY
```

The File Scheduled/Operation.php  
is missing; looks like it never existed!

I CAN'T EVEN....



# ADD ATTRIBUTES TO GROUPS

## function addAttributeToGroup()

```
# .../core/Mage/Eav/Model/Entity/Setup.php  
# Line 1081
```

...

```
$data = array(  
    'entity_type_id'      => $entityType,  
    'attribute_set_id'    => $setId,  
    'attribute_group_id'  => $groupId,  
    'attribute_id'        => $attributeId,  
    # $data['sort_order']  = $sortOrder; // declared in Line 1128  
);
```

...

```
$this->getConnection()->insert(..., $data);
```

# ADD ATTRIBUTES TO GROUPS

## function addAttributeToSet()

```
# .../core/Mage/Eav/Model/Entity/Setup.php  
# Line 1032
```

...

```
$data = array(  
    'entity_type_id'      => $entityTypeId,  
    'attribute_set_id'    => $setId,  
    'attribute_group_id'  => $groupId,  
    'attribute_id'        => $attributeId,  
    'sort_order'          => $this->getAttributeSortOrder(...),  
);
```

...

```
$this->_conn->insert(..., $data);
```



OH YEAH ...  
I MISSED THAT!  
*my bad!*

# FACTORY METHODS

## MODELS

`Mage::getModel();`

`Mage::getResourceModel();`

## SINGLETONS

`Mage::getSingleton();`

`Mage::getResourceSingleton()`

# FACTORY METHODS

## Helper

Mage::helper();

Mage::getResourceHelper();

# WAT!?



A man with a beard and mustache, wearing a red patterned shirt, holds a baby in his arms. A bulldog is standing behind him, looking towards the camera. The background shows a wooden fence and trees. Overlaid on the image is large, bold text.

I MEAN  
DOUBLEWAT!?

# DIFFERENT TAGS FOR IDENTICAL FUNCTIONS

observer uses <class> and <method>

```
<catalog_wysiwyg>
  <class>catalog/observer</class>
  <method>catalogCheckIsUsingStaticUrlsAllowed</method>
</catalog_wysiwyg>
```

# DIFFERENT TAGS FOR IDENTICAL FUNCTION

cron run uses <model> with group/model::method  
*looks like static, but is not*

```
<run>
    <model>catalog/observer::reindexProductPrices</model>
</run>
```



**THAT'S ACTUALLY ...**



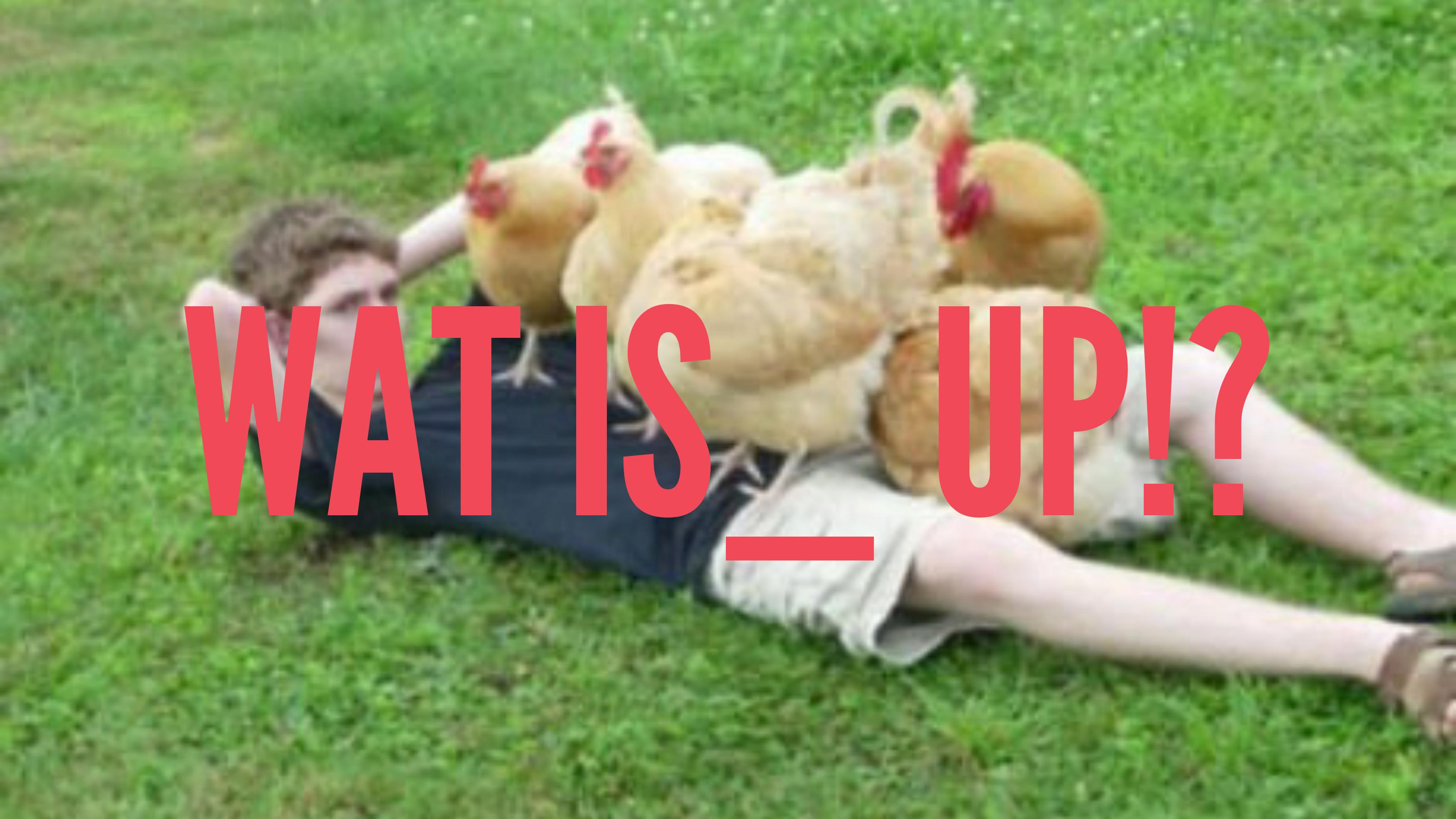
**WHAR THE HECK ARE  
THEY LOOKING AT???**

# ATTRIBUTES

## CREATE AND MODIFY

`addAttribute` uses `visible = ...`

`updateAttribute` uses `is__visible = ...`

A person is lying on their back in a grassy field. Four chickens are standing over them, pecking at their legs and feet. The person is wearing a dark t-shirt and light-colored shorts.

**WAT IS - UP!?**

A STORE IS A STORE  
IS A STORE IS A STORE

in AdminPanel StoreView is called Store in PHP  
in AdminPanel Store is called StoreGroup in PHP

STORE != STORE !?!??!

WWWWT!?





wat wat wat

# SOURCES

- ▶ forward vs redirect
- ▶ <http://www.giantgeek.com/blog/?p=109>
- ▶ <http://www.javapractices.com/topic/TopicAction.do?Id=181>
- ▶ Collection filtering (in German)
- ▶ <http://www.webguys.de/magento/turchen-11-eine-collection-filtern/>



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