### MTH 441 Lab Assignment 2

#### Viral Chitlangia

#### P1

```
data.File1 <- read.csv("rocket_propellant.csv")</pre>
model1 <- lm(Shear.Strength..psi. ~ Age.of.Propellant..weeks., data = data.File1)</pre>
model1$coefficients
                  (Intercept) Age.of.Propellant..weeks.
##
##
                   2627.82236
                                                 -37.15359
P2
data.File2 <- read.csv("delivery_times.csv")</pre>
model2 <- lm(Delivery_Time ~ Number_of_Cases_x1 + Distance_x2, data = data.File2)</pre>
model2$coefficients
##
           (Intercept) Number_of_Cases_x1
                                                    Distance_x2
##
            2.76356503
                                1.11355896
                                                     0.02421374
X <- cbind(numeric(length(data.File1$Observation)) + 1, data.File1)</pre>
colnames(X)[1] <- "One"</pre>
X \leftarrow X[, c(1, 4)]
X <- as.matrix(X, nrow = length(X$'One'), ncol = 2)</pre>
P3
# 1
variance <- sum(model1$residuals^2)/(length(data.File1[,2]) - 2)</pre>
variance
## [1] 9236.381
# 2
varVec <- variance * solve(t(X) %*% X)</pre>
Var <- diag(varVec)</pre>
t <- model1$coefficients/Var
t
##
                  (Intercept) Age.of.Propellant..weeks.
##
                      1.346070
                                                 -4.451165
P4
# 1
W <- vector()</pre>
for (i in 1:5000) {
  W \leftarrow append(W, rnorm(1)^2 + rnorm(1)^2 + rnorm(1)^2)
# 2
hist(W)
```

# Histogram of W

```
Erednency
0 500 400 600 800
0 5 10 15
W
```

m <- mean(W)
v <- var(W)</pre>

S <- NULL

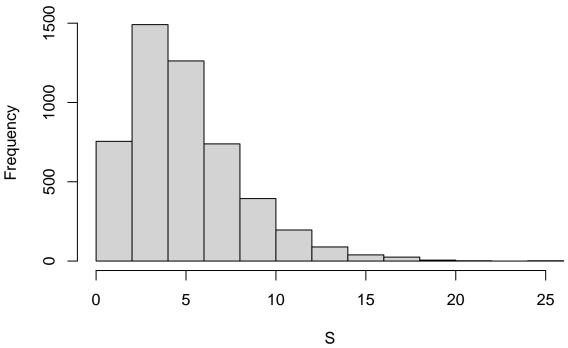
Y <- NULL for (j in 1:8) {

for (i in 1:5000) {

```
# 3
theoretical.mean <- 3
theoretical.variance <- 6
# 4
m - theoretical.mean
## [1] -0.01272887
v - theoretical.variance
## [1] -0.03559363
P5
# 1
X <- matrix(rnorm(40, 5, 3), nrow = 8, ncol = 5)</pre>
Px <- X %*% solve(t(X) %*% X) %*% t(X)
if (norm(Px - Px%*%Px, type = "2") < 1e-6) {
  print("Px is Idempotent")
## [1] "Px is Idempotent"
# 2
```

```
Y <- c(Y, rnorm(1))
}
Y <- as.matrix(Y, 1, 8)
S <- c(S, t(Y) %*% Px %*% Y)
}
# 3
hist(S)</pre>
```

# **Histogram of S**

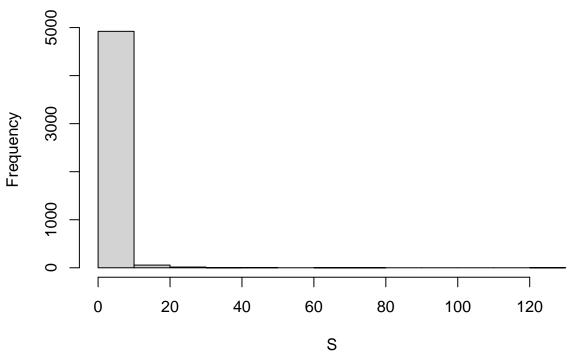


## [1] -0.3139115

#### **P6**

```
# 2
P.X.1 = Px
P.X.2 = diag(1, 8, 8) - P.X.1
df1 <- qr(P.X.2)$rank
df2 <- qr(P.X.1)$rank
S <- NULL
for (i in 1:5000) {
    Y <- NULL
    for (j in 1:8) {
            Y <- c(Y, rnorm(1))
        }
        Y <- as.matrix(Y, 1, 8)
        S <- c(S, as.vector(t(Y) %*% P.X.2 %*% Y / df1)/(t(Y) %*% P.X.1 %*% Y / df2))
}
# 3
hist(S)</pre>
```

# **Histogram of S**



```
m <- mean(S)
v <- var(S)
m
## [1] 1.729102
v</pre>
```

## [1] 12.34148

```
# 4
theoretical.mean <- 5/3
theoretical.variance <- (2 * (5^2) * (3 + 5 - 2)) / (3 * (5 - 2)^2 * (5 - 4))
theoretical.mean

## [1] 1.666667
theoretical.variance

## [1] 11.11111

# 5
m - theoretical.mean

## [1] 0.06243544
v - theoretical.variance

## [1] 1.230372</pre>
```